Orthesia Edwardsii n. sp.

Male sac.—This is broadly oval, pure white, 15 of an inch long by .12 of an inch in breadth. It was evidently formed by a secretion of fine, waxy flakes, the regularity of which has been lost as the insect rached maturity, the dorsal disk being entire, and the flakes only being partially distinguishable at the margins.

Male.—Length .12 inch; style about .04 inch. Entirely black, excepting a reddish cast on the mesothorax, scutellum, metathorax, abdomen at sides and beneath, and the epipleura of the mesothorax; while the head beneath the insertion of the antennæ is pale yellowish white. Head small, nearly quadrate, being but slightly narrowed posteriorly. The eyes consist of 5 or 6 ocelli placed at the side of the head, while the mouth consists of two large, quite prominent ocelli. Antennæ very long, the points of which have four or five irregular nodose swellings, with irregular whorls of long, delicate bristles; the first two joints are very short, not as long as wide, the 3rd and 5th joints the longest, about an equal length, the 4th, 6th, 7th, 8th and 9th shorter and gradually subequal, the 10th or apical joint more thickened, fusiform, about four-fifths the length of the penultimate joint Thorax short, less than one-half the length of abdomen; the prothorax is hardly distinguishable from above, being but a delicate ridge or collar; mesothorax quite short, somewhat trapezoidal in outline, and obliquely ascending towards the scutellum, but with a depression in the middle, the lateral lobes distinct; scutellum highly convex, polished, with some short hairs on the disk, abruptly transversely divided by a deep, yellowish fissure posteriorly. Metathorax very short. Legs very long, rather slender, black, and with a long, fine hair pubescence; tibiæ longer than their femora, slender. cylindrical; tarsi less than one-third the length of tibiæ and more slender, gradually acuminate toward apex and terminating in a small, delicate claw; no digitules. Abdomen, on the dorsum, wrinkled, at sides towards apex covered with a white, waxy substance, and terminating in two very long caudal setæ, more than double the length of the insect, rather thickly covered with a white, waxy substance, especially at base, so that in reality they are much more slender than they appear. Style long, blackish. Wings two, white, of the ordinary shape, but I can detect a spurious vein, springing from near the base of the longitudinal vein, between it and the costal margin, and running parallel with it to half the