The Census.

Ottawa, Aug. 28.—The census returns by counties were submitted to the House of Commons late to-night. They show for the Maritime Provinces as follows:

NOVA SCOTIA.

	1891.	1881.
Annapolis,	19,352	20,598
Antigonish,	16,117	18,060
Cape Breton,	34,223	31,258
Colchester,	27,160	26,720
Cumberland,	34,529	27,368
Digby,	19,896	19,881
Guysboro,	17,198	17,808
Halifax city,	38,556	36,100
Halifax county,	32,865	31,817
Hants,	22,153	23,359
Inverness,	25,781	25,651
Kings,	22,492	23,467
Lunenburg,	31,077	28,583
Pictou,	34,550	35,535
Queens,	10,610	10,577
Richmond,	14,400	15,121
Shelburne,	14,956	14,913
Victoria,	12,390	12,470
Yarmouth,	22,218	21,284

NEW BRUNSWICK.

Albert,	10,791	12,329
Carleton,	22,623	23,365
Charlotte,	23,751	26,089
Kent,	23,858	22,858
Kings,	23,094	25,617
Northumberland,	25,715	25,109
Queens,	12,152	14,017
Restigouche,	8,311	7,058
St. John city,	24,184	26,127
St. John county,	25,390	26,837
Sunbury,	7,763	6,651
Victoria,	18,218	15,686
Westmoreland,	41,484	37,719
York,	30,987	30,397

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

Kings,	26,634	26,433
Prince,	36,471	34,347
Queens,	45,983	48,111

The population of the various provinces are as follows:—

Nova Scotia,	450,523
New Brunswick,	321,294
P. E. Island,	109,088
Quebec,	1,488,586
Ontario,	2,112,989
Manitoba,	154,442
Northwest provinces,	61,487
British Columbia,	92,767
Unorganized territory,	32,168
Total,	4,823,344

There is an increase of 9,951 in Nova Scotia, 61 in New Brunswick and 197 in P. E. Island—the population in this group being only a little over one per cent. in excess of the last decade. The increase in Quebec is 8.53, Ontario 9.65 per cent. The gain in Manitoba is 148 per cent., Northwest 141 per cent., British Columbia 87½ per cent., and unorganized districts 4 per cent. The total increase in population is 15.52 per cent.

PRINCIPAL CITIES ELSEWHERE.

Montreal Centre,	28,122	25,078
Montreal East,	92,079	67,506
Montreal West,	62,894	48,163
Quebec city,	63,080	62,446
Three Rivers,	8,834	9,296
Hamilton,	47,252	35,961
Kingston,	19,264	14,091
London,	22,281	19,746
Ottawa,	37,281	27,412
Toronto,	144,028	86,414
Winnipeg,	25,642	7,985
Victoria, B. C.,	18,538	7,301
Vancouver,	18,229	9,991

Many of the rural counties of Ontario and Quebec show a decline of population. The principal increases are in Algoma, North Essex, Kent, Lambton, Nippissing, Russell, and the suburbs of Toronto, Montreal, Hamilton and Ottawa in addition to the cities.

Five Thousand Five Hundred Men Killed

IN THE BATTLE BETWEEN TROOPS AND REBELS AT VALPARAISO.

Valparaiso, Aug. 24.—The insurgents succeeded in landing ten thousand soldiers at Bay of Quintero, north of Valparaiso, where they started along the shore toward Valparaiso, under the protection of six of their men-of-war and eight armed transports, besides all the boats of their fleet provided with mitrailleuse, endeavoring to surprise the city by rear attack. The Government force of 5,000 men was immediately detached from Valparaiso and succeeded in delaying the crossing of Aconcagua River near the mouth, while a sufficient number of troops were moving by rail to protect Valparaiso and oppose the insurgents by at least 15,000, with a prospect of further increase of forces from other quarters. The Government succeeded in stopping the insurgents for forty hours with a loss to the enemy of about 3,000 of their choicest men, notwithstanding the fire of the insurgent fleet, besides that of the land force. This operation enabled the Government to select best positions for the 12,000 arriving troops, although this advantage cost loss of half the number of gallant division of 5000 men, which contested the march of rebels and their crossing of Aconcagua river. The rebel fleet has been kept at bay by the fire of Fort Andies, and insurgent forces are deprived of expected protection of their men-of-war, while the government forces are constantly receiving reinforcements from interior. It is now thought the rebel soldiers will all be found at any moment without any possible way of retreat.

San Francisco, Aug. 27.—Antonio Varoe, envoy of Chilian insurgents, yesterday received a cablegram from Valparaiso that fight had been renewed that morning and that Balmaceda was losing.

Valparaiso, Aug. 27.—Balmaceda will probably attack insurgent army to-day. Reinforcements for him have been constantly arriving, and his army now numbers fully 20,000 men.

Washington, Aug. 27.—A later despatch says: On the 25 inst. the insurgent army was completely defeated in Vino-del-Mar, and surrendered unconditionally. All the country applauds the valor and skill of the government's army.

BALMACEDA'S DOWNFALL.

Washington, Aug. 31.—The state department received a dispatch from Consul McCreery at Valparaiso this morning, stating that Balmaceda had turned the government over to Baquedano and fled. Canto goes to Santiago to-night to assume control until the arrival of the Junta from Iquique. Good order prevails here. Another despatch substantially the same as the above was received from Admiral Brown.

San Francisco, Aug. 31.—Private advices from the city of Mexico say the outcome of the war in Chili will tend to hasten the revolution now smouldering in Mexico. Diaz is said to be the Balmaceda of Mexico and is charged with the same offences against human liberties as is Balmaceda in furthering his personal interests. Diaz is charged with combining with foreign capitalists and accepting bribes from foreign corporations in return for valuable concessions. While he became immensely wealthy the people of the republic have grown steadily poorer.

LAST ACT OF A BLOODY DRAMA.

New York August 31.—The *Herald's* Valparaiso special says: The Chanaral regiment of the congressional army took formal possession of Santiago last night and practically the last act in the bloody drama of the revolution closed on Saturday night. As soon as the news of the defeat of the government reached Santiago and people knew that Balmaceda's power was gone, their enmity to his government burst forth. Balmaceda's house, the government newspaper offices, and houses of several prominent officials were burned to the ground. The police, fire department and army were demoralized, and made no attempt to maintain order. In addition to destruction by the mob, the city is threatened by all the desperate characters of the country. Gen. Canto and staff with additional troops left Valparaiso last night, and will reach Santiago to-day. Comparative order at last has been restored in Valparaiso. It required drastic measures to do it, many of the rioters being shot in the street. The damage to property in the city is estimated at $1,800,000. The Junta is exceedingly anxious to secure recognition from the United States government. Numerous arrests of government officials have been made. Insurgents show moderate disposition however, and there has been none of those bloody butcheries that usually mark the success of South American revolutions. Balmaceda is still believed to be on his way to Buenos Ayres or Montevideo.

—How many people suffer miserably after eating, from sour stomach, which causes either pain and sickness, or disagreeable scalding in the throat and raising of food. A dose of "Dyspepticure," taken after meals, will prevent this suffering; when at bedtime for a week or two "Dyspepticure" will remove the cause of the trouble. 22 9i

[Written for the MONITOR.]

Los Angeles, California.

EDITOR MONITOR,—I often see articles and correspondence from Nova Scotians who have left the old homes to seek their fortunes in far-off climes. All parts of the continent have had their turn, but California so far seems to have been left out entirely, or else painted in such colors that we here can hardly believe that our fair land could have so many hard things said of it.

With your permission I will endeavor to give the many readers of the MONITOR a slight pen picture of this part of California.

The city of Los Angeles, in which I reside, is the metropolis of Southern California, and according to the census returns of 1890 has a population of a little over fifty thousand.

The old town, or Pueblo de Los Angeles, was founded in the year 1781, so is a little over one hundred years old. But few of the old land-marks remain, the principal ones being found in the lower Spanish quarter, which is known as Sonoratown, and consists of half-ruined adobe houses, roofed with tiles. (Adobe is a sun-dried brick). The main portion of Los Angeles is of modern growth, the population in 1880 being only 11,113. The result is a city with broad, well-paved streets, handsome public buildings, massive business blocks, and elegant private residences. The finest cable car system in the West outside of San Francisco, an extensive system of electric railroads which will be in operation ere his is read, two great trans-continental railroads, and, above all, a magnificent and rapidly-developing country.

Los Angeles city is situated somewhat like a hub, from which spokes, in the shape of numerous valleys, radiate. The San Gabriel to the east, Santa Ana to the south, Santa Monica west, and San Fernando north, are the picturesque names by which these valleys are known.

North-east of the city about twenty miles, and extending north-west and south-east as far as the eye can reach, are the Sierra Madre mountains, which act as a barrier to the hot winds that sweep over the Mojare desert. These mountains are from 6,000 to 13,000 feet high, and are very different from the north and south mountains of dear old N. S. Their sharp peaks stand out against the sky in strong relief, and one may often see on them the waving top of some old giant pine, which from the valley looks like a cat spruce, but in reality is perhaps one hundred and fifty feet high and eight or ten feet in diameter. The sides of the mountains are deeply serrated with canyons, most of which have streams tumbling down their rocky sides, which are fringed with gorgeously-colored flowers and gigantic ferns. These streams are cared for and their contents housed and saved in a way that is little dreamed of until one sees what wonderful effects are gained simply by the use of water. Land that apparently would not furnish plant life to a blade of grass, suddenly teems with fertility and produces hundreds of dollars' worth per acre. But I am coming down from the Sierras too quickly.

The loftiest mountain right close to Los Angeles is known as Wilson's Peak, and has an altitude of nearly 7,500 feet, and is becoming widely known as the site of the great Harvard Telescope, which will be the largest in the world. There are two trails, which are only "navigable" *via* the festive burro, or jackass, but a company has just been formed with a capital of $500,000 to build an electric railroad to the summit. When this is finished all we Angelenos will have to do will be to drop a quarter in the slot "and the railroad will do the rest."

A few miles east of Wilson's, Mt. San Antonio or "Old Baldy," as it is more commonly known, towers to a height of 11,000 feet, while near by Mt. San Bernardino and Old Grayback look down on Baldy from the majesty of 13,000 feet. Close to the latter, Mt. San Jacinto, 9,000 feet, is located, and it is a grand sight on a clear day to look over the broad valleys, dotted with neat houses, orange groves, vineyards, and waving grain fields, and see these four snow-capped giants towering into the clear blue sky.

Leaving the mountains, the foot-hills are the next in geographical order. These are something like the Clarence district, and are similarly noted for producing the finest fruit, although for apples, California is "not in it," compared to Nova Scotia. The soil in these foot-hills in the immediate vicinity of Los Angeles is composed of disintegrated granite, and is very fertile. Further to the south-east, in San Bernardino County, is to composed of a red loam, from which the thriving town of Redlands, the scene of the most phenomenal growth, even for California, derives its name. These foot-hill lands are the home of the citrus fruits and the vine. All along the line are dotted little towns and villages, some of which are towns in name only, and are pointed out as "monuments" of the dead boom; others again are thriving settlements, from which are shipped quantities of fresh vegetables, green and dried fruits, etc. One of these towns has just been purchased by the representatives of the sect known as Dunkards, and they have already made extensive improvements.

To the west of Los Angeles city, the Cahuenga foot-hills, the great frostless belt, stretch to the Pacific Ocean. In these the banana, date, strawberry, guano, and other garden truck, are shipped to San Francisco and the east during the winter. A large portion of this is raised by John Chinaman, who is the great market gardener of the Pacific coast. Early and late, high and low, Sunday and Monday, John is always working and generally manages to corrall the best portion of land and make the most of it. As an instance, the other day I was asking a well-known commission merchant about the probable yield of potatoes to the acre. "Well," he said, "the American farmers will realize about 75 to 100 sacks per acre (the sack is 100 lbs.), but John will get from 200 to 250." I asked him why, and he stated that "John" cultivated the potatoes, while the white man was too careless about it.

The Californians are always growling about the Chinamen, but the visitor would be puzzled to make out what they would do without them. They are the laundrymen, chambermaids, cooks, peddlers, gardeners, lottery ticket brokers, gamblers, etc., etc., of the state. They are ubiquitous. You find them in the desert, on the mountains, down the mines, and in the restaurant on the beach. Always quiet, civil, and never to be trusted. Ready to cook your dinner and pick your pocket, and can do either to perfection. But, for all that, it would be hard to get a decent, respectable American to do the work that John does, and we have to accept him as a necessary evil.

The valleys around Los Angeles deserve more than a passing glance, and I will reserve a description of them for a future letter.

I often meet Nova Scotians, usually find them doing well, but they invariably speak with pleasure of the old home, and seem to look forward to revisiting old scenes. The majority are from Pictou and the eastern end of the province, but few from our own county, which would seem to indicate that the western counties' people did not want to get too far away from home, even to come to "the Italy of America" as Charles Dudley Warner has happily named Southern California. G. H. A. GOODWIN.

Los Angeles, California.

Services for Sunday, September 6th.

PROVIDENCE (METHODIST) CHURCH.—Rev. F. H. Wright, Pastor. Service at Bentville, 11 am.; Granville, 3 p.m.; Bridgetown, 7.30 p.m.

GORDON MEMORIAL CHURCH.—Rev. W. M. Fraser, Pastor. Service at 3.30 p.m. Subject of sermon, "The Sacrament of Baptism—Necessity, Mode and Blessings." Bible class and Sunday-school at 2 p.m.

BAPTIST CHURCH.—Rev. F. M. Young, Ph.B., Pastor. Bridgetown: Bible Class and Sabbath School, 10 a.m.; Preaching Service, 11 am.; Young People's Prayer Meeting, 7 p.m. Prayer meeting at Bridgetown Friday evening. Service at Wadeville, 3 p.m. Conference at Bridgetown Saturday afternoon at half-past two o'clock.

EPISCOPAL CHURCH.—Rev. H. W. Cunningham, Rector. Service and Holy Communion at 11 a.m.; Belleisle, 3 p.m.; Evening service, 7 p.m.

LAWRENCETOWN CIRCUIT.

METHODIST CHURCH.—Rev. J. R. Downing, pastor. Lawrencetown, 11 a.m.; Brooklyn, 3 p.m.; Port George, 7.30 p.m.

BAPTIST CHURCH.—Rev. J. T. Eaton, Pastor. Lawrencetown, 11 a.m.; Ingliville, 3 p.m.; Lawrencetown Social Service, 7.30 p.m.

Don't You Forget it.

"I will never forget that Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry saved my life. Five years ago I had a terrible attack of summer complaint and was given up by the doctor and my parents. A friend advised Fowler's Strawberry and at the second dose I was relieved and soon was well as ever."—Maggie McGillivray, Falkenburg, Ont.

Berwick.

Thomas Doran, of Windsor, has bought the Berwick Hotel.

Miss Effie Illsley, left on Saturday for Boston.

Our school opened on Monday with a large attendance.

It is more than whispered that *at least* four weddings will take place this month.

Mr. and Mrs. George Bishop, of Lawrencetown, are visiting friends in this place.

The Rev. E. Daley is having a vacation. The pulpit was occupied last Sabbath by Mr. Harry Shaw, Lic. The Rev. L. D. Morse will preach next Sunday.

Mr. Owen Chipman takes charge of the High School for the remainder of the term. Mr. Robinson prolongs his vacation on account of ill health but will resume his duties the first of November.

Professor H. N. and Mrs. Shaw have returned from their summer at Chatauqua. They will spend a few days before college opens with Mrs. Shaw's parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Chipman.

A large addition is being put on the east end of the school-house intended to accommodate the Preparatory department. It is to be ready for occupancy by the first of November, and the pupils, no doubt, will appreciate the change from their present cramped quarters.

The Methodist church was crowded on Sunday evening, the occasion being a farewell meeting for Miss Amanda Jefferson, who, in company with two young ladies of New York, sails for Colapore, India, the fifth of September, under the auspices of our American Missionary Board. Mr. and Mrs. Henry Jefferson will accompany their niece as far as London, where they will spend a few weeks.

—Dr. T. A. Slocum's Oxygenized Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil. If you have any Throat Trouble—Use it. For sale by all druggists.

—We would advise all those who are suffering with bronchitis, throat and chest troubles, to try Norton's Magic Liniment. By applying flamed wet with the liniment twice a week it cures.

Provincial Paragraphs.

A Moncton apple tree 60 years old is still bearing fruit.

From negotiations concluded in London it is stated that the Bermuda cable will be extended 1,200 miles to Jamaica and Bermuda.

Citizens of Yarmouth are asking for a big hotel to accommodate the thousands of summer visitors brought there annually by the Y. S. S. Co. and other lines.

A new division of the Sons of Temperance was organized at Rossway, Digby Co., on Wednesday evening, with 29 applicants for charter by T. M. Lewis, agent. "Telephone" is the new division's name.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—A young unmarried man, named James Brydle, was killed by an explosion at Oldham gold mines, on Wednesday; a young lad, son of Frank Ternan, was seriously injured.

Work is booming in the Joggins coal mines. The average shipment is 300 tons a day, to St. John, N. S. ports, and for I. C. R. use. Last month's pay roll showed 227 employes, with earnings of $75,000.

A game of cricket took place at Digby Wednesday, between an eleven from the Athletic club of that town and the Weymouth team. The Digby team defeated their opponents in one inning with exception of five runs.

About Aylesford, N. S., the cranberry industry is rapidly growing in importance. Last year about 1,100 bushels were shipped from the township and the crop will be fully as large this year, the light crop on old bogs being counterbalanced by new bogs.

The schooner *Nell*, which was wrecked at White Head some time ago and subsequently purchased by Mr. Osborne there, will be towed to Weymouth, N. S. for repairs. The upper portion of *Nell's* hull shows little effect of stranding and is almost as good as ever.

W. J. Halstead, purser of the steamer *Halifax*, died at his residence in Boston, last week. He was taken ill about three weeks ago. Mr. H. belonged to Yarmouth and was purser on the steamer *City of St. John* before going on the *Halifax*. He was well known and was a very popular and efficient officer.

The annual meeting of the Nova Scotia Steel and Forge Co. (limited) was held at New Glasgow. The Company have had a fairly prosperous year, and after setting apart $8,158.30 for depreciation on buildings and machinery, and adding $3,334.85 to their reserve fund they have been able to declare a dividend of eight per cent. to the stockholders.

At Lynn, Mass., it has just came to light that Harry Snow, of the firm of Snow Bros., painters, of that city, has eloped with the wife of his brother, Wm. J. Snow, about three weeks ago. Mrs. Snow is the mother of two young children. The entire family moved to Lynn from the Provinces not long ago. Harry Snow is unmarried.

HOUSE NOTES.—At Toronto recently, in the presence of some fifty citizens, Roseberry, the jumping horse cleared 7 feet 5⅝ inches very easily on his second attempt. The bar was steadied by the naked hand only, and had it been several inches higher it probably would not have been displaced. This beats the world's best record by nearly four inches.

The schooner *Byron*, of Pubnico, from the banks, with a part cargo of fish, is reported ashore and a total loss near Trespassy, Newfoundland, on the 20th August. Crew saved. The *Byron* was owned by Capt. Byron Hines, her master, was 97 tons register and was built in 1873. Insurance as follows:—$3,000 on hull and $2,500 on outfits and cargo in the Nova Scotia Marine; and $2,500 on cargo in the Boston Marine.—*Yarmouth Herald.*

CATTLE PLAGUE IN PICTOU COUNTY.—The cattle disease has broken out with renewed virulence in Pictou Co., N. S. Many of the farmers have lost the greater part of their stock, one in particular—in Merigomish—having the misfortune to loose his entire herd. This is the third time he has been similarly afflicted. The disease baffles the skill of the veterinaries and so far no remedy has been found that will effect a cure, nor has the cause of the disease been discovered.—*Ex.*

P. Innes, Esq., of Coldbrook, has turned his knowledge of farming to good account. He has this year nineteen acres of oats, nine acres of potatoes and a large quantity of other vegetables. His farm consists of upwards of two hundred acres. He is building a large silo capable of holding seventy tons of ensilage. His house has been renovated, making the place one of the most attractive in the county. He intends in the future to go into stock raising to a large extent.

Two pilots and three other men on a mackerel fishing expedition report that on Sunday last, when eight mile off Richibucto shore, they saw a sea serpent. It was 300 feet long, about the size of a man's body and had a flat shaped head with eyes on the top like a frog. It resembled a snake, sometimes raised its head six feet out of water, and its body curved like an immense hawser. They were near enough to see the scales on its body and were within view for an hour or more. The parties are all reliable.

FAKERS.—Some shoddy cloth peddlers are on the rounds. Buy nothing from them. Tighten your purse strings up. They are frauds. By and by they will wander around the country tempting the wives and daughters of our farmers to purchase their goods, if they possibly can do so. They have smooth tongues, affable ways and ready wit, and are sure to be hard up, they will give the goods for next to nothing, "a dead sacrifice," etc. Beware of them, and if there is a good horsewhip and a dog not easily petted, anywhere around, they might be found useful.—*Amherst Press.*

—Three hundred and seventy-five out of the six hundred railway corporations of the United States prohibit the use of intoxicating liquors by their employes. The Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, alone, expelled nearly four hundred members the past year for intoxication. The public demands assurances of safety when on the rail, and no alcoholized brain can be trusted to guide an engine, open a switch or wave a flag. Employers realize this, and thus selfish interests are aiding the temperance reform.

—Baird's Balsam of Horehound is not an experiment; established over 50 years.

Correspondence.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions of our correspondents.

The Much-Neglected Corner Again.

MR. MONITOR,—Is it not time for us as citizens of this town to demand that the curbing around the old Quirk corner be put in place? I ask the above question and only that in reference to the subject. Every one who has occasion to pass the spot on their way to the post-office must feel the force of the demand. If the road-master has not got time to do it, let him hire some one who has. CURBING.

Bridgetown, Sept. 1st, 1891.

Canada and the Spanish Markets.

It is now asserted that under the most favored nation clause in the treaty between Great Britain and Spain, Canada will not have the same privileges as those the United States has acquired in the Spanish market by the reciprocity treaty recently negotiated. The matter was discussed in parliament the other day and Sir John Thompson stated that the Imperial authorities had intimated that where a reciprocity treaty is concluded with another nation, privileges of existing treaties are not extended. Mr. Mills, who is an authority on constitutional and international law, expressed a similar view. If this opinion is correct, the British treaty with Spain becomes practically useless so far as our trade with Cuba is concerned and must continue to be so until the treaty expires. It appears that, by this treaty with Spain, Britain has bound herself not to enter into preferential trade relations with her colonies, a provision which she will not be likely to renew on the negotiation of another treaty, unless Canada shall have the same privileges of trade with Cuba as the United States has received.

—A Hacking Cough disturbs rest.—Use Baird's Balsam of Horehound.

—A resident of Auxonia, Conn., declares that it always rains on the 25th of July. He says that his family has kept a record of the weather for 100 years, and in all that time there hasn't been a July 25 on which it didn't rain.

THE FARMER AND THE GOVERNMENT.—In view of the present timeliness of the subject, *The Century* has arranged to print during the coming year an important series of articles on the general subject of Agriculture and the Government's relation to the farmer. Among the topics to be treated are "Agricultural Possibilities of the United States," "The Farmer's Discontent," "What the Government is doing for the Farmer," "Co-operation," etc. Mr. J. R. Dodge, Statistician of the Agricultural Department, Mr. A. W. Harris, of the same department, Professor Brewer of Yale, and others, are among the writers.

—The brusque and fussy impulse of these days of false impression would rate down all worthless because one is unworthy. As if there were no motes in sunbeam! Or comets among stars! Or cataracts in peaceful rivers! Because one respectable professor to do what it never was adapted to do, are all remedies worthless! Because one doctor lets his patient die, are all humbugs? It requires a fine eye and a finer brain to discriminate—to draw the differential line.

"They say" that Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription have cured thousands.

"They say" for a weak system there's nothing better than the "Discovery," and that the "Favorite Prescription" is the hope of debilitated, feeble women who need a restorative tonic and bracing nervine. And here's the proof—

Try one or both. If they don't help you, tell the World's Dispensary Medical Association, of Buffalo, N. Y., and you get your money back again.

Business Letter.

Barrington, Aug. 19th, 1891.

Mr. J. B. NORTON, Bridgetown, N. S.: Please ship at once one-half gross of Dock Blood Purifier. There seems to be a great demand for the above, which is making some wonderful cures, and I am all sold out.

Yours truly, A. BANKS.

Several Seasons.

"For several seasons I have used Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry and find that it makes a perfect cure even of the severest attacks of summer complaint and diarrhœa. It is as precious as gold." Mrs. F. C. Winner, Fonthill, Ont.

—Would you like to be earning something? Do you want to work more with your head and less with your hands for a living? There's help for you—write for it.

SNELL'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, Windsor, N. S.

Marriages.

MUNROE—RICE.—At the Hillsburgh Methodist Church, on the 1st inst., by the Rev. W. C. Brown, Mr. I. B. Munroe, of Kentville, to Miss Minnie, daughter of E. E. Rice, Esq.

MCGOWAN—JARVIS.—At the Manse, Kentville, on the 28th ult., by the Rev. W. P. Begg, John L. McGowan, Dalhousie East, Annapolis, to Ida M. Jarvis, New Ross Road, Kings Co.

Deaths.

BAXTER.—At Karsdale, August 25th, Harriet, wife of Mr. Thomas Baxter, aged 64 years.

WHITMAN.—At North Williamston, August 23rd, Levi Whitman, aged 86 years.

RICE.—At Bear River, on the 28th ult., Lester A. Rice, son of Thomas H. Rice, Esq.

GREAT CLEARANCE SALE!

Commencing August 26.

I wish to say to my customers and the public generally that I have decided to make a change in my business. Will close out my large stock of **GENERAL MERCHANDISE** at a sweeping reduction.

FOR CASH.

Below are a few of the many articles, and prices, viz.:

22 lbs. Bright Refined SUGAR	$1.00
Choice Porto Rico MOLASSES, Im. gal.	47
4 lbs. No. 1 Laundry STARCH	36
3 lbs. SODA BISCUITS	23
PRINT COTTONS, Extra Value, per yd.	6½
DRESS GINGHAMS	6½
PRINTED SATEENS,	12
CHECKED SHIRTINGS	7½
All Wool YARMOUTH TWEEDS, yd.	58
Parks' COTTON WARP, per bunch	1.05
COTTON BATTING, ½ lb. rolls,	8
TOWELLING, per yd.	4½
Large Parlor GLOBE LAMPS from	90

15 PER CENT. DISCOUNT on all Boots and Shoes, Dress Flannels, Crockeryware, Hardware and Glassware.

10 PER CENT. DISCOUNT on General Dry Goods and Groceries

This is a **Genuine Cheap CLEARANCE SALE**, and every article will be found as represented.

T. G. BISHOP.

Williamston, Aug. 24, 1891.

WANTED!

One Car-load Good Pressed UPLAND HAY, consisting of 5 or 6 tons. State price on board car.

Andrew Mack, YARMOUTH.

Yarmouth, Aug. 18th, 1891. 21 3i

I CURE FITS!

When I say I cure I do not mean merely to stop them for a time and then have them return again, I MEAN a radical cure. I have made the disease of FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS a life long study. I warrant my remedy to cure the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a Free Bottle of my infallible remedy. Give EXPRESS and POST-OFFICE.

H. G. ROOT, M. C., 186 ADELAIDE ST. WEST, TORONTO, ONT.

New Advertisements.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is a concentrated extract of Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock, Dipsisawa, Juniper Berries, Mandrake, Dandelion, and other valuable vegetable remedies, every ingredient being strictly pure, and the best of its kind it is possible to buy.

It is prepared by thoroughly competent pharmacists, in the most careful manner, by a peculiar Combination, Proportion and Process, giving to it curative power

Peculiar To Itself

It will cure, when in the power of medicine, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Blood Poisoning, Cancerous and all other Humors, Malaria, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Sick Headache Catarrh, Rheumatism, and all difficulties with the Liver and Kidneys.

It overcomes That Tired Feeling, Creates an Appetite, and gives general, nerve, bodily, and digestive strength. The value of

Hood's Sarsaparilla

is certified to by thousands of voluntary witnesses all over the country whom it has cured of diseases more or less severe. It is sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

N. B. If you decide to take Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to buy any other.

100 Doses One Dollar

COAL! COAL!

JUST LANDED:

300 tons Hard Coal

STOVE AND NUT SIZES.

100 TONS FRESH MINED

OLD MINE SYDNEY.

400 TONS FRESH MINED

GOWRIE MINE COAL,

FROM COW BAY, C. B.

I will deliver the above Coal on cars at a LOW FIGURE. Write for particulars.

Geo. E. Corbitt.

Annapolis, August 25th, 1891. 21 tf

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the firm of DEBLOIS & PRIMROSE must settle by cash or note before September 10th. After that date all accounts will be left for collection.

DEBLOIS & PRIMROSE.

Bridgetown, Aug. 17th, 1891. 29 4i

THRESHING

The subscriber having purchased one of the Celebrated HEEBNER'S & SONS' THRESHERS, will begin to thresh about the 24th inst. Parties wishing work done can govern themselves accordingly.

FOR SALE.—My OLD THRESHING MACHINE, at a bargain.

A. P. DODGE

Middleton, August 17th, 1891. 20 3i

Property For Sale!

The subscriber offers for sale

All His Property,

FRONTING ON VICTORIA STREET,

CONSISTING OF

ONE HOUSE, quite convenient for two tenants, NEW BARN and OUTBUILDINGS and LAND enough for

Three Large Building Lots.

Any one wishing for a bargain would do well to communicate with

CHARLES LEWIS, Bridgetown

19 tf Or to the Editor of this paper.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that ALEXANDER D. CAMERON, of Bridgetown, in the County of Annapolis, Trader, has, by deed of Assignment bearing date the 5th day of August, 1891, assigned to me all his estate and effects in trust for the benefit of his creditors. Said deed is on file in the office of the Registry of Deeds at Bridgetown, and a duplicate thereof lies at my office, where it may be inspected and executed by creditors.

WILLIAM A. CRAIG, *Assignee.*

Bridgetown, August 6th, 1891.

LOOK OUT

FOR

This Space

—OR—

CALL AT

J. W. WHITMAN'S

—*FOR*—

BIG BARGAINS!

NOW ON.

Lawrencetown, Aug. 10th, 1891. 19

HARD COAL!

TO ARRIVE SOON

A Cargo of HARD COAL,

CHESTNUT & STOVE SIZES.

Parties wishing to be supplied will please leave their orders at

H. FRASER'S STORE,

WHERE ALL KINDS OF

Light and Heavy HARDWARE,

PAINTS, OILS, VARNISH, BRUSHES, CEMENTS, GLASS, PUTTY, ETC.,

ARE CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

ALSO,

All Goods required for Carpenters and Builders.

CONSUMPTION.

I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease to any sufferer who will send me their EXPRESS and P.O. address.

T. A. SLOCUM, M. C., 186 ADELAIDE ST., WEST, TORONTO, ONT.

New Advertisements.

WHAT MAY BE FOUND

—IN—

MILLER'S DRUG STORE, MIDDLETON.

A full line of Pure Drugs, Druggists' Sundries, Dyes (Diamond and Turkish), Fancy and Toilet Goods, Perfumes, Plain and Fancy Stationery, Artists Materials, Books, Etc., Etc.

School Books always in Stock.

This Space is Reserved to Advertise Miller's TONIC DINNER PILL (the old formular he has used in his practice for 15 years), for the Cure of Chronic Constipation, Indigestion, and General Debility of the Digestive System, a general Tonic. ALSO:—To advertise Miller's Co-Syrup of Fur Cough Mixture, for the relief and cure of Colds, Bronchitis, Chronic Cough and Incipient Consumption, both of which preparations he is now having manufactured for the market.

S. N. MILLER, M. D.

HEADQUARTERS

FOR

MILLINERY, DRESS GOODS,

AND

TRIMMINGS.

GLOVES, HOSIERY, SUNSHADES,

ETC., ETC.

LADIES' FURNISHINGS A SPECIALTY.

J. H. CHUTE,

MIDDLETON.

July 7th, 1891.

Song Little fortunes have been made at work for us, by Anna Tagg, Austin, Texas, and Jno. Dunn, Toledo, Ohio. See est. Others are doing as well. Why not you? Some earn over $500.00 a month. You can do the work and live at home, wherever you are. Even beginners are easily earning from $5 to $10 a day. All ages. We show you how and start you. Can work in spare time or all the time. Big money for workers. We make the beginning easy. Now is your time. Address at once, H. Hallett & Co., Box 880 Portland, Maine.

New Brunswick & Nova Scotia BAY OF FUNDY S. S. CO.,

(Limited).

THE STEAMER

City of Monticello,

(C. H. FLEMING, Commander.)

WILL ON AND AFTER JUNE 22nd, AND UNTIL SEPTEMBER 10th,

sail daily, Sunday excepted, from the company's pier, St. John, at 7.30 a.m. local time, for Digby and Annapolis, connecting at the former with the Western Counties Railway for Yarmouth and points West, and at Annapolis with the Windsor & Annapolis Railway for Halifax and points East, returning, due at St. John 6.30 p.m.

HOWARD D. TROOP, Manager, St. John.
J. S. CARDER, Agent, Annapolis.

THE IMPROVED PARAGON CLOTHES DRIER,

ORIGINAL PATENT, JULY 8th, 1890.

Patent applied for on the following improvements:

The Automatic or self-fastening.

Band around pole inside of cap-ring.

Slot in cap-ring and pin in pole to prevent Drier from lifting.

Solid iron pin and socket at the base of pole.

With these improvements (which are essential to bring the DRIER up to the standard of usefulness and durability) the

IMPROVED DRIER

becomes a perfect machine.

By the adoption of the Automatic or self-fastening (which is reliable and durable) a child can open and close it.

The pin which passes through the slot in cap-ring to prevent the Drier from lifting when being opened, or in heavy winds, is a very important and reliable improvement.

Also the band around the pole, which prevents the pole from wearing when rotating with the wind.

The solid pin and socket at the base of pole is beyond question the neatest and most substantial, giving the base of the pole a neat and finished appearance.

We feel confident that the improved Drier will be a welcome visitor to every household in our land.

The usefulness is beyond question. The price and terms will be placed within the reach of every family.

The IMPROVED DRIER will be sold by our agents or direct from the factory.

☞ Agents in every Province and County in the Dominion wanted.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY

Sulis & Whitman,

AT BRIDGETOWN, N. S.

NOTE.—We have a few of our old stock with thumb-screw, without our improvements, on hand, which we will sell in order to close out at 20% discount.

18 tf SULIS & WHITMAN.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that all accounts due the estate of Alexander D. Cameron will require to be settled at once, as the Estate must be closed.

WILLIAM A. CRAIG, *Assignee.*

Bridgetown, August 10th, 1891. 19 tf

TENDERS!

Tenders will be received at the office of the Clerk of the Municipality of Annapolis up to SATURDAY, AUGUST 29, instant, at noon, for supplying the following articles for the

ALMS HOUSE

AT

BRIDGETOWN,

FOR THE TERM OF TWELVE MONTHS FROM

SEPT. 1st, A.D. 1891.

FLOUR:

ACADIAN or its equivalent, per bbl.

CORN MEAL, Kiln dried, per bbl.

OAT MEAL, Best Quality, per barrel.

Groceries:

Molasses, per gallon, per hogshead, Barbadoes. Brown Sugar,