No. 268.]
BILL.
[1863.

An Act respecting the Militia.

H
ER Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Preamble. Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as
follows:

1. The Governor shall, by virtue of his Office, be Com- Governor to be 5 madder in Chief of the Canadian Militia.

Commander in Chief.
2. The Canadian Militia shall be divided into two classes, Two clauses of that is to say : the Volunteers and the Enrolled Militia.

Militia.
2. The Commander in Chief may call out the Volunteers Governor may or Enrolled Militia or any part thereof for actual service, call out Milia. 10 whenever it is in his opinion advisable so io do, by reason of war, invasion or insurrection, or imminent danger of any of them; but the Volunteers shall always be the first taken for Volunternto actual service, or imminent danger or emergency.

## THE VOLUNTEERS.

3. The Volunteers may consist of Troops of Cavalry, Mili- of what corps 15 tory Train, Field Batteries of Artillery, Garrison Batteries of Volunuersmay Artillery, Companies of Engineers, and Battalions or Compaconsul, \&wi. vies of Rifles and of Infantry, ind Naval Companies, to be armed and equipped according to their respective services, and to be formed at such places and in such manner as may 20 from time to time be ordered by the Commander in Chief:
4. All Companies or Battalions of Volunteers shall: be Power io disformed and may be disbanded by authority of the Commander band Volun$\therefore$ in Chief, as may in his opinion best tend to further the par- ${ }^{\text {terr. }}$ poses of this Act and the public good.

25 5. Each Troop of Cavalry; Military Train; Garrison Battery Force of Volunof Artillery, Company of Engineers, or Rifles," or Infantry, tees companies shall consist, according to its respective service, of a Captain, 要解ecaly and
"a Lieutenant, a Cornet, "Second Lieutenant or Ensign, three Infantry. Serjeants, three Corporals, a Trumpeter or Bugler, and not
50 exceeding forty-eight Privates, except. in cases where the Commander in Chief may specially sanction a greater number of Privates not exceeding seiventy-five:

