MC 2035 POOR DOCUMENT

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

The Kind You Have Always Bought

in Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

IF YOU GO CAMPING

Do not forget that if the days are very warm, the nights, on the other hand are very cool and that a glass of

RED CROSS GIN

taken when going to bed will protect you against chills and summer colds which are so long to cure at times most careful and comfortable men.

Each bottle of RED CROSS Gin bears the Official Stamp of Guarantee of the Government

BOIVIN, WILSON & CO, Sole Agents

520 ST. PAUL ST., MONTREAL

THE ONLY GIN WITH A GUARANTEE.

Drink it straight or with sugar

SHIPPING

ALMANAC FOR ST. JOHN, AUG. 21.

	A.M.		P.M.
Sun Rises	5.38	Sun Sets	7.16
High Tide	8.54	Low Tide	3.10

The time used is Atlantic standard.

PORT OF ST. JOHN.

Arrived Yesterday.

Stmr Shenandoah, Trinick, from Halifax.

CANADIAN PORTS.

Quebec, Aug 19—Ard, stmr Montcalm, Bristol.

Arrived Sunday—Stmrs Teutonic, Liverpool; Athenia, Cassandra, Glasgow; Montrose, London.

Halifax, N. S., Aug. 18—Sld stmr Rappahannock, London.

FOREIGN PORTS.

New York, Aug 20—Ard, schrs Talmouth, Port Clyde (NS); Archie Crowell, Shelburne (NS); Samuel B Hubbard, Chatham (NB); (reports Aug 19, lost mainsail, flying gib and fore main and missen topsails); Eddie Theriault, Bridgewater (NS); Georgie D Jenkins, St Martins (NB); Wm Elkins, St John.

Vineyard Haven, Aug 20—Ard, schrs John L Treat, Bridgewater (NS); Mina German, Yarmouth (NS)

New York, Aug 20—Sld, Brig Leo, Halifax (NS)

Vineyard Haven, Aug 20—Sld, schrs F G French, Dorchester (NB); Sir Louis, from Halifax for New York; Centennial, from Lubec for New York; Abbie Geast, Windsor (NS) for New York.

FATHER MORRISCY'S WAY

Of Curing Catarrh is Simple and Effective.

In treating catarrh, some doctors recommend internal remedies, while others pin their faith to external applications. Internal medicines do not produce immediate relief, while external ones do not reach the seat of the trouble.

Father Morriscy's method was to supplement one treatment with the other. His famous prescription, "No. 26", consists of tablets and salve, each skilfully compounded of Nature's own remedial agents. The learned priest did not believe in using dangerous and powerful drugs, when simpler and better remedies were available.

The tablets, to be taken twice times a day, invigorate the system, purify the blood, and restore vile health and vitality. The antiseptic salve, applied inside the nostrils, soothes and heals the passages and destroys the germs therein.

Attacking the disease from within and without, and working together, the two treatments known as No. 26 quickly cure catarrh and prevent future trouble.

For this tried and true combined remedy, 50c. at your dealer's or from Father Morriscy Medicine Co., Ltd., Montreal, Que. 88

THE JORDAN SANITARIUM

A very satisfactory inspection by the commissioners of the Jordan Memorial Sanitarium at River Glade, was made on Saturday. Mrs. Jordan arrived by C. P. R. from Boston and accompanied the visitors to her former residence, which she donated to the province.

Owing to his expert knowledge Dr. Cox, a Massachusetts authority, proved a very valuable man in making suggestions for improvements suitable for the best treatment of the tuberculosis patient. Many alterations were outlined. Mr. Brodie, the architect, will prepare the plans and tenders will be called for so that the work may be finished before the coming winter.

Only the incipient cases will be cared for and in the beginning twenty beds will be provided. The accommodation will be added to as necessity demands.

At a meeting there Saturday the following officers were appointed: Mrs. Jordan, president; Premier Hazen, vice-president, and Hon. C. W. Robinson, secretary. The other commissioners present were Dr. Landry, Dr. A. F. McAvenny, and F. W. Sumner, of Moncton. Ex-Governor McClelan, the other commissioner, was unable to be present.

Dr. Cox, accompanied by another Boston expert on tuberculosis, will return to the institution today to complete their inspection and finish the recommendations.

Mrs. Jordan has offered to build a couple of cottages for the work at River Glade and to paint the present buildings.

The blueberry picnic to Welsford, fixed for last Saturday, was postponed to Wednesday, although a number went from the city to the grounds on Saturday morning.

Some women are miserable because people talk about them, and some others are miserable because they don't.

La MARQUISE de FONTENOY

German Minister Who is Likely to Lose His Political Head—A Notable Irish Family—The Scots Greys and the London Strike

(Copyright, 1911, by the Brentwood Company.)

Alfred von Kiderlen-Waechter, German minister of foreign affairs, who seems doomed to political extinction, owing to his having during his sovereign's absence on a yachting expedition in Norway, placed the Kaiser in such a position with regard to the great powers in connection with Morocco, that there was no issue therefrom save war, or a climbing down, is in many respects a self-made man.

He is not a baron, nor does he belong to the aristocracy, from which the leading German statesmen are so largely recruited, for his father was the extremely bourgeois manager of a small bank at Stuttgart, who married the Baroness von Waechter, whence the minister's double-barrelled name. He took part in the war of 1870 as a volunteer, and afterwards managed to get into the diplomatic service, through some of his mother's relatives.

He first attracted the attention of the Kaiser when the latter visited St. Petersburg, where he found that the young attache had taken the trouble to master, in a very remarkable degree, the Russian language, and to acquire the most extraordinary amount of information about Russian society, and about the members thereof. In fact, he found him a most interesting companion.

It is from then that dates the Kaiser's intimacy with Kiderlen-Waechter, which alone saved him from dismissal from the diplomatic service when his domestic relations, while German envoy at Bucharest, became a source of public scandal, even in the easy-going Roumanian capital, leading to a demand for his recall.

His principal fault is his lack of caution, and his firm conviction that every great power will prefer, as a last resort, to bow the knee to Germany, rather than to try conclusions with her on the battlefield.

Getting More Land in Ireland

Whereas most peers owning land on both sides of St. George's Channel sell their Irish holdings, in preference to those in the United Kingdom, Lord Rosse is increasing his territorial possessions in Erin, and selling his estates in Great Britain. He is the head of one of the most clever and useful houses of the Irish aristocracy. His father and his grandfather before him were famous as astronomers, contributing very extensively to the increase of our knowledge of the starry world, while his father's brother, the Hon. Charles Parsons, is the inventor of those turbines which are now taking the place of the former contrivances of propulsion on the great Atlantic ocean liners and big warships.

The present earl, fifth of his line, has not yet made his mark in the realms of science, having given up his time to soldiering, serving with distinction in South Africa and holding a commission of captain in the Irish Guards. But with the blood in his veins, and considering the surroundings amidst which he has been reared from his earliest boyhood, it would be surprising if he did not contribute his share to the fame of his family, as a phenomenal explorer or scientist.

Both the late earl and his brother Charles Parsons, of turbine fame, were always prominent figures at the annual meetings of the British Association for the Advancement of Science, and some years ago they jointly submitted to the association a scheme for the sinking of a shaft to the distance of twelve miles or more into the bowels of the earth for the purpose of making a scientific exploration of its lower depths. They estimated that about $25,000,000 would be required for the purpose and that the work would take about fifty years.

To the late Lord Rosse and to his brother Charles, too, is due the conception of the new patent legislation in the United Kingdom which has created during the last few years such a revolution in the industrial and commercial world.

The late Lord Rosse, like his father before him, was chancellor of the Trinity University, Dublin, and president of the Royal Irish Academy and was probably the only peer of the realm who included among the permanent members of his household a private astronomer, the learned Dr. Otto Boeddicher of Gottingen University, with whom he was wont to spend many long nights exploring the heavens through the immense telescope erected by the third earl at Birr Castle, the ancestral home at Parsons Town, and which telescope remains today, after the lapse of more than half a century, the largest in the world, superior in size to the Lick telescope in California.

Since Days of Elizabeth

Birr Castle has been the home of the Parsons ever since this old English family settled in Ireland in the reign of Queen Elizabeth. It is a fine old place with moat, portcullis and drawbridge which call to mind the celebrated siege of the castle after the revolution of 1688, when William Parsons its owner with his tenantry, successfully withstood a siege of fifteen months by the troops of James II., under General Sarsfield. In some of the outer walls of the castle are still to be seen, embedded in the stone and mortar, cannon balls discharged by Sarsfield's artillery during the siege.

Lecky, the historian, has much to say of the Parsons family in the reign of the early Stuarts, and it is not altogether complimentary. But it is only fair to add that the present Earl of Rosse bears a title of a different creation and is not descended from, but merely related as a collateral to the Lord Rosse of the reign of Charles II.

Birr Castle may be said to stand almost in the midst of Parsons Town, founded by the Parsons family. The houses of the town are built almost right up to the main entrance. The place is crowded with all sorts of treasures of art and history and among the features of the extensive garden and park are the wonderful box trees, twenty-five to thirty feet in height; a growth asserted by experts to be unique.

The present Lord Rosse is quite rich, for not only are the entailed estates which go with the earldom extremely valuable, but the late earl drew royalties from all sorts of useful inventions added to which his mother, the now widowed Countess of Rosse, was the only child and heiress of the late Lord Hawke, and as such inherited a fortune estimated at some $150,000 a year.

The Scots Greys

The Scots Greys, a cavalry regiment (which must not be confounded with the Royal Scots, or Pontius Pilate's Body Guard, concerning which I wrote in these letters the other day,) has been playing a very important role in connection with the great strike in London and has contributed in no small degree to save the situation there by safeguarding the transport of provisions. It is a regiment which was formed in the reign of Charles II, by Sir Thomas Dalziell to fight the Covenanters. Sir Thomas was that strange enthusiast who never cut his beard nor altered the fashion of his uniform from the time of the execution of Charles I. His successor in the command of the regiment, the Earl of Dunmore, was also a devoted adherent of the Stuars and, refusing to go over with the regiment to William III. on the revolution, was removed from the command. The Scots Greys served under the great Duke of Marlborough, took part in George II's. cavalry charge at the battle of Dettingen, were at Waterloo where they earned the admiration of Napoleon, who described them as "ces terribles chevaux gris," in the charge of the heavy brigade at Balaclava and, last but not least, in the South African war where for the first time in their long record of campaigning they were compelled to leave behind them their grey horses, which was their distinguishing features, and which were regarded as rendering them too conspicuous a mark of the Boer rifles.

MARQUISE DE FONTENOY.

Regularity

of the bowels is an absolute necessity for good health. Unless the waste matter from the food which collects there is got rid of at least once a day, it decays and poisons the whole body, causing biliousness, indigestion and sick headaches. Salts and other harsh purgatives irritate the delicate lining of the bowels. Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills—entirely vegetable—regulate the bowels effectively without weakening, sickening or griping. Dec. 50

Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills

The Evening Chit-Chat

By RUTH CAMERON

IF mothers lost their tempers over little things——

If mothers insisted on having their own way, no matter how much it inconvenienced all the rest of the family, no matter how much happiness and comfort it took out of other people's lives——

If mothers thought up grievances and sulked over them——

If mothers felt it their privilege to be cranky and disobliging and cross whenever they were tired——

If mothers made life harder to live in any one of the dozens of ways the rest of the family do——

Tell me, how on earth should we ever get along?

Truly, I think we just shouldn't; at least not for long.

Any more than a machine would be able to run very long without any oil.

You don't like the implied comparison?

You think it degrades mothers?

I don't know.

It seems to me that oil has a pretty important function.

Just think, if there were no oil to be found anywhere in the world, how long would all the vast fabrics of machinery that makes modern life what it is—the huge pumps that send the water into our kitchens and our bathrooms, the machinery that manufactures our clothes and our furniture and ten thousand other things for each day's use, the motor the dynamo and the steam engine that minister to our daily need or pleasure—how long would they all run smoothly, if at all, without oil?

About as long, I fancy, as the complicated machinery of family life would endure, if mothers began to claim the privileges of obstinacy and bad temper and sulkiness that fathers and brothers and sisters all claim at least once in a while.

Think of it some day when you are fretting or sulking or finding fault about something, and mother—poor, little mother, who isn't the least in the world to blame—is trying to smooth things over.

Think how strange it would seem if mother should turn the tables, expect the rest of the family to soothe her.

Think of it and thank God that He made those wonderful beings called mothers and made them willing and glad to be the oil of society.

HOW MR. FIELDING NAILS THREE LIES BY TORIES

(Halifax Chronicle)

To the Editor of the Chronicle:

Sir:—One of the best evidences of the merits of the reciprocity agreement is to be seen in the fact that the opponents of it steadily ignore the real terms of the arrangement, and attack things which are not to be found in the agreement at all. It is only reasonable to believe that, if the real agreement could be successfully assailed, more attention would be directed to it, and less to the work of misrepresenting its character.

Notable examples of this misrepresentation may be found in the statements, which I am informed, are being widely made by our opponents concerning the terms of the agreement in relation to our fisheries.

Three Falsehoods

Three allegations are, I am assured, constantly made by opponents who are endeavoring to influence the votes of our fishermen:—

(1)—That the agreement grants to the Americans the right to take fish inside the Canadian three mile limit:

(2)—That the agreement provides for the abolition of the fishing bounty which has for many years been paid to our fishermen by the Canadian Government:

(3)—That the tariff concessions set forth in the agreement do not extend to the Island of Porto Rico.

FOR NO ONE OF THESE STATEMENTS IS THERE A SHADOW OF FOUNDATION. ALL ARE ABSOLUTELY AND UNQUALIFIEDLY UNTRUE.

Some of the treaties of the earlier years did grant to the Americans the right to take fish in Canadian waters. But that right is not granted by the new agreement. There is no possible mistake about this.

Bounty Not Affected

As to the abolition of the fishing bounty now paid by the Canadian government, there is not a word in the agreement touching that in any shape or form. The fact that the Canadian government pay this bounty has not escaped notice in the United States. It was brought to the attention of the United States senate committee which had under consideration the reciprocity bill. The argument was advanced that because Canada granted this bounty the reciprocity bill should be rejected or amended. But the president of the United States and those who were co-operating with him very properly took the ground that the agreement must stand as it had been made with the Canadian ministers.

The agreement, as so made, was approved by both houses of the United States congress without any change. There is not a line or word in it touching the abolition of the bounty. The abolishing of the bounty has never been thought of by the Canadian government. I have never heard a proposal to abolish the bounty except in the statements made by the opposition speakers, which are WITHOUT A SHADOW OF FOUNDATION.

Apply to Porto Rico

With regard to Porto Rico, when that island was a Spanish colony we had a large trade with it. After the conquest by the United States, this trade was very seriously affected. By the agreement now made we are able to restore to this country a considerable part of the trade that was lost. The tariff concessions set forth in the agreement DO apply to Porto Rico and, therefore, under the agreement, THE FISH OF CANADA WILL BE ADMITTED FREE INTO THE MARKETS OF PORTO RICO.

I have given several samples of the manner in which this agreement is misrepresented in important points. To all who wish to intelligently consider the question I would say—carfully examine the agreement itself. The agreement is to be found in the letters exchanged between Mr. Paterson and myself, on the part of the Canadian government, and Mr. Secretary of State Knox, on the part of the United States government. These letters have been widely published and are easily accessible to those who wish to see them.

There is no other agreement or understanding of any kind in this matter. The whole transaction is to be found in these letters. They speak for themselves. A perusal of them will show how unfounded are the opposition statements to which I have referred.

Yours faithfully,

W. S. FIELDING.

Halifax, July 18, 1911.

73c.

For ladies' TAILOR made Waist, regular $1.25

98c.

For ladies' up-to-date square neck Waists with kimono sleeves, handsomely embroidered front and sleeves regular $1.75

98c.

For ladies' high neck Waists with three quarter and long sleeves in many different patterns and designs, regular $1.50 to $2.25. All goes at 98c.

N. J. LaHOOD

282 Brussels St.

Near Cor. Hanover.

PROCEEDINGS OF BAPTIST CONVENTION IN BRIDGETOWN

The Maritime Baptist convention in Bridgetown was continued on Saturday.

Invitations were received from Fredericton and Moncton for the convention to meet with them next year. Moncton's invitation was accepted.

The foreign mission board presented their sixty-fifth annual report. During the year the foreign missionary staff in India was increased by the return to the work of Rev. and Mrs. C. I. Archibald, Rev. and Mrs. W. V. Higgins and Miss Helena Blacadar, and by sending as recruits Rev. and Mrs. Gordon Barss and Rev. and Mrs. Malcolm Orchard. The present staff in India now consists of eight married couples and fifteen lady missionaries.

There was a deficit of $8,860 on last year's work. Added to the previous year's it makes a total deficit of $11.748.

The estimates for the work of the coming year call for a revenue of $45,000. During the year the Women's B. M. U. contributed $15,000. The Baptist Union of Western Canada contributed to the board $1,100. The value of the trust fund held by the board amounts to $52,075, and property in India, $48,000.

Rev. J. W. Manning was lected president, with Rev. David Hutchinson and Rev. R. Osgood Morse, vice-presidents. Rev. J. H. McDonald was re-elected secretary, and Rev. R. J. Colpitts editor of the Year Book.

Dr. H. B. Krose, of Boston, editor of Missions, the magazine of the Northern Baptist convention of the United States, addressed the convention on a proposition regarding a missionary magazine for all the Baptists of Canada, proposing to make it deal with all Baptist mission work in the world.

Rev. Perry J. Stackhouse, of Amherst, preached the convention sermon today.

A New Head in 30 Minutes

Exchange that aching, throbbing, splitting, muddled head for a clear, cool, comfortable one by using a

NA-DRU-CO Headache Wafer

25c. a box at your druggist or by mail.

National Drug and Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Montreal. 28

WHEN IT RAINS, IT POURS

BE PREPARED

LADIES' AND GENT'S UMBRELLAS

Worth $1.25. Sale 98c

LADIES' ALL WOOL GOLF COATS

Most Desirable Shades, $2.90

LADIES' LONG GOLF COATS

Most Up-to-Date, $3.75

Dock Street WILCOX'S Market Square

PURITY FLOUR

Order it this time

"More bread and better bread"

39

Read and See for yourself what S. L. Marcus & Co., The Ideal Home Furnishers 166 Union Street Offers You This Week.

Our special offer for this week in Morris and Upholstered Rattan Chairs. The greatest value that was ever yet offered in this class of goods.

Quartered Surface Oak Morris Chairs with Reversible Upholstered Cushions $5.90

Upholstered Rattan Chairs at $2.90.

A 3 Piece Imitation Mahogany Parlor Suit, Highly Polished, Silk or Velour Upholstered for $12.50.

THESE PRICES STAND GOOD FOR THIS WEEK ONLY

S. L. MARCUS & CO.

The Ideal Home Furnishers. 166 Union Street

ST. JOHN, N. B.

Liberal Organization

The Liberal Electors of the different wards will convene Monday next, August 21, at 8 p. m., for the selection of Chairman and Secretaries and for organization as follows:—

QUEENS, DUKES, SYDNEY

Climo's Entrance, 85 Germain Street.

KINGS

Oddfellows' Hall, 85 Union Street.

WELLINGTON

LeLacheur Hall, 19 Brussels Street.

PRINCE

C. A. C. Rooms, 22 Waterloo Street (over Joe Dalzell's).

VICTORIA

Victoria Rink.

DUFFERIN

609 Main Street (next McConnell's Grocery.)

LORNE, LANSDOWNE, STANLEY

Temple of Honor Hall, Main Street.

GUYS

Oddfellows' Hall, West End.

BROOKS

McCaulays's Building, St. John Street.

F. J. G. KNOWLTON,

Chrirman Executive.