DR. J. E. GRIFFITH, DENTIST,

Office 61 Union St., Near Germain, (Formerly occupied by Dr. Pidler,)

SAINT JOHN, N. B.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH INSERTED IN THE BEST MANNER.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO FILLING AND PRESERVING THE NATURAL TEETH.

dec 19—1y

MISPECK MILLS, - - St. John, N. B.

SUPERIOR LIGHT HOMESPUNS,

And UNION GREY FLANNELS,

Suitable for Summer use, and VERY CHEAP.

IN STOCK:

All Wool Twilled Flannels and Tweeds!

ALSO:

FIRST CLASS COTTON WARPS.

The above named Seasonable Goods are all of SUPERIOR QUALITY, manufactured from the very best materials, and warranted to give satisfaction.

☞ORDERS FROM THE TRADE RESPECSFULLY SOLICITED.

☞Warehouse—Reed's Building, Water Street.

mar 20—1yd&w J. L. WOODWORTH, Agent.

NEW SPRING GOODS,

Per the "Polynesian," at Portland.

NOW OPENING:

THREE CASES MILLINERY.

Ladies' New Straw Hats,
New Feathers,
New Flowers,
New Jet Ornaments,
White and Black Blond Laces.

Daily expected per "Austrian, at Halifax:

8 Packages Hosiery, Millinery, Woollens,

NEW DRESS GOODS, &c.

EVERITT & BUTLER,

mar 18

BARNES & CO.,

Printers, Booksellers, Stationers,

AND

BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURERS.

☞We have added new machinery to our Bindery, and are enabled to execute BINDING in the best style. *Call and see Specimens.*

BARNES & CO.
nov 21 1y 53 Prince Wm. street.

MOORE'S

Sign Painting

ESTABLISHMENT,

47 Germain Street,

dec 5

WILLIAM DUNLOP,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Flour, Groceries & Liquors,

No. 40 CHARLOTTE STREET,

nov 21 1y St. John, N. B.

159 Union Street.

GEORGE MURDOCH,

Harness Maker,

AND DEALER IN

Driving and Working Harness, Whips Curry Combs, Brushes, &c., always on hand.

☞Strict attention paid to Jobbing and Repairing. nov 21 1y

IN AID OF THE

ACADEMY OF MUSIC,

SAINT JOHN, N. B.

THE President and Directors of the above named institution, in order to liquidate the liabilities of said building, and to render it worthy of the purposes for which it was intended, as a

Temple of Art and Recreation,

beg leave to announce to the public that they have arranged with a Committee of Management and Business Managers to give on

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday,

MAY 5th, 6th, 7th and 8th, 1873.

FOUR GRAND

GIFT CONCERTS!

At which will be given away

30,000 Dollars in Cash

IN THE FOLLOWING DISTRIBUTION:

1	GRAND CASH GIFT OF			$10,000
1	"	"	"	2,000
1	"	"	"	1,000
1	"	"	"	1,000
1	"	"	"	500
1	"	"	"	500
1	"	"	"	250
1	"	"	"	250
1	"	"	"	250
1	"	"	"	250
10	Grand Cash Gifts of	$100	ea.	1,000
20	"	"	" 50 "	1,000
50	"	"	" 20 "	1,000
500	"	"	" 10 "	5,000
1200	"	"	" 5 "	6,000
1790	Cash Gifts amounting to			$30,000

Or, about ONE chance in NINE.

☞To render the Concerts superior to any yet given in St. John, the BEST TALENT on the Continent will be procured if possible. The sum set aside for such purpose being

$5,000.00.

16,000 Tickets only will be issued at.....$5 each.

Eleven Tickets for Fifty Dollars.

All Tickets will be numbered and registered in the Managers' Books, and NO TICKET GENUINE UNLESS PAID FOR.

All receipts from the sale of tickets will be deposited forthwith in the Bank of New Brunswick to the credit of a Special Fund subject only to the Joint Cheque of the Inspectors representing the Company and the public and one or other of the Managers.

Should the enterprise not succeed, the Business Managers bind themselves to return all monies received from ticket holders.

The distribution of Cash Gifts will be solely under the control of a Committee to be selected by the audience from among themselves, assisted by leading citizens, and to take place during the period of the Concerts.

GEO. E. S. KEATOR, M. D., President.

DIRECTORS:

JOHN GUTHRIE, T. B. BUXTON,
A. M. RING, M. D. J. T. STEEVES, M. D.
J. R. ARMSTRONG, Secretary.

Committee of Management on behalf of the Company:

J. T. STEEVES, M.D. M. W. MAHER, M. P. P.
R. P. McGIVERN.

Committee of Reference:—SIMEON JONES, Esq., of S. Jones & Co., Bankers; R. P. BURLEE, Esq., of Everitt & Butler, Merchants; G J. CHUBB, Esq., of H. Chubb & Co., Printers and Publishers; W. H. THORNE, Esq., Merchant; C. FRED RING, Esq., Merchant; JOHN MELICK, Esq., (Melick & Jordan, Ship Brokers.)

Inspectors:—WM. BREEZE, Esq., C. E. L. JARVIS, Esq.

☞Tickets for sale at the Bookstores of H. Chubb & Co., and T. H. Hall, and the Music Store of E. Peiler & Bro., and at the General Agency Office, 51 Prince Wm. St.; R. N. Knight, Carleton, and of Agents throughout the Province.

All Registered Letters, Post Office Orders and Communications must be addressed to

WM. H. OLIVE, } Business
WM. NANNERY, } Managers.
P. O. Box 435, St. John, N. B.

N. B.—RESPONSIBLE AGENTS WANTED.

jan 29

The Daily Tribune.

J. L. STEWART,..... EDITOR.

TUESDAY EVENING, MAR. 25, 1873.

We are not surprised that the House of Commons voted down the motion to accept the petition against Mr. Wilkes. There are more petitions in now than can be dealt with for a long time. It was a question whether the fourteen days' within which petitions may be presented had not expired. The argument against counting the opening day will hardly hold water. The Opposition may rejoice heartily now, as they are not likely to have another chance for some time. It was not exactly a Government motion, as we understand it, but the Government and all its out-and-out supporters voted for it, the Opposition and independent members voting against it. Messrs Palmer and Burpee, as at every previous division this session, voted together.

The animals in the Provincial menagerie at Fredericton must have been fed too highly lately, as they are developing a strong belligerent feeling. A letter says that Mr. Gough, in reply to a jocular "we've heard that all before," exclaimed, "You're a liar," in his place in the House. This is forcible, if not polished. The uninitiated must think long fights over appropriations no one offers to oppose, very funny. Buncombe's the only wear in the bear garden now. Mr. Speaker, you will have to threaten to "name" the violators of decorum. We suppose there is no such thing as keeping the peace in Fredericton now that Mr. Mulligan has resigned the office of Police Force.

The Halifax *Recorder* and the *Reporter* are quarrelling over the amount of New Brunswick's expenditure. The *Reporter* takes its figures from the Auditor General's Report, and they are, of course, correct. The *Recorder* uses at second hand a newspaper statement that was cooked for a special purpose, and is, of course, wrong. Our departmental reports should be sent to all the papers in the Maritime Provinces at least. The Nova Scotia Government has not had the courtesy, however, to forward its blue books.

Mr. Napier's proposed public works are on a scale to rival those recommended by President Grant. Ordinary minds confine themselves to looking out for their constituents' interests, but Sam's great mind is not to be coffined and confined by Gloucester. Hurrah for Napier. He wisely made his peace with the reporters before entering on his grand legislation programme. Why not bridge the Straits of Northumberland, Sam, while you're about it?

The Aldine for April will be received with enthusiasm and delight by every person of taste who has a grain of appreciation for the beautiful. The second of the child sketches, by John S. Davis, appears in this issue. It represents a theft of a slice of bread and butter, by a roving cur, from a yonngster who was seated in the open doorway to enjoy the balmy morning air. A shadow has in verity clouded his day, and the fast-falling drops of an April shower accompany his tearful protest. Thomas Moran presents five masterly delineations of the Yellowstone Region, one of which, "Tower Creek," a full page cutting by Linton, is a most superb specimen. The "Death Warrant of Mary Stuart" is a truly royal subject, royally treated. "A Catskill Brook," a pool, surrounded by forest trees, in which the beautiful white birch is conspicuous, and "A Bare Chance," a frontiersman, on his gallant mustang, brought suddenly to close quarters with a monstrous grizzly, deserve more than a passing notice. There is a perfect gem of landscape by Wimperis, the great rival of Birket Foster. "A Deserted Church," "Spring Flowers," and "O Pray my Child," an exquisite *genre* picture of the German school, complete the list of attractions. The literary contents of the April *Aldine* display the usual excellence and variety.

The Execution of a Murderer.

BOSTON, March 21.

MCELMANEY'S LAST HOURS.

The condemned man passed a very comfortable night, and slept from half-past ten o'clock till five o'clock this morning. His spiritual advisers, Rev. Messrs. Upham and Cook, remained in a cell adjoining that of McElhaney during the night, and previous to his retiring spent several hours with him in prayer and religious consolation. McElhaney was allowed the liberty of his cell, which remained unfastened, though watched by officers who were assigned to that duty, and were stationed in the guard room. Immediately upon awakening this morning McElhaney visited his spiritual advisers, and after a hearty "Good morning," remarked, "It is a bright and beautiful morning, but the last I shall spend upon earth." He was in excellent spirits, and expressed a desire to hold communion with the Infinite Being before whom he was to be summoned in a few short hours.

Prayers were then offered up for the unfortunate man, and McElhany gave assurance that he was prepared to meet the great change awaiting him, with fortitude, trusting in his Heavenly Father for forgiveness for the crime which he had committed. About six o'clock he expressed a desire to dress for the execution; and his clothes being brought to him he donned a new black dress suit. Between this time and half-past eight o'clock he remained in conversation with Revs. Mr. Upham and Mr. Scott, and a few minutes later the three proceeded to the private parlors of the Sheriff, where they were joined by the Rev. Mr. Ray, Uncle Cook and one or two other clergymen.

In these apartments a communion service was held, and upwards of an hour was spent in prayer, and religious exercises, in which the condemned took part, and by his earnest pleadings for Divine mercy, his calm and hopeful demeanor, showed that his appeal had been heard, and that he was prepared to pass through the trying ordeal with the consciousness that in the world beyond he should be forgiven.

The opportunity of being with his religious counsellors, who have faithfully and earnestly interested themselves in McElhaney's behalf, was appreciated by him, as it gave him an opportunity to express his views to his friends, without the gaze of a larger number of people whose attention would have been directed toward him had the services taken place in the guard room.

LAST RELIGIOUS SERVICES.

At 10.25 the witnesses and reporters were invited into the parlor of the prison to witness the closing religious cremonies by the spiritual advisers of the doomed man. McElhaney sat at the farther end of the room, with Rev. Messrs. Ray and Scott on one side, and Rev. Mr. Upham and "Uncle Cook" on the other. There were traces of tears and secret suffering on the prisoner's face, but he was quite calm. He shook hands cordially with Senators Morse and Potter, and at this point he trembled perceptibly. When the visitors were all in, the services were commenced by singing "Jesus, Lover of My Soul," in which all joined, McElhaney leaning back in his chair and singing fervently. Rev. Mr. Ray then read a selection from the New Testament beginning with the comforting words, "Come unto me all ye that labor."

The prisoner then kneeled about the table with the clergymen, while Rev. Mr. Upham read a suitable prayer from the prayer-book. McElhaney rested his head upon the table during this observance, and at its close partook in company with his advisers of the bread and the wine. The hymn, "Just as I am, without one plea," followed, and the services were finished by a fervent prayer from Rev. Dr. Scott. The visitors then went back to the guard room.

In all their intercourse with McElhaney the clergymen say that he exhibited deep penitence for his fearful crime, and that the resignation which he manifested was wonderful, even surprising those who had labored so earnestly in his behalf.

THE EXECUTION.

The religious services in the parlors lasted but a few minutes and the gentlemen who witnessed them returned to the guard room and awaited for about half an hour in painful expectation the appearance of the doomed man. McElhaney remained in the parlor with the clergymen before mentioned and maintained a calmness of manner which was truly wonderful. He shook hands warmly with Senators Potter and Morse as they left him with the other gentlemen who witnessed the religious exercises, and thanked them for their efforts to save his life. At eleven o'clock Sheriff Clark made his appearance in the passage-leading from the parlor to the guard room. Following him was Deputy Sheriff Bailey and immediately after him McElhaney, accompanied by Rev. Mr. Upham. His arms were pinioned in front with a strap which passed several times around his body. He was dressed in a black suit throughout, with black cloth gaiters and white shirt. His collar and neck tie had been removed in the parlor. He mounted the steps leading to the scaffold with a firm tread, and showed no evidences of fear or weakness. His face was not even pale, although he has allowed his whiskers to grow and they would conceal evidences of emotion otherwise apparent.

He took his seat in a chair placed upon the drop. Sheriff Clark stood in front over the spring of the drop, Deputy Sheriff Bailey at McElhaney's left, Deputy Harum Merrill at his right, and Deputy Martin, Jailor Bradley and Rev. Mr. Upham behind him. Sheriff Clark then proceeded to read the death warrant and the respite, which he did in a calm manner, and so that all in the room could hear it. In the meantime Jailor Bradley put additional straps around the condemned man's ankles and just above his knees, pinioning his limbs closely.

The noose was also placed loosely around his neck, but was taken off and remained off until the reading was finished. Rev. Mr. Upham then stepped to the front of the scaffold and offered a short but fervent prayer. In the meantime the noose had been adjusted about the prisoner's neck and the black cap drawn over his head, shutting out from him forever the light of day in this world.

When the prayer was ended McElhaney was told to arise from his chair, and did so promptly and stood upon the drop a few seconds, while Sheriff Clark, in a clear voice, announced that the time had come to execute the sentence of the law, adding the usual words, "And may the Almighty in his infinite goodness have mercy on your soul." He had just uttered the last word when he pressed his foot upon the spring in the centre of the front of the scaffold, and the trap door fell with a clang, and the body of the doomed man shot quickly down to beneath the scaffold and within two and a half feet of the floor of the guard room. The drop fell at eleven minutes past eleven, and for about eight minutes there were the usual muscular contractions and attempts to draw up the knees, although his limbs were so strongly bound that very little movement was noticeable. The noose slipped so that the knot was directly at the back of the neck. After he had hung ten minutes all movement ceased, and it was evident that life was extinct.

At half-past eleven o'clock Sheriff Clark came down from the scaffold, and Dr. Winslow Lewis, Dr. J. S. Jones, Dr. Saunders, Dr. David Thayer and Dr. McCollem, Assistant City Physician, examined the body, feeling for the pulse and listening for the beating of the heart, but it had entirely ceased, and his life had been given up to the majesty of the law.

AFTER THE EXECUTION.

Agreeable to the Sheriff's request the spectators remained perfectly still until nearly a quarter of an hour had elapsed, when they were requested to pass out quietly. The body was allowed to remain hanging for forty-four minutes, when it was lowered and laid upon a stretcher, the black cap being kept upon the face The medical examination revealed the fact that the neck was dislocated by the fall, and the physicians concurred in the belief that insensibility was produced by the first shock. There could have been, therefore, little suffering, for which Sherin Clark uttered a fervent "Thank God!" as he heard it.

DISPOSAL OF THE BODY.

According to previous arrangement the remains of McElhaney was sent immediately to his friends in East Cambridge, who have it now out of the care and custody of the State.

The Shortest Route Between Canada and Europe—A New Pathway Between England and India.

OTTAWA, March 20.

Yesterday Mr. Cartwright moved for a select committee to consider the best and most direct route for mails and passengers between this Dominion and Europe. He said that the project which he was about to submit might be considered very far-fetched, and it might continue to be thought so until it was further investigated. He knew well how Government was saddled with railways, and that with her present service enlargements she was not likely to urge the adoption of others, but he thought that the Dominion was interested in this matter. With respect to the Intercolonial Railway whatever advantages it might possess, unless it had other traffic than that from local sources it would be a serious burden on the country; should the project he suggested be carried out, it might he thought, at least, be made to pay its way, as it would furnish the best and most direct route to Europe. The Shippegan route, to which he referted, had been recommended by Mr. Fleming, his report upon it being to be found in appendix. Of course it was not his intention to go into a minute discussion of its advantages, but to some of them it might be well for him to allude. The House would be aware that the City of St. John's was the most extreme point of the continent, and Valentia, Ireland, was the most westerly point of Europe, the total distance between these points being little more than half way between New York and Europe by the ordinary routes. Here were *prima facie* advantages of his proposition which seemed to warrant great exertions and an expenditure which, at first sight, might seem to be altogether disportionate. According to the report of Mr. Fleming which he had taken pains to verify, the present distance between London and Valentia was sixteen hours, and between Valentia and Cape Race, sixteen hundred statute, or fourteen hundred nautical miles—a distance which might be thought easily accomplished in a hundred hours, making the whole distance a hundred and sixteen hours from Cape Race (N. F.) A railway to St. George's Harbor could be constructed which could be traversed in sixteen hours more; hence, by a short distance to a point of the Intercolonial, and in a hundred and forty hours, mail and passengers could be then placed within 10 or 12 hours of Quebec, and 15 or 16 from Montreal. He thought that if this route were adopted, the ocean passage could be reduced a hundred hours, and the double journey to from twelve to thirteen days. There were numerous other advantages in this route irrespective of the saving of time. This shortness of route would insure greater certainty of speedy voyages, because it was far easier to rely upon making a good passage of 1,600 miles than upon one of 3,000. He might venture to assure the House that the scheme was practicable, and there was only one link now missing, viz., the railway across Newfoundland, from 200 to 250 miles long across the country, about which he did not know very much but in which the engineering difficulties were not unsuperable, and considering the peculiar circumstances of the island comparatively slight. The fact of the matter was that the passenger traffic had assumed such dimensions which would most certainly increase, as would fully justify the great expenses of the undertaking. Any one who cared to look at the position of England, could not fail to see that Canada must be the keystone of any Federation of her Colonies, how necessary therefore to improve it, and bring it in closer connection with the Mother Country. This route would bring British Columbia and the Pacific within ten days of London, it would bring Japan and China within twenty-five days, and it would also reduce the Australian passage to thirty days. He was not quite sure, but he thought the length of the latter passage was at present fifty days. He believed that if Great Britain were again called to fight in India the Empire should have a safe and speedy route to it it through British territory which it would here obtain, and this was only one feature of the question. He referred to the Suez Canal and what had been said regarding it, stating that any route which would shorten the distance to India without it should have our serious consideration. He did not wish to enter into a longer discussion, maintaining as he did that he had made out a strong *prima facie* case for the road. The Intercolonial Railroad would soon be completed, the Pacific Railroad was on the eve of commencement, and there would no great time elapse before Newfoundland would be added to the Dominion. No time should be lost, and it would be advisable if a Committee were appointed to collect the information necessary to verify the assertion which he had made. He moved that Messrs. Campbell (Inverness), Anglin, Fortier, Young (Montreal), Young (Waterloo), and Mackay (Cape Breton) form the Committee to make the necessary enquiries. After a few remarks from Mr. Anglin the motion was carried.

About as mean a way for a man to make his quietus as we know of is to get some one else to shoot him with a gun which that some one else had good reason to believe not to be loaded. Some young men at Manchester, England, were lately practicing with rifles and blank cartridges, when one of them asked his companion to fire the harmless charge at him. He did so, but the rifle had been loaded with a ball, and the shot was fatal. Any man who has not the courage and honesty enough to shoot himself doesn't deserve to die.

LOCALS.

For a list of Agents for the sale of the DAILY TRIBUNE see first page.

For advertisements of WANTED, LOST, FOUND, FOR SALE, REMOVED, or TO LET, see Auction column.

New Advertisements.

Advertisers must send in their favors before 12 o'clock, noon, in order to insure their appearance in this list.

Amusements—.

Academy of Music Gift Concerts
Customs Department—R S M Bouchette
Notice to Mariners— H W Johnston
Election Card— William Quinton
do A Rowan
Kid Gloves—
Manchester, Robertson & Allson
AUCTIONS.
Groceries, &c— Berton Bros
Insolvent Act of 1869— Stewart & White
Clothing, &c— E H Lester

Brevities.

The children of St. David's Sunday School give a concert in the church tomorrow evening.

Professor Burwood conducts a concert in the City Hall, Carleton, Thursday evening, for the benefit of the Wesleyan Sunday School.

There was quite a rush yesterday afternoon to pay taxes. Some even sought the Chamberlain after he had left the office, so eager were they not to lose the right of franchise.

Yesterday forenoon's proceedings of the Legislature, not published in a portion of yesterday's edition, may be found on the first page.

Queen's Ward.

Alderman Rowan has issued his card to the electors of Queens, offering his services another year in the Council. He declined a respectably stgned requisition to run for Mayor. His opponent is Mr. Day.

Weed the Committees.

It is said that some of the gentlemen who have been placed on the Ward Committees of the citizens' candidate are opposed to his return. They should be weeded out immediately.

Board of Trade.

A meeting of the St. John Board of Trade is to be held at the Merchant's Exchange room to-morrow at 3 p. m.

The Seaman's Wages Case.

The suit of Roff Ray against the Capt. of the Annie Barber was resumed yesterday. Mr. McMonagle moved for a nonsuit on the grounds published yesterday, and occupied about an hour, previous to which he offered to compromise the matther with Ray. Mr. Kerr declined to accept his offer, replied to his arguments for a nonsuit, contending the articles were not made according to law, and showed fraud. His Honor would not grant a nonsuit and Mr. McMonagle made another argument for a judgment. Mr. Kerr did not reply but left the matter in the magistrate's hands. The magistrate reserved his decision until two o'clock.

Billiards.

Mr. Ross's room on Charlotte street was well filled last night by gentlemen anxious to see two such famous players as Mr. James Bennett and Mr. Joseph Dion. All the amateurs of St. John were there, and the greatest interest was displayed in the game. As good points were made the players were cheered with a will.

THE FIRST GAME.

The first game was one of 750 points on a carom table, the American game. Mr. Dion won this game, the highest runs made being 126 and 399 by himself and 102 by Mr. Bennett. Dion was three quarters of an hour making 750 points, which is very quick play. At the close of this game Bennett had 174 and had made some very fine points. Mr. Bennett then announced an intermission of fifteen minutes, during which the crowd moved round, watched some fine shots made by a little boy, who only stood a few inches above the table, *rum*-inated on the game generally, and were quite ready to be called to order for

THE SECOND GAME

which was a French game of 100 points between the same two players. Dion won this, the game standing 100 to 35. The highest runs made were 19 and 20 by Dion and 11 by Bennett.

A NOVEL GAME.

Mr. Bennett, who was master of ceremonies, then announced a game between a St. John amateur and Dion, the latter playing with his fingers. The game, which was one of 100 points, was won by the amateur, and of course he was loudly applauded. Dion's play with his fingers was remarkable. There seemed to be no way in which he could not throw a ball. Then came another intermission after which Mr. Dion gave an exhibition of

FANCY SHOTS

which surprised and delighted every one. His masse shots, his carom from a ball on the table to one on the floor, his carom on eleven balls by whirling one from his fingers, and his railroad shot in which eight balls were started from one corner one after the other, cushioning twice and landing in the opposite corner, all the balls being in motion at once, were all so good that it is hard to say which one was most admired. At 10.30 p. m. the exhibition closed, and the company retired being very much pleased with the evening's entertainment. There will be another exhibition this evening, when some new fancy shots, better than any yet seen, are promised.

Advertise in the Tribune.

Business men in every department of Trade, Lawyers, Doctors, Landlords and others who wish to extend their business, increase their practice, sell property or rent houses, will find it greatly to their advantage to advertise in the DAILY TRIBUNE. Our subscription list includes the names of a large number of our leading professional and business men, and our city circulation is not exceeded by any other daily in St. John.

Shipping Notes.

The brig Louisa, from Charlottetown, P. E. I., via Sheet Harbor, for Boston, put back to Halifax for the second time on the 19th inst. leaking badly, having been damaged in a gale; she will have to discharge cargo to repair.

The S. S. Moravian, from Portland for Liverpool, was in collision on the morning of the 7th inst., off Crosby Lightship, with the steamer Gladiator, outward bound. Both vessels are damaged, the Moravian said to be but slightly.

The bark James W. Elwell, which sailed from Port Cawl, Wales, on the 7th September, for Valparaiso, had not arrived at at her port of destination at latest advices from that place. She was spoken off Cape Horn on the 1st of December.

The bark Sarah M. Smith, after a long and tempestuous passage has at last arrived safe in Philadelphia from Liverpool. The S. M. S. is owned by Wm. Hickman, Esq., and others of Dorchester.

The bark Northern Chief which arrived at Liverpool on the 27th ult., reports having been in collision with the steamer Maranhen, and had 16 feet of water in her hold when she arrived. The N. C. was built at St. Stephen, N. B., for parties in Yarmouth, N. S., this being her first voyage.

The bark Enigma, from Liverpool for this port, has not yet arrived. Although her long passage is causing considerable anxiety, no fears are entertained as to her safety. She is fifty-two days out to-day.

The schooner Sinope, from Cienfuegos for this port, with molasses for Messrs. Jardine & Co., has been ashore on Chatham Bar, Barnstable. About 20 casks of her cargo on deck had to be stove to lighten her. She was got off without any apparent injury, but has not yet reached this port.

The brigantine B. L. George, Doane master, before reported a total wreck on the northern side of the Island of Saint Croix, was insured in Halifax offices for $16,000. Reports of a very damaging character having been circulated by one of the crew, as to the loss of the vessel, the Captain has demanned a court of enquiry. Mr. Salter, the owner, has also requested the Underwriters to hold an enquiry.

The schooner Julia A. Merritt, at this port on the 22nd inst., from Cienfuegos, with molasses for G. S. DeForest, reports having experienced heavy weather on the passage; had foretopmast split by lighting; was off the coast of Cuba 11 days.

The DAILY TRIBUNE *is not excelled as a city advertising medium.*

Coroner's Inquest.

Coroner Earle opened the inquest on the body of Ellen Eagan, at the residence of M. Kavanagh, Dock street, at 4 o'clk, yesterday. The jury were sworn, Mr. A. G. Kearns being foreman. The first witness called was Mr. Kavanagh, who said he had known the deceased for two years, the last nine months of which she had been his housekeeper. He had frequently noticed that she was troubled with shortness of breath, which was seen when she moved round quickly, or went up stairs. She was a perfectly sober woman, never touching anything intoxicating. He had sent her to market on Saturday evening about 7 o'clock, and the next he saw of her was when she was brought home in a sleigh.

James Hayes who keeps a stall in the market had sold her some meat about 7.30 p. m., and she appeared as well as ever. He had known her about nine months.

Thomas Evans, policeman, was standing on the corner of King street when he saw a crowd collecting, went to see the cause, and found deceased sitting on the sidewalk. She complained of shortness of breath, and said she was unable to get home; gave him some change she had in her hand, and the parcel of meat. He got the Eastern Express sleigh and sent her home; she was unable to walk and they had to assist her into the sleigh.

The jury then adjourned to the house of Dr. Keator in Germain street, as the Doctor was suffering with a lame foot and unable to go out. He had been called to see the deceased, found her body still warm, but all pulsation of the heart had ceased. He was of opinion that she died of disease of the heart. The jury therefore returned a verdict of death from disease of the heart.

The circulation of the DAILY TRIBUNE *is rapidly increasing.*

"I. X. L."

Mr. H. L. Spencer has added Ink manufacture to his extensive patent medicine business—"I. X. L. Violet Ink, for general correspondence, brilliant, permanent, non-corrosive, limpid." Mr. Spencer invented this ink to supply a public want. A non-corrosive ink was greatly needed, and the "I. X. L." is warranted not to affect steel pens that are allowed to soak in it. Pen wipers may be kept merely as desk ornaments. Mr. Spencer first invented this ink for his own use, as he is constantly writing advertisements, labels, dunning letters and sonnets. Aspiring poets should buy this ink, as it might, possibly, give them some of the manufacturer's poetic power. Let them try. It is a bad ink to write love letters with, because it doesn't fade and the letter may be used in breach of promise suits. It will not blot the paper, unless dropped or poured on; nor soil the fingers, if the writer is careful. The bottles have wood-capped corks that were made to be taken out and put back again. This alone is a great improvement, as one half the cork in other manufacturer's bottles has to be taken out and the other half pushed in. This notice was written with the "I. X. L." ink. It is superior to any other in the market, one of its especial virtues being rapid drying.

THE WATER COLOR MINIATURES painted at NOTMAN'S STUDIO are fine specimens of artistic skill and are fast becoming very popular. Call and see specimens. tf

Markets.

March 24th, 1873.

[Corrected weekly for THE TRIBUNE.]

Hay, per ton	$16.00 a	$18.00
Lambskins, each	1.20 a	1.80
Sheepskins "	1.20 a	1.75
Beans, per bushel	2.00 a	2.50
Buckwheat, Grey	2.50 a	2.75
" Yellow	1.80 a	2.00
Flour, Am. Extra State		
" Canada Superfine	7.00 a	8.00
" " Choice	7.25 a	7.50
" " Extra	7.40 a	8.00
Cornmeal	3.50 a	3.60
Oatmeal	6.25 a	6.50
Potatoes, Kidney per bush.	1.00 a	1.20
Potatoes, "	70 a	1.00
Parsnips, "	80 a	1.00
Butter, Rolls, per lb	24 a	26
Butter, packed "	19 a	23
Lard, "	12 a	14
Eggs, per dozen	24 a	25
Oats, (Prov.) per bush	48 a	52
Oats, (P.E.I.) "	55 a	58
Cheese, Diary, per lb	13 a	15
Beef, "	5 a	8
Mutton, "	5 a	6
Lamb, "	5 a	7
Pork, "	7 a	8
Chickens, per pair	50 a	80
Geese, each	50 a	75
Turkeys, per lb	14 a	17
Ducks, per pair	50 a	75
Peas, per bushel	80 a	90
Beets, "	60 a	70
Turnips, "	40 a	50
Carrots, "	40 a	50
Hams and Shoulders, green, per lb	8 a	9
Hams and Shoulders, smoked, per lb	10 a	12
Hides, per lb	6 a	7
Tallow, per lb, Rough	6	
" Cakes, per lb	9 a	10
Yarn, per lb	60 a	80
Socks per pair	25 a	30
WHOLESALE JOBBING PRICES.		
Pork, Am. Mess per bbl	$17.00 a	$17.50
" Prime "	12.00 a	13.00
" P. E. I. Mess	00.00 a	16.00
" " Prime Mess	00.00 a	14.00
Beef, Mess	10.00 a	12.00
Beef, Extra	14.00 a	15.00
Codfish, per quintal	3.75 a	4.00
Pollock "	2.75	
Ling "	4.00	
Haddock "	2.25	
Herring, Bay, per bbl	3.00 a	3.25
" Quoddy "	3.25 a	3.50
" Shelburne "	3.75 a	4.25
" Split "	3.00 a	3.50
Shad No. 1 per hf-bbl	5.00 a	6.00
Oysters, P.E.I.	0.00 a	0.00
" Shediac		
Smoked Hearing, No. 1 Digby, per box	80	
" No. 2 "	45	
Grand Manan, Scaled, per box	18 a	20
Grand Manan, No. 1, per box	14 a	16
Cordwood, Maple, per cord		
Cordwood, Mixed, p. cord	7.50 a	8.00
" White Birch		
" Dry Spruce		
Kerosene, Can. per gal	38 a	40
" Am. "	45 a	48
Apples, Winter, per bbl	2.50 a	4.00
" Dried, per lb	8 a	10
Corn, per bushel	80 a	90
Molasses, Porto Rico, per gal	48 a	55
Molassses, Cienfuegos, per gal	36 a	39
Sugar, per lb	9 a	10
Teas "	25 a	50

Cargoes of Fish, Produce, &c., in Slip will average 8 to 10 per. cent. lower prices.

The Sessions.

The Board of Sessions met at 11 o'clock, His Worship the Mayor presiding. About thirty Justices were present at the opening.

Justice Cruikshank reported the names of officers for the Parish of Simonds, as chairman of the committee appointed at last meeting, which were adopted by the meeting. The resident magistrates from Lancaster also reported their selections for officers, which were adopted by the Board.

Justice Gregory moved that John Warnick be appointed hog reef, which was lost notwithstanding his eloquent appeal for this candidate and a defence of his tippling habits.

Justice Moore called attention to certain sums of money that were paid the assessors of the city, and were not allowed to the boards of the out Parishes. Justice Gregory moved that a Committee be appointed to inquire into these extra charges, which was withdrawn.

Justice Nowlin called attention to the fact that it was a public holiday by Act of Parliament and asked if business done on this day was legal, he did not want to seek *ex post facto* legislation at a future day. The board did not discuss the question but went on the "even tenor of its way" and Justice Marshall rose to introduce his basis of assessment. He had a written speech prepared which he read to the Board. He moved that the basis submitted be read and taken up section by section, which was carried.

Justice Marshall moved the first section.

Justice Gilbert submitted another basis which leaves out the Board of Assessors entirely.

Juctice Nowlin moved that the further discussion be postponed until June next, which was declared carried—22 to 18.

Justice Marshall moved that a committee be appointed to prepare a basis of assessment, to be submitted at the meeting in June, which was carried.

Justices Marshall, Gilbert, Moran, Knight and McLean were appointed a committee.

Jacob R. Pidgeon, Frank Baker, and Daniel J. Driscoll were appointed Surveyors of Lumber for the County.

The Board adjourned until Thursday week, when the Grand Jury will make their presentment.

City Police Court.

Six prisoners put in an appearance this morning, four male and one female. The female Jane Johnston was found drunk on Peters street and carted to the Station; fined $6.

James Crounon appeared for the second time within a week, this time for going to the residence of Mr. Devine and creating a disturbance and threatening to break his (Devine's) head. The Magistrate fined him $10; he will spend the next two months in the Penitentiary.

Samuel Wilson, age 18, was sent to dig clams, but instead of that bought a bottle of rum and got drunk and assaulted several on Charlotte street; fined $6.

William Quirk and Hugh Holland were drunk and paid $4 each for the privilege.

John Doherty, a sea-faring man, when off the briny deep goes on a time and becomes a nuisance to his family. He was given in charge by his son-in-law for assault and general annoyance; fined $10.