

# THE NEWS IN A NUTSHELL.

## THE VERY LATEST FROM ALL THE WORLD OVER.

Interesting Items About Our Own Country, Great Britain, the United States, and All Parts of the Globe, Condensed and Assorted for Easy Reading.

### CANADA.

Arden, near Kingston, has an epidemic of typhoid fever.

A colony of 3,000 Russians will settle in the Canadian North-west this fall.

The oat crop in many of the parishes around Quebec is a most discouraging one.

Canada will have only 20,000 square feet of the 75,000 asked for at the Paris Exposition.

The last of the four children born a month ago to Mrs. Bowman, of Kingston, is dead.

Hamilton and Winnipeg have each voted \$500 to the fire sufferers of New Westminster.

The total revenue of the North-west territories for the year ending Aug. 31st, was \$542,772.

A garrison church parade will be held in Toronto on October 9, when Major-General Hutton will be present.

The by-law to extend the Hamilton Street Railway franchise for fifteen years was adopted by the City Council.

The first consignment of Ontario fruit, packed according to California methods, was received in Winnipeg in excellent condition.

The Toronto Board of Control has voted \$1,000 for the relief of those thrown into destitution by the New Westminster fire.

The sheds containing the winter cars of the Montreal Street Railway Co. at Hochelaga were burned, causing a loss of over \$150,000.

Fred. Wade, registrar for the Yukon, has arrived at Vancouver. He says a conservative estimate of the output of the district is \$8,000,000.

A scheme to build cottage hospitals in the vicinity of Ottawa for consumptives has been proposed by Dr. P. H. Bryce, provincial health officer.

The shareholders of the Bank of Hamilton have decided to increase the capital stock from \$1,250,000 to \$1,500,000 by the issue of 2,500 new shares at \$100 each.

The Department of Indian Affairs at Ottawa is considering the question of providing counsel for the Moses brothers, awaiting trial for murder at Port Arthur.

Boiler makers who have been engaged on the Canadian Pacific Railway steamship Athenian at Vancouver for several weeks, are out on a strike for an advance of wages.

News has been received in Toronto that William Oldbury, a private in the 21st Lancers, was killed in the gallant charge made by that regiment at the battle of Omdurman.

So far this year 75,240 acres of land have been taken up in the Swan River district of Manitoba for settlement. This district is just being opened by the extension of the Dauphin railway.

Miss Mabel Alford and Mr. George Duncan, teachers in the Greensville, West Flamborough School, were acquitted by Judge Snider on a charge of unduly punishing Alice Durand, a nine-year-old pupil.

The Rathburn timber limits, 127 square miles, on the Mattawa River, in Quebec, were sold by auction at Ottawa to Mr. J. R. Booth at \$350 per mile, the price aggregating something over \$44,000.

The Northwest Assembly has adopted a resolution offering to assent to the ceding of a portion of the Northwest Territories, north of Manitoba, to Manitoba, and similarly in regard to British Columbia.

Incendiarism had nothing to do with the New Westminster fire. Three men Sheppard, who was arrested on the charge, has been released, it being obvious that he had no connection with the outbreak.

The Department of Railways and Canals have awarded the following contracts, viz., for 150 box cars, and 100 flat cars, to the Rhodes Company, of Amherst, N.S., and for 150 box cars to Crossen Company, of Cobourg.

The British cruiser Talbot arrived in Halifax on Monday from the West Indies. She was on active duty continuously in West Indian waters from the beginning to the end of hostilities between the United States and Spain.

Surveyors of the South-Eastern Railway of Manitoba are heading towards the international boundary, and it is understood that the line will reach Rainy River around the south end of the Lake of the Woods, through Minnesota.

Archer, Martin, of Victoria, son of Edward Martin, Q.C., Hamilton, has been appointed a judge of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, to fill the vacancy caused by the recent elevation of Judge McColl to the Chief Justiceship.

The Montreal Board of Health states that anyone who patronizes a barber or hairdresser, whose establishment is open to all comers, runs a great risk of becoming infected by disease from the razor shaving brush, scissors, clippers, comb or hair brush having been previously used on a sick person, or even on a corpse.

### GREAT BRITAIN.

The Queen is taking great interest in the wireless telegraphy experiments being conducted at Osborne House by Marconi the inventor.

### UNITED STATES.

Maine State elections were a triumph for the Republicans.

Rev. John Hall of New York died

at Bangor, County Down, Ireland on Saturday.

The battleships Oregon and Iowa have been ordered to proceed to Manila.

The dismembered body of Rachel Warner, a trained nurse, was found in the mud flats at Bridgeport, Conn. Miss Winnie Davis, "The Daughter of the Confederacy," the only child of Jefferson Davis, is dying at Narragansett Pier.

Joseph and Morton H. Marshall, Obsego, Mich., gold seekers, have been murdered in the Yukon, according to reports at Niles, Mich.

A Rock Island passenger train struck a carryall at Wichita, Kansas, on Tuesday night, and three of the occupants of the latter vehicle were killed.

The United States, it is said, has replied to a recent note of the Turkish Government declining to accept Turkey's repudiation of the responsibility for American losses during the Armenian troubles.

Charles Spinks, a very wealthy coal dealer, and street paving contractor, of Newport, Ky., is missing, and is believed to have been drowned while inspecting his coal barge. He carried \$125,000 life insurance.

The California Powder Company and the Dupont Powder Company have been awarded the contract to supply the United States Navy Department with smokeless powder. Each company will supply half a million pounds.

Judge Thomas F. McCormick, of Elizabeth, N.J., committed suicide Tuesday by shooting himself through the right temple. His body was found lying under a tree in St. Mary's Roman Catholic Cemetery. No cause can be ascribed for the deed.

The certificate of incorporation of the great steel trust, to be known as the Federal Company, was filed Friday in the Secretary of State's office at Trenton, N.J. It is the largest company ever admitted under the laws of New Jersey, its paid up capital being \$200,000,000. The incorporation tax amounts to \$40,000.

Rev. Hannibal Goodwin, after struggling for twelve years to prove that he is the originator of the kodak film, has at last been awarded the patent by the officials at Washington. This means an immense fortune to the patient, who will now have a seventeen years' monopoly on the manufacture of photographic film.

### GENERAL.

Mount Vesuvius is in a lively state of eruption.

Copenhagen astronomers report the appearance of a comet.

It is said that a revolution in Central China is unavoidable.

There will be no celebrations or public ceremonies in Austria for the next six months.

As a result of the introduction of modern sanitary methods, the health of Santiago de Cuba has much improved, and the death rate has fallen.

Aguinaldo, the leader of the Philippine insurgents, is becoming frightened, and removing his headquarters to Molalla, his present position being too much for the mercy of the Americans.

The Spanish bishop of the Island of Luzon, Philippines, was cruelly treated by rebel sympathizers. The prelate was beaten with clubs and compelled to disclose the hiding place of the money belonging to the church.

General Polavelega, formerly Governor-General of Cuba and of the Philippines, in a manifesto declaring his readiness to place himself at the head of a neutral party in Spanish politics, advocates a complete reform in Spanish government.

Sir J. S. Hay, Governor of Barbadoes, has received an anonymous letter which threatens that he and five other officers of the island will meet the same fate as Speaker Pile, of the Barbadoes Legislature, who was recently assassinated by a negro.

There is an acute industrial crisis at Antigua, W.I., owing to the shutting down of the sugar plantations, constraining the Government to inaugurate relief work in order to avert a threatened outbreak of riot and pillage among the idle and starving labouring population. The sum of \$10,000 has been appropriated for the immediate relief of the crisis.

Jean Louie, who was one of the chief witnesses in the Tichborne trial, died in the Liverpool Benevolent Asylum, Australia, of senile decay. Louie was steward on the Bella, in which Sir Roger Tichborne sailed from England. Until a short time before his death he stated that he firmly believed until the close of the trial that the claimant was the real Sir Roger.

H.M.S. Porpoise, one of the Australian squadron, recently returned to Suva from a cruise among the islands, with the news that the Falcon Islands, situated midway between the Tongatabu and Haapai groups, and immediately opposite the Nomuka group of islands, some 27 miles to the westward have lately disappeared. Falcon island was of volcanic origin, and half a mile or more in diameter.

### BLOOD VISIBLE EVERYWHERE.

About Six Hundred People Burned Alive or Massacred in Crete.

The correspondent of the London Times at Candia, Island of Crete, who has just landed after five days in the roadstead, says:—"About 600 men, women and children, were either burned alive or massacred in the outbreak last week. The Turkish troops are now patrolling and blocking up the streets. The Mussulmans are ransacking the ruins of the burned quarter of the town, where the devastation is complete. Blood is visible everywhere. Such bodies of the slain as were not burned were removed on Monday in carts and buried outside the town limits.

## MARKETS OF THE WORLD.

Prices of Grain, Cattle, Cheese, &c., in the Leading Ports.

Toronto, Sept. 20.—Business was brisk on the street market this morning, and with the exception of wheat, which had advanced a point, prices were the same as yesterday. About 600 bushels of wheat at 69 to 70c, 4,000 bushels of barley at 41 to 48c, and 1,500 bushels of oats at 29 to 30c, were sold and delivered.

Wheat, red, per bush.	\$0.69	\$0.70
Wheat, old, white, per bu.	0.69	0.70
Wheat, goose, per bush.	0.58	0.59
Barley, per bush.	0.41	0.42
Oats, per bush.	0.29	0.30
Peas, per bu. h.	0.50	0.55
Rye, per bush.	0.42	0.44
Buckwheat, per bush.	0.40	0.45
Turkeys, per lb.	0.09	0.11
Ducks, per pair.	0.56	0.60
Chickens, per pair.	0.40	0.60
Geese, per lb.	0.06	0.07
Butter, in lb. rolls.	0.16	0.17
Eggs, new laid.	0.14	0.15
Potatoes, new, per bush.	0.70	0.80
Onions, native, per bag.	0.60	0.75
Timothy hay.	8.00	9.00
Straw.	7.00	7.50
Clover hay.	6.00	7.00
Beef, hinds.	0.07	0.08
Beef, fores.	0.04	0.05
Veal, per lb.	0.06	0.08
Dressed hogs.	5.50	6.00
Mutton, per lb.	0.05	0.06
Lamb, per lb.	0.07	0.08
Eggs, per market.	0.07	0.08

free for all strictly choice. No market for poor stuff and too much of it coming in. Dealers here are selling choice at 14 1-2 to 15c, and straight at 13 to 13 1-2.

Potatoes—About steady. Car lots sold at 65 to 70c per bag; dealer sold out of store, at 75 to 85c. Farmers' loads bring about 75 to 85c per bag on the street.

Poultry—Only a limited demand. Chickens sell at 40 to 50c per pair; ducks, 50 to 60c, turkeys, 10 to 11c per lb., and geese, 6 to 7c.

Beans—Choice hand-picked beans sell at 80 to 90c, and common at 50 to 60c per bushel.

Dried apples—Dealers pay 3 1-2 for dried stock, delivered here, and small lots re-sell here at 4 to 4 1-2. Evaporated are firm at 9 to 9 1-2c.

Honey—Unchanged. Round lots of choice, delivered here, will bring about 5 to 6c. Dealers quote from 6 to 7c per lb. for 10 to 60-lb. tins, and in comb at around \$1.25 to \$1.50 per dozen sections.

Baled hay—Not much doing. A few small lots of strictly No. 1 have been sold, delivered at \$8. Strictly choice car lots, are quoted at around \$6.50 to \$7.50; and No. 2 at around \$5.50.

Straw—Dull and easy. Prices easy. Car lots are quoted at \$4 to \$4.50, on track.

Hops—New stocks coming in, but as yet dealers are not quoting prices. Prices for old are:—Round lots, delivered here, strictly fancy, 1897's, 15 to 16c; choice, 14 to 14 1-2c; No. 1, 13c; and 1896's, nominal.

Butter—Steady demand and prices generally firm. Quotations are as follows:—Dairy, tub, poor to medium, 11 to 12c; choice, 14 to 15c; small dairy, lb. prints, about 16 to 17c; creamery, tubs and boxes, 18 to 19c; pounds, 20 to 21c.

Cheese—Market quiet. Dealers here are selling at from 8 to 8 1-2c.

### CHEESE MARKETS.

London, Ont., Sept. 20.—Twenty-seven factories offered 5,887 boxes August make. Sales all made under the agreement: 260 at 8 1-2c; 1,402 at 8 3-16c, 2,200 at 8 1-4c, 220 at 8 5-16c, 390 at 8 3-8c. Bidding very brisk, ranging from 8 to 8 3-8c.

Watertown, N.Y., Sept. 20.—Sales of cheese on the Board of Trade to-day, 3,000 boxes of large at 7 1-2 to 7 13-16c; bulk at 7 3-4 to 7 13-16c. Sales include late Augusts and a few days September make.

Canton, N.Y., Sept. 20.—Twenty-one hundred cheese offered; large sold at 8c, small at 8 1-4 to 8 1-2c; half large and half small; one thousand tubs of butter sold at 19 1-4 to 19 1-2 to 19 5-8c; 19 1-2c, ruling.

Cornwall, Ont., Sept. 20.—At Cornwall Cheese Board to-day 17 factories boarded 4,019 white, 175 coloured and 240 American. All sold on board.

McGregor, 697 white at 8 3-8c, 40 colored at 8 3-8c; 40 American at 8c, board rules; Wood, 207 white at 8 1-2c, 200 American at 8c, board rules; McNeil, 135 coloured, Montreal inspection, at 8 1-16c; last ten days of August make and about three days of September. Five buyers present. Board adjourned to meet on October 1st.

Montreal, Sept. 20.—There is a fair movement in the local grain market. Peas are easier, buyers offering 80 1-2c, afloat; oats are steady at 25 1-2c, afloat. There is a good demand for flour, and prices are steady. Winter wheat patents, \$4 to \$4.25; straight rollers, \$3.50 to \$3.75; in bags \$1.65 to \$1.80; Manitoba patents, \$4.80 to \$4.90; strong bakers' best, \$4.50 to \$4.60. Feed is moderately active and steady. Ontario red winter wheat bran \$12 and shorts, \$14.50 to \$15 per ton, in bulk; Manitoba bran, \$11.50 to \$12; shorts, \$15. Meal is quiet; rolled oats, are quoted at \$3.00 per bbl.; and at \$1.75 per bag. There is a fair demand for hay, but the feeling is easy on account of the large offerings. No. 1 at \$6.50, No. 2, at \$5 to \$5.50; and clover mixed at \$4 to \$4.50, in car lots. Cheese is steady at 7 7-8 to 8 1-4 for Western, and 7 3-4 to 8c. for Eastern. Butter is strong.—Finest creamery being quoted at 18 1-4 to 18 1-2c, in boxes, and 17 1-2 to 17 3-4c, in tubs; dairy is quoted at 14 to 14 1-2c. Provisions are in fair demand. Canadian pork, in bbls. \$16 to \$16.50; pure Canadian lard, in cans, 8 1-4 to 8 1-2c, per pound; and compound refined at 5 to 5 1-2c per pound; hams 10 1-2 to 11c; and bacon 10 to 13c, per pound. Eggs are steady, and move fairly well; strictly new laid, 17 1-2 to 18c; held fresh, 15 1-2 to 16c; No. 1 candled, 13 1-2 to 14c; and No. 2, 10c per dozen. Beans are dull and unchanged; choice hand picked, 95 to \$1

a bush; prices 85 to 90c. Honey is quiet, and prices rule easy; white clover, comb, in 1-lb. sections, 7 to 7 1-2c; dark, 5 1-2 to 6 1-2c; white extracted, 6 to 6 1-2c; and dark, 4 to 5c. Maple product is neglected, and the market is dull.

Buffalo, Sept. 20.—Spring wheat—No. 1, Northern offered at 76c; buyers holding off. Winter wheat—Good inquiry and offerings light; No. 2, red 69c; No. 1, white, 68c, through billed. Corn—Quiet and easy; No. 2 yellow, 34c; No. 3 yellow, 33 3-4c; No. 2 corn, 33 1-2c; No. 3 corn, 33c. Oats—Scarce and firm; No. 2 white, 25 3-4 to 26c; No. 3B white 24 3-4 to 25c; No. 4, white, 23 to 23 1-4c; No. 2 mixed 23c; No. 3 mixed, 22c. Barley—Sales of fair to good malting, to arrive at \$7 to 40c. Rye—Dull, No. 2, on track, offered 51c. Canal freights.—Firm. Flour—Steady, fair demand.

Detroit, Sept. 20.—Wheat—Closed. No. 1 white, cash 64 3-4c; No. 2 red, cash and September, 63 3-4c; December, 65 5-8c; May 63 3-4c.

Toledo, Sept. 20.—Wheat—No. 2 cash, 63 3-4c; Dec. 65 1-2c; Corn—No. 2, mixed 30 1-2c; Oats—No. 2 mixed, 21c. Rye—No. 2 cash, 46 1-2c. Clover seed—Prime cash, old \$3.50; new \$4; Oct., \$4. Oil—unchanged.

Minneapolis, Sept. 20.—Wheat—Dull, low; Sept. 61 1-2c; Dec. 59 1-2c; May, 61 3-8c to 61 1-2c; No. 1 hard, 67 1-4c; No. 1 Northern, 66 1-4c; No. 2, Northern, 62 1-4c; Flour—First patents, \$3.95 to \$4.05 second patents, \$3.75 to \$3.85; first clears, \$2.70 to \$2.80. Bran—in bulk, \$7 to \$7.75.

Duluth, Sept. 20.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, cash, 66c bid; Sept., 65 1-4c; Dec. 61 1-2c; May 63 3-4c.

### THE ASSASSIN IS SATISFIED.

He Says It Was His Ideal to Strike Society in One of Its Summits.

A despatch from Vienna says:—The Geneva correspondent of one of the Vienna papers reports Luceasi, the assassin of the Empress of Austria, as saying in an interview:

"I am a soft-hearted, glorious Anarchist. It was my ideal to strike society in one of its summits. I have attained that ideal, and am indifferent to what the world says. I am no coward—I fear not death. I have addressed a prayer to the Federal Council to judge me in Lucerne, where capital punishment is in force. I wish to suffer the guillotine. The judge interposed, calling this swaggering, knowing the impossibility of it."

Questioned if he avenged his fatherless poverty, he answered:

"No! I fulfilled a mission. You may take me for an Anarchist or a scoundrel, a coward or a brave man. I am satisfied with my deed; that suffices."

I asked whether he worked in Trieste. He said he had other irons in the fire in Trieste.

The correspondent asked:

"Did you hear the funeral knell ring for your victim?"

"I heard the bells, but considered them the funeral knell of the bourgeoisie, whom I detest."

### VIEWED THE CATAFALQUE.

The public was permitted to view the casket containing the remains of the late Empress of Austria on Friday. It rested on a catafalque in the chapel of Hofburg, where masses were celebrated incessantly at three altars until noon.

On the casket were four wreaths, sent by the children and grandchildren of the deceased, while many other floral offerings were upon the walls of the chapel. At the head of the casket were the Imperial crown, the coronet of an archduchess, and the jewelled orders of the late Empress. At the foot of the casket were a black fan and a pair of white gloves. Life Guardsmen were stationed at each corner of the catafalque.

There was a steady procession of people until the church closed at 5 o'clock, among them Prince Albert of Belgium and other persons of high rank. Even after the doors were shut thousands remained outside.

It transpired that a painful scene occurred at the church. The Emperor was prostrated with grief. Upon arriving at the Hofburg chapel on Thursday night his Majesty became almost unconscious from the intensity of his emotions. Many of those present wept in sympathy.

### A TRAGEDY RECALLED.

Skeletons of Three White Men Found Near Owen Sound.

A despatch from Owen Sound, says:—The finding of the skeletons of three white men under a light covering of soil on Griffith's Island a few days ago recalls a Colpoys' bay in a sail boat. They were time four gentlemen left this port for Colpoys bay in a sail boat. They were Capt. Fothergill, Postmaster George Brown, of this town, Mr. John Robinson, a gentleman from the Southern States, and Charles Kennedy, a sailor. A few days after the boat was found on the mainland beach, with its cargo of wheat undisturbed. The body of Kennedy lay on the shore alongside the boat, his dog having gnawed the man's hand. The bodies of the other two could not be found, though a long and vigilant search was made. Foul play was suspected, but no trace of the victims or perpetrators was found to unravel the mystery.

The fact that the skull of one of the skeletons discovered is exceptionally large, and it being well-known that Postmaster Brown's head was some what extraordinary in this particular, leads to the belief by many that the skeletons found are the long-lost remains of the missing men.

Messrs. John and Jos. Robinson, of this town, are sons of the gentleman of that name, while C. P. R. Agent Brown at Hong Kong, China, recently here on a visit, is a son of the postmaster. Identification of the remains is impossible at this late day.

## HIS LIFE FOR HIS CRIME.

HAMMOND HANGED AT BRACEBRIDGE ON THURSDAY.

He Makes a Confession—Only Those Legally Entitled to be Present Witnessed His Last Moments.

A despatch from Bracebridge, Ont., says:—Willie Hammond, the murderer of Katie Tough, his wife, was hanged at three minutes past eight on Thursday morning, and remained suspended for 18 minutes.

At eight o'clock the officers of the law entered the gaol and repaired at once to the corner of the yard where the scaffold had been erected. Radcliffe the hangman, had gone in a few minutes previous, carrying a valise, and smoking a cigar with easy nonchalance. The hangman went at once to Hammond's cell, where the doomed man was talking to Rev. Mr. Leith. No words passed between the two, and the prisoner's arms were quickly pinioned.

### VERY FEW WITNESSES.

The story of the execution which follows has been gathered by interviewing those who were present, as Sheriff Bettes adhered to his intention of not admitting the press. So strict were the officer's views in the matter that he refused to make public the most commonplace facts connected with the affair; going so far indeed as to decline to tell the hour of execution or the name of the condemned man's spiritual attendant.

### PROCESSION TO THE SCAFFOLD.

Hammond walked between County Constables Armstrong and McFayden, and though pale as a ghost, mounted the scaffold with a firm step. At the first glimpse of the instrument of the law he faltered, and his nerve forsook him for a brief instant. His self-possession returned to his aid in a moment, and he died bravely. Rev. M. J. Leith, the Presbyterian minister, followed the doomed man, and Sheriff Bettes, Dr. Steele, the gaol physician, Dr. Bridgeland, M. P. P., and Magistrates Sword, of Beatrice, and Boyer, of Bracebridge, were the only other witnesses of the horrible spectacle.

### A PARTIAL CONFESSION.

The minister read the service for the occasion as he walked with bowed head, and Hammond appeared to listen to his words. The young murderer, in response to the usual question, said in a clear voice, "I am guilty in one sense but innocent in another." The signal was then given to the hangman, and the bolt was drawn, and Hammond shot down and out of sight, and only the twitching rope spoke of the tragedy which was being enacted. Dr. Steele drew his watch, and for eighteen minutes stood beside the dangling heap of clothes. He then pronounced life to be extinct, and the body was cut down.

### OUTSIDE THE GAOL.

The sound of the trap-door falling was distinctly heard outside the gaol premises, where a motley group of men, women and children were gathered. As soon as the bolt had been sprung a black flag was run up in front of the court-house, where it remained for an hour, while the bell tolled at intervals. Hammond retired about 9.15 on Wednesday night, after having read his Bible for some time. His rest was broken and fitful, and he was not much refreshed this morning at five o'clock when he arose. He ate a hearty breakfast, and was in good spirits when Rev. Mr. Leith came in about six o'clock never leaving the side of the doomed man until the last. The clergyman, though greatly puzzled by the variable temper of his charge, believes that he had made his peace with his God.

Radcliffe and the two magistrates, the latter greatly agitated, were the first to come out of the gaol. The hangman was still smoking, and swaggered down the street to his hotel, followed by a rabble of men and boys.

### FATHER WILL GET THE BODY.

The Ontario Government will allow Mr. Hammond, senior, to bury his dead, and the interment will probably take place at Gravenhurst. It was largely due to the sheriff's impunctuality that this boon was granted the old man, as Mr. Bettes states that the gaol-yard is unfit to be used as a cemetery. New gaol buildings will probably be erected very shortly, and if the body were buried in the yard it would be necessary to exhume it.

Coroner Campbell empaneled a jury immediately after the execution, but it was not until an hour and a half later that this learned body found out, and made the announcement, that the cause of death was a broken neck.

Hammond poisoned his wife with prussic acid at Gravenhurst, with the object of securing \$5,000 insurance which he had placed on her life.

### THE SULTAN BACKS DOWN.

He Has Complied With the British Admiral's Ultimatum.

A despatch from Candia, Island of Crete, says:—The Sultan has ordered Djavad Pasha, the military commander in Crete, to accede to the demand of the British admiral, Noel, for disarmament thus complying with the whole ultimatum of the admiral. A British military detachment on Sunday occupied the entrance to the fort, and it is rumoured that the Ottoman troops will be withdrawn and British forces will occupy the town.

Among the prisoners already handed over to Admiral Noel are two who are credited with being ringleaders in the attack on the British camp.