ONTARIO TO TAKE GOOD PART IN COMING LIBERAL VICTORY

This is Word that Sir Wilfrid Laurier Carries Back to Quebec—Van Wart Denies Malicious Report of His Retirement—Premier Sifton and J. M. Douglas at Camrose—Kipling Alleged Interview May Prove Fake

Windsor, Ont., Sept. 10—Sir Wilfrid Laurier concluded his tour of Ontario with a magnificent meeting here Saturday. "The week I have been travelling your province has been all too short," he told the great gathering, "I wish that I could be with you longer. On Monday I return to my native province of Quebec, and I carry with me the assurance that Ontario will take a good part in the coming victory for the great policy so long dear to the hearts of the people of Canada."

Nearly fifteen hundred Americans came over from Detroit and vicinity to hear the Canadian Premier. Among their number were William Allen Smith of Michigan who voted against reciprocity in the United States Senate and Milton A. McRae, president of the Detroit Chamber of Commerce.

Windsor's welcome was a hearty one. Sir Wilfrid was escorted through the gaily decorated streets at the head of a cheering procession, and on arrival at Ouellet square was given an enthusiastic reception by the waiting thousands. Chas. Montreuil, president of the Liberal Association presided and among those on the platform, in addition to the local candidates were Messrs. D. A. Gordon, East Kent; Louis Wegle, former Conservative member; J. A. Auld, ex-MP.; William Mikes, former member ,and many others.

The Premier's Speech.

Following short addresses by Dr. P. A. Dewar and A H Clarke, the local candidate, the Premier spoke, both in English and French. He was greeted with long continued cheering and despite the intense heat spoke with his accustomed vigor. He was the apostle of the policy for which the Conservatives and Liberals of the past alike had labored, a policy of opening up better trade relations with the great republic with which Canada shared the continent. Canada and the United States were so united geographically and through the bond of common kinship and language that the development of trade relations in natural products had long been desired. The mistake of the past had been made by the Americans in rejecting the overtures of Sir John A. Macdonald and his successors.

"It is a source of gratification to me in my old age to bring you a concrete proposal so long sought for by my predecessors in vain."

The Premier dealt with the objections urged against the agreement by the interests engaged in fighting reciprocity The policy of "let well enough alone," might be good enough for the Indians, but it was not the creed of the Anglo-Saxon

Not content With Well Enough.

"If," said the Premier, "there is one race on earth that is not content to let well enough alone ,it is the Anglo-Saxon race, whether it be in the British Isles, in the United States, or in Canada The men who today urge that principle are a freak of nature; they are not true to the Anglo-Saxon race and blood." (Cheers).

Dealing with the annexation cry, the Premier addressed himself to the Conservatives. "The Grits," said he amid laughter, "are not bamboozled by that bogey." From my early boyhood ,when he had first read a French translation of "Uncle Tom's Cabin," he had been interested in the history of the United States. He was an admirer of the American people, but he was not prepared to even contemplate the merging of Canada's identity in the republic (cheers). He believed that his views were shared by every thinking American.There was room on this continent for two great nations.

A Power for Peace.

"It has been my aim," added Sir Wilfrid, "to do my small part to maintain absolute peace and good fellowship between them ,their only international aspirations being noble emulation in arts, science and commerce. Thus we can mutually give an example the world ,as noble a future as can be dreamed of by one nation of the other"

In concluding the Premier alluded to the unholy alliance between the Nationalists of Quebec and the Tory Jingoes of Ontario. He appealed to Canadians to "put down with a stern foot, "all attempts to jeopardize the future of their great country by introducing elements of race strife and bitterness.

Sir Wilfrid in Montreal.

Montreal, Sept. 10—Sir Wilfrid Laurier came to Montreal tonight at the conclusion of his Ontario tour and tomorrow he will re-commence the campaign in Quebec.

He proceeded to the Windsor Hotel where he was met by Lady Laurier. This evening he was in consultation with Hon Sydney Fisher and Hon. Wm. Pugsley who are paying Montreal a fleeting visit.

Tomorrow the Premier goes to Victoriaville in the heart of the division of Drummond-Arthabaska where the Nationalist movement first showed its strength with the election of Mr. Gilbert.

RETIREMENT STORY A DELIBERATE LIE

Van Wart Gives Emphatic Denial to Falsehood Published by Calgary Paper and Repeated in Edmonton Journal.

Calgary, Sept. 9—"It is a deliberate lie, and the editor of the Herald knew that it was a lie when he was publishing it. It leaked out that the paper was going to publish an article of that sort, so we called up the editor and denied the rumor and told him that I had no intention of retiring, but it appeared just the same ,and the editor knew that it was a lie when it was appearing."

At a crowded meeting in Glengarry, held under the auspices of the English Liberal Association, I. S. G. Van Wart gave the lie direct to the statement appearing in an evening contemporary on Friday to the effect that he saw defeat staring him in the face, and was about to retire from the fight. Mr. Van Wart was very forceful in his remarks, and he was applauded time and again by the crowd which attended, and among them many expressions of disapproval were heard at the unfair tactics employed by the Opposition.

Will Not Retire.

"I don't intend to retire, gentlemen; and I am going to be elected as your representative on Sept. 21," Mr. Van Wart continued. "If any of you could have been out with me through the country ,and see how enthusiasm for reciprocity is growing, you would understand why I have not the slightest intention of retiring, or why I never did have. Men who never voted Liberal before in their lives are now placing their party behind their patriotism for the west and good common sense and are coming out to work for this measure. I can quote you instances of whole families with six and seven voters in them who are solid for reciprocity although they were formerly hard and fast Conservatives, and all I can see staring me in the face is a great and glorious victory. The paper in question has also stated that I have not been attending any meetings. That is another lie, for there has not been a day gone by since I received the nomination during which I have not been at one or more meetings. It is true that I am not disclosing to that paper where I am holding my meetings, but they can easily find out whether I am attending any or not if they want to, and after September 21 they will find out that I have been, and to good effect."

SIFTON AND DOUGLAS SPEAK AT CAMROSE

Fine Meeting Held On Saturday Evening—Strong Arguments are Presented for Reciprocity and Wider Markets.

Camrose, Sept. 9—A big audience well representative of the town and the leading farmers of the Camrose district crowded the Opera House here tonight to welcome Premier Sifton on his first visit to Camrose and to hear J. M. Douglas, who addressed a Camrose audience for the first time. The programme was to include Geo P. Smith, M.P.P., but a week of campaigning so impaired his voice that he was unable to do his share in advocating the cause of reciprocity.

J. M. Douglas was given a good reception when he began to speak. He launched into the issue of the day, dealing conclusively with the great movement in favor of reciprocity. He referred to the Bourassa faction and laid bare the conspiracy entered into by the Conservatives to beat Laurier at any cost. He also referred to the anti-reciprocity arguments against the pact, showing that self-interest on the part of individuals was the cause of objection to the move for bigger markets.

Premier Sifton made the only reciprocity speech which he will make in Strathcona constituency. He handled the question from the standpoint of the farmer, rancher and coal miner, laying stress on the impetus reciprocity will give to the coke industry. The Premier's short, brisk speech, created a splendid impression. The hall was suitably decorated for the occasion and the chair was occupied by J. K. Burgess, president of Camrose Liberal Association. A short address was delivered by John Farley, K.C., of Ontario, father of Councillor Farley.

The usual cheers for Laurier and the Liberal candidate were given at the close of the meeting. The feature of the meeting was the large number of farmers present who came long distances to hear a sound discussion of their interests. The rural population along the C.P.R. and G.T.P. lines in the Strathcona constituency is very strong and here is where the biggest majority in the history of the riding will be rolled up for the Liberal candidate. It is Laurier, Douglas and reciprocity all along the line.

BRITISH TRIBUTE TO SIR WILFRID LAURIER

Canadian Associated Press.

London, Sept. 10—The Daily Chronicle says the result of reciprocity means larger markets for Canada. Kipling makes the singular remark that the nine millions of Canadians will be handicapped by the ninety millions of Americans.

"Of course," says the Chronicle, "the opposite is the case. Kipling and other ignorant economists who imagine they are capable of thinking imperially, consider there is something disloyal in encouraging the sale of Canadian produce in American markets. Laurier's loyalty is just as unquestioned as is Kipling's, and he can speak with authority from his knowledge of the question.

Laurier is the greatest statesman the Dominion has produced and during his fifteen years of office, growth and prosperity has resulted in everything which adds to the wealth and prosperity to Canada. Canada market will be a better market for England because of reciprocity, and this trade will increase in volume and the Canadian markets will not only be maintained, but increased.

KIPLING INTERVIEW MAY PROVE TO BE FAKE

Scottish Press Believe That Montreal Star May Have Been Hoodwinked by Bogue Telegram.

Canadian Associated Press.

London, Sept. 9—The alleged telegram to the Montreal Star deprecating reciprocity which Rudyard Kipling is stated to have written is being commented upon by a section of the Scottish press which does not believe implicity that Kipling was the author.

The Morning Leader commenting upon the dispatch says, "Unless the Montreal Star has been victimized by a bogus telegram, Kipling has been burdening himself with the most mischievous stories regarding reciprocity. Kipling does not explain where the ten to one odds come in. The obvious view is that when the two countries are exchanging markets the small country which gets the larger market is doing much better for itself than the large country which get the smaller market. That logically ought to be the view.

Borden Returns to Mainland.

New Glasgow, N.S., Sept. 9—R. L. Borden came over to Nova Scotia yesterday from Prince Edward Island. He landed at Pictou where a crowd met him and extended a warm reception. It had been intended that Mr. Borden should have spoken briefly in the market hall, but this was too small for the crowd and an open air meeting was arranged where an informal address was given. In the evening when Mr. Borden was starting for the rink, the crowd took the horses of his carriage and hauled him and A. C. Bell to the place of speaking through the streets crowded with spectators. The rink was filled to its capacity, several minutes before the hour for beginning, and when Borden and Bell ,who is the Conservative candidate, entered they were given a great ovation. The chief motto was "Borden for premier and Bell for Pictou."

Mr. Borden spoke for an hour and a quarter. He dwelt on the fact that the United States is an exporting country and that in sending our products there we are only helping to make them the clearing house of the continent. He dwelt upon the point that this agreement, if passed would lead to continental free trade, that our tariff with other countries would be made at Washington and not at Ottawa and if Canada entered upon the pact it might be found practically irrevocable.

Wants Reciprocity Also.

Ottawa, Sept 10—Word has reached Ottawa that if Canada ratifies reciprocity a movement will be launched in Newfoundland for union with the Dominion. Newfoundland has several times without success sought better trading terms with the United States. The proposed reciprocity agreement which would give free entry to fight the United States has roused great interest in Newfoundland.

To Oppose Sir Wilfrid.

Quebec, Sept. 10—At a convention tonight, R. Ledue was unanimously chosen to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

Millionaire Sifton at Weston

Weston, Sept. 9—Hon. Clifford Sifton spoke here tonight and was given a great ovation. At the outset he convinced his audience that he was not guided by partisan motives

"We have had a protective traffic since 1879," he said, "which was inaugurated by Sir John A. Macdonald. Since that date, Hon. W. S. Fielding has made some changes, but none of any great importance. Railways have ben constructed with the aid of public money, people have been placed on Western lands, large sums of money have been expended in the construction and improvements of Canada's waterways within the past ten years with the result that we have pursued a course of great national prosperity"

Mannville for Bigger Markets.

Mannville, Sept. 9—A meeting in the interests of W. H. White, the Liberal candidate for Victoria, was held at Mannville last evening and was addressed by J B. Holden, M.P.P., and Alex Stuart, K.C., on behalf of the Liberal candidate and reciprocity, and by Hector Landry, barrister of Edmonton, on behalf of the Conservative candidate and restriction. There was a large audience including a number of ladies and great interest was manifested in the arguments presented on behalf of enlarged markets.

Big Crowd Hears Bourassa.

Laprairie, Napierville, Que., Sept. 10—Four thousand people cheered the Nationalist chief, Henri Bourassa, and opposition candidate Gusta Monette, at a Nationalist rally here this evening. Over a thousand came from Montreal and villages along the line between this village and the city.

Mr. Bourassa was once more disturbed by hecklers at the commencement of his meeting, but his supporters were of course greatly in the majority and those whom he could not silence by his caustic retorts were subdued by the more forceful and quite as effective method of ejection, the meeting being held in private grounds.

Some of the interruptors wanted to know why Mr. Bourassa would not make the meeting an "assemble contradictoire" and allow Mr. Lanctot, Liberal candidate to participate. To those Mr. Bourassa replied that neither Sir Wilfrid Laurier nor R. L. Borden were asked to do this at their meetings and he considered that he should be allowed the same privilege.

Mr. Bourassa reiterated his opinion that reciprocity was not a measure in the interests of the Canadian people and that the American tariff would undoubtedly have shortly been lowered in any event. He said it was not a tariff which regulated the price of hay, but to a greater extent the weather, and that if Canada had favorable weather and the United States unfavorable, hay would be cheaper here than there and vice-versa.

Anti-Hearst Demonstration.

Montreal, Sept. 10—An anti-Hearst demonstration organized by a number of Conservatives now leading the anti-reciprocity campaign drew thousands to the Champ De Mars last night. Here they heard the past history of the Hearst discussion at some length in a manner which certainly could not have lead the hearers to think very highly of that gentleman.

The direct cause of the assembly was the allegations that throughout Canada copies of pro-reciprocity journals controlled by Hearst were being freely distributed with the object of influencing Canadian voters. Further it was alleged that these journals contained false and deceptive statements and articles calculated to mislead the readers.

A party of Liberals on the outskirts of the crowd cried "Vive Laurier" which roused the Nationalists to cry "Vive Bourassa and to sing "O Canada." Pandemonium reigned for a while and it was only when the different opposing sections left the main crowd and betook themselves to different sections of the field to hold separate meetings that the anti-Hearst speakers were allowed to continue

The meeting broke up at a late hour with cheers in favor of a resolution condemning Mr. Hearst for unwarranted influence in Canadian politics.

GERMANY ASKS FOR TOO MUCH

Counter Proposals Regarding Morocco not Acceptable to Powers.

Paris, Sept. 10—Germany's counter proposals to those submitted by France regarding the settlement of the Moroccan difficulty reached Paris last night. M. Desseles after taking cognizance of them immediately carried the document to Premier Caillaux.

The two ministers made a lengthy examination of its contents and decided to submit the counter proposals to specialists on Moroccan questions, notably M. Regnault, the French minister to Morocco. When they have formed an opinion the premier will call a meeting of the cabinet, probably on Thursday, and lay the whole matter before the ministers.

In accordance with an agreement made with the German government no communication was made to the press concerning the facts of the documents, but it is understood that Germany, in return for the recognition of France's free hand in Morocco, demands economic guarantees which amount to privileges and which would be unacceptable not alone to France but to all the powers, as they would practically suppress the trade of the nations in Morocco.

It appears that the financial difficulties of Germany are partly the result of the operations of French finance. The Germany monetary world was caught at a time when it was unable to resist the sudden hostility of the Paris bankers, who three weeks ago began to cut off credits which in any way concerned Germany. A good deal of Berlin paper is held in Paris and considerable by Swiss banks which are debtors of the Paris bankers.

When the political situation was taking on a dark phase, as an ordinary measure of prudence, French financiers began calling in the debts owned by Germany. German embarrassment was immediately perceived and this process was encouraged by the French government as a diplomatic manoeuvre.

A French banker, who has close relations with the government, returned here from Berlin where has made an examination of the situation. There is no disposition among Paris bankers to push matters too far, but they explain that they desire the return of their money at a time when apprehensions concerning the political future exist.

Among the Germans distrust of their government with reference to finances is, in French opinion, going to exercise a strong influence in settling the Moroccan controversy. It is known that the financial flurry has been annoying to French statesmen.

ANOTHER TEAM FOR RUGBY LEAGUE

The rugby horizon looms brighter every day. The latest on the field is the Strathcona Y.M.C. This club has called a practice for tonight at 6.30 sharp on the athletic grounds across the river and if a team can be gotten together, Strathcona will be represented by two teams in the city league, making a four team league. There are some good rugby players across the river and Manager Brockle is enthusiastic regarding the prospects. There are already three teams who have announced their intention of entering the league. These are: Eskimos, Y.M.C.A., and Stratheona University. Nothing definite will be known regarding the Y.M.C. chances of entering the league until it is seen how the men turn out to practice.

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Minister Was Wildly Cheered

Huge Crowd of People Fill the Big Drill Hall.

Bulletin Special.

Lloydminster, Sept. 10.—The most successful political gathering of the present election campaign took place in Lloydminster last night. The big Drill Hall was packed to its utmost capacity by a huge crowd of armers and townspeople to hear the address of the Minister of the Interior on behalf of W. H. White, the Liberal candidate for the constituency of Victoria.

J. D. Munro was in the chair, and on the platform with Mr. Oliver were W. H. White, ex-M.P , E. C. Gregory, representing A. Champagne, ex-M.P., and a number of prominent Lloydminster Liberals.

Mr. Oliver, in the course of his speech, repudiated with scorn and vigor the Conservative insinuations of disloyalty levelled at the Liberals, and appealed to his audience, as representing an essentially English settlement, to consider carefully the tactics of the Conservatives in identifying themselves in Quebec with such avowed enemies of the Empire as Bourassa and his henchmen, who were rebels against their own party, enemies of Canada, and ruthless in their determination to injure the reputation of the splendid Frenchman, Sir Wilfrid Laurier, who was a patriot of whom every Canadian should be proud.

The charges of disloyalty to the Empire were preferred by the very men who were not ashamed to admit to their ranks those who had raged furiously and striven hard to prevent Canadian soldiers from taking part in the vindication of the Empire in South Africa! He reminded his hearers of the famous dictum of that old-time Englishman, Samuel Johnson, that the cry of disloyalty against an opponent for political purposes was the last refuge of a scoundrel, and he asked his audience to weigh very carefully for themselves the methods of the politicians who were making common cause with the Nationalists of Quebec, not from motives of principle, but from purely party considerations.

Very strong emphasis was laid throughout the speech upon the fact that the furious attack upon reciprocity was coming from men who professed to carry upon their shoulders the mantle of Sir John A. Macdonald and the other great Conservatives of an earlier day, whose watchword from first to last in the fiscal policy of their careers had been reciprocity, and Mr. Oliver laid particular stress upon the obvious fact that conditions were far more favorable, and the requirements of Canada infinitely more urgent in the direction of reciprocity, than was the case twenty or thirty years ago.

The speech was received with the greatest approval throughout and not a dissenting voice was heard in the big hall from start to finish It has made a profound impression throughout the district and there is little doubt in the minds of those present last night which way the votes of the men of the border town will go on the twenty-first of September. Excellent addresses were given, prior to the main speech of the evening, by Mr. Gregory and Mr W. H. White. The meeting terminated with a succession of cheers for the Empire, for Canada and Mr. Oliver.

GERMAN WARSHIPS AT SKAW.

Twenty-Five Ships Are Joined by Smaller Division—Matter Reported to Admiralty.

Copenhagen, Sept. 10—Twenty-five German battleships and cruisers arrived at the Skaw last night and were joined by a smaller division today. While arriving five torpedo boats entered and examined the water of Knebavin, where foreign warships are not allowed ,that being the locality of the Danish naval station. The matter has been reported to the admiralty. The presence of the Germans re-awakens the question of complaints of Germany using Danish waters for her manoeuvres.

LIKE THE Edmonton Journal, the Calgary Herald favored reciprocity before the "interests" became active in their opposition to it. On January 28th it said that "the reciprocity proposed by the present Liberal Government, in its careful regard for the integrity of Canadian industry within fair limits, is a vindication of the wisdom of National policy inaugurated by Cir John A. Macdonald, that believed it wise to contemplate a reasonable reciprocity"

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ALLIANCE WITH BOURASSA IMPERILS BRITISH EMPIRE

HAMAR GREENWOOD, M.P., SEVERELY SCORES CONSERVATIVE PARTY FOR JOINING WITH THE QUEBEC NATIONALISTS—A MELANCHOLY SPECTACLE—ANNEXATION TALK IS ROT.

Montreal, Sept. 12—"The policy of Mr. Bourassa and Mr. Monk means the breakup of the British empire, and I for one hope that the people of Quebec will not support them."

In these words Mr. Hamar Greenwood, British Liberal M.P., summed up his opinion of the Nationalist propaganda on the question of the navy in the province of Quebec.

"As an imperialist, one is bound to be struck with the abnormal and, I think, melancholy spectacle of Mr. Bourassa and Mr. Monk with their respective supporters, stumping the old province of Quebec with the motto, 'Down with the navy.' Mr. Bourassa's Nationalist opinions and fearless exposition of them are well known, but I am bound to say that I never expected to see a Quebec Conservative on his platform, under his banner which stands for making Canada a third-rate republic rather than maintaining her, what I hope she will always be, the first Dominion of the crown.

"Imperially, the position is this: The prime minister, together with his fellow prime ministers of the overseas dominions, meets the British government around a table in a really imperial council, and each prime minister agrees on a naval policy subject to the confirmation of his House of Commons. That confirmation was given the prime minister of Canada by the Canadian House of Commons and the imperial navy policy of today is the result."

Annexation Talk Rubbish.

Montreal, Sept. 12—Three members of the British House of Commons, who are in Montreal, declared outright in favor of reciprocity, ridiculing the idea that the pact could endanger the empire.

Mr. Hamar Greenwood said: "I believe reciprocity will be a good thing for Canada, and will not hurt the relationship between the Dominion and the mother country. On the other hand, I believe the policy of Monk and Bourassa tends to break up the empire."

Mr. J. Allen Baker, M.P. for Finsbury, said: "We have perfect confidence in the loyalty of the Canadian people, and in England nobody believes for a moment that a trade arrangement with the States could make any change in conditions."

Sir Henry Davies, M.P. for Bristol, said: "I believe in reciprocity. I believe in it as a principle, and I believe that England's greatness, her imperial strength, has been built up on free trade. In times like this there is always a tendency to exaggerate points and this annexation talk has been thus exaggerated. There is not the slightest foundation for the fear."

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