Sold everywhere. 25 cents.

£2 + :	
THE	LOCAL MARKET.
A M HAMI	LTON & SON'S REPORT.
	London Tuesday, Feb. 20.
Wheat, white	e. per bu78c to 80c
Wheat red	ner hil
Oote non his	410 10 420
Peas, per bu	

THE MARKETS.

Buckwheat per bu......55c to 58c Very little grain came in today, and orices were steady and unchanged.
Only a few oats offered.
Hay was scarce, and sold at \$10 for ood and \$950 for poor.
Quotations as given below are based on latest transactions:

GRAIN. Wheat, white, per 100 lbs. 130 Wheat, red, per 100 lbs.... 130 Wheat, white, per 100 lbs. 1 30 @ 1 33
Wheat, red, per 100 lbs... 1 30 @ 1 31
Oats, per 100 lbs... 1 21 @ 1 23
Peas, per 100 lbs... 1 15 @ 1 35
Corn, per 100 lbs... 1 10 @ 1 12
Barley, per 100 lbs... 1 10 @ 1 15
Beans per bu..... 80 @ 1 00
Buckwheat, per 100 lbs... 1 10 @ 1 20
Rye, per 100 lbs... 1 10 @ 1 20
Rye, per 100 lbs... 1 10 @ 1 15 HAY AND SEEDS.

FOR HOUSEKEEPERS. There was an exceedingly small attendance of farmers at the market here this porning. The light offerings is partly due to the bad roads and the fact that farmers as a rule have very little produce to sell. We need not expect any large attendance till Easter.

Hay and Straw-Only about 10 loads on sale, and as yesterday's offerings were light, the priced advanced 50c to \$1 per ton, selling at \$9 to \$10 per ton; the demand is good.

Butter and Eggs-The offerings in this line are light, with prices as quoted; there is an excellent demand for both butter and eggs.

Apples and Vegetables-Very few of the first-named article on sale; prices are unchanged.

Potatoes-More plentiful, and prices are inclined to be easier; 70c per bag was paid for a couple of choice loads. Poultry-In fair supply, at 11c to 12c per lb for turkeys; geese, ducks and chick-

ens hold their own, with prices steady. Dressed Hogs-About 30 on sale; mostly at \$7 50 to \$7 75 per cwt, and in a few instances \$8 per cwt was paid. Live Hogs-Mr. D. McIntyre paid \$5 75 per cwt, for about 100 choice hogs, which he shipped from here yesterday.

Meats-Firm: the supply is fair. Wool-Easier in price; washed selling

at He to 12c per 10; unwashe	a at	oc r
7c per lb.		
WHOLESALE DEALERS'	PRI	CES.
Eggs, store lots, doz 18	0	20
Butter, crock, per lb 17	0	18
Butter, creamery, lb rolls 20	0	21
Butter, store lots 15	0	17
VEGETABLES.		
Potatoes, per bag 70	0	80
Onions, per bu 78		1 00
Celery, per doz 30	9999	40
Savory and sage, doz 20	0	20
Mint, per doz 18	0	15
Parsley, per doz 18	0	25
LIVE HOGS.		
Hogs, small, per pair 400	9	6 00
21085, Billan, Per parising	*	

Hogs, select, per cwt.... 575 @ Hogs, light, per 100 lbs... 550 @ Hogs, singers, per 100 lbs... 575 @ Hogs, heavy, per 100 lbs... 576 @ DRESSED HOGS. Dressed hogs, light...... 750 Dressed, 100 lbs, selects... 750 Dressed, 100 lbs, heavy.... 500 DAIRY PRODUCE. Butter, lb rolls, baskets.. 20 Butter, crock, lb.
Butter, crock, lb.
Butter, creamery, lb.....
Butts, store lots...
Eggs, doz, basket lots...
Eggs, doz, new laid....
Honey, per lb.
Cheese, per lb, fetail...

Lard, per lb. wholesale POULTRY. Geese, per lb...... Turkeys, per pair Chickens, per pair...... Hens, per pair, live..... MEATS, HIDES, ETC. per lb...... 5 @ carcases

Calfskins, green.....

Tomato SEED Should be started now, in a sunny window or hothouse.

Hamilton's near King St

OIL MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Feb. 24.-Oil closed OIL CITY, Pa., Feb. 24 .- Credit balances, \$1 15; certificates, no bid. LONDON, Feb. 24.—Petroleum, American refined, 615-16d; spirits, 6%d. ANTWERP, Feb. 24.-Petroleum, 17 francs 50 centimes. BREMEN, Feb. 24.-Petroleum, 6

PITTSBURG, Pa., Feb. 25.—Oil opened at \$1 15.

TORONTO HAY MARKET.

Toronto, Feb. 24.—Baled hay—There is a good demand and a steady market; No. 1 timothy on track here brings \$10 50; medium sells at \$8 50 to \$9 50; on the board of trade on call \$10 25 was bid this morning for two cars of No. 1 timothy or track here but there were no sales. on track here, but there were no sales. Baled straw—Demand is good and the Baled straw—Demand is good and the market steady, with fair offerings; prices are steady at \$550 on track here. AMERICAN MARKETS.

CHICAGO, Feb. 24.-Grain prices tumbled at the opening of the board of trade today. Then the bears gave them trade today. Then the bears gave them a vigorous push and everything went downhill and struck low level with a pretty hard bump. The warm weather and prospects of grain in plenty was the cause of the slump. May wheat closed with a net loss of 1%c, May corn 1½c, and May oats 1¼c. Provisions lost 2½c to 1%c here. Local receipts of wheat were 11 cers, 1 of contract grade; Minneapolis (three days) and Duluth (two days) reported 2% cars, making a total for the three points of 947 cars, against 555 cars last Monday and 626 cars last year. Primary receipts for tomorrow and three days were 1,056,000 bu, compared with 633,000 bu last Monday and 754,000 bu last days were 1,056,000 bu, compared with 633,000 bu last Monday and 754,000 bu last year. Seaboard clearances in wheat and flour equaled 229,000 bu. The seaboard reported 20 loads taken for export. Estimated receipts for tomorrow: Wheat, 65 cars; corn, 235 cars; oats, 325 cars; hogs, 37,000 head.

218, cont. 20 cars, odes, 25 cars, 1088, 37,000 head.

The leading futures closed: Wheat—No. 2. May, 75%c to 75%c; July, 75%c to 76c; Sept., 75%c. Corn—No. 2. May, 59%c; July, 59c; Bept. 580 to 58%c. Oats—No. 2. May, 59%c; July, 34%c; Sept., 30c to 30%c. Mess pork—May, \$15.55; July, \$15.70. Lard—May, \$3.772; July, \$9.50. Short ribs—May, \$8.42%; July, \$8.52%; Sept., \$8.62%.

Cash quotations: Flour easier. No. 3 spring wheat, 70c to 74c; No. 2 red, 73c to 75c. No. 2 oats, white, 43c to 44%c; No. 3 white 424c to 44%c; No. 2 rye,

58%c to 59c. Fair to choice malting barley, 60c to 63c. No. 1 flaxseed, \$1 65; No. 1 northwestern, \$1 70. Prime timothy seed, \$6 30 to \$6 40. Mess pork, \$15 30 to \$15 35; lard, \$9 17½ to \$9 20; short ribs sides, \$8 25 to \$8 40; dry saited shoulders, 7½c to 7½c; short clear sides, \$3 70 to \$8 80. Clover, contract grade, \$9. Eggs panicky and broke badly; fresh, 23c.

Receipts (three days)—Flour, 53,000 bbls; wheat, 100,000 bu; corn, 256,000 bu; oats, 278,000 bu; rye, 5,000 bu; barley, 89,000 bu. Shipments (three days)—Flour, 53,000 bbls; wheat, 162,000 bu; corn, 93,000 bu; oats, 177,000 bu; rye, 10,000 bu; barley, 30,000 bu.

DETROIT BEAN MARKET.

Detroit, Feb. 25.—Beans are easy and a little lower. Quotations: Cash, \$1 55; May and June, \$1 53 asked.

THE DAIRY MARKETS. NEW YORK, Feb. 24.-Butter-Weaker; receipts, 6,990 pkgs; creamery extras, per lb, 29c; do, firsts, 27c to 28c; do, seconds, 25c to 26c; do, lower grades, 22c to 24c; creamery, held fancy, 24c to 25c; do, firsts, 22c to 23c; do, seconds, 20½c to 21½c; do, lower grades, 18c to 29c; state dairy tubs, fresh finest, 26c to 27c; do, fall, made, best, 22c, to 23c; do, fail, to Barley, per bu53c to 55c

firsts. 22c to 23c; do. seconds, 20½c to 21½c; do. lower grades, 18c to 29c; state dairy tubs, fresh finest, 26c to 27c; do, fail-made best, 22c to 23c; do, fair to good, 19c to 21c; do, lower grades, 16c to 18c; western imitation creamery, fancy, 23c; do, firsts, 20c to 21c; do lower grades, 16½c to 18c; western factory, fresh fancy, 20c; do, choice, 19c to 19½c; do, fair to good, 17c to 18c; do, held, choice, 17½c to 18c; do, fair to good, 16½c to 17c; do, lower grades, 15c to 16c; rolls, fresh, choice, 19c to 20c; do, common to prime, 15c to 18c; renovated butter, fancy, 16c to 22½c; packing stock, 15c to 17c. Cheese—Easier; receipts, 1,061 boxes; state full cream, small fall-made colored or white, fancy, 12c to 12½c; do, fall-made, choice, 11½c; to 16½c; do, good to prime, 10¼c to 11¼c; do, common to fair, 7c to 9%c; do, large fall-made fancy, 11c to 11¼c; do, choice, 10½c to 10%c; do, good to prime, 9½c to 10½c; do, common to fair, 7c to 9c; light skims, small choice, 9½c to 10c; do, fair to good, 6c to 7½c; do, common, 4c to 5c; full skims, prime, 8c to 8½c; do, fair to good, 6c to 7½c; do, common, 4c to 5c; full skims, sc to 3½c. Eggs—Firm; receipts, 4,419 cases; state, Pennsylvania and nearby, uncandled, 35c; western do, best, 35c; do, fair to good, 34c to 34½c; do, fair to good, 34c to 34c; dirties, 32c.

LIVERPOOL

Abraham Hodgson & Sons' Liverpool dairy produce report, week ending Feb. 14, 1902: Cheese—Although country dealers must be low in stock, and stocks here in importers' hands are being reduced, owing to continued small shipments, which are at the moment only about half the present consumption, there has not been, sufficient improvement in the demand to combit helders to advance in price; there enable holders to advance in price; there is a quiet, steady trade doing all the time, and the market is steady at our quotations, with a firm tone; English-made, of finest quality, is very scarce and dearer, and unless shipments from America increase, prices will probably advance before long. Finest colored and white Canadian (westerns), September and October makes, 48s 6d to 49s 6d; Eastern Canadian, Octobers, cold and close, 48s; finest New York State, white and colored, September and October and colored, September and October makes, 48s to 49s; Augusts, cold stored, dy, but clean flavor, well kept, offered 46s; older cheese, full creams, 40s to ; half-meats, mild, 35s to 42s, as to

Butter-We have had very severe weather-hard frost, fog and snow-interfer-ing with both continental supplies and home-made butter; prices for Danish and New Zealand, Australian and Canadian about 2s to 3s per cwt; with higher prices reported from the continent and from Canada and the States, the market is very firm at the moment of our quotations, and the general scarcity may be a price of the price of put up prices further temporarily; mean-while the improved position, as regards both price and scarcity of stock, applies to all grades, both for table and confectionery purposes; as the season advances the usual spring change is anticipated. Today's quotations are: Finest fresh-made Canadian creamery, in 56-lb boxes, made Canadian creamery in 56-lb boxes, 104s to 107s; fine Canadian, just below fancy, 100s; June creamery, States, in good demand at 88s to 95s; imitation creamery, 80c to 85s; ladles and Canadian old dairy, 68s to 75s; finest Danish, in Kiel casks, 115s to 118s; finest Siberian scarce, nominal, 90s to 100s; confection-

LIVE STOCK MARKETS. MONTREAL, Feb. 24.—There were about 550 head of butchers' cattle, 40 milch cows, 45 calves and 30 sheep and lambs offered for sale today. The butchers were out strong and trade was good, but prices were lower all round. Prime beeves sold at 51/4c per lb; medium stock, 33/4c to 43/4c; milch cows were sold aboving the coult round of the day. during the early part of the day, al-though some of them were superior milkers, for which from \$50 to \$55 were the prices asked; two superior veal calves sold for \$26, or near 6c per lb; the others sold at \$250 to \$8 each; sheep, 34c to 34c; lambs, \$425 to \$475 per head; 34c to 34c; lambs, \$425 to \$475 per head; fat hogs, \$44c to 64c for good straight lots, weighed off the cars; shippers paid 34c to 44c per 1b for large bulls.

NEW YORK, Feb. 24.—Cattle—Receipts, 4.289; steers slow and 10c to 15c lower; bulls and cows firm to a shade higher; steers, \$520 to \$640; bulls, \$325 to \$462%;

cows, \$2 30 to \$4 15; cables weak; export comorrow, 550 cattle. Calves—Receipts .464: steady but slow; yeals, \$4 50 to \$8 50 1.464; steady but slow; veals, \$450 to \$850; little calves, \$4 to \$450; barnyard stock, \$3 to \$350; fed calves, \$3 65 to \$4. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 11.417 head; 36 cars on sale; sheep firm; choice sheep higher; lambs steady; sheep, \$375 to \$550; choice, \$565; lambs, \$550 to \$675; 1½ cars at \$680; culls, \$450 to \$5. Hogs—Receipts, 8,417; steady; state and Pennsylvania hogs, \$640 to \$660; western nominal. \$6 40 to \$6 60; western nominal.

EAST BUFFALO, Feb. 24.—Cattle—Receipts, 4.250 head; slow and all grades lower, except fat handy butchers, which higher: prime heavy steers, \$6 25 to \$6 50; good to choice shipping, \$5 50 to \$5 80; fair to extra fat cows, \$3 75 to \$4 50; canners and common, \$2 to \$3 50; mixed canners and common, \$2 to \$50, finite butchers, \$3 75 to \$4 65; fair to choice heifers, \$4 50 to \$5 80; export bulls, \$4 25 to \$4 50; veals, \$6 50 to \$5 50. Hogs—Receipts, 71,000 head; slow and lower for all but pigs, which were steady, but closed weaker; Yorkers, \$6 20 to \$6 30; light do, %6 to \$6:10; mixed packers, \$6:30 to \$6:40; choice heavy, \$6:40 to \$6:50; pigs, \$5:60 to \$5:80; roughs, \$5:50 to \$5:75; stags, \$4 to \$4:50. Sheep and lambs—Supply, 18,000 50. Sheep and lambs—Supply, 18,000 ead; fairly active, and good lambs 5c 10c higher; sheep steady; choice lambs, to 10c higher; sheep steady; choice lambs, \$6 40 to \$6 50; good to choice, \$6 10 to \$6 35; culls to fair. \$6.05: sheep, choice handy wethers, \$5.40 to \$5.65: common to extra. \$4.60 to \$5.25; culls and common, \$3.25 to \$4.50; mixed export ewes and wethers, \$5 to \$5.25; yearlings, \$5.65 to \$5.75; all

CHICAGO, Feb. 24.-Cattle-Receipts. 400; good to prime steers, \$650 to \$725; oor to medium, \$4 to \$650; stockers and feeders, \$2 50 to \$4 85; cows, \$1 25 to \$5 65; heifers, \$2 60 to \$5 50; canners, \$1 25 to \$2 30; bulls, \$2 50 to \$4 60; calves, \$4 50 to \$6 75; Texas fed steers, \$4 50 to \$5 75. Hogs—Receipts, 48,000; mixed and butchers. \$5 90 to \$6 65; good to choice heavy, \$6 25 to \$6 45; rough heavy, \$6 to \$6 25; light, \$5 80 to \$6 10; bulk of sales at \$5 95 to \$6 25. Sheep—Receipts, 11,000; good to choice wethers, \$4 75 to \$5 30; western sheep and yearlings, \$4 25 to \$6; native lambs, \$3 75 to \$6 60; western lambs, \$5 25 to \$6 60. eders. \$2 50 to \$4 85; cows. \$1 25 to \$5 65;

to \$6 60. London, Feb. 24.-Here and at Liverol trade is dull, and cattle are weaker pool trade is dult, and tatte are weaker at from 12c to 13c per lb, dressed weight; refrigerator beef is quoted at 101/4c to 11c

HOW TO CURE ALL SKIN DIS-EASES.

Simply apply Swaynes Ointment. No internal medicine required. Cures tetter, eczema, itch, all eruptions on the face, hands, nose, etc. leaving the skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are possessed by no other remedy. Ask your druggist for Swayne's Ointment. Swayne's Ointment.

Territory of the Antilles has been suggested as the American name for the Danish West Indies. the Danish West Indies.

DEATH COMES TO ALL.—But it need not come prematurely if proper precautions are taken. "An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," and to have prevention at hand and allow a disease to work its will is wickedness. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil not only allays pains when applied externally, but will prevent lung troubles resulting from colds and coughs. Try it and be convinced.

80 PERSONS WERE ON HER

French Sailing Vessel Given Up Mr. Charlton Introduces as Lost.

British Liberals Have a Good Chance to Win in the Near Future, Says a Well-Informed Unionist.

Calais, France, Feb. 25 .- The maritime authorities here have posted as lost the sailing vessel Jules Jean Bapwhich has been long overdue. There were 80 persons on the vessel, including 60 passengers, mostly working peo-

A LIBERAL HOPE IN TAXATION. London, Feb. 25.-The prevailing depression on the Liberal side is regarded by practical politicians as unreasonable. One of the best informed Unionists has admitted to me that a reform of taxation, both imperial and local, is the great question on which the partties are likely to divide in the near future, and that the Liberals may return to power sooner than anybody now expects, if the ministers are unable to adopt a practical policy for lightening the burdens of the people ith moderate noomes. The most inuential class in he community is that with incomes ranging from £700 to int of exhaustion and is ripe for a volt against the ministry, if their

ourdens are increased. NO INQUIRY INTO WAR CON-

TRACTS. Pressure upon the government for thorough investigation into remounts and purchase contracts of all kinds for the army is steadily increasing. Lord Lords Tweedmouth, supported by Spencer and Rosebery, contended in the lords that a strong prima facie case has been made out already for an inquiry of a sweeping nature. Lord Salisbury turned a deaf ear to all the demands of the united opposition. Mr. Brodrick is under fire daily in the commons on the same question, Mr. Labouchere being among the surest and most persistent marksmen. Ministers are also menaced with the revolt in their own ranks, unless they face the music and take adequate measures for disclosing the mismanagement in the various branches of the military service. They have been playing with this serious subject in the absence of

effective opposition. BLOCKING SALE OF CANAL. Kingston, Jamaica, Feb[25 .- A letter received here from an important business house at Carthagena, Columbia, says that a large number of influential people, including merchants, are turning to the support of the Liberals, through conviction that the present government of Colombia is doing all possible to block the sale of the Panama Canal property to the United

CABLE NOTES.

The new Japanese alliance is approved throughout Australia Permits for the return of refugees to the Rand are being issued at the rate of 1,000 monthly.

PROTEST FILED IN LAVAL. Montreal, Feb. 25.-Mr. C. A. Wilson, the defeated Liberal candidate in the recent bye-election in Laval, has taken proceedings to contest the election of Mr. J. E. Leonard, Conservative. The usual statutory charges are alleged.

NEW C. P. R. HOTEL FOR OTTAWA Ottawa, Feb. 25.-It is stated on reliable authority that the Canadian Pacific Railway Company has purchased land on Mackenzie avenue from St. Patrick street to ex-Mayor MacDougall's house, opposite Major's Hill Park. It is said if the purchase is consummated the C. P. R. will erect a hotel and station similar to the Place Viger in Montreal.

A MOUNTAIN OF ARSENIC. Seattle, Wash., Feb. 25.-John T. Davis and associates have discovered a mountain of arsenic in a range fifty miles southeast of Tacoma, Wash. This is claimed to be the first important body of arsenic ever found in America. The supply heretofore has come from Cornwall. The United States now import nearly \$1,000,000 TOOK TWO YEARS TO DEVELOP

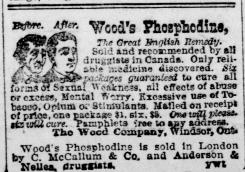
RABIES. Covington, Ga., Feb. 25.-Liddell Childs, a 12-year-old boy suffering from hydrophobia, has been taken to Atlanta for the Pasteur treatment. The boy was bitten by a dog two years ago, but rabies did not become manifest until Wednesday. He was out hunting with his brother, when suddenly he was seized with violent convulsions and began to froth at the mouth.

MURDER AND SUICIDE. Chicago, Feb. 25.-Angered because his persistent demands for a dowry sufficient to give him a start in housekeeping were refused, and seeking revenge on the family of his sweetheart, George Childrose, a stenographer, yesterday shot and killed Henry Meyerer, the girl's father, and slightly wounded Emma Meyerer, her sister. Childrose sent a bullet through his own brain and fell dead at the door of his sweetheart's room.

ROBBED BY ROMANS. Rome, Feb. 25.-The Rev. Horace

Dutton, of Boston, was robbed of seven hundred lire yesterday. He was bicyc ling in the country when his machine broke down and he accepted the offer of two men, who were driving in a cart, to take him to Rome. On his arrival here Mr. Dutton started to remunerate the drivers, when he found his purse had disappered. He accused the drivers, who thereupon whipped up their horses and drove rapidly away. Mr. Dutton hung on the rear of the car until exhausted, and then dropped on the road, considerably bruised, but otherwise unhurt.

WHY will you allow a cough to lacerate your throat or lungs and run the risk of filling a consumptive's grave, when, by the timely use of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup the pain can be Anti-Consumptive Syrup the pain can be allayed and the danger avoided. This Syrup is pleasant to the taste and unsurpassed for relieving, healing and curing all affections of the throat and lungs coughs solds horselilis. lungs, coughs, colds, bronchitis, etc., etc.



DOMINION PARLIAMENT

Tariff Resolution.

Favors a Tariff Based on the Principle of Reciprocity in Trade

[Special to The Advertiser.] Ottawa, Feb. 24.-While the attention of the United States is turned tiste, bound for St. Malo, France, eastward towards Germany and its crown prince, the great republic itself is receiving no little attention from the Canadian Parliament. First it was Bourassa and the Alaskan boundary, with Maclean as his aide-de-camp, carrying the bugaboo of "Americanization": then Gourley, of Colchester, with breathings of war and annexation of capitals; and now it is John Charl-

ton, of North Norfolk, who offers the United States reciprocity in natural products, and in the event of the rejection of this proposal, he, too, makes threats of war. Not, however, war of the Gourley stamp, in which trenches, bullets, and such unpleasant incidentals figure, but a war of tariffs. Mr. Charlton today wished the house to say that in its opinion Canadian import duties should be arranged upon the principle of reciprocity in trade conditions so far as may be consistent with Canadian interests. If the United States does not grant this reciprocity, he would give a rebate of not less than 40 per cent-even more, if necessary, though that amount was mentioned in his motion-of the amount of duties imposed upon dutiable imports from nations or countries which will admit Canadian natural products into their market free of duty. But, if Canadian interests were injured by this rebate of 40 per cent or more, the scale of Canadian duties affecting these interests, should be made sufficiently high to avoid such injury. His speech in support of his motion teemed with ponderous statements of statistics. It was received jubilantly by the opposition, one of whom, A. C. Bell, of

Pictou, N. S., was the seconder. The motion was in line with Mr. Charlton's propagation of the reciprocity idea, which he has vigorously conducted in Canada and in the principal centers of commerce in the United States. He believes that the reciprocity treaty which existed from 1854 to 1866 proved that reciprocity is advantageous to Canada; that it should not have been abrogated; and that the United States now owes it to Canada, in justice and neighborliness, to re-enter into that agreement so far as it effects the free admission of our natural produts into that country. He believes further that such reciprocity would be beneficial to the United States, as well as to Canada, but he is equally convinced that the Americans do not see it that way. He has taken upon his

in which they now live. Mr. Charlton would expect the United States to grant free admission to lic statement. Canada of natural products-absolute and unrestricted reciprocity in this particular line-and in return receive nothing more from Canada than the republic is receiving at the present time. It should do this, he said, because we buy from them three times as much as we sell to them. We buy three times the quantity of agricultural products as we sell across the Our manufacturing imports border. come chiefly from the United States, and Canada stands third in the list of countries purchasing it. Our trade with the States is three times what it was in 1866, the year in which the reciprocity treaty was abrogated. For 35 years the United States has oblitthat time they have been intolerant and unfair. Because of these facts he believed that the United States should grant us nothing short of free trade in natural products and expect in return no reductions in the existing Canadian tariff. Already the States was getting from this country more than enough to satisfy such a demand. If it were refused Canada should apply the policy of self-protection. England might grant to Canada a 10 per cent preference on wheat, in which event we would need to bother no more about the republic's attitude. Reciprocity then could be turned down. Or Great Britain and the Empire might raise a tariff against the outside world and the desired end would thus be accomplished; or again -and this was the immediate remedy proposed by Mr. Charlton, should the United States refuse to entertain our proposition, Canada might offer a discriminating rebate of 40, 50, even 80 or 90 per cent to countries which would free the natural products of the

Mr. Charlton's contentions were supported by voluminous quotations of statistics, which tended to show that while Canada was virtually barred from the American market, our liberal. low tariff favored the States even more than Great Britain or the rest of the world. Our imports from the States had increased from 281/2 millions in 1866 to 11914 millions in 1901, or 318 per cent, while our imports from Great Britain had increased in the same time from 40 to 43 millions, or only 7 7-10 per cent; and this notwithstanding the fact that the United per cent in that time, and Great Britin's had increased 527 per cent. imported 63 per cent of our goods from the United States, 22 per cent from Great Britain, and 14 per cent from the rest of the world; and yet the United States had a balance of trade against Canada of 71 millions. Five million Canadians bought from Inited States \$23,000,000 more than the 63 millions of Latin Americans, and the republic's trade with this country was 27 times greater than its trade with the 10 millions in the Philippine Islands, for which the United States had paid so dearly. Mr. Charlton gave an abundance of other statistics in support of his assertion that fair, neighborly, mutual and just arrangements in trade matters should be submitted to by the United States.

W. C. Edwards (Russell) opposed Mr. Charlton's contentions upon the ground that his plans tended towards protection, which was class legislation, and was bound to curse the community in which it existed. He dissented with the mover of the motion when the latter said that his plan was best as a principle; but agrees that it was best as a policy for this country, no matter what course the United States pursues. He admitted the great growth of the States, but said it was due to falla-States. cious beliefs concerning that country's freedom, entertained by old word peo-ples who emigrate, and to its geograph ical advantages-not to its high tariff. It was in consequence of Canada lowering its tariff to give Great Britain a

preference that it was now enjoying its greatest prosperity; and the more we lowered it, the more prosperous would we become. His belief was that if Canada had never had the curse of protection, our population would have been twice what it is today, and our manufacturers twice as many.

The debate was continued tonight by Messrs. Bell (Pictou), Heyd (Brant), Sproule (East Grey), and Maclean (To-

Hon. Mr. Fielding adjourned the debate. He said that it would not be expected that the government would make an announcement of its views at this stage, as such questions were always left to be dealt with in the budget speech. By adjourning the debate the question could be taken up again or merged in the budget speech. He informed Mr. Borden that the usual notice of the budget debate would be

The house adjourned at 10 o'clock.

Riding an Avalanche.

"In all my wild mountaineering I have "In all my wild mountaineering I have enjoyed only one avalanche ride," writes that lover of nature, John Muir, "and the start was so sudden and the end came so soon that I thought but little of the danger that goes with this sort of travel, although one thinks fast at such times." It was after a fresh fall of snow several feet deep that Mr. Muir set out to climb one of the mountains in the Yosemite Park.

"Most of the way I sank waist-deep, in some places out of sight; and after spending the day to within half an hour of sundown in this loose, baffling snow

of sundown in this loose, baffling snow work, I was still several hundred feet from the summit. But I still hoped to from the summit. But I still hoped to reach the top for the sunset.

"I was not to get top views of any sort that day; for deep trampling near the canyon head, where the snow was strained, started an avalanche, and I was swished back down to the foot of the canyon as if by enchantment. The plodding, wallowing ascent of about a mile had taken all day, the undoing descent perhaps a minute.

"When the snow suddenly gave way, I instinctively threw myself on my back and spread my arms to try to keep from sinking. Fortunately, although the grade of the canyon was steep, it was not in-

of the canyon was steep, it was not in-terrupted by step levels or precipices big enough to cause outbounding or free plunging. I was only moderately embed-ded on the surface, or a little below it, and covered with a hissing back-stream ing veil of dusty snow particles; and as the whole mass beneath or about me joined in the flight, I felt no friction; although tossed here and there, and flurched from side to side. And when the torrent swedged and came to rest, I found myself on the trop of the crumpled pile without a single bruise or scar. And after many years the mere thought of it is still an exhilaration."

NO HEADACHE NOW.

An Open Letter Telling How Backache and Headache Were Permanently Cured.

Val Racine, Que., Feb. 14.-Emelien Clouatre is well again and has given for publication a letter which gives to Dodd's Kidney Pills the credit for the cure. In part, it reads as follows: "For a long time I suffered with Kidney Trouble and a terrible pain in my back. I had a dreadful headache nearly all the time, so bad as to prevent me from getting more than a little sleep or rest, and I would get up in the morning feeling more tired than when I went to bed.

"Since I completed a treatment of own shoulders the difficult task of forcing them from the state of ignorance regarding the value of Canadian aches, and I sleep soundly and awake all work. The house and engaged a Chinese man of aches, and I sleep soundly and awake all work. The house and engaged a Chinese man of aches, and I sleep soundly and awake all work. The house and engaged a Chinese man of the control of

> DEFEATED THE BICYCLIST. "Go and hitch up the ostrich." is not at all an absurd command on an ostrich farm. There these great birds are often harnessed to a carriage and make fairly good substitutes for horses. Although they cannot draw a load, their speed is a recommendation.

At Jacksonville, Fla., there is a bird named Oliver W. that can run a mile in two minutes and twenty-two second. His owners claim that he is more satisfactory than a horse because he eats less, never shies at anything. never runs away, and goes steadily at erated our farmers' trade, and in all a good pace without laziness or fatigue.

This particular ostrich appears to like his work. When the little carriage is brought out he comes running toward it at full speed, with both wings spread out, ready to have the harness put on. On one occasion a cyclist tried to pass Oliver W. on a long, smooth stretch of road. He came up behind

the carriage, thinking to get ahead and escape the dust. Oliver W. thought differently. He threw his head high in the air, gave a flap with his wings, and went forward with a speed that astonished the cyclist. Putting forth more effort, the latter made another attempt to pass the ostrich, but the faster the pedals of the bicycle moved the faster sped the long legs of the It so happened that the cyclist had

a record as a fast rider, and to be distanced by an ostrich was not to his liking. For two miles he tried to pass his feathered rival, but was obliged to give up the race, defeated. Some fast horses have tried conclusions with Oliver W., who seems to like nothing better than testing their speed, starting slowly to make think it easy to distance him, and then gradually increasing his pace.

HOLLOWAY'S CORN CURE destroys all kinds of corns and warts, root and branch. Who, then, would endure them with such a cheap and effectual remedy within reach?

The course of true love requires lot of money to keep it in repair. The flesh fly produces about 20,000 young in a season. The larvae are hatched almost instantly from the egg States' purchases of us had increased 2 and at once begin their work of destruction.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets.
All druggists refund the money if it fails
to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on
each box. 25c.

THE WEST DURHAM ELECTION. Toronto, Ont., Feb. 24.-West Durham is to have another election trial. On behalf of James McCormick, of Orono, Mr. W. Nesbitt, K. C., this morning filed a petition against the return of Mr. Robert Beith, M. P.



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"Always the Best of Everything for the Least Money."

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GRAY & PARKER.

New Dress Goods.

New Spring Goods Open for Your Inspection

Wool Delaines, very pretty flowered Delaines, at per

Silk and Wool Delaines, a nice range to choose from,

Finnet Laine, all wool, suitable for waists and dresses, Crepelines, all wool, in cream, black, old rose, light blue,

Voile, in black, castor and gray, per yard.....\$1.00 Eoliennes, silk and wool, in castor, gray and old rose,

cream and black.....\$1.25 Cream Corduroy Dress Goods, at, per yard, 50c, 75c and .. 85c Creponettes, in reseda, gray, castor, old rose, brown and

black, per yard......75c Lustres, in black, gray, brown, cream, navy, light blue

New Trimmings.

A fine range of Applique trimmings in black, black and white and the linen shades. A great range to pick from.

Wash Goods Dept.

New Ginghams, neat checks and stripes, at, per yard,

New Prints, at per yard, 5c, 7c, 8c, 10c.....121/2c New Muslins, in white and colored, from 61/2c per yard

Gray @ Parker

150 Dundas Street @ Phone 1182.

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An Apt Pupil.

The Chinese are noted for their aptitude at imitation and the fidelity with which they follow instructions; but according to an incident related in Life, the trait sometimes leads to embar-

rassments. When the Andersons went to Caliall work. The house was well situated | Twenty-eight young geese passed her "I feel it my duty to make this pub- Lee proved to be a good cook, clean

and respectful. As soon as the Americans were settled the neighbors began to call, and it was then that the fact was discovered that Wing was absolutely devoid of any ideas as to the ushering out of guests. So one morning the la-dies determined to instruct him. Providing him with a tray, Miss Anderson went out, rang the bell, was shown into the parlor, and waited while the alm Chinamen carried her card to

Mrs. Anderson. This was repeated several times unil the ladies were quite satisfied that Wing was perfect in his role. That evening at half-past eight the bell rang. Wing scuffled majestically to the door, while mother and daughter hung breathlessly over the banis-

ters to watch the result of their teach-They heard a gentleman's voice ask if the ladies were at home. They saw Wing present his tray and receive a card with an air which made them mentally pat each other on the back, and then they saw him draw a card from his sleeve.

"Mine!" gasped Miss Anderson, "The one we used for the lesson!" Wing compared the two carefully, and returning the one which the caller had just handed him, he remarked "Tickee no good. No can and calmly shut the door in the face of the astonished guest.

The President's Little Joke.

To his other qualifications as a popular man President Roosevelt adds a fondness for a good-natured joke. Washington correspondent recalls this amusing incident of the time when the President was assistant secretary

The squadron had been out for two days at target practice, and the chief officers had been invited on board the flagship as the guests of Mr. Roose velt. The conversation on marine topics was long, and for some time there had been a clearing of throats and a significant exchange of glances. Mr Roosevelt took the hint.

"Will you step into the cabin and have some tea?" he said. The movement towards the cabin was prompt and unanimous. There, in the center of a great table, rested a punch-bowl of magnificent proporons, filled nearly to the brim with a liquid a shade darker than amber. In its center floated an island of ice. Sprays of mint extended their slender leaves over its brim, and pieces of lemon and other fruits floated on the surface of the cool and tempting flood. The old commodore, with the color of the sun on his face and the drynes of the desert in his throat, turned eagerly toward this oasis. He stirred the ladle lovingly in the bowl, while others gathered about him. He held his glass, filled to the brim, between his eye and the sunlight that came in through the cabin window, and the

through the cabin as each officer filled to the occasion. With an air of contentment and anticipated joy the commodore brought the glass to his lips. Then, as all lifted their glasses to follow his ex-ample, a look of astonishment passed over his face. His hand trembled, and the glass almost fell to the table.
"Be blowed if it ain't tea!"

clatter and clink of glasses sounded

gasped. And, indeed, that is just exactly what it was.

THE great lung healer is found in that excellent medicine sold as Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It soothes and diminishes the sensibility of the membrane of the throat and air passages, and is a sovereign remedy for all coughs, colds, hoarseness, pain or soreness in the chest, bronchitis, etc. It has cured many when supposed to be far advanced in consumption.

A Parody On Whitman.

Some very worthy wag who writes for the Chicago Record-Herald has announced the discovery of a poem by Walt Whitman-for some reason omitted from his published works—which he says has been sent to the Record-Herald from New Jersey. It was "written upon a sheet of brown wrapping paper that the poet evidently tore from a bundle of groceries," and here it is:

Twenty-eight young geese, and each Twenty-eight young geese, and she all gooseless.

She drums upon the pane and sees the She sees them going past and likes their waddle

Which of the young geese does she like Ah, one among them sets her fond heart And do they know that she is shyly

watching? Yes, each has peeped from the corners Do they know, the garrulous young geese, which of them all she loves?
Each of the young fools thinks she's watching him.

Mrs. Winslows Soothing Syrup Mrs. Winslow's Southing Syrup
Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS
by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their
CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with
PERFECT SUCCESS, IT SOOTHES the
CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS
all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is
the best remedy for DIARRHEA. Sold
by Druggists in every part of the world.
Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's"
Soothing Syrup.

The "Era of Brithynia," extensively

The "Era of Brithynia," extensively employed not only by the Bithynians but by the people of the neighboring states, dated from their revolt from

Macedonian rule, B. C. 288. Hagyard's Yellow Oil is good for man or beast. Relieves pain, reduces swelling, allays inflammation, cures cuts,

burns, bruises, sprains, stiff joints.

Children Cry for CASTORIA CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Children Cry for CASTORIA Children Cry for CASTORIA

COWAN'S Perfection Cocoa,

(Maple Leaf Label). The finest in the world.

COWAN'S

Chocolate Cream Bars, Chocolate Ginger, Chocolate Wafers, etc.

These goods should be in every house because they are absolute-