WITNESS TELLS OF MASSACRE OF JEWS

Inhabitant of Bialystok Reaches Berlin and Describes Recent Outrages.

OFFICER SALUTED RIOTERS

Authorities Had Planned and Prepared For Three Days Pillage.

BERLIN, June 22.—An inhabitant of Bialystok, Russia, who was present during the entire massacres there and who has arrived in Berlin has given the German Hebrews Aid society the following account of the recent events there. June 14th was the fortieth anniversary of the compulsory adhesion of many Catholics to the Orthodox church and a celebration of the event was elaborately planned. The police and military were fully armed, apparently preparing for a conflict. Though there were no visible enemies, the Jews became alarmed and sought hiding places.

"On Thursday processions of orthodox Russians and Catholics to the churches began, and were apparently passing without incident. Later an uproar began at one part of the procession, and the rumor spread that the Jews had thrown a bomb into the crowd, and were tearing a Russian priest to pieces. The crowd shouted 'down with the Jews' and thereupon roughs armed with clubs entered the nearest Jewish houses and brought the inmates out, destroying whatever they found within.

"The military in the meanwhile began firing upon the houses of prominent Jewish townsmen. Jews were hauled from their houses beaten to death and their bodies mutilated beyond recognition.

"The streets were soon filled with dead and wounded, the latter groaning frightfully. The Jewish shops in the vicinity were meanwhile plundered. Furniture, mirrors and pianos were demolished and the remnants thrown into the streets.

Action Was Concerted.

"The first bomb rumor was started among the members of the orthodox procession and almost simultaneously, as if by a concerted signal, the rumor reached the Catholic procession in another street, that the Jews had thrown two bombs. Here there were the same terrible effects for the Jews as with the orthodox procession.

"Ruffians under the protection of the police and military who hurriedly arrived on the scene, rushed into the Jewish houses, killing all who fell in their way, the soldiers, in the meanwhile firing into the Jewish houses on the opposite side of the street.

"After the roughs had finished plundering, one side of the street they began on the other, the troops then turning their rifles against the side already plundered. This process was carried out in Linden and Tikerhin streets and in the market places.

"Some of the officers encouraged the rioters and soldiers in their bloody work while other officers ordered them to desist, but they were seldom obeyed.

Commandant Saluted Rioters.

"One officer ordered a number of murderers to leave a place, but they argued that the governor had given up the Jews and their shops for three days' plunder. General Bogajeffsky, commander of the garrison, politely returned the rough cheers and shouts with a military salute and another officer congratulated them upon their festival, the rioters answering with vigorous cheers.

"The leaders of the plunderers were not only policemen, but included many officials of the Imperial bank. Some of the Christian population, chiefly judges, expostulated with the rioters, police and soldiers on their un-Christian-like work, and exhorted them to suspend murdering and plundering, but they were not listened to.

"The excesses continued until a late hour at night, all the Jewish houses and shops in the suburb of Bojari being plundered and demolished.

"On Thursday night Bialystok presented a warlike scene. One heard incessant rifle firing lasting till five in the morning.

To Check the Massacres.

"About nine o'clock the next morning, Dr. Reigrotzky received a telegram from M. Branson, a member of the lower house of parliament, saying that Interior Minister Stolypin the previous night had telegraphed to the authorities to check the massacres immediately. Dr. Reigrotzky showed the despatch to an official, who angrily answered: 'We know ourself when to re-establish order. Do not imagine that you Jews have the Jewish dictatorship of Bialystok.'

"The excesses were resumed at 10:30 by a policeman at the head of 30 roughs who fired upon a certain house saying, 'brothers the Jews have been shooting from this house.'

"The roughs threw paving stones through the windows and the troops fired volleys at the house. The rioting did not cease until M. Stchepkin arrived Saturday afternoon."

DEPUTIES GROW BOLDER.

Members of Russian House Accuses Ministry of Murder and Robbery.

St. Petersburg, June 22.—The discussion of Interior Minister Stolypin's explanations was resumed in the lower House of parliament today. The radical orators were given the floor first.

A Georgian member offered on behalf of the Social Democrats, who have organized into a regular group, a resolution holding the administrative officials guilty of murder, robbery and violations of law and demanding the prosecution as accessories of the ministry, which the resolution declared has been sheltering their agents and preventing an exposure of the conditions by the press.

He supported his resolution in a long speech describing the manner in which General Alikhanoff had carried fire and sword into the Caucasus and arraigning the administration of Viceroy Vorontseff-Dashkoff. He did not attack Minister Stolypin personally but the system for which he stood.

LOCK CANAL FOR PANAMA

U. S. Senate Finally Accepts Type as Proposed by Minority Board.

Washington, June 22.—When the hour arrived for taking the vote on the canal type in the United States senate today, Mr. Hopkins offered his substitute providing for a lock canal. Senator Kittridge moved to lay the substitute on the table, but the motion was lost. The substitute was then agreed to. It is as follows: That a lock canal across the Isthmus of Panama, connecting the waters of the Atlantic and Pacific oceans be erected of the general type proposed by the minority of the board of consulting engineers, created by order of the president, dated June 24, 1905, in pursuance of an act entitled an act to provide for the construction of a canal connecting the waters of the Atlantic and Pacific oceans approved June 28, 1902.

DRUNK WHEN SHIPPED.

Man Accused of Deserting From Ship Vellore is Released.

More evidence regarding workings of those who supply sailors to ships at Mainland ports was brought out at New Westminster on Thursday when Magistrate Corbould released John Henley, charged with deserting from the ship Vallore.

Mr. Angus Mund, local shipping master, testified that Henley signed articles in his office on the 18th in the presence of himself and the captain and seemed to be sober at the time. The next day Henley made his appearance and asked to be relieved as he had never been on a sailing ship, and was under the impression when he shipped that the Vallore was a steamer.

Capt. Corneliussen stated that Henley had been brought to him from Vancouver by Mr. E. B. Martin, and after signing articles Henley was ordered to go aboard. The captain was not entirely conversant with the particulars of the escape, but his mate had informed him that when Mr. Martin prepared to pull away in a small boat about half an hour after Henley and two other new men had been placed on board, Henley jumped into the small boat with him. They could not get him to remain, so he was allowed to come ashore.

The captain pointed out the loss he had sustained through Henley's refusal to remain on board. "I paid Martin $10 for securing the man," said the captain, "and paid other small expenses."

He was asked about the advance note that Henley was alleged to have received.

"Mr. Martin has that," said the captain. He also informed the court that it could be cashed and charged up to the company operating the Vallore five days after they get out of port, if Henley goes aboard, and will be charged by the company to Henley. The captain said he did not know whether Martin had given anything to Henley for the advance note, but he (the captain) had given the advance note to Martin.

In his own behalf Henley said he was drunk all through the proceeding leading up to the arrival on board. He never had been on a sailing ship, and in fact had fired on a steamer all his life. Henley also stated that during the time of his spree prior to reaching the ship he lost $45. He further stated that he had not received anything in the nature of an advance.

The outcome of the proceedings was the release of the sailor, who is an old man and was evidently not familiar with life on sailing ships.

AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANIES BLACKLISTED

Coast Bankers Associations Secure List of Those Repudiating 'Frisco Claims.

TACOMA, June 22.—(Special).—At a session this morning of the Washington Bankers' association committee appointed to confer with the state insurance commissioner and compile a list of the fire companies that cannot meet their obligations resulting from the San Francisco disaster and a list of companies that seek to evade payment of losses. These lists will be furnished every banker in the state. J. H. Albers, president of the National Capital bank, Salem, Oregon, stated that Oregon bankers would take a similar action. N. B. Coffman, of Chehalis pleaded for the insurance companies, stating that most of them were trying to meet their obligations. George H. O'Brien, cashier of the American National bank of San Francisco replied that the movement had no sting for honest companies, that most of the companies trying to evade payment were more scared than hurt. The association's action will result in a black list of delinquent insurance companies in Washington.

San Francisco's Losses

San Francisco, June 22.—Eleven of the fire insurance companies whose licenses to do business in California are open to cancellation because of their refusal to either furnish the state insurance commissioner with a complete list of policies or sign the stipulation granting an additional sixty days to the policy-holders for the filing of proofs of losses yesterday declared that their companies would stay in California and settle the losses until they were driven out. These companies are the American, of Boston; American of Philadelphia; Concordia Delaware, Dutchess, Globe and Rutgers Germania, Girardy, New York; Spring Garden and West Chester. The American of Boston and American of Philadelphia will, it is said, settle as best they can and retire from insurance business.

THE PREMIER'S VISIT.

Hon. Mr. McBride Takes Trip Through Constituency Addresses Meeting.

Westminster Junction, B. C., June 22.—(Special).—Premier McBride took advantage of his annual visit to his own constituency of Dewdney to cross the river to Chilliwack yesterday and drove through a large portion of the valley, and last night there was a largely attended meeting at Henderson's hall and the premier's account of good work accomplished by the government received a very hearty commendation. A. Lester Coote, presided and by invitation C. Munro, M. P. P. and J. D. Taylor of New Westminster also spoke. The premier is visiting the lower part of Dewdney today and will return to Victoria tomorrow or next day.

HAAKON AND HIS QUEEN CROWNED

Impressive Ceremony Was Completed in Trondhjem's Ancient Cathedral.

A HANDSOME COUPLE

The Entire Nation Join in Acclaiming the New Sovereigns.

TRONDHJEM, Norway, June 22.—It was a noble ceremony with which King Haakon VII and Queen Maud today were invested with the crowns of Norway. The time, the circumstances and memory gave the occasion a peculiar solemnity that produced an impression throughout the proceedings. The short white night merged into a cold, sunless day and scarcely a sound save the tramp of soldiers, the roll of carriage wheels and occasional shouts broke the silence until all the city bells announced to the awaiting assemblage that the royal family had left the palace and were proceeding to the cathedral. Already the ancient edifice lighted by festoons of electric globes was thronged with a brilliant company. Representative Norwegians, visiting princes and princesses, noblemen, diplomats and distinguished foreigners and magnificently uniformed officers of the armies and navies of the world occupied places on the front benches. At the right of the aisle and near the apse within which stood the throne, facing the high altar sat today's great man of Norway, Michelsen, in company with the grizzled statesmen forming his historic cabinet.

At 11 o'clock the members of the cabinet in company with leading Norwegian clergymen, with the officiating bishops marched down the long aisle of the church

To Await the King and Queen.

in the pavilion covering the entrance Ten minutes later, while a shaft of light shot through the cathedral as the great portal was thrown open the organ with a crash of melody began to pour forth the weird strains of the national anthem. The vast audience arose to receive the youthful sovereigns, who marched slowly down the long nave under the red and gold of the imperial banner. After the sovereigns had taken their places upon the dais the clergy in white robes disposed themselves in a semi-circle around the altar. The music caused the Bishop of Trondhjem arose and read the first lines of a hymn the import of which was: "In the name of Jesus, all things must be done."

Led by the organ, orchestra and chorus the audience sang a melody that might have been written for a sacrificial rite of the Norsemans ancient barbaric faith. The King with a printed programme in his hand joined in the singing.

After the confession and Te Deum, the Bishop of Christiania delivered an impressive sermon through which ran a clear note of courage and happiness. After the service the first part of the cantata was rendered, King Haakon, preceded by the chief of the royal household, walked to the throne.

He Was Grave and Dignified.

His long purple and ermine robe was borne by five young naval officers. Beside him walked his military staff, one bearing the royal standard, a medieval picture in strange contrast to the dress coats and varied colored toilets of the Twentieth century assembly. During the investiture, the silence of the spectators was accentuated by soft music from the organ. After anointment and prayer the crown finally was placed upon the head of the King by Premier Michelsen.

As King Haakon walked down the long aisle to the dais, wearing the crown and carrying the spectre and orb, women wept and men also were moved. Once more the orchestra and chorus broke into music and Queen Maud accompanied by one lady in waiting and three maids of honor advanced towards the throne, she looked regal in a robe of gold moire embroidered with silver and pearls. She wore a collar of diamonds. The crowning ceremony having been repeated Queen Maud returned to her seat, bowing to the people on either side. The Bishop of Bergen announced the benediction and the president of the Storthing proclaimed the completion of the ceremony.

The coronation ceremonies, which were very elaborate were conducted by the Bishop of Trondhjem assisted by the leading cabinet ministers and chief justice of the supreme court.

After the announcement of his majesty by the bishop, the latter and Prime Minister Michelsen jointly placed the crown on his head, after which Foreign Minister Loveland and the bishop jointly handed him the sceptre. After a prayer offered by the bishop, the latter and Interior Minister Arctander jointly handed the King the orb and later War Minister Olsson and the bishop handed the sword of state to his majesty. These ceremonies were followed by the benediction.

The King having taken his seat on the throne, the Queen was crowned by the same high personages and in a similar manner. The ceremony throughout was impressive.

When the newly crowned King and Queen returned to their throne after the Episcopal benediction all the royal guests and special ambassadors saluted their majesties with deep reverences.

At the termination of the proceedings the president of the Storthing called out "God save the King and Queen" and the whole distinguished company heartily took up the cry.

Grouped around the King's throne during the ceremony were the Crown Prince and Crown Princess Christian of Denmark, Prince Harold, of Denmark and Prince Henry of Prussia, while about the Queen's throne were the Prince and Princess of Wales. Princess Victoria of England and Grand Duke Michael of Russia.

On their return to the palace, the King and Queen received the congratulations of a deputation from the Storthing and the members of the government.

The vast throng outside the palace broke out into hearty cheering in response to their majesties appearing at a window still wearing their coronation robes.

The ceremony of crowning King Haakon and Queen Maud was striking and sombre in its simplicity. There was no unfortunate attempts at decoration to mar the grandeur of the background furnished by the granite of the noble cathedral and the grey light of a cloudy day fell aslant from the upper windows upon two red gold canopied thrones raised against the fluted columns in the center of the nave, while the white and grey bunting used to cover the unfinished portions of the building was scarcely apparent in the soft shadows of the long nave.

Their majesties looked exceedingly well and took a lively interest in every part of the impressive ceremony. King Haakon joined in singing the hymns and closely followed the printed libretto of the orchestra choir, which gave a splendid interpretation of Halversen's characteristic Norwegian music.

Nothing occurred throughout the ceremony to cause the principal participants the slightest uneasiness.

Queen Maud looked attractive in her royal robes and diamond collars. She bowed graciously on either side when she advanced to the throne to receive her crown. The Queen and her ladies in waiting were simply gowned. There were no court trains and they had no feathers in their hair. There were few elaborate toilettes among the audience.

At the state dinner at the palace tonight there were 350 guests including all the visiting princes and princesses, members of the special embassies and legations, members of the Norwegian cabinet, leading officers of the army and navy and prominent citizens and their ladies.

Premier Michelsen toasted King Haakon, who responded.

Crowds outside the palace watched and cheered the arrival and departure of the guests.

GAZETTE NOTICES

Some Minor Appointments—Nelson Barrister Suspended for Month

In yesterday's issue of the British Columbia Gazette the following appointments are mentioned: Louis Dixon, of Telegraph Creek to be a justice of the peace.

The Honorable Robert Garnett, Tatlow, Minister of Finance to be acting Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works during the absence of Honorable Robert Francis Green.

J. H. Patterson, of Skeena Canon, Cassiar to be a deputy mining recorder for the Omineca mining division, with sub-recording office at Skeena Canon.

John Simpson, deputy mining recorder at Poplar to be acting mining recorder at Trout lake for the Trout lake mining division during the absence of F. C. Campbell, mining recorder.

Constable Arthur Nightingale of Duncan to be chief license inspector for the Cowichan license district.

Certificates of incorporation have been granted to the Crystal Glass Co. Ltd., The Pipers Hull, Co., Ltd., and the Skeena River Navigation Co. Ltd.

The secretary of the Law society of British Columbia gives notice that at a meeting held June 7, the following resolution was duly passed: 'Upon reading the complaint made by John Elliot against Sydney Stockton Taylor, K. C., a barrister and solicitor of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, and Mr. Taylor appearing in person and admitting that he wrote the letter of the 1st of February, 1904 and subsequently taking a transfer of the property mentioned in the case of the Centre Star Mining Co., Ltd., v. Rossland Miners' Union, No. 38, Western Federation of Miners et al., reported in (1905) 11 B. C. 194; and upon hearing Mr. Taylor in explanation of said letter and transfer:

"Resolved, that after careful consideration of the said complaint the Benchers are of opinion that the said Sydney Stockton Taylor has been guilty of professional misconduct in the premises, and that he be suspended from practice as a barrister and solicitor of the Supreme Court of British Colombia for one month from the 7th day of June 1906."

About Female Ailments

Not Hard to Cure If Properly and Promptly Treated.

Ask any intelligent physician what causes nine-etuahs of all female disease, even including anaemia, nervousness and consumption.

Back comes the answer quick and sharp "Constipated Bowels."

There is scarcely a single female ailment that had not in its earlier stages symptoms of constipation.

How much better off the system is without the poisonous accumulations caused by constipation. How much clearer the complexion, how much fresher one feels when the system is pure and clean.

Think it over yourself.

Isn't it apparent that a bowel regulator and liver stimulant like Dr. Hamilton's Pills is sure to do good?

Gay spirits, good looks and happy health have returned to many a sick woman through Dr. Hamilton's Pills.

Better get a few boxes today; purely vegetable, free from injurious ingredients, healthful and antiseptic. Dr. Hamilton's Pills will assist you in a thousand ways.

As delay is always dangerous, your plain duty is to follow the example of Mrs. P. Rowe, who sends the following letter from Gravels, Port Au Port, Newfoundland: "Four years ago I got kidney and bladder trouble. I thought it was 'female trouble' and treated it accordingly. Even my doctor in St. John said it was so.

"In reading about Dr. Hamilton's Pills I noticed symptoms like mine and I bought six boxes. These pills went right to work on my sick condition and helped me from the first. My supposed female trouble, which was bladder disease, was cured. My weight increased eight pounds and never before was I as well as today. Dr. Hamilton's Pills did it all."

All dealers sell Dr. Hamilton's Pills, 25c. per box or five boxes for $1.00. By mail from N. C. Polson & Co., Hartford, Conn., U. S. A., or Kingston, Ont.

THE THIN MAN'S DANGER.

He can't resist disease germs—that's why he's such a mark for consumption. In this land of plenty thinness is wickedness, especially when it's so easily overcome with Ferrozone. This remarkable tissue builder makes you fat quickly; it does so by forming blood that's rich, nourishing and health-giving. Ferrozone supplies the nutriment needed by worn-out nerves, rapidly constructs muscle and fatty tissue. The form fills out, the cheeks redden, proving that weight is being added. To be well and stay well, use Ferrozone. Fifty chocolate coated tablets in a box for fifty cents or six for $2.50 at all dealers.

THE DAY AT THE FEDERAL CAPITAL

Civil Service Staff in the Yukon Subjected to the Pruning Knife.

RAILWAY SUBSIDIES IN SIGHT

Over Nine Millions to be Paid For New Construction This Year.

OTTAWA, June 22.—(Special).—Hon. Mr. Oliver announced the services of the following officials at Dawson are to be dispensed with: N. A. Watt, assistant corresponding clerk; G. Petre, quartz recorder; A. H. Povas, T. D. MacFarlane, G. L. Heureux, L. G. Bennett, clerks in gold commissioner's office; J. F. Sugrue, mining inspector; H. M. Martin, crown timber agent; P. F. Genest, draughtsman; M. Berand, assistant mining engineer. Mr. Foster declared that the territory was over governed and official ridden.

The refusal of the Dawson court to grant Graham Campbell a copy of the evidence taken in the charge against him of assaulting Frank Slavin was warmly condemned by Messrs. Sproule and Borden. Sir Wilfrid Laurier said if any injustice had been done to Campbell it should certainly be investigated. The Yukon estimates were taken up by the Commons this morning. Hon Mr. Oliver said the total was $318,750 for 9 months. A reduction of $24,000 has been made in salaries and allowances.

Railroad Subsidies

Railway subsidies for all routes covering 2,885 miles were submitted in the Commons tonight. There are 43 resolutions in all, representing on a basis of a minimum allowance of $32,000 per mile, a total of $9,320,000. Among western subsidies are the Western Alberta company from the boundary northwesterly towards Anthracite 50 miles, the Kootenay Central from Golden to the boundary via Windemere and Fort Steele, crossing the Crow's Nest railway near Elk, 186 miles; Kettle River Valley from Grand Forks up the North Portal, 50 miles.

Revelstoke becomes a custom port on July first. The outports of Ashcroft, Golden, Kamloops and Vernon are detached from New Westminster and placed under Revelstoke. King's Gate becomes an outpuu under Nelson.

PROCEEDINGS FOR CONTEMPT.

Improper Advertisements of Judgment in Patent Suit.

Ottawa, June 12.—Before Judge Burbidge of the Exchequer Court, the Copeland-Chatterson Company of Toronto moved for an order for the commital of Victor Guertin of the Guertin Printing Company, Montreal, for contempt of court, for publishing certain advertisements alleged to be in breach of the injunction judgment pronounced against the Guertin Printing Company in the patent suit of the Copeland-Chatterson Company in March last, and to be misrepresentations of the effect of the judgment of the court.

On argument of the motion, Guertin's counsel admitted that the advertisements were improper, and upon his undertaking on behalf of Mr. Guertin not to publish further advertisements of a similar, objectionable character, the motion to commit was not pressed.

STEAMSHIP DISASTER

Wreck of Sloop Near Ladysmith Magnified Considerably by Writer.

Some time ago news was given in the Colonist of the loss of a small Ladysmith sloop, the Lucy Jane, owned by Capt. Milhenny, who was on board with a small boy as his only companion. The captain swam ashore, supporting the little fellow. For some time past, Seattle newspapers have been printing wild and wierd tales of alleged happenings in the cities of Vancouver Island and vicinity, telegraphed by a New Westminster correspondent with a wierd imagination. The New Westminster correspondent's methods are illustrated by the manner in which the wreck of the little sloop is magnified into a steamship disaster, as follows: "New Westminster, June 21.—Special to the Post-Intelligencer.—The steamer Lucy Jane, Capt. Milhenny, ran on a rock at the entrance of Howe sound yesterday and sank after hanging balanced on the rock for nearly an hour. The captain and crew took to the life boats and succeeded in getting safely away. The Lucy Jane had been plying up and down the coast in connection with shell gathering for the Brackman-Ker Milling company here for several years."

THE COASTING TRADE.

Marine Paper Says There is no Authority for Suspension Law.

The Pacific Marine Review, a shipping paper of Seattle, addressed a letter recently to the commissioner of customs of Ottawa in which the editor wrote:

We have the honor to respectfully request that you will kindly inform us under what statute and section the governor in council is empowered to suspend in favor of American vessels the application of the coasting laws in respect of cargo, carried between Vancouver and the Canadian Yukon via Skgway, Alaska, U. S. A.

With the consolidated statutes of Canada before us, we fail to discover any authority for the suspension of the coasting laws, except in favor of "ships or vessels of any foreign country in which British ships are admitted to the coasting trade of such country."

Mr. McDougald, commissioner of customs, in reply, acknowledged the receipt of the letter and said:

"In reply I am to state that I do not desire to enter into a discussion of this matter at present."

PRESIDENT'S EXPENSES

Washington, June 22.—The senate passed the bill allowing $25,000 a year for traveling expenses of the President.

SHORT CIRCUITED LIVE WIRE.

Syracuse, N. Y., June 22.—Harry C. Wright, of No. 17 Dewey place, Brooklyn, was electrocuted at Fayatteville today. He caught hold of a guy wire which had been crossed with a live wire.

FIRE POLICIES CANCELLED

New York, June 22.—Fire underwriters have cancelled every policy covering the $20,000,000 of merchandise in the American Dock and Trust company stores at Tompkinsville Staten island. Three fires there within three weeks from May 25 to June 11, destroyed $1,000,000 worth of cotton hemp and jute. The American Dock and Trust company is one of the oldest and best known stores in this port.

EASTERN COLLIERIES RESUME

Seven Thousand Additional Miners Will Start Work Monday.

Dubois, Pa., June 22.—The Buffalo and Susquehanna Coal company, employing several thousand miners, signed the wage scale today, and will resume operations at all of their plants next Monday. The company has mines in Jefferson, Armstrong and Indiana counties.

The Rochester and Pittsburg and the Clearfield and Jefferson Coal and Iron companies are now the only firms in this region still standing out against the miners.

GRAND LODGE A. F. and A. M.

Installation of Officers Completes Work of the Session.

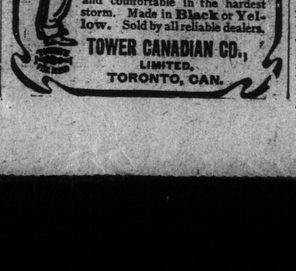
The sessions of the Grand Lodge of the A. F. and A. M. which have been held in this city closed last night. At 10:30 in the morning the installation of the new officers took place, and that closed the real business of the session. At 1:15 yesterday afternoon, the B. C. Electric Railway had in waiting, three of their large open cars and the visiting delegates along with their wives and the members of the Victoria lodge were taken to Esquimalt. Here the cars made a stop, allowing the visitors to visit the dry dock and inspect the salvaged steamer Mariechen, a good view of the Olympic mountains was also had from the Royal Roads. After a stay of several minutes the party journeyed to Oak Bay, and almost as if for the occasion, Mount Baker was to be seen in one of the clearest atmospheres. The party over and over again expressed admiration at the scenic beauty of Victoria and vicinity. Last evening a new departure was made, in place of having the usual banquet, which was a trip to the Gorge Park. Four special cars left the corner of Government and Yates street and conveyed the delegates to the resort which is Victoria's pride, and the delegates were full of praise, not only for the reception committee on arranging this new excursion, but to the Tramway company for the way in which they have used the natural park. They were surprised to see the illuminations and the picturesque spot around the bandstand, not having any idea that our city possessed such spots of real beauty, and their words of praise were in their estimation, altogether insufficient. They were pleased at the courtesies of the Tramway company, and vote Victoria the prettiest city that they ever visited. The band had been engaged for the occasion and the grounds were fully illuminated. They arrived back in town about 10:30.

RUSSIAN MINISTRY MUST BE CHANGED

Report of Findings of Committee Sent to Investigate Jewish Butcheries.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 22.—At a crowded meeting of the constitutional Democratic clnub tonight Deputy Steckchopkin reported the findings of the committee of the lower house of parliament, which went to Bialystok to investigate the facts in connection with the anti-Jewish outbreak there. According to this report the police with subordinate officers of the police and military provoked the people by the circulation of false rumors against the Jews. The governor of Bialystok though not directly connected was said to have been criminally guilty of prolonging the excesses by absence from his post. The governor washed his hands of the affair not knowing the attitude of the officials at St. Petersburg and absented himself from the scene without giving orders. That the government concerning the excesses is not questioned, but the local police assumed that the ministry would not punish those who participated in the outbreak. It is this two-faced attitude of the government M. Stechepkin asserted which was principally responsible. The report concludes: The ministry must be changed and one must be chosen from the majority in parliament or otherwise Russia will fall to the level of Persia and Turkey and ultimately come under the tutorship of a really uncivilized government."

The apprehension of an impending outbreak at Gomel was increased today by a telegram from residents of that city to Deputy Vinauer stating that a bomb has been discovered in the house of a leader of the revolutionary league of Paris.



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The Celebrated English Cocoa.
EPPS'S
An admirable food, with all its natural qualities intact. This excellent Cocoa maintains the system in robust health, and enables it to resist winter's extreme cold.
COCOA
The Most Nutritious and Economical.

FISHERIES COMMISSION.

A Private Session Held at Vancouver on Wednesday Morning.

Yesterday afternoon the fisheries commission appointed by the Dominion government to look into the conditions surrounding the industry in this province, resumed its sittings in the form of an executive meeting, which was held in the Hotel Vancouver yesterday afternoon, says the Vancouver News-Advertiser. The sitting was a private one, but it is understood that the commissioners considered the evidence given at the public sittings held here last year. No decision has yet been reached on any of the points brought to their notice at that time. One point forcibly urged at that time was that fish trap licenses were being hawked about and sold to the highest bidder, and no doubt the commission will make some representation to the government under that head. At yesterday's session Mr. J. C. Brown of New Westminster presented to the commission petitions from the Fraser river fishermen and from the Fraser River Canners' association, which are understood to practically embody the complaints made by both these bodies at the public sittings of the commission. These will probably be considered when the commission meets again at 11 o'clock this morning.

The commission will remain here for about a week, and the members will then go North to make a personal inspection of the fishing grounds while the season is on. They will visit the salmon fisheries of the Skeena and Naas rivers, and will probably also investigate conditions in the halibut fisheries. They will follow the season to the south and inspect the Fraser river fisheries some time about the middle of July. No public sittings are likely to be held at present.

THE CRIMPING CASE.

The recent crimping case at Vancouver, B. C., in which Deputy Shipping Master Horace Sims, of boarding house fame, cuts a strange figure, is now the subject of official inquiry, says the Pacific Marine Review for June: The shipping paper says: It developes that it is to some extent a put up job by one Barney Martin, another boarding house keeper of ill repute, and his lawyer, in revenge for failure to secure the appointment as deputy shipping master at the port of Vancouver. We think the Dominion government could find more respectable deputies than either. We hear that Sims, who claims to be a Canadian, was appointed on the understanding that if he secured the appointment, Sims & Levy at Port Townsend, would be less active in securing desertions of crews on vessels loading in Burrard inlet, to reappear on vessels outbound from Puget sound.

For the benefit of several who inquire under what authority Sims acts, we publish the recent amendment to the Canadian Seamen's Act as follows:

"An act to amend the Seamen's Act. Assented to 20th July, 1905, His Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:

"1. Sections 16 and 18 of the Seamen's Act, chapter 74 of the revised statutes, shall not apply to shipping masters or deputy shipping masters in British Columbia.

"2. In the province of British Columbia every shipping master may, with the approval of the minister of marine and fisheries, appoint not more than two deputy shipping masters to assist masters of vessels in the securing of crews.

"3. Every such shipping master and deputy shipping master may, until otherwise provided by the governor in council, take and receive from the master of any vessel any remuneration agreed upon between them for the hiring or supplying of seamen for any such vessel, not exceeding ten dollars for any seaman hired or supplied.

"4. Notwithstanding the next proceeding subsection, the sum which the owner or master of a ship engaging or discharging a seaman in a shipping office in British Columbia may deduct from a seaman's wages under section 17 of the Seamen's Act, shall not exceed what it would be if section 16 thereof were in force in that province."

NEWS NOTES THE DOM

Ottawa Is Alarmed at Dumping of Bad Me Montreal.

LACROSSE IN THE

Long Militiaman Can Hospital Cot Big En For Him.

OTTAWA, June 23.—The cabinet today dec vide a contract for of steel rails for the trans railway between the Sydney tablishments.

Roche, (Marquette), will secure the object of the Ma ernment to expropriate tele in the province by the inse general clause in the railway federal government declined the request of the Manitoba to pass special legislation.

Ottawa people have becom at the report that Montreal dumping diseased meat into Inspectors made the round of and seized a large quantity veal, pork and poultry.

The Canada Gazette co Miners' Lien ordinance ado memorial of the Yukon coun ing the enactment of the la wage earners of the Yuko adequate and proper security tection of their wages.

The minister of finance notice of a bill to amend th Transcontinental Railway la lates to the form of security government have exacted—a $5,000,000 in cash or approv ment securities.

Newman Andrew Fuller, Max Ferdinand Keller, miner Howe Walsh, detective; Rusfe Hildebrand, merchant, and Ch Tabor, barrister, Dawson, haw corporated as the Canadian Bureau with a proposed capita 000, and the head office at Da

Legislation will be enacted sion to regulate the sale of pa cines and protect people again fake and injurious goods.

It is believed here that the will put a line of steamers on fic to Australia which will time of passage three days. boats will be equal to the steamers on the Atlantic.

Annual Report Issued

Montreal, June 23.—The an port of the Dominion Iron a company was issued today. It surplus for the year of $663,56 the year of $653,594.

George Fisher, an employe Dominion Cartridge and Po died in the general hospital th ing as the result of injuries re an explosion at the company at Brownsburg last night.

The lacrosse matches today as follows: Shamrocks 8, Na The game at Toronto, Tecu Capitals, 3.

Unknown Man's Suici

Niagara Falls, June 23.— unknown man shot himself brink of the horseshoe falls Victoria park last evening. pearance is that of a well-to of refinement.

Tall Mans 'Discomfor

London, June 23.—Private 'I Lawrence of Guelph, very seven feet nine inches tall been attending the militia c taken to the hospital last n appen dicitis. It is said there cot long enough to accomm patient.

A Sensational Report

Toronto, June 23.—The We lishes a sensational report f gara camp to the effect that of 4th regiment jabbed a m the 37th with a bayonet w effect. The story lacks con

Premier Tweedie May R

St. John, N.B., June 23.— Tweedie and Attorney-Gener ley, of the provincial governm said to be contemplating from active politics.

Winnipeg Wirings

Winnipeg, June 23.—The S crosse team, champions of t L. A. ,and aspirants for the M honors defeated Winnipeg her 6-3 before a crowd of about watched the game in spite o zling rain. The champions m to extend themselves and th was a surprise to the specta A bar association was here tonight.

Winnipeg, June 23.—Robert Co., millers and grain mercha terday received reports from points throughout Manitoba, S wan and Alberta, regarding tion of crops. They were al formly of a favorable chara where damage was reported case went over three per cent about equally divided among much rain and cut worms.

Majority of reports stated were in splendid condition a week to two weeks earlier year according to sections he A few points in Alberta repor later than last year.

Murder in Boundary

Grand Forks June 23.—(S Word has reached here of brutal murder having just oc Ferry Washington by a gambl Kid Rogers who kicked and dance hall woman to death. der occurred at the Ferry h citizens of Ferry and Midw thoroughly aroused and it was that an attempt to lynch hi be made but the murderer g self up to Deputy Sheriff McC Ferry and was protected by iff who sat in front of the g a loaded revolver and threa shoot the first one that atten assault .Last night the murd taken to Republic for trial und guard. Indignation all throu Boundary is at fever heat a the most brutal murder in th of the Boundary. Before the er was taken to Republic last an inquest was held on the of his victim and it was foun sary to have a heavy guard tect the prisoner. The murd without provocation.