only, British Columbia for British Columbians, and Quebec for Quebecers. Would such a condition be tolerated elsewhere? Such provincialism is a diseased and weakened condition, and must be removed.

We do not believe that much difficulty should stand in the way of its removal.

There are members of our profession holding high political places in every province, and we look to them to bring about a meeting of prominent representative physicians for the discussion of this important subject.

We look to Surgeon-General Bergin, to Sir Charles Tupper, M.D., and to very many others, whose duty we feel it is to set in motion the machinery necessary to iabricate a system which will guarantee to the profession and the public a simpler means of supplying capable physicians than now obtains.

I shall not hazard an opinion as to what is the best course to take in this connection, but for the present shall be satisfied to appeal to our profession throughout the whole Dominion to agitate this subject in season and out of season, until some means may be discovered of removing so manifest an evil as the provincialism which now prevails in the matter of medical licensing.

Yours, etc.,

Toronto, Sept. 9. SCRUTATOR.

NOT FOR SALE.

EDITOR DOMINION MEDICAL MONTHLY :

SIR,—1 have been asked by various medical men lately if it was my hospital that was advertised for sale in your paper. Will you kindly permet me to contradict, and oblige.

Yours truly,

HOLFORD WALKER, M.D. Toronto, August 26. EDITOR DOMINION MEDICAL MONTHLY :

DEAR SIR,—I notice in the August number of your MONTHLY in its quetation from the North American Practitioner, on the treatment of facial erysipelas, two of the following pills (with other treatment) are to be given every two hours until the temperature comes down, etc. :

Is that a correct quotation? And if so, what is the MONTHLY'S opinion of it?

Toronto.

Yours truly, A. R. Gordon.

[The above quotation is correct as taken from the North American Practitioner. It has not been our custom to prescribe such a combination of quinine in such heroic doses. Even though it be recommended by Prof. Petrini of the Medical Faculty of Bucharest, the MONTHLY will hesitate to adopt it.—ED.

ANTISEPTIC INTRO-PLEURAL INJECTION. -Sarbony (Tournal de medecine et de chirurgie pratiques) has employed antiseptic intro-pleura: is jection for the treatment of thickening of the pleura with marked benefit. He uses an injection of 20 grammes (5 dracums) of liquor of Van Swieten in acute pleurisy after performing thoracentesis. In sero-fibrinous pleurisies the same method has been attended with remarkably good results. In purulent and encysted pleurisies, and in cases where resolution or absorption cannot be expected, this form of injection is advised.

Another injection has been employed, consisting of iodine I gramme (15 grains) iodide of potash 4 grammes (1 drachm), distilled water 35 grammes (9 drachms), which is used daily and continued for eight or ten days. But this is not attended with such satisfactory effects, in the pleural trouble, as the injection of Van Swieten's liquor in quantities ranging from 5 to 35 grammes (1¼ to 9 drachms).— Medical and Surgical Reporter.