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T. HALLIGAN.

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and Personal

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House:

Toronto University will amount to six hours a week. It is known that President Falconer had been to McMaster this week to arrange the matter with Chancellor Mc-

ELEVEN HUNDRED TURKS WERE TAKEN AT KURNA

anadian Press Despatch.

he Toronto World

EXCHANGES

VOL. XXXIV.-No. 12,448

TWELVE PAGES-FRIDAY MORNING DECEMBER 11 1914-TWELVE PAGES

AT ROULERS

AMSTEREAM, Via London, Dec. 10-10.35 p.m.-The Allies have entered Roulers (Rousselaere) in West Flanders about 12 miles northeast of Ypres, according to the Sluis correspondent of The Handelsblad.

LONDON, Dec. 10.-10.10 p.m.-Reuter's Bologne correspondent says the Germans on Tuesday were driven out of Armentieres by the British and hurled back beyond artillery range. Armentieres is nine miles northwest of Lille.

CRUISER DRESDEN, THE ONLY SURVIVOR OF GERMAN ATLANTIC SQUADRON, BOTTLED UP AND CANNOT ESCAPE

German Professors at Univer-

Disposed of.

At yesterday afternoon's meeting of the governors of Toronto University the tangle in which the matter of the German professors was left was partially smoothed out. Mr. Tapper, of the department of German, solved the difficulty which existed in his case by resigning. Prof. Mueller stated that he had arranged with Prof. Swedelius of McMaster University to assume his work for the university in addition to his lectures at McMaster. Prof Muel-ler will pay Prof. Swedelius for this work. As to Dr. Benginger, of the department of orientals, a settlement has not yet been reached. President Fal-coner stated that an effort would be made to have an exchange effected with one of the American universities, but the attitude of the government toward allowing him to leave the country will have to be learned before such a move is made.

Loath to Talk. Several of the members of the board were questioned by The World before any information about the deeting could be secured. None were filling to give details. Sir Edmund Valker stated that "the old subject Walker stated that "the old subject was not brought up and wasn't even ntioned at the meeting." He said it they had "just had a little fun, nd that nothing besides the regular

ss had come up." It was finally learned that Mr. Tap-per, who was in the department of nan, tendered his resignation in relieve the tension. "He was inted for only one year in the place," said Dr. J. A. Macdonald. will probably return to the Univerity of Chicago, whence he came to ronto, and will there pursue his post-

duate studies.

Arranged With McMaster. Prof. Swedelius of McMaster Uni-versity is a native of Sweden. He will not be under salary but will make private arrangements with Prof. Muel-With the president's sanction the two professors will exchange work until the difficulty passes over. Mc-Master University has consented to the arrangement.
President Falconer stated that

nothing definite had yet been arrived at with reference to Dr. Benzinger. here was hope, he admitted, of effecting an exchange with one of the rican universities. Those present at yesterday's meet-Ing were: Sir Edmund Walker. Z. A. Lash, Sir William Meredith, Daniel Miller. Judge Snider, D. B. McDonald, Dr. J. A. Macdonald, Hon H. J. Kelly. W. Leonard, Eric Armour and President Folconer.

McMaster Board Met. At the meeting of the McMaster Iniversity board of governors last night permission was given to Prof. wedelius to take certain classes, at cronto University, following out a private arrangement between him and Prof. Mueller of Toronto Univery. Chairman D. E. Thomson of the Master board told The World that Prof. Swedelius was the professor of French at McMaster, but that he was competent linguist and was able to tive instruction in German, Italian and Spanish as well.

The lectures which he will give at

LONDON, Dec. 10.—The Indian of-ace reports that 1100 Turkish prisoners, exclusive of wounded, and nine Funs were captured at Kurna, on the east of Miswa and is attacking the pulsed and of several different points resian Gulf, which was occupied on view to cutting we have made appreciable progress,

German Submarines Tried To Enter Harbor of Dover

Under Cover of Darkness and in Heavy Rainstorm Half a Dozen Host le Ships Made an Attack But Were Driven Of and Some Were Sunk.

Sity Help President Out of His Dilemma

LONDON, Dec. 11, 12.32 a.m.—Half a dozen German submarines made an attempt at 6.30 o'clock Thursday morning to enter the admiralty harbor, according to a Dover despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Co., and for half an hour the batteries kept up a furious fusillade, firing at least 200 shots. It is reported that two or three of the submarines were sunk, but no confirmation of this can be obtained.

The attempt was made under cover of early morning darkness and during a heavy rainstorm. The first alarm, says the despatch, was given by the firing of a naval gun, and soon all the batteries were in action.

The admiralty, to whom this despatch was submitted, said that it had not received confirmation of the reported attack.

FORCES BLOCK KAISER'S ARMY

German Plan is Apparently to Artillery as Well as Infantry Outflank Russian Right Wing

TO GIVE UP WARSAW?

Canadian Press Despatch PETROGRAD, Dec. 10, via London 6.15 p.m.—A Russian military expert analyzes and interprets the German attempt on Warsaw as follows: "Altho the German forces are more numerous than in their former advance and they are planning attacks from several separate directions simultaneously, their task is greater

than before on account of the ness of the Russian army which is massed to meet them. "Gen. Francois of the Eighth German army corps from Osterode and German cannon, was successful at a number of points in silencing batteries Soldau is proceeding from East Prussia southward thru Mlawa, Ciechanow and Przasnysz, on the right side of the Vistula, in an attempt to push toward Roshan with the evident intention of giving the powerful fortress of Novo Georgievsk a wide berth. The Germans thus hope to outflank the Russian right wing and strike Warsaw from the northeast

Centre is Engaged. "Gen. Mackenzen's German army from Thorn meanwhile continues an offensive on the left side of the Vistura thru Lowicz, engaging the Russian centre and aiming to hit Warsaw from the west. Another part of Field Marshal Hindenburg's army from Sleradz recently engaged Lodz and Piotrkow, making every effort to march thru Skiernievice and threaten Warsaw "The Austrians from the west and southwest of Cracow complete the German plan by beginning an offensive in an effort to outflank the Rus-sia left, which is besieging Cracow. while the o her part of the Austrian army on the north, which is in conwith the extreme German right, is trying to proceed northeast with object of taking Kielce and Raom. The e movements take the form

a widespread fan with Warsaw the handle. To Evacuate Warsaw. "Except on "he north from Ciercha-ow the movements are not new, the Austro-G rmans having tried them before and failed. "According to the Russian authorities, he yielding of cities to the ene my does not constitute an important war factor, since the taking of big cities like Lodz, with the attendant des ruction of life and property, tends to demoralize the army. Thus, if it is of strateg'e value to evacuate War-

to be considered important. BY THE BACK DOOR.

Canadian Press Desnatch. LONDON. Dec. 10 .- The Germans continue their efforts to smash the the Russian centre, another army is advancing from East Pruscia to the German infantry all east of Mlawa and is attacking the pulsed and of several different points

of the enemy, and even in demolishing several of them. Our infantry, snowing a sustained spirit of offence, made progress everywhere, and at no point was this infantry progress folowed by retirement." After reviewing a series of violent German attacks in the section from the Argonne to the heights of the Meuse, all of which were repulsed, the report continues: Trenches Blown Up.
"In the meantime our infantry has of been content with defensive ac-

tions. In the region of the forest of La Grurie, near the forest of Bolante and n the vicinity of Fontaine Madame, infantry forces have delivered daily attacks and made daily progress On Dec. 1, near St. Hubert, the infantry blew up and then occupied a German field position. On Dec. 4, our rifan reme position. On Dec. 4, our infan rymen occupied several trenches, captured a number of prisoners and advanced 150 yards. The German general s aff has claimed that on Dec. cess at the forest of La Grurie. As a matter of fact, this success consisted in the blowing up of a French trench which had been mined by the Germans. The company of soldiers which occurred this trench trench which occurred this trench trench which occurred this trench trenc which occupied this trench at the time of the explosion was almost annihilated, but the companies nearby retained their positions in their trenches, thanks to the successful outcome of a hand-to-hand fight, and we succeeded in

Rain and Fog.
"From the Mense to the Swiss frontier, along the heights of the Meuse all action has been checked for a period of several days by a heavy fog and saw. the capture of that city ought not The French artillery, when it was not foggy, silenced on several dif-ferent occasions the artillery of the enemy. On Dec. 3 French guns de-stroved a section of machine guns of the enemy, and on the following day they hombarded the enemy's convey Russian ormies. While a large part On Dec 5 this same artillery silenced of their force is ened-voring to hold a German battery. "The rare attacks on the part of the

Shows Superiority Over

MINING OF TRENCHES

(FRENCH OFFICIAL)

PARIS, Dec. 10 .- "Along the entire

front we have taken the ascendant

over the enemy with our artillery as

This declaration is made in an offi-

ations from Nov. 27 to Dec. 5. It con-

"the French artillery, without suf-

fering severely from the fire of the

Canadian Press Despatch.

well as with our infantry."

Botha Warns That Maritz and Kemp Have Received Equipment.

GERMAN COLONY BASE

Internal Trouble Ended, But Attack From Outside is Imminent.

Canadian Press Despatch. LONDON, Dec 10.-General

defence forces of the Union of South Africa, announces that the rebellion capture on December 4 of 500 rebels and the surrendt of 200 others, five additional rebel leaders and the r commandes have unconditionally laid down their arms. Only one rebel leader is at large—Colonel Maritz.

General Botha, in making the announcement, warns the people against harboring any vengeful feeling and concludes:

sentative Serepa E. Payne, of New York, died suddenly of heart failure here tonight.

Mr. Payne, who was 71 years old; lived alone, and at midnight his body lay waiting for the coroner without friend or relative near. His wife died three years ago, and no one could be found tonight who knew the address of his only son. is practically at an end. Since the

"Maritz and Kemp, who were corrupted while officers of the Union Defence Force, has succeeded in escap-ing to German Southwest Africa, and from there, equipped with fresh arms and artillery by their German allies, will seek to invade the Union. Our next duty is to deal with this danger and to make it impossible for German Southwest Africa to again be used as threaten the peace and liberty of the

"I hope and trust that the people will deal with this danger as energetically as they dealt with the internal re-

This declaration is made in an offi-cial eye-witness report covering oper-SCHEME PROPOSED

Ontario Municipal Electric Association Held Third Annual Meeting.

TO SEEK LEGISLATION

Question of Publicly-Owned Telephones is being investigated.

Fifty representatives of the hydro municipalities all over Ontario met in the city hall yesterday afternoon at the thir-annual meeting of the Ontario Municipal Canadian Press Despatch. Electric Association. The delegates in-cluded the chairmen of the various hydro commissions, engineers, mayors, and aldermen.

Phillip Bocock of London was elected president of the association for the ensuing year, and Mayor Carter of Guelph and A. D. Bowlby of Windsor elected vice-presidents. E. M. Ashworth of Toronto was elected honorary secre-

tary of the association. tary of the association.

Discussed Many Topics.

The members spent the afternoon discussing the various electrical problems which had been encountered thruout Ontario during the year 1914. On motion by P W. Ellis of Toronto the association decided to ask the Hydro Commission to assist the municipalities in securing suitable designation to the association of the designation of the association of the designation of the association of the associati to-hand fight, and we succeeded in re-establishing our line in a new trench exactly 26 yards further back from the trench destroyed by the wire, poles or other equipment on private property may be secured without

recourse to expensive expropriation proceedings.

The association decided that in the coming year it would investigate the possibilities of devising a provincial telephone system thruout Ontario under pub-

THE KAISER IS BETTER WITH A NORMAL PULSE

Canadian Press Despatch. AMSTERDAM, via London, Dec. 10, 9:10 p.m.—Emperor William's health has considerably improved according to an official announcement made in Berlin today. His majesty's catarrh is relaxing and his temperature and pulse are normal. (Continued on Page 3, Column 2.) (Continued on Page 3, Column 3.)

NO DUM-DUMS FOR

Count Von Bernstorff's Charge Refuted by United States Firm.

Canadian Press Despatch. NEW YORK, Dec. 10 .- Denial of the charge made by Count Von Bern-

SERENO PAYNE DIED SUDDENLY AT CAPITAL

pert Succumbs to Heart

Canadian Press Despatch.
WASHINGTON, Dec. 10.—Representative Screpe E. Payne, of New York, died suddenly of heart failure here tonight.

of his only son. A representative from New York, in every congress since 1883 except one, Mr. Payne was chairman of the ways and means committee and Republican floor leader in 1909-10, and directed the grafting of the Payne-Aldrich Tar fi Bill. In 1893 he was appointed a member of a joint high commission to ne gotiate a treaty with Canada.

A NEAR-ULTIMATUM IS SENT TO MEXICO

U. S. Threatens Serious Measures Unless Firing Over Border Ceases.

Canadian Press Despatch. WASHINGTON, Dec. 10. — The United States has served formal notice on both Provisional President Gu-tierrez and Gen. Carranza that unless they promptly prevent their troops from firing across the American boun-dary, such force will be employed by the United States Government as may be necessary to protect American ter-

In the most emphatic and threaten ing expression from the Washington Government since the diplomatic correspondence with Gen. Huerta, which preceded the occupation of Vera Cruz, identical warning was sent to the chiefs of the two factions opposing each other at Naco, across from the Arizona town of the same name, that firing across the international line

BODY OF GENERAL BEYERS FOUND IN VAAL RIVER

PRETORIA, via London, Dec. 11, 2,20 a.m.—The body of Gen. Christian Beyers the rebel leader, who was drowned recently while attempting to escape across the Vaal River from government troops has been found at Vliege Kraal, not far from the spot where General Beyers was seen to

The official announcement says that here is no doubt with regard to the

\$3 Stylish Hats for \$1.95. The most genuine hat value of the Dincen, 140 Yonge smart soft stiff hats at \$1.95.



windows. The and blues. The stiff hats are

BRITISH ARMY'S USE CRUISER NURNBERG IS SUNK BY BRITI DRESDEN TRAPPED

the charge made by Count Von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, that the Union Metallic Cartridge Co. has shipped to Canada since October 8,000,000 soft-nosed, or "mushroom bullets," for use in the British army, is confained in a letter sent to Count Von Bernstorff today by S. F. Pryor, vice-president and general manager of the Remington Arms-Union Metallic Cartridge Co.

Mr. Pryor asserts in his letter that his company has manufactured in all 117,470 of these cartridges for big game hunting only and that they "could not be used in any of the military rifles used by any of the foreign powers."

DINESDEL IN TAKE

Only Survivor of German Squadron Defeation in Five Hour Battle Off Falkland Islands Apparently Bottled Up in the Straits of Magellan.

Straits of Magellan.

BIG BRITISH WARSHIPS REPORTED TO HAVE ENCACED IN RAT Only Survivor of German Squadron Defeated

TO HAVE ENGAGED IN BATTLE

Prominent Republican Tariff Ex- Berlin Admits That Losses Were Severe British Admiralty Keeps Make-up of Squadron a Guarded Secret.

Direct Copyrighted Cable to The Toronto World.

Dec. 10—The admiralty makes further announcement relative to the sinking of German cruisers off the Falkland Islands in the south Atlantic, saying that a telegram has been received from Vice Admiral Sturdee, in command of the British vessels in the engagement, that the Nurnberg also was sunk on Dec. 8, and that the search for the Dresden is still absorbed.

is still proceeding.

The action, according to the admiral's telegram At the end of three hours' fighting the Schanhorst sank, and the Gneisen

two hours later.

"The enemy's light cruisers then scattered," says the message, "and were chased by our light cruisers. There was no loss to any British ves-

FOUGHT FIVE HOURS.

FOUGHT FIVE HOURS.

The official announcement of the admiralty says:

"A further telegram has been received from Vice-Admiral Sir Frederick Doveton Sturdee, reporting that the Nurnberg was also sunk on Dec. 8, and that the search for the Dresden is still proceeding.

"The action lasted for five hours, with intervals. The Scharnhorst sank after three hours and the Gneisenau two hours later. The enemy's light cruisers scattered and were chased by cur cruisers and light cruisers.

"No loss of any British vessel is reported."

NURNBERG THIRD-CLASS CRUISER.

The Nurnberg was a third-class cruiser of 3396 tons displacement, 54 1-4 feet in length, 43 1-2 feet beam, and a draught of 15 3-4 feet. Built and completed at Kiel in 1908, she had engines of 13,200 h.p., and her twin screws propelled her at the rate of 23 1-2 knots, or about 25 miles an hour. Her armament consisted of ten 4.1 inch guns, eight 2.1 inch quick firers and four machine guns, together with a couple of submerged torpedo tubes. She had a coal capacity of 850 tons and a complement of 295 men.

DRESDEN BOTTLED UP? DRESDEN BOTTLED UP?

Reports received say that the Dresden is being pursued near the entrance to the Straits of Magellan. The German auxiliary cruiser Prince Eitel is reported to be cruising in the south Atlantic and to have on board 1500 German soldiers. So far as is known, the victorious squadron was composed entirely of

The Japanese squadron sent to the south Pacific is not believed at Tokio to have taken part in the engagement. It is reported at Tokio that the British squadron was reinforced recently by the addition of several

There is not the slightest doubt here but that Vice-Admiral Sturded the British commander, has with him first-class ships, battle cruisers a least. These vessels have the weight of gun and also the speed sufficien to overwhelm the light German cruisers either in a stand-up engagement of in a running fight. It is believed that he has no less than a division of these vessels, together with the lighter cruisers, which have been for some time in the Atlantic.

It was expected here that the Dresden and Leipzig would try to make a run for the nearest port, Buenos Ayres or Montevideo. Only darkness, it was believed, enabled them to escape their pursuers on the day of the

first engagement. REASONS FOR RETICENCE.

The withholding of the names of the British ships engaged is perfectly understood here. It is explained that the British admiralty desires to prevent the Germans from learning which important ships have been withdrawn from the battle fleet in the North Sea. It is also desired by the British that the two remaining German cruisers at large remain in ignorance of the strength of the enemy in their vicinity.

The sending of an overwhelming force against the German cruiser squadron is commended as precisely the move required of Great Britain. The only mistake, it is declared, was in not sending it earlier, and thus revise Craddock from disaster off Chile. REASONS FOR RETICENCE.

saving Craddock from disaster off Chile.

INSURE MINIMUM LOSS. It is pointed out that the advantage of having, as have the British, an overwhelming preponderance of ships, is to use them on such terms that they will never be compelled to face the enemy on equal terms, thus insuring the minimum of loss to the British.

The action off the Falkland Islands is also regarded as den They are amazing again the contention of American naval experts, that the ultimately deciding value, as you ing factor in control of the seas is number and weight of guns which can be brought against the enemy, in other words, the hitting power of first-

class ships. soft hats, English and American styles, smooth and velour finish in grays, greens, browns, fawns and blues. The destruction of a majority of the ships of the German squadron had an immediate effect on insurance rates, and the government rate for insurance of cargoes against war risks was reduced today from two guineas to one and one-half guineas per cent. One member of Lloyds who recently has not been accepting any business, resumed operations.

BOLD DASH FAILED.

stiff hats are black, in three heights of crown new shapes—all sizes. Friday is a busy hat day at Dineer sand an early choice is recommended. You can always rely on the latest productions of the foremost English Ca advan and American makers at this popular Yonge street house.

The impression prevails among naval men that Admiral Von Spee. The