

Canada From Coast to Coast

Summerside, P.E.I.—The fish and shell-fishing industry has experienced considerable activity during the past two months. Crabs and lobsters are being dispatched every few days to Boston, New York and other centers.

Charlottetown, P.E.I.—Civil revenue during the past year amounted to \$250,000, according to the Treasurer's annual report. The health officer's report showed 236 deaths from all causes during 1921. Deaths from contagious diseases, including 22 from tuberculosis, numbered 27, a new low record.

Halifax, N.S.—Fifty-two and a half hours from City Island, N.Y., to her dock at Halifax, about five hundred and fifty miles, was the time made by the two-masted Newfoundland owned sailing vessel H. H. MacIntosh, in port with a cargo of coal. The time is considered good freight steamer time. The MacIntosh was built at Mahoney, N.S., about eight years ago.

Woodstock, N.B.—A company is being promoted in Woodstock to manufacture men's boots, shoe packs and other footwear here. It is said that there is strong capital available for the purpose.

Quebec, Que.—Royalties on the following pelts were paid to the Provincial Government during the past year, according to the Department of Lands and Forests: 58,118 beavers, 16,072 mink, 127,646 muskrat, 32,304 weasel, 3,502 white fox, 2,591 marten, 2,607 seals, 2,123 deer, 12 caribou, 32 elk, 444 ermine, 165 silver fox, 3,840 red fox, 1,471 marten, 133 badger, 978 bear and 40 white bear.

Montreal, Que.—A feature of the export livestock trade during the past two weeks has been the increased demand for live Canadian cattle from Belgium, and several large shipments of Canadian cattle have already gone forward via Boston and New York.

Ottawa, Ont.—All hogs marketed at public stockyards and abattoirs in Canada on and after May 1 will be sold according to official grading to be done by government officials, according to an announcement made by the Dominion Department of Agriculture. This policy is the outcome of a meeting of producers, packers and agricultural officers held at Ottawa last November. A minimum premium of ten per cent. will be recognized for select bacon hogs.

Toronto, Ont.—With the completion of the Toronto-Kingston provincial highway this summer, it will be possible to make the run by automobile from Toronto to Ottawa in one day, according to A. L. Baldwin, resident government engineer, speaking before the Gananoque Board of Trade.

Winnipeg, Man.—A short distance program has been commenced for Winnipeg's winter carnival which commences on February 6th, to last for a week, and the seven days' revels comprise every form of winter sport. An ice wall six feet high and over half a mile in length has been built; ice-jumping, snowshoe marathons, dog-team races and tobogganing will feature the day, while at night fancy dress masquerade will hold sway and moccasin dancing on the ice in the bright illumination of electric lights.

Regina, Sask.—In the production of flaxseed in the Dominion, Saskatchewan led all other provinces with a yield of 3,600,000 bushels during 1921. Manitoba produced 540,000 bushels; Alberta, 155,000; Quebec, 97,500; and Ontario, 92,000. Very little flaxseed is any more grown in the Maritime Provinces and British Columbia.

Edmonton, Alta.—An important link of the Edmonton, Dunvegan and British Columbia railway was completed this year. It joins Peace River and Berwyn and already grain is being transported from a rich district.

Calgary, Alta.—Exports from this point to the United States were approximately cut in half in 1921 when compared with the previous year's record of goods leaving for across the border, amounting to \$3,018,946. In comparison with \$6,729,692. This decrease was due entirely to the effects of the emergency tariff. Included in the year's exports to the United States were 12,891 cattle, 1,976 sheep, 1,651,400 pounds of wool, 1,651,400 bushels of wheat, 97,512 pounds butter, 26,189 sacks of flour, 925,625 hides and skins, 2,168,492 pounds meat and 2,736,692 feet of lumber.

Victoria, B.C.—The shipping manufacturers of British Columbia have formed a \$600,000 company known as the British Columbia Shipbuilding and Shingle Manufacturing Company, with headquarters here. Other companies incorporated during the past week number seven, totalling \$210,000 in capitalization.

New Westminster, B.C.—Members of the Fraser Valley Milk Producers' Association, which include ninety per cent. of the milk producers in the entire Fraser Valley, had a production of milk from their dairy herds during the recent French note implied that Britain was taking a pro-Greek attitude, while France was impartial. Harding emphasized the assertion that the British have been far from pro-Greek and Greeks would be the first to admit it.

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Dominion House Meets on March Eighth

A despatch from Ottawa says:—Parliament will be summoned to meet on Wednesday, March 8, it was announced, following Thursday's meeting of the Cabinet Council, which lasted until after 7 o'clock in the evening. The first day's business will be limited to the election of a Speaker, while the formal opening, with the delivery of the speech from the throne, will take place on Thursday, the following day.

Keep Tab on Icebergs Along Atlantic Lanes

A despatch from Washington says:—In anticipation of the spring crop of icebergs along the North Atlantic steamer lanes, the United States Coast Guard cutter Seneca has been detailed for ice observation and patrol service, and will leave New York about February 25, proceeding to the Grand Banks of Newfoundland to locate the fields and positions of the icebergs.

This patrol service is undertaken in accordance with the international convention for safety of life at sea adopted at London in 1914. The Seneca will keep in touch with the ice situation, make observations of the quantities of ice, extent and drift, and obtain all other information of value.

They can conquer who believe they can.—Virgil.



Sir Ernest Shackleton's wife and two pretty children.

Discovery of New Dyes Lay Explorer to Rest in Antarctica

Two new dyes—one a beautiful blue, the other a shade of rose—have been isolated by Professor Mathland C. Boswell of the University of Toronto in his research laboratory. With five of his advanced students the professor is now engaged, during such spare hours as he can muster, in investigating the most suitable conditions under which these new dyes can be applied to the various textile fibres. The professor states that the popular idea that Germany possesses "secrets" in regard to the production of dyes is a fallacy. German scientists have no such "secrets," though German manufacturers may have special processes by means of which they place dyes on the market at a specially low price. Professor Boswell is secretary of the School of Engineering Research of the Faculty of Applied Science and Engineering, University of Toronto, and has been engaged for some years past in research work on various dye problems. His latest discovery is just another illustration of the effect on the national life of the complex work of the provincial university.

If some men died and others did not, death would indeed be a most mortifying evil.

Weekly Market Report

Toronto. Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$1.34. Manitoba oats—No. 2 CW, 56¢; extra No. 1 feed, 53¢; No. 1 feed, 53¢. Manitoba barley—Nominal. All the above, track, Bay ports. American corn—No. 2 yellow, 68½¢; No. 3 yellow, 67½¢; No. 4 yellow, 67½¢; track, Toronto. Ontario oats—No. 2 white, nominal. Ontario wheat—Nominal. Barley—No. 3 extra, test 47 lbs. or better, 57 to 60¢, according to freights outside. Buckwheat—No. 2, 78 to 80¢. Rye—No. 2, 86 to 88¢. Manitoba flour—First pats, \$7.40; second pats, \$6.90, Toronto. Baled hay—50 per cent. pat. bulk, seaboard, per barrel, \$5. Millfeed—Del. Montreal freight, bags included: Bran, per ton, \$28; shorts, per ton, \$20; good feed flour, \$1.70 to \$1.80. Baled hay—Track, Toronto, per ton, No. 2, \$21.50 to \$22; mixed, \$12. Straw—Car lots, per ton, \$12. Eggs—New laid extras, 50 to 52¢; do, extras, in cartons, 53 to 55¢. Butter—Creamery, fresh-made extras, 41 to 42¢; do, No. 1 storage, 39 to 40¢; do, No. 2 storage, 34 to 37¢; dairy prints, 30 to 32¢. Cheese—New, large, 19½ to 20¢; do, twins 20 to 21¢; do, Stilton, 24 to 24½¢. Old, large, 24 to 25¢; do, twins, 24½ to 25½¢; Stilton, 27 to 28¢. Smoked meats—Rolls, 21 to 24¢; hams, med., 26 to 28¢; heavy, 18 to 21¢; cooked hams, 36 to 40¢; boneless backs, 33 to 36¢; breakfast bacon, 25 to 30¢; special, 30 to 35¢; cottage rolls, 25 to 26¢. Green meats—Out of pickle, 1c less than smoked.

BRITISH POSITION ON TURK QUESTION

and That France Agree to Fundamental Principles

A despatch from Paris says:—When Lord Harding, the British Ambassador, saw Premier Poincare and delivered the British note on the Turkish treaty, he stated, the correspondent is authoritatively informed, two fundamental principles on which Great Britain demands agreement before it considers that there will be any use in having a conference of the allied nations on that subject. The high minister stated that the allies must approach the question of a revision of the Turkish treaty from a standpoint that will be impartial in fact as well as theory. 2.—The allies must agree to present a joint, impartial program to the Greeks and Turks and then back it up with the full moral pressure of their united weight.

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PRINCESS FOREGOES HER ROYAL RANK

Right of Succession to British Throne Also Renounced by Princess Mary.

A despatch from London says:—By her marriage to Viscount Lascelles, Princess Mary renounces her royal rank and all claim forever to her right of succession to the British throne. This was learned on Thursday from a source intimately connected with court circles. In the marriage contract which will be signed the day before the wedding by the King, Princess Mary, Earl Harewood and Viscount Lascelles, a clause has been inserted to this effect: While the possibilities of Princess Mary succeeding to the throne is remote, her children might do so, but the clause now makes such an event impossible.

Infantile Death Rate in World's Centres

A despatch from London says:—Christiania, capital of Norway, in the matter of the death rate of babies, stands first among the cities of the world, according to latest figures is-



Question Wisdom of His Offer

Lord Atholstan, of Montreal, who has offered £20,000 to the University graduate of any city who will discover a cure for cancer within the next five years. The wisdom of his offer is questioned by prominent English medical authorities, who declare that the best way to stimulate the discovery of a cure would be to assist institutions already carrying out laborious and expensive investigations.

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REGULAR FEELERS—By Gene Byrnes

