

- Recognize the impact that HIV/AIDS is having on the labour supply for food crop production, especially the activities of women producers, and promote technical and labour saving strategies that mitigate the effects of this constraint on food crop and other food security efforts of rural households.

Policies and strategies built on the understanding and recognition of the centrality of food production and agriculture as the main means used by rural African women to achieve family food security and as their main base of products for income generating trades and value added micro-processing is essential in order for New Partnerships in official development assistance to deliver benefits to rural women and their families. With a base of appropriate policies and strategies in place, rural women will be able to achieve a higher level of self-empowerment, contribute more to their family's livelihood (especially the improved health, nutrition and education of children), more effectively participate in development of their communities and add to the economies of their communities. Self-empowered women will be more in control of their lives, a necessary change in order to prevent the transmission of sexually transmitted diseases including HIV/AIDS and more able to influence who and how many of their children can be educated.

28. Canada should increase dramatically the total amount of foreign aid it gives worldwide and in particular to Africa.
29. Canada should work towards fundamental changes in the World Bank/IMF such that structural adjustment policies are abandoned.
30. Redraft the anti-terrorist legislation.
31. Move away from structural adjustment policies.
32. Strengthen moves to control the traffic in small arms.
33. Controls on corporate investment (and Canada's financial aid to this) in keeping with ethical and environmental standards.
34. There should be a facilitation of trade between Canada and Africa, Tanzania in particular, and products from Africa Tanzania to Canadian markets, should be duty-free. In mining sector Canada should provide technical assistance more than financial assistance.
35. With regards to terrorism, cooperation is needed in sharing of information, advanced technology in detection and putting up tight security measures.
36. Africa needs up to date medical information, more funding for training, education, counselling and provide access to generic drugs.
37. There needs to be further transfer in technology and expertise.