

London Advertiser

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LONDON, SATURDAY, OCT. 12.

A FLAG INCIDENT.

In Cedar Grove, New Jersey, the other day, the son of a British subject resident there was expelled from the high school, because he refused, on his father's instructions, to pledge allegiance to the Stars and Stripes. It seems there is a local regulation for Cedar Grove schools that all pupils shall do this. The regulation is absurd, and is so regarded by the influential American press. In fact, the local school board has rescinded the order of suspension, pending an appeal by the boy's father to the British consul. It may be all very well that boys and girls should be asked to salute the flag of the country, but their taking an oath seems a piece of solemn nonsense. The authorities of Cedar Grove can hardly be possessed of the sense of humor which characterizes Americans in general. The voice of the higher press makes it quite certain that Cedar Grove, like the heathen Chinee, is peculiar, not representative of the country at large, in its school management. Canadian journals who think it is make a mistake.

Some of our newspapers show a disposition to sneer at a cheap brand of patriotism in a New Jersey town. We have to confess the same sort of thing in this country. It is amusing that the very people who fly into a fit of rage over the foibles of our neighbors are apt to turn round the next minute and tell sober, sensible fellow-Canadians that they would be all the better for more of the "American" species of patriotism, as they call it. An incident like that in Cedar Grove ought to be a mirror to some of our "patriots" of their own turbulence or stupidity.

At the last Dominion election there were some choice manifestations of a loyalty that consisted in coarse insult to the foreigner. But coarseness was not all. Meanness, beneath contempt, was added, when loyalty was paraded by financial interests for gain. We have "loyalists" who take "the last refuge" of which Samuel Johnson spoke. Thousands of decent people were cheated and rounded up on spurious appeals to sentiment, and are sorry for it now. It is a good thing to see Cedar Grove misbehave, if it may awaken self-knowledge and consciences at home.

THE LATE SIR CHARLES MOSS.

There will be sincere sorrow throughout the province over the death of Sir Charles Moss, chief justice of Ontario. His brother, the late Hon. Thomas Moss, who at the time of his death was also chief justice of Ontario, and who died a comparatively young man, was regarded as one of the most brilliant men in Canada. He early attained a very prominent position at the bar, and became a member of the firm of Harrison, Osler & Moss. The late Sir Charles Moss and Sir Glenholme Falconbridge afterwards joined the firm. All of them became judges of the high court: the Hon. R. A. Harrison as chief justice of the Queen's bench; Hon. F. Osler as judge of the court of appeal; Hon. Thomas Moss and Sir Charles Moss, as chief justices of Ontario.

Sir Charles Moss was surrounded during his whole professional life by the best lawyers in the province, and became soon one of the soundest among them. In early life he was one of the examiners at Osgoode Hall. After his brother's elevation to the bench he stepped up to take the place vacated by him in the firm, and well maintained its popularity and standing. On one occasion he contested one of the ridings of Toronto in the Liberal interests, and it is believed that if he had been elected he would have become attorney-general and leader of the Liberal party, and as likely as anyone to follow Sir Oliver Mowat and fill the place as well as he did.

Not long after he accepted the position of chief justice of Ontario, and in that capacity served the province very ably. On the bench he was kind and patient in his manner. His whole experience had qualified him well for the post, and his natural disposition and even temper made him all that could be desired. He did his full part to maintain the high regard in which the administration of justice is held in this province, and which is the most important department in the government of any country.

PINCHING THE FARMER.

From all parts of Ontario come reports of large shipments of cattle to the United States. Is it any wonder when the top price at Toronto is \$8.25 per hundredweight, and at Chicago \$11? The Live Stock World of Chicago says of the importation of Canadian cattle:

"Their presence, despite a heavy duty, is easily explained. Toronto and Winnipeg are relatively much lower than Chicago or Buffalo, and owners can pay the impost profitably. Chicago has received consign-

ments of Ontario cattle this week; others have gone to eastern markets and, after paying duty, they have beaten Canadian prices 50 to 75 cents per cwt.

"When Canada rejected reciprocity it turned down a good thing, at least for the Canadian cattle raiser." Perhaps some of the professional patriots will explain how a farmer's loyalty is enhanced by taking out of his pocket 25 1/2 per cent. of the cost of every steer he sends across the line. There were two grounds of attack on the reciprocity agreement. One was this: the American market is useless, and a free exchange would flood the Canadian market with American products, thus intensifying competition. The other ground was this: the currents of trade will be made to flow northward and southward, thus destroying inter-provincial trade, and sapping the political independence of this country.

These two contentions are mutually destructive. The first has been proved false by the facts of the market. As to the second, Canadian products are flowing southward in spite of the tariff, and in spite of the defeat of reciprocity. The only difference is that the Canadian cattle raiser in Ontario, like the western wheat grower, is getting less return for his capital and labor. Economically and politically, the case against reciprocity has been torn to shreds by circumstances. It never had a real leg to stand on.

When the Roblin Government wants to get a political opponent out of the road, it simply puts him in jail.

The present exodus of Canadian cattle to the United States is, from Canada's point of view, an improvement on the exodus of people which drained the country before 1896.

Mr. Frapp, M. P., Ottawa, says that since his election a year ago he has interviewed over 3,000 persons looking for jobs. On the whole, Mr. Frapp, with the aid of the Government, has fed the hungry sheep fairly well.

In the main this policy (the British preference) has had the support of the Conservative leaders and the Conservative journals. There is not now, nor has there ever been, any proposal to abolish or impair the preference.—Toronto News.

Does the News forget its campaign to double, or nearly double, the duties on British woollens? Lord Roberts, aged 80, intends to visit Canada next year. He was here two years ago, but the ordeal of speech-making drove him from the field for the first time in his victorious career. Canadians must spare the veteran when he comes again. To kill him with kindness is no kindness to him.

The Liberal party of Australia, which includes all the groups opposed to the Labor-Socialist party now in power, has declared for an insurance act on the Lloyd George pattern in the belief that it is an antidote to socialism. In the old country the act is blindly denounced by the party which pretends to see socialism in all Lloyd George's measures.

The cartoon in the previous edition, picturing the public utilities commission as snoring, should have been more accurately labelled. It had no reference to any local body, but was applicable to the Ontario railway commission, the most useless appendix of any government on earth, past or present. Perhaps it caught its somnolent habits from the Seven Sleepers, with whom it is domiciled at the Toronto Castle of Indolence.

EGYPT TO PRESERVE EGRET.

Mr. Duguid, director-general of the department of agriculture, states that the department is interesting itself in the propagation of the white egret, which is a great worm destroyer. Unfortunately, owing to the trade that is carried on in its feathers, the species had become rather rare in Egypt. A law has now been passed prohibiting the shooting of the bird, with the result that while in the beginning of the year there were only 800 white egrets at Simbela, there are now about double that number.

INTELLIGENT PIGS IN NEW JERSEY.

[Lower Creek correspondence Salem (N. J.) Sunbeam.] Do animals reason? Well, a Lower Creek farmer's hogs, pastured in a pear orchard, apparently do, for they take turns in going to long hanging limbs of the pear trees, grasp with the mouth a limb containing pears, sit on their haunches and shake it until the pears fall, which the other hogs come and eat.

DEER TOO FAT TO HUNT.

[London Daily Mail.] The wild deer in Devon and Somerset, owing to the abundance of good food, have become too fat to provide the followers of the Devon and Somerset stag-hounds with good sport.

AN ILLINOIS ROLLING STONE.

[White Hall (Ill.) Register.] After an absence of four years, Henry Stone has come back to town and again is in charge of Sam Edwards's delivery wagon.

PREPARED FOR PERIL.

[Newark News.] "Have you made your will, John?" "Yes, mother." "Have you oiled and loaded your revolver?" "Yes." "And put on your bullet-proof jacket?" "Yes." "Is your prayer-book in the pocket over your heart?"

"Then go where duty calls you, dear." There were no tears in that brave mother's eyes as she watched her son march away on his business trip to New York city. The women of the suburbs learn Spartan sternness in these hard, murderous days.

HE BELONGED.

[Everybody's Magazine.] The accomplished and obliging pianist had received several selections, when one of the admiring group of listeners in the hotel parlor suggested Mozart's Twelfth Mass. Several peo-

ple echoed the request, but one lady was particularly desirous of hearing the piece, explaining that her husband had belonged to that very regiment.

[Chicago Record-Herald.] "Do you believe in Platonic friendship?" he asked.

"Not," she replied, "as long as there is a chance for anything else."

"SALUTING THE FLAG" IN SCHOOL.

[New York World.] An arbitrary and unjust seem an unwise exhibition of authority has been made by the school officials of Cedar Grove, N. J., in expelling from the high school a pupil of Canadian parentage who refused to swear allegiance to the flag at the class-room exercises. The youth was willing enough to salute the flag, but as the son of a citizen of another country he properly declined to pledge an allegiance he could not conscientiously perform.

Why should compulsion have been put upon the lad to show himself a hypocrite? Incalculating respect for the flag in school children is a commendable thing. But the question of a pupil's citizenship has nothing to do with his right to go to school, and to make that right depend on professions of loyalty by the children of subjects of other nations is beyond the province of school regulations. There is altogether an unwelcome hint of professional patriotism in this drastic enforcement of flag rules as a part of school discipline.

JEWELS.

[Exchange.] Her hair was gold, her teeth were pearls, Her lips were ruby red; She was a jewel of a girl, And had an ivory head.

THE NEW LAW.

[Chicago Record-Herald.] "Every man, I believe, is supposed to be innocent until he has been proved guilty."

"No, sir, you're wrong. Every man is supposed to be innocent, until he has been denounced by the colonel."

SOME MONEY.

"Is there any money in poultry?" "You can get pretty good prices for chickens killed by lightning, but you have to keep a sharp lookout."

HESITATES.

[Minneapolis Journal.] Many a man is so afraid of being hurt that he hesitates to put his best foot forward for fear of stubbing his toe.

THE PITH OF HIS SPEECH.

[Columbia State.] Colonel Roosevelt said in part: "Liar!"

CAUTION.

[Chicago Record-Herald.] "Bribery is always very cautious about the statements he makes."

"Yes. He had occasion the other day to refer to Shakespeare, whom he called 'the greatest English poet, according to many good judges.'"

NO USE.

[Chicago Record-Herald.] "Do you think the Government will succeed in reducing the cost of living, even if it makes an investigation?"

"It may, but I doubt it. My wife is always able to find plenty of things we can't afford."

BALD JACK ROSE

(Continued From Page One.)

Shal and Becker in the Elks' Club at a New Year's celebration. Mrs. Rosenthal was present. Becker said to Mrs. Rosenthal, according to the witness: "Now, don't worry, Herman and I have a thorough understanding. He is my friend, and I am his friend, and his troubles are all over."

Rose said he met Becker again at his house and at the Union Square Hotel, when Becker told him, he said, the details of the alleged partnership in the operation of a gambling house between Becker and Rosenthal.

"Becker," continued Rose, "said Herman had made a proposition to him that he go into partnership with Rosenthal in running a gambling house, and had asked him to invest \$5,000 in it. I said no one ever made any money in the gambling business with Rosenthal."

Becker, however, continued witness, did not agree and made a proposition to allow Rose to take a 25 per cent share in the business of the proposed establishment. Becker took a \$2,500 mortgage on Rosenthal's property and arranged for a "dummy" to hold the mortgage.

Rose said Rosenthal objected to interference in the place, and Becker threatened to raid it.

Witness spoke slowly, choosing his words with evident care. He told of conversations with, and interviews with, police lieutenant inquired what were the profits of the gambling house. "I reported to him on one occasion that the house had made several thousand dollars," said Rose.

Rose told me to tell Rosenthal to send him \$500. I went to see Rosenthal, and Rosenthal said he wouldn't give it because he thought he had not had a square deal on the mortgage.

"I told Becker, and Becker said that just as soon as his attention was called to that place he would raid it. He told me to tell that to Rosenthal. I told Rosenthal, and he said: 'You tell Becker he can't raid this place unless he gets the proper evidence, and he can't get it because I know all his men.'"

"So that's his attitude, is it?" said Becker, when I told him this. "All right," I'll tell him."

"Later Rosenthal complained to Becker that policemen were still stationed in front of his place, and said he was sore because his wife's nephew was taken in the raid."

Rose said his next meeting with Becker was at his own house.

An Australian Lady's Impressions of Europe

[By Special Arrangement With the Winnipeg Telegram.]

We Canadians know all too little of the literature that is constantly being produced by our cousins in Australia. It is only when an Australian writer produces a book upon some world topic that we are apt to see anything of his or her work. Ethel Turner (Mrs. H. R. Curlew) is well-known in Sydney as a writer of entertaining fiction, but her new book, "Ports and Happy Havens" (Hodder & Stoughton, London), ought to bring her into touch with a large public not only in the mother country but in Canada and the United States. It records her impressions of Italy, Switzerland, Germany, Holland, Belgium and France. As the book is not a very large one, the author has had to content herself with thumbnail sketches of the leading points of interest. But she has managed to crowd into the book an astonishing quantity of interesting material. She is not afflicted with the literary vice of her sex, discursiveness, so that every sentence has epigrammatic force. Nothing could be further removed from the dreary, humdrum guide-book style of travel narrative than this brisk and original volume.

What lends peculiar charm to this book is its point of view. Here we have an Australian lady, accompanied by her husband and children, on her first trip to Europe, of whose glories she has dreamed since childhood. To look at Rome, Florence, Amsterdam and Paris through her keen eyes is indeed a delight. Ever so often a Canadian will be gratified as he realizes the patriotic pride of this Australian cousin. The first time that she realized that she was obtaining a new glimpse of the greatness of the British Empire was when her ship was passing the Suez Canal.

A large ship came overboard and she describes the passing in the picturesque paragraph: "I recently had dinner on the bridge of a ship, and as we passed the Suez Canal, I saw the great ships of the world, and as it reaches the sea, it is a sight to see."

As to the Suez Canal, she writes: "It is a sight to see, and as it reaches the sea, it is a sight to see. It is a sight to see, and as it reaches the sea, it is a sight to see."

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OPEN AS USUAL TONIGHT

Handkerchiefs

COLORED HANDKERCHIEFS for fancy work in rose and paisley designs, light colors. 2 for..... 25c
IRISH LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, hemstitched, all pure linen. At, each 5c, or a dozen..... 57c

Silk Ties, 20c

Silk Crepe de Chine and Poplin Ties, fringed ends, all new shades. 35c values at..... 20c
New Silk Bow Ties, tassel ends, all colors. Each..... 25c

Alarm Clocks

24 only Alarm Clocks, good time-keepers, reliable alarm. Usually \$1.00 each. On sale tonight..... 59c

Ribbons

25 pieces Duchess Satin and Pure Tulle Ribbons, 5 inches wide; beautiful qualities for millinery purposes; hair bows and sashes; a large variety of colors. Regular 75c quality. On sale tonight at a yard..... 19c

Boys' Sweaters

Heavy Worsted Wool Sweater Coats for Boys. At..... 50c and 65c
Full stock of Women's and Children's Sweaters.
(239 Dundas street Store.)

J. H. Chapman & Co., 239 and 243 Dundas Street

that she had dreamed. Even in the darkness the narrow, black, alleyways did not look very romantic, and the air was cold and heavy with the odor of decay—fish, vegetation, water, she could not quite decide. She learned to enjoy Vienna more the longer she stayed there, but she does not gush over its beauties. And, after all, this is the great value of her travel sketches. If she has an eye for the loveliness of Europe she sees also its squalor and misery. Whether she describes St. Peter's, or the Bridge of Sighs, or Haarlem, or the city of tulips, or the field of Waterloo, she indulges in no fervid rhetoric, but gives you the impressions of a fresh-hearted, sane, acute observer.

ALDERMEN ARE "BOOKED SOLID" FOR NEXT WEEK

Meetings Enough to Occupy Every Night Are Scheduled.

The coming week will be a busy one for the aldermen, meetings every day being slated.

On Monday evening, the special committee dealing with street lighting will hold a session, at which City Solicitor Meredith will be present. Several phases of the hydro-electric act will be discussed.

In August, when there will be a special meeting of the city council to name Mr. Brazier acting city engineer, in order to go ahead with the investigation of the city's water supply.

On Wednesday evening No. 3 committee will meet, and on Thursday the board of works will solve their weekly problems. On Friday the finance committee will convene.

Ald. Coles will also get the city hall committee together if he can find an opening, and possibly others will hold sessions.

It looks like another big week.

CONGREGATIONAL BODY 75 YEARS IN LONDON

Present Anniversary Recalls Early History of Its Labors.

The present anniversary of the First Congregational Church recalls that the church was established in London as far back as June, 1837, when the Rev. Wm. Clark began preaching to the Congregationalists in the old Grammar School near the courthouse.

Afterward they met in a large room on Dundas street, placed at their disposal by a Mr. Farr. The church began to grow, and soon a building was erected on Richmond street where the three Free office now stands, and later a church edifice on the north side of King street, a little east of Wellington street, was for many years the home of the congregation.

In August, 1876, the present building was opened, and dedicated. The church has given of her life to all the churches of the city, and many of their best workers were trained in the First Congregational Church Sunday school. The Congregational Church has a place in the life of this beautiful city, and is sanguine of a full and free service for her Master for the future.

Seventy-five years of service have been given ungrudgingly, and although the membership is not as large as formerly, the members are not ashamed of a proud history.

Among those who have served in the pastorate may be named Revs. Wm. Clark, Edward Ebb, John Durrant, W. F. Clark, R. W. Wallace, H. D. Foster, B. A. Ayward, Dr. W. J. W. Pedley, H. C. Oakley, D. S. Hamilton. The present pastor, Rev. H. D'Arcy Whitmore, came to the pastorate at the unanimous call of the church on April 1 of the present year.

A new railway in Mexico, the Durango-Llano Grande road, is expected to make available the vast quantities of iron ore in the Cerro Mercado, or Iron Mountain, which is estimated to contain 800,000,000 tons of iron ore. This has not been profitable to mine heretofore because of its inaccessibility.

CHAPMAN'S Fall Weight Hosiery

WOMEN'S LLAMA CASHMERE HOSE (yellow label), seamless feet, reinforced throughout; two weights—light weight for fall wear, and heavy winter weight; size 8 1/2 to 10. At, a pair..... 50c

WOMEN'S COLORED CASHMERE HOSE, medium weight, in tan, cardinal and white. At, a pair..... 50c

OUR SPECIAL—WOMEN'S MEDIUM-WEIGHT CASHMERE HOSE, fine quality, seamless feet; sizes 8 1/2 to 10. At, a pair 35c; 3 pairs..... \$1.00

WOMEN'S 1x1 RIB CASHMERE HOSE, fashioned seamless feet, reinforced in necessary parts; many women like fine-ribbed hose. At, a pair..... 50c

Children's Ribbed Cashmere Stockings

ASK FOR No. 423.

Mothers know this splendid wearing ribbed Cashmere Stocking, and ask for it by number. Fine 1x1 rib, black, all-wool cashmere, spliced knee and seamless feet; sizes 6 to 8. Get number 423 next time for the boys and girls. Priced according to sizes..... 35c to 50c
(Hosiery Dept. in our 239 Dundas street store—West Door.)

Flannelette Night Gowns

WOMEN'S FLANNELETTE NIGHT GOWNS, high neck and long sleeves, stripes, white or pink. Special at..... 59c

WOMEN'S FLANNELETTE NIGHT GOWNS, pink or white, tucked yoke, and neck trimmed with flannelette embroidery. Special at..... 75c

EXTRA SIZE WOMEN'S FLANNELETTE NIGHT GOWNS, made of good quality flannelette and trimmed with flannelette embroidery; kimono or high neck; long sleeves. Special at..... \$1.00
(239 Dundas street store—West Door.)

J. H. Chapman & Co., 239 and 243 Dundas Street

BOTH ARMIES ARE LOSING HEAVILY IN BALKAN WAR

Turk Forces Offering Stubborn Resistance To Advance of Montenegrins.

ENGLISH NURSE SENDS STORY OF FIRST FIGHT

Says the Mountaineers Carried All Before Them Driving Back Turk Lines.

London, Oct. 12.—The Turkish troops on the Montenegrin frontier are offering stubborn resistance to the Montenegrin advance on Scutari, according to the latest advices from Podgoritz.

The fighting has been of the most severe character both armies losing heavily.

The Montenegrin army is advancing in two columns, one commanded by Crown Prince Danilo, of Montenegro, operating to the north of Lake Scutari, and the other commanded by General Martinovitch, having its base at Antivari, to the south of Lake Scutari.

A Daring Operation.

The southern movement is generally regarded in military circles as a daring operation, as each wing has great obstacles to its progress in the southern fort at the confluence of the Boyana and the Drin Rivers.

According to reports from Cetinje, Montenegro, the Montenegrin army, operating to the north of Lake Scutari, the battle at Detitch Mountain some of the field guns became unworkable owing to lack of skill of the gunners, which soon put the mechanism out of order.

The Montenegrin infantry, however, proved admirable.

Heavy Losses.

The heavy fighting involved in the attacks by the Montenegrins on the forts at Schipchick Hill, Rogame and Branya