Lightning Rods.

Incorporated 1878. Capital Stock $50,000.

GLOBE

This shows a dwelling properly protected.

LIGHTNING ROD CO.

Special attention given to the erection of Rods on Churches, Schoolhouses, Halls, and other Public Buildings.
Address all communications

494 KING STREET EAST,
LONDON, ONTARIO.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

Tobaccos.

TOBACCOS.

For the last TWENTY-ONE years this TRADE MARK has been known throughout Canada as the *safest guide* to RELIABLE TOBACCOS.

W. C. McDONALD MANUFACTURER OF FINE TOBACCOS MONTREAL

IDOL SMOKING TOBACCO

W. C. McDONALD IDOL MONTREAL

THE IDOL *brand of Bright Tobacco yields a rich, fragrant smoke, that will be highly appreciated by veteran smokers, surpassing that of any other Tobacco to be had in Canada.*

THERE IS A TIN STAMP AP[illegible] REPRESENTED ABOVE ON EVERY PLUG.

W. C. McDONALD MONTREAL No 1 PRINCE of WALES

For sale by all FIRST CLASS Grocery Houses throughout the Dominion.

W. C. McDONALD,
Manufacturer,
MONTREAL.

JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF,
the great muscle former. The most perfect food for invalids ever introduced.
Sold by Chemists, &c.

The Purest and Best Medicine ever Made.

A combination of Hops, Buchu, Mandrake and Dandelion, with all the best and most [illegible] properties of all other Bitters, makes the greatest Blood Purifier, Liver Regulator, and Life and Health Restorer [illegible] on earth.

No disease can possibly long exist where Hop Bitters are used, so varied and perfect are their operations.

They give new life and vigor to the aged and infirm.

To all whose employments cause irregularity of the bowels or urinary organs, or who require an Appetizer, Tonic and mild Stimulant, Hop Bitters are invaluable, without intoxicating.

No matter what your feelings or symptoms are what the disease or ailment is use Hop Bitters. Don't wait until you are sick but if you only feel bad or miserable, use them at once. It may save your life. It has saved hundreds.

$500 will be paid for a case they will not cure or help. Do not suffer or let your friends suffer, but use and urge them to use Hop Bitters.

Remember, Hop Bitters is not a vile, drugged drunken nostrum, but the Purest and Best Medicine ever made; the "STRAIGHT AND NOPE" and no person or family should be without them.

D.I.C. is an absolute and irresistible cure for drunkenness, use of opium, tobacco and narcotics. All sold by druggists. Send for Circular. Hop Bitters Mfg. Co., Rochester, N.Y. and Toronto, Ont.

THE PARTNERSHIP HEREFORE EXISTING between the undersigned, as Engravers and Stamp Manufacturers at Toronto, in the County of York, under the name, style, and firm of Rodwell & Fell, was this day dissolved by mutual consent. Parties having claims against said firm are requested to send same in for settlement, on or before the 5th November, to I. C. Fell, who will continue to carry on business at No. 7 Adelaide street east. All parties owing said firm are requested to settle with either of the undersigned, each being authorized to receive payment and give receipts.
GEO. RODWELL. I. C. FELL.
Toronto, Aug. 5th, 1880.

FARMS WANTED.

Owing to the number of parties arriving from the Old Country and calling upon us for farms to purchase, we are induced to ask parties having farms for sale near Toronto to send us full particulars of same for publication in our list; insertion free. LAKE & CLARK, 10 King street east, Toronto. 437-1

RIDGE'S FOOD For Infants & Invalids. Sold by Druggists throughout the Dominion in sealed tins at 25 cts. Wholesale bearing the signature of WOOLRICH & CO. on every label.

If you are suffering from indigestion or a weak stomach, use Ridge's Food. It can be used with or without milk. WOOLRICH & CO., on every label.

THE WEEKLY MAIL, printed and published every Friday morning by THE MAIL PRINTING COMPANY, at their Printing House, corner of King and Bay streets, Toronto, C. W. BUNTING, Managing Director.

The Toronto Weekly Mail.

VOL. IX. NO. 438. FRIDAY, AUGUST 20, 1880. PRICE THREE CENTS.

LATEST CABLEGRAMS.

The Week's News the World Over.

A troopship left Portsmouth for India with 915 men to reinforce the army in Afghanistan.

The value of the plate and jewellery stolen from Lord Eldon's residence near Wareham is £2,000.

It is reported that the Prince of Wales will go to Australia in October, returning *via* California.

The corporation of Dublin has unanimously nominated Dr. George Mayers, Conservative, as Lord Mayor.

It is officially stated that the cattle on fifteen farms in Lancashire are infected with pleuro-pneumonia.

Owing to the progress made during the past week, it is now hoped the session of Parliament will close on the 3rd of September.

A Rome despatch says it is authoritatively stated that the Italian ambassadors at London and St. Petersburg have been summoned to Rome.

In consequence of the general bad harvest in Germany, there has been a renewal of the agitation for the prohibition of the export of corn.

Jones, Reis & Co., bankers, bullion merchants, and foreign exchange brokers, of Liverpool, have suspended. Their liabilities are not mentioned.

A despatch from Bombay says 54,000 rupees have been subscribed at a meeting in that city to form a patriot fund. One firm subscribed 10,000 rupees.

The emigration returns from Liverpool for July show an increase of 5,000 persons compared with July, 1879. Thirteen thousand of the emigrants went to America.

Sara Bernhardt is having made in Paris twenty-seven dresses for the eight plays of her *repertoire*, and twenty for general use, preparatory to her appearance in the United States, at a total cost of 75,000 francs.

The Marquis Tseng, the new ambassador from China to Russia, proposes that the Kuldja question be submitted to the United States and Prussia as arbitrators. Russia hesitates, and it is doubtful if she will accept the proposition.

The *Times* says:—So hurriedly have shipments been made that there are said to be large quantities of American grain here unsold. The present magnificent weather enhances the value of the home crop and lessens the demand for foreign supplies.

A Bucharest correspondent asserts that the Bulgarians positively refuse to cede Arab-Tabia to Roumania, and that there are large armed bands of Bulgarians in that vicinity. Roumania has taken measures to occupy the position immediately on receipt of notification from the powers.

A Paris despatch states that the Minister of War has suspended for a year a colonel in the territorial army for expressing a hope in the order of the day, while presenting a new flag to his regiment, that the flag would soon be constituted, like that of the United States of America, to represent the only banner of the United States of Europe.

The *Tribune's* London special says:—The British Cabinet is confronted with other difficulties than those of Greece and Montenegro. Gambetta's speech has tempted Russia to make fresh overtures for a French alliance, but it is stated that the offer was peremptorily refused. Russia is also credited with a desire to tamper with Austria, the susceptibilities being aroused by the meeting of the Emperors Francis Joseph and William at Ischl.

Miss Neilson was taken ill on Saturday night while driving in the Bois de Boulogne with a lady who has been living with her as her companion, and expired at three yesterday morning at the Restaurant du Chalet, where her body is still lying. She had been staying at the Continental hotel for a few days previous to her death, with her companion, a servant girl, and a gentleman described as her secretary. Miss Neilson's death is currently attributed to heart disease, but this is doubted by many. The circumstances surrounding her death are so suspicious that a police enquiry may become necessary. The funeral will probably take place in England. The rooms which Miss Neilson occupied at the Continental hotel have in the meantime been sealed up, and telegrams have been despatched to her relatives.

LAND REFORM MEETING.

At a meeting of the Land Law Reform League, at which Mr. Bradlaugh presided, in London to-day a resolution was passed to support Mr. O'Connor Power's motion demanding Government aid for the famine stricken districts of Ireland.

WIMBLEDON FRAUDS.

In the trial by court-martial of Sergeant Marshman for false marking at Wimbledon, which began at Gosport on Friday, the charges include offences in 1878 and 1879. Yesterday the prosecutor stated that one of his principal witnesses had been knocked down and kicked by a competitor who profitted by Marshman's practices.

FRANCE TO TAKE PART IN THE EUROPEAN CONCERT.

A Paris despatch says:—Public opinion, which was alarmed at the prospect of the active intervention of France with the powers in favour of Greece, has calmed down. For three days *La Republique Francaise* has published articles affirming the statement that France will remain in the European concert in order to compel Turkey to yield.

RUSSIAN TROOPS CONCENTRATING.

A Vienna despatch says:—According to reports from Bucharest, forty-five thousand Russians are concentrating near Bender, to be ready in the event of action in Bulgaria. The transportation of munitions, horses, commissary stores, and troops is continually going on near the Roumanian frontier. A steamer arrived at Galitza on Saturday with Russian artillery destined for Bulgaria. It is understood from another source that the Russians are concentrating at Radzull, off the Austrian frontier.

GREEK PREPARATIONS.

An Athens despatch says a vessel has arrived from Trieste with 280 horses, the first instalment of 1,400 purchased in Hungary for the Greek army.

HOSTILITIES IN ALBANIA.

A Scutari despatch of Wednesday states that Mustapha Pasha's advance upon Albania had no result so far. The few skirmishes that have taken place resulted successfully for the Albanians. The Montenegrins are concentrated at Podgoritza. [The foregoing seems to refer to some movement about which nothing is known here. Taken in connection with the reported declaration of independence by the Albanians at Prisrend, it may indicate an outbreak of hostilities between the Albanians and the Turkish forces.]

HERBERT SPENCER'S TOUR.

Herbert Spencer, the well-known scientific and philosophic writer, intends next year to make a tour round the world by way of the United States and Japan. He will devote two years to it, taking sociological observations at the more important points on the route. One or two scientific friends and one of his secretaries will accompany him. The tour will be the immediate preliminary to the completion of his philosophical system as originally planned.

FAMINE IN PERSIA.

A despatch says the famine in the neighbourhood of Teheran is increasing. The harvest prospects are bad, and the greatest suffering prevails in many districts, in some of which the rate of mortality from starvation alone has been over one thousand since the 1st of June. The Christians are leaving hourly. In the famine-stricken districts wheat is selling for £75 per ton.

A CHURCH FLOODED DURING SERVICE.

A despatch from Donegal states that owing to the recent heavy rains a terrific flood yesterday swept down the Glen of Glendora and destroyed the parish church at Connicona and imprisoned the entire congregation, who were at mass at the time. The flood came with fearful suddenness, fairly sweeping around the edifice, and several persons of the congregation were swept away while attempting to escape. Some of these were subsequently rescued, while others were drowned. The priest, after doing all that lay in his power to direct the flight of the people, succeeded in gaining a safe position on high ground. The bridge across the stream at that point was entirely demolished. Great excitement was created in the neighbourhood. Parties of men are now engaged in searching for the bodies of the drowned. Eleven persons are missing and five bodies have been recovered.

TURKISH INTRIGUES IN INDIA.

Information has been received here by the Government stating that a number of proclamations addressed to the Mussulman subjects in British India have been intercepted *en route*. They had been sent out from Constantinople, and were intended to incite the people to rebellion.

BIMETALLISM IN GERMANY.

A Berlin correspondent says:—It is expected that at the next session of the Reichstag the entire question of the currency will be reopened, for despite semi-official contradiction the agitation against an exclusive gold currency is daily gaining ground. In government circles it is said Bismarck favours the re-adoption of silver as a legal tender. The president of the Imperial Bank has, in a remarkable treatise, exposed the mistakes made in establishing a silver standard.

FACTION FIGHT AT GLASGOW.

A Glasgow despatch says there was serious rioting at a Home Rule demonstration on Saturday owing to the Home-Rulers passing an Orange lodge. Seventy police who endeavoured to restore order were overpowered, and two of them injured so badly that they are not expected to recover. One was stabbed with a spear. Twenty-five persons were arrested.

CORD AND SACK ON THE GOLDEN HORN.

A Berlin correspondent says a lady of the Sultan's Harem who recently took refuge in the British embassy at Constantinople, and who was subsequently surrendered, has been strangled as an accomplice in a palace conspiracy.

COLLISION IN THE IRISH CHANNEL.

A Liverpool despatch says:—The Dublin steamer Langford collided to-day with the White Star line steamer Baltic, which had started for New York. The former sank, but all her passengers and crew were saved. The Baltic put back and went into dock for repairs. The Baltic was badly damaged in the bows but her cargo is uninjured. She was to have sailed to-day for New York, but will be obliged to go into dock for repairs. The Republic, which sails on Thursday, will take her passengers and mails.

A CHANCE FOR DR. TANNER.

M. & W. Collinson, of London, are willing to stake £1,000 against a similar sum that Dr. Tanner will not fast forty days and forty nights, the brothers Collinson to watch him.

BARONESS BURDETT-COUTTS' MARRIAGE.

The London correspondent of the Manchester *Guardian* says:—The measure of dissatisfaction felt in high quarters at the proposed marriage of Lady Burdett-Coutts and Mr. Bartlett is indicated in the refusal of the Chapel Royal, Savoy, for the ceremony, despite the great desire of the Baroness that it shall be celebrated there. The marriage has been postponed a fortnight. Mr. Bartlett yesterday perfected his naturalization as a British citizen.

THE INDIAN BUDGET.

In the House of Commons this afternoon the Marquis of Hartington, Secretary of State for India, submitted the Indian estimate for the fiscal year 1880-81. The receipts are placed at £66,750,000; expenditures, £66,329,000, showing a decrease of £1,000,000 on each side of the account compared with the year 1879-80. The Marquis said the statement regarding the Imperial contribution to the war expenses of India must be deferred until the complete cost of the war had been fully ascertained, but the war was certainly the result of the Imperial policy, and, therefore, assistance to India from the Imperial resources is necessary.

UNDERGROUND RAILWAY EXTENSION.

Contracts have been sent out for the erection of an iron bridge to connect the underground railway with the Putney side of the Thames. The proposed line will cross the river and proceed to Wimbledon and that district, and will materially affect the travel on the South-Western line, which has for so many years enjoyed a monopoly and kept up high rates.

A GERMAN INFLUX.

During the past few weeks there has been an unprecedented influx of Prussians and Austrians, who have been sent here for employment as servants, and to spend a few years to acquire the language. They are one, and all meeting with unexceptional success, and their services are being engaged to the detriment of many of our own countrymen.

TROUBLE IN BASUTOLAND.

A despatch just to hand states that our troubles at the Cape are now on the eve of another beginning, this time, with the Basutos who incurred the ill-will of their native neighbours by allying themselves to us in the late war, and now being deprived of the arms we placed in their hands are unable to hold their own against their native enemies, and this has brought down their hatred upon us. It has all along been evident that the Basutos would not quietly give up their arms, and the result is that the colonial authorities in attempting to enforce the edict have made our late allies our open enemies, and they are now massing in large force all along the frontier. Unless some wise policy is adopted immediately it is impossible to foretell where or when the end of this new trouble will be.

INTERNATIONAL POSTAL CONGRESS.

It has been definitely decided that an international postal congress shall be held in Paris on the 1st of October. Delegates from all the powers have been invited to attend.

SERIOUS RAILWAY ACCIDENT IN FRANCE.

A Paris despatch says:—The town of Vichy has been thrown into a state of consternation by the announcement of a frightful railroad disaster which occurred this morning on the Vichy branch railway at Hautere station, between Vichy and Moulins. It is stated that an express train from Paris ran into a slow train, and a great number of persons are reported to have been killed and injured. The most alarming rumours prevail, but without doubt the facts of the accident are exaggerated. Great anxiety prevails among the sojourners at the baths at Vichy in the absence of exact news regarding the fate of their friends. The collision is attributable to a fog, which was hanging over the country at the time. Through this fog it is thought the Paris express was dashing at headlong speed and the presence of another train on the track was not known in time to prevent the catastrophe. In consequence of the accident there have been no arrivals here of passengers or mail from Vichy.

ALBANIAN INDEPENDENCE.

A Scutari despatch to the Manchester *Guardian*, dated the 15th, says:—The decrees of the Albanian National Assembly at Prizrend, declaring Albania one and indivisible, with Ochrida for its capital, demanding the recognition of the national chief or prince, and rejecting the authority of the Porte, were at once telegraphed to the Sultan. It appears that the belief, encouraged by palace agencies, prevailed among the chiefs that the Sultan would recognize Albanian independence, and content himself with a vague suzerainty in return for Albanian assistance against the powers, which was offered unreservedly to aid in thwarting the Montenegrin and Greek settlement. The Sultan telegraphed, in reply, that the Albanians' demands were inadmissible, and counselled prudence. He said he was hardly safe in Stamboul himself, and would not undertake to assist the Albanians if they defied Europe. In such case they would have to reckon with the powers alone. This reply has acted as a damper on the less resolute spirits, and several delegates wished to recede from the revolutionary programme. The party of action at Prisrend has, however, gained the day, and the delegates from Kossove, Novi-Bazar, and other districts remain united in their resolution to uphold the national programme. The new governor appointed by the Porte at Prisrend was refused admission, and all the Turkish functionaries have been dismissed. The government tithes have been seized, and 1,200 well armed Arnauts have been despatched from Prisrend to aid the Scutari commission against Montenegro, which is also threatened with an invasion by Ali Beg from Gusinge and Kolaschin. The League adheres to its resolution not to resist the cession of Dulcigno, but, unhappily, that will not settle the difficulty, as no naval demonstration can prevent the Albanians from afterwards attacking Montenegro on the side of Tusi.

PRESENTATION OF COLOURS.

The Prince and Princess of Wales presented the colours to the Welsh reinforcements departing to join the army in India. There was an immense crowd, and much enthusiasm among both soldiers and citizens.

ENGLAND'S REPLY TO THE PORTE.

Mr. Goschen, the English ambassador, has replied to the Sultan regarding the latter's objections to fulfilling the Berlin treaty stipulations concerning the Greek frontier. Mr. Goschen offers to give the Sultan the guarantee of the signatory powers that full protection will be accorded the Mussulman population of the provinces ceded to Greece.

GREEK NAVAL PREPARATIONS.

A despatch from Athens says the sailors of the Greek navy have been ordered to join their ships. Every available war ship is being prepared for active service, and the marines are energetically drilling in anticipation of war.

THE EASTERN OUTLOOK.

ANOTHER PROPOSAL FROM THE PORTE—RUSSIAN ASSURANCES—A NEW JOINT NOTE FROM THE POWERS.

LONDON, Aug. 16.

A Constantinople despatch says Abeddin Pasha, Minister of Foreign Affairs, has sounded the ambassadors to ascertain if the powers would receive favourably a proposal to modify the Dulcigno project so as to leave Dincoh in possession of the Albanians. Riza Pasha, the special commissioner appointed to go to Dulcigno, has asked to be relieved of the duty. Probably he fears assassination.

Lord Dufferin informs Earl Granville from St. Petersburg that the Russian government is using its best endeavours for the preservation of the peace in Albania and Montenegro. Also that Russia will in no wise interfere with the attempt to secure the enforcement of the provisions of the Berlin treaty so long as the policy agreed upon shall tend to secure the general peace of Europe.

A despatch from Athens says:—France having declined to draw up a note in answer to the Porte's objections, England telegraphed a circular to all the powers on Friday proposing a new joint note entirely rejecting the last suggestion of the Porte and insisting upon the fulfilment of the original mandate.

A despatch from Athens states that the Greek government has telegraphed to the King of the Hellenes, who is now at Copenhagen, to return immediately, on account of pressing affairs of state. It is understood that the King will leave at once for Athens.

LATEST AFGHAN NEWS.

LONDON, Aug. 17.

A military correspondent says:—It seems possible that Gen. Phayre will not relieve Candahar, owing to the deficiency in transportation facilities. The losses to the British by the battle of the 27th July are positively placed at 21 officers, 300 Europeans, and 700 natives killed or missing, and five officers and 90 men wounded.

ALL WELL AT KHELAT.

In the House of Commons this afternoon the Marquis of Hartington, Secretary of State for India, stated that a letter had reached Chaman-Choki from Khelat-i-Ghilzai dated the 12th, saying the country is quiet, and that the fort is abundantly supplied, and will be able to assist in supplying General Roberts.

AT CANDAHAR.

A Candahar despatch says:—The irregulars occupy the neighbouring villages. Ayoub Khan brought a few guns to bear on Cabul, but they are too far away to do much damage. Eight thousand Afghans have been expelled from the city. The garrison is well provisioned except with fresh meat. Rumours of General Roberts' advance have reached Candahar.

AYOUB'S EUROPEAN OFFICERS.

A despatch from Quettah says:—Native reports are so unanimous as to the presence of three European officers with Ayoub Khan that there can be little doubt they are true. A letter from Candahar dated Aug. 11 reports that the defences are complete. Ayoub Khan is three miles from the city. He has 37 guns and 2,000 cavalry. It is said the Heratis have deserted Ayoub owing to dissensions among them.

[GEN. STEWART'S FORCES.

A despatch from Calcutta says General Stewart's forces arrived at Sehbaba, in the Ghilzai country, yesterday. They met with no opposition. An unusual number of camp followers swell Gen. Stewart's force to 30,000 men, with 20,000 camels.

ATTACK BY TRIBESMEN.

A despatch from Quettah says:—A large number of tribesmen attacked our troops at Ketch last night. The garrison of 300 native infantry behaved with the greatest steadiness. The enemy were repulsed and left 80 dead.

AN UNWISE POLICY.

A Calcutta despatch says:—It is almost the universal opinion in India that the action of the government in simultaneously evacuating Cabul and sending General Roberts on his hazardous march to Candahar is unwise and rash in the extreme.

THE SIEGE OF CANDAHAR BEGUN.

A despatch from Quettah says the wire was cut just after details of the repulse of the Afghans at Kuch were received. Although the defeat of the tribesmen appears to be complete, reinforcements have been sent in case further attacks are made. The messengers from Gen. Phayre to Candahar have returned as they were unable to enter the city. The siege has now commenced in earnest. A heavy and continuous fire is kept up on both sides. Ayoub Khan is attacking on two faces of the city. A large number of men are pushing forward the trenches toward the walls. The messengers deny that the Heratis have deserted Ayoub Khan.

THE SITUATION AT CANDAHAR.

A despatch from Calcutta states that a letter has been received from Major-General Primrose, who is now in the citadel of Candahar awaiting succour from the British army, in which he says he has provisions and water sufficient to last the troops for forty-five days.

IRISH DISTURBANCES.

An Attack on Spike Island Contemplated.

THE GARRISON INCREASED.

Mr. Forster on John Dillon's Utterances.

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.

The *Herald's* Cork correspondent reports that the Fenian organization in England, Scotland, and Ireland numbers nearly 50,000 men, of whom 12,000 in Ireland alone are armed with Snider rifles. Arms are being surreptitiously landed on the Irish coast, and drilling goes on at night. The Fenians do not sympathize with the land agitation, and Michael Davitt, the land agitator, was expelled from the supreme council before leaving for America in May. It is intended to organize 100,000 men in Ireland and commence a revolution whenever England engages in a war of any magnitude.

LONDON, Aug. 12.

FENIAN PREPARATIONS.

Truth says:—Private letters from the west of Ireland depict the condition of that part of the country in gloomy colours. They speak of large quantities of arms smuggled into the cabins of small tenants, of secret drilling on the hill-sides, of the apparition of mysterious strangers from America, and of the latest miracle at Knock, when the Virgin and St. Patrick appeared to the peasantry and told them to pay no rents.

THREATENING LETTER TO THE MARQUIS OF WATERFORD.

A Dublin despatch says:—The Marquis of Waterford has received a letter warning him against attending the Royal Agricultural Society's show, saying that if he did he would be shot, but the Marquis attended the show notwithstanding. He voted against the Compensation bill.

FENIAN OUTRAGE IN CORK HARBOUR.

A Cork despatch says:—This city was thrown into a fever of excitement this morning by a fresh scare connected with the Fenian movement, which seems to have been gaining ground lately in various parts of the country, and especially in the counties of Wexford and Limerick. The facts which have come to the knowledge of the authorities appear to be substantially as follows:—The Norwegian ship Juno has for some days been lying at the docks in Cork harbour undergoing repairs preparatory to a voyage west. She was this morning at daybreak boarded by six boat-loads of men, supposed to be Fenians, who overcame the men in charge of the vessel, and stole three cases of arms and decamped, having previously cut the telegraph wires. The robbery was made known to the authorities as soon as possible, and the constabulary started in pursuit in boats, but thus far no trace of the thieves has been found. The Juno was loaded with a general cargo for New York, the rifles forming a part of it. The presumption is that the robbers have secreted themselves and their booty in some of the numerous small bays with which the shore is filled on either side of the city along the coast for miles. Some persons are of the opinion that the robbers are members of the organization connected with the Boyd outrage recently committed in New Ross, Wexford county, and that the rifles are intended for use in that county. Others affirm that they are emissaries of the central organization in Dublin, which has been sending out large quantities of Enfield rifles to different parts of the country within the last few months. The men in the boats were disguised so as to be unrecognizable, and did their work without unnecessary talk. The Viceroy, who has been telegraphed to, has ordered every effort to be made for their capture.

A STATEMENT IN PARLIAMENT.

In the House of Commons to-day Mr. Forster, Chief Secretary for Ireland, in reply to an enquiry, said sixty men had boarded the Norwegian ship Juno, secured the captain and officers, and taken away forty-seven muskets. Six men have been arrested.

LONDON, Aug 15.

It is rumoured that Mr. Forster, at a Cabinet sitting on Saturday, proposed to renew the Coercion Act for the whole of the south and west of Ireland. It is understood that Mr. Gladstone is opposed to a renewal of the Coercion Act, and believes the ordinary measures for preserving the peace in Ireland now in the hands of the government to be sufficient. But the news from Ireland continues to be extremely gloomy. There is an alarming police report that parties of Young Irelanders are constantly drilling in the suburbs of Dublin, especially at Clontarf, and from all parts of the kingdom, save in the extreme north, similar reports come—indicating the existence of a wide-spread organization for the purposes of sedition. Mr. Gladstone was at the Cabinet Council to-day. The crisis is so serious that Mr. Gladstone, although not in a condition physically to resume his functions in full, feels that the need of his supervision and influence demands the risk.

HOME RULE DEMONSTRATION.

The Home Rule demonstration at Glasgow to-day was attended by 30,000 Irishmen from all parts of Scotland. Resolutions were adopted strongly denouncing the existing landlords and the House of Lords.

SUSPICIOUS VISITORS.

A Dublin despatch says:—A greater number than usual of sinister-looking persons having an American air are to be seen about the cities and towns of Ireland within the last few days. About 400 stand of the best firearms have been purchased here by such persons.

NEW YORK, Aug. 15.

The *Tribune's* cable special says:—The seizure of arms at Cork is generally regarded as a melo-dramatic performance for effect in New York. Only 57 small smooth bore muskets have been stolen, and 30 have been recovered. Secret societies have developed lately, and it is alleged that many Irish-Americans have arrived. The agrarian murder at New Ross is not attributed to the rejection of the Compensation bill. The plots against the victims are of older date. The popular demonstrations have not been successful. The Clonmel meeting was a notable failure. Many Dublin correspondents assert that, notwithstanding the agitation in a few places, there is an unmistakable improvement in public opinion in Ireland.

LONDON, Aug. 14.

At a meeting of the Land League, at Cork, yesterday, the Juno affair was condemned, and a belief expressed that the raid must have been effected by persons desiring to see a renewal of the Coercion act and wishing to give the Government good value for their secret service money. John Dillon, member of the House of Commons, speaking at a land meeting at Kildare yesterday, said as soon as the Land League had three hundred thousand men enrolled they would be able to strike against rent entirely if their demands were not granted, and all the arms in England would not be able to levy rent in Ireland. They would have no Coercion Act, and they could go out any hour of the night they pleased, and carry rifles with them.

FACTION FIGHT AT PORTADOWN.

A serious faction fight occurred yesterday at Portadown, county Armagh, between Catholics and Orangemen, in which many persons were badly wounded. The Catholics were routed.

MEETING OF MALCONTENTS.

A number of meetings were held in Ireland yesterday to protest against the rejection of the Compensation for Disturbance bill. Very violent language against the landlords was used by the speakers.

SEIZURE OF ARMS.

A Cork despatch says:—After the arrival of the steamer Apollo, which plies regularly between Milford, England, and this port, the Customs officer discovered among the cargo a suspicious case addressed to P. J. Murphy, Cork. Suspecting the contents to be of an unlawful character, the officers opened the case and found inside one gun and eight revolvers. Mr. Murphy is a nationalist, but does not deal in such articles, and denies all knowledge of the case and its senders. He thinks the purpose of the latter was to get him into trouble, and compromise him with the Government. The police are not, however, altogether satisfied with his explanation, and are keeping a strict watch as well as patrolling the docks and harbours, with a view to seizing any boats which cannot give a satisfactory account of themselves.

TROOPS ON DUTY IN THE ISLAND.

A report has to-day been made to Parliament, showing the number of troops now on duty in Ireland. The continued discussion of this subject is causing much agitation among the people of Ireland.

RIOTING THROUGHOUT THE COUNTRY.

Catholic demonstrations were made in various parts of Ireland yesterday in connection with the 15th August, Lady Day. The celebration at Dungannon was attended with serious rioting. The police, who had been severely stoned, fired on a procession and one man was killed and twenty persons wounded. There was also rioting in other parts of the country. Several of the police were injured.

WAR VESSELS FOR IRELAND.

H.R.H. the Duke of Edinburgh, as admiral in command of the coast guard, has determined to send over to the Irish coast some four or five extra men-of-war belonging to his squadron to be ready for any emergency.

THE JUNO'S CAPTAIN IN TROUBLE.

That the captain of the Juno is, in some measure, implicated, is now beyond a doubt, inasmuch as some very important papers belonging to him and some of his men have come into the possession of the Government officials. The latter, however, for ulterior motives and so as to serve the ends of justice, have determined that they shall not be given publicity at present, and in adopting this course their action meets with the approval of the highest officers of the law and in Ireland.

LANDLORDS ASSAULTED.

During the serving of an eviction process to-day, the mob made an assault upon Capt. White and a landlord named Lisgold, and prevented the carrying out of the eviction.

LONDON, Aug. 17.

In the House of Commons this afternoon, Mr. Forster stigmatized the speech of John Dillon at the land meeting on Sunday as wickedness and cowardice, and an abuse of the liberty of speech. There was no intention of prosecuting Dillon, who would probably desire nothing better. Mr. Forster confirmed the published reports of riots and, concluded by saying that all clergymen in Ireland should set their faces against foolish religious processions, the only effect of which is to create disturbance.

AN ATTACK ON SPIKE ISLAND.

An intimation has been received by the Government that an attempt is about to be made to effect the release of some prisoners on Spike Island. Although the authorities have been in the habit of pigeon-holing such communications, the unfortunate state of Ireland in the vicinity of this convict station at the present moment has determined them in this instance to double the guards and place a larger detachment of troops on the island than ordinary. Two of the senior officers belonging to the Irish office here left last night with sealed despatches of considerable moment for the Lord-Lieutenant. It is reported that the letter giving the warning bears a Dublin postmark, and with this some clue will be obtained of no little importance, and which, it is believed, will be the means of effecting the capture of some of the leaders.

MONTREAL AFFAIRS.

MONTREAL, Aug. 14.—About fifty immigrants, passengers by the new Allan steamship Buenos Ayrean, arrived at the Bonaventure depot last night. The majority of them are Scotch destined for the North-West territory.

It is stated that an unusually large number of the corn ears this season are affected by a growth of fungus, and many farmers and gardeners are anxious to know what causes such an unnatural growth, and if there is any means of preventing its occurrence.

The inducements offered are effective with some of the sailors to cause them to desert their ships here and proceed to the North-West to settle there.

MONTREAL, Aug. 16.—Thomas Russell, of New York, holding in trust $42,500 in first preference stock of the *Graphic* Company, to-day, through his attorneys, Messrs. MacMaster & Co., entered two actions, one against the company for $30,000, and another against the directors, Sir Francis Hincks, George W. Stephens, R. J. Reekie, John Rankin, and George Stephen, for $50,000, for alleged maladministration of the affairs of the company.

The receipts of wheat at this port during the week ending Aug. 14th amounted to 660,637 bushels, against 589,048 bushels for the corresponding week last year, showing an increase of 71,589 bushels. The receipts of corn show the large increase of 318,772 bushels over those of the same week in 1879. The total receipts of all kinds of grain in this city during the week amounted to 1,016,467 bushels, against 632,142 bushels for the same period in 1879.

The latest seizure here by the Customs authorities is that of a donkey, brought out from England by the steamship Abeona, and landed without paying duty.

A MILLION DOLLAR FIRE.

Eureka, Nev., Again the Scene of a Destructive Conflagration—Many Families Destitute.

EUREKA, Nev., Aug. 17.—At ten this morning fire broke out on the east side of Main street, south of the Oddfellows' building. It spread rapidly, and travelled over substantially the same ground as the great fire a year ago. The loss is even more, as the buildings were better and newer. The fire extended south on Main street to Gold street, and swept everything to the northward. The wind was blowing a gale. Among the prominent buildings and institutions destroyed are the following:—Mann's brewery, the *Leader* printing office, the Oddfellows' building, the Jackson house, gutted but standing, the International hotel, the theatre, and all the intervening buildings, save Paxton & Co.'s Bank, Pickard & Foley's building, and Jack Perry's corner. It is impossible to form an estimate of the losses, but the amount must be about a million. All the private residences on Spring, Buell, and Paul streets, north of the Episcopal church, were consumed. Many families are left destitute.

It is Worth a Trial.

"I was troubled for many years with Kidney Complaint, Gravel, &c.; my blood became thin; I was dull and inactive; could hardly crawl about, and was an old worn out man all over, and could get nothing to help me, until I got Hop Bitters, and now I am a boy again. My blood and kidneys are all right, and I am as active as a man of 30, although I am 72, and I have no doubt it will do as well for others of my age. It is worth the trial.—(Father.)

LATEST HOME NEWS.

(BY TELEGRAPH.)

CANADA.

Heavy bush fires are raging in the Ottawa district.

The Ottawa contingent of the Wimbledon team have returned.

Typhoid fever is very prevalent and fatal at the village of Blairton.

Judgment in the Charlevoix election case is expected early next month.

Slight frosts occurred in the Belleville district on Sunday and Monday nights.

An agitation is going on at Petersville to change the name of the village to London West.

Eight servant girls arrived at Ottawa on Monday from Ireland and were provided with places.

A heavy rain and thunderstorm passed over London last night, lasting for a couple of hours.

The South Grenville Agricultural Society's fair will take place on the 1st, 2nd, and 3rd of September.

[illegible] Labrador of the fishery, says the northern fleet is doing fairly.

V. W. Bro. D. M. Dawson, of London, has been appointed Grand Junior Deacon of the Masonic Grand Lodge of Canada.

Bishop Walsh has turned the first sod of the new Roman Catholic cathedral at London, and the work is now proceeding.

There were heavy frosts at Fergus and Picton on Monday morning, which must have damaged the crops to some extent in low-lying places.

Three Quebecers in five hours caught 150 trout a day or two ago in Lake Jacques Cartier, Lake St. John road, the smallest measuring 14 inches long.

Alderman Meredith, it is said, will be a candidate for the mayoralty of London next year. He is a brother of the leader of the Opposition in the Local House.

A purse containing $58 dollars, with an elaborate address, was presented on Monday night to Mr. Anson Dulmage, the retiring Great Western railway station-master at Brussels.

The Great Western railway on Monday did the biggest business in London for some time past. Upwards of four thousand tickets, to the amount of more than $7,000, were sold for excursions.

A reward of five hundred dollars has been offered by the people of Annapolis, N. S., for information that will lead to the conviction of the party or parties who started the recent disastrous fire in that town.

Ten thousand three hundred and twenty-five tons of coal were shipped from Pictou during last week, making a total shipment this season of one hundred and forty-six thousand and eighty-six tons.

The sheriff of Columbus, Ohio, and other parties connected with the Brooks prosecution forgery case at Quebec, have returned to the States for the necessary papers to secure the prisoner's extradition. They will return shortly.

The Americans who have been prosecuting sturgeon fishing on the St. John river, New Brunswick, have abandoned it, as there was considerable stir about allowing them to continue. Their plant has been sold to provincial fishermen.

Lieut.-Colonel McLean, commanding the 18th battalion, Prescott, has been convicted of using cancelled stamps. Within the past couple of days he was brought before Mr. P. McDonnell, J.P., at Pendleton, Prescott Co., and heavily fined.

Daniel Hockin, for several years stipendiary Magistrate of Picton, N. S., and for twenty years Custos of the county, was seized with a severe attack of heart disease on Monday night, and died in half an hour. He was 72 years of age.

Messrs. George W. Stewart & Rose has brought to Halifax a bar of gold weighing 840 ounces, 5 drachms, and 5 grains, the product of fourteen men's labour for six weeks. The brick is worth over $16,000, and is remarkable for its purity.

A man named Lewis, mate of a ship lying at Quebec, is to be sent to the Beauport Asylum from the marine hospital in that city. He had a sore leg, and from fear that he was about to lose it, worked himself into a state of insanity, believing that some one had amputated the limb.

Several prosecutions have taken place of late in the Quebec police court under the Weights and Measures Act. A number of milkmen, grocers, &c., have been convicted of using old and uninspected weights and measures, or having failed to produce their weights and measures for inspection when called upon.

The Governor-General arrived at Kentville, N.S., on Saturday evening, and immediately proceeded to the court house, where an address was presented, to which he made a short reply. There was a large assemblage present, and a number of the houses in town were decorated with bunting. The Governor-General, accompanied by his brother, Lord Campbell, will include Cape Breton in his tour.

Lieut.-Governor Laird says that the reports regarding the depredations committed by Indians at Duck Lake are exaggerated. Three oxen it is true were stolen and three arrests made for the offence, but the cattle were intended for the Indians, and would have been given to them two or three days later when the treaty payments were made. He discredits the report about the plundering of the store.

The receiver of the Credit Valley Railway Company arrived at Elgin on Saturday after having paid the employés of the company their wages up to Aug. 1st. The people, especially the farmers, in that locality are glad to know that the unfinished portion of the fencing will be completed at once, the contract for the supply of the wire, &c., having been given to Messrs. Rice Lewis & Son, of Toronto, who have engaged two firms, one at Woodstock and the other at Montreal, to manufacture and deliver it at the rate of twenty tons per week. Men will start today at the board fencing on the line.

Several gentlemen from Ottawa were up doing the Wakefield Cave recently. On returning