

THE HERALD

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Editor & Proprietor

Conservatives Gain Votes.

In Richelieu County, Quebec, on Thursday last a by-election was held to fill the vacancy in the House of Commons caused by the unseating of the sitting member for corrupt acts by agents. The member returned at the general election is a Liberal, and he carried the County by 734 majority. He was unseated as above stated, and the constituency was opened. The same member was again nominated by the Liberals, and the Conservatives also put up the same man as at the general election. The Liberal is Mr. Cardin and the Conservative Mr. Morgan. Sir Wilfrid and a number of his colleagues in the late ministry went into the county and made the fight their own. On the Conservative side, the only member who took part in the campaign besides the candidate was Sir Rodolph Forget. The Liberal was elected; but with his majority reduced from 734 to 301, a reduction of 433 of his former majority. That certainly is not a bad showing for the Conservatives, and in anything of a close constituency the Government candidate would be returned with a substantial majority. Now, our Liberal friends say this was a victory for them. Well, if they can find cause for joy in a loss of 433 votes, there seems to be no reason why the Conservatives should lose any sleep over the matter.

Big Business In Foxes.

In this issue will be found the advertisement of the Charles Dalton Silver Black Fox Company, Limited. The capital stock, as will be observed, is placed at \$625,000, divided into 6,250 shares of \$100 each. This is certainly a big business proposition; but it cannot fail of success in the ordinary course of things. Mr. Dalton has made a great success of the fox business and keeps nothing but the very best quality of foxes. Foxes from the Dalton ranch have commanded the highest prices in the London markets. Mr. Dalton retains \$100,000 stock in the company and remains as ranch manager, for a year or longer if required; no better guarantee is needed for the success of the enterprise. Mr. Dalton guarantees to the company an increase of no less than 50 young foxes to be raised to July 1, 1913, and for every young one less than that number agrees to pay the company \$5,000. This increase, at the lowest prices at which foxes of this quality are now selling, would yield \$250,000 for dividends the first year. If the profits are estimated on the price of pelts, on the average for which skins from this ranch have been selling in the London market, the least yield would be 11 1/2 per cent on the capital invested. The probabilities are that the number of young foxes will exceed 50, perhaps run up to 70. In that case the profits will be very much larger, whichever way they are calculated. From whatever point of the view the proposition is considered it seems to hold out immense profits for the stock holders. We wish the undertaking every success.

When father drove old Dobbin he sat upon a load and frowned on every chaffer who wanted half the road, but when father got an auto his feelings seemed to switch he glared at every horse he met unless it took the ditch—Ashland Bugle.

Mr. Louis Coderre, member for Hochelaga, has been sworn a member of the Federal Executive to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Hon. F. D. Monk. A rearrangement of the portfolios has taken place. Hon. Robert Rogers becomes Minister of Public Works, Hon. Dr. Roche Minister of the Interior, in place of Mr. Rogers, and Hon. Mr. Coderre succeeds Dr. Roche as Secretary of State, and is also Minister of Mines. Nomination for the by-election of Hon. Mr. Coderre, in Hochelaga, will be on November 12. Mr. Coderre carried the riding in the general election by over 1,300, defeating Rivet, Liberal, who had represented it for the two previous terms.

Two by-elections for the Ontario Legislature were held on Monday of this week. In East Middlesex, George W. Nelly, Conservative, was elected by over 500 majority. The vacancy was caused by the death of the sitting member Sutherland, Independent, who had a majority of 25 last December. The defeated candidate this time is a brother of the deceased member. In North Waterloo Mills, Conservative, was elected by a majority of 1,372 in a three-cornered contest, an Independent and a Socialist running against him.

New German battleships now under construction are to have 15 inch guns weighing 10 tons and 62 feet in length. It is facts of this character, a part of naval activity such as the world has never before known, that makes the question of an emergency contribution to Great Britain a matter not of doubt but of action.—London Free Press.

In France motor accidents have become so common that the rigid examination of all persons proposing to drive a car is insisted on, and no one may drive without a license. In the event of two summonses being issued for a violation of the law in the year against a driver, his license is cancelled, if he has been found guilty, and is not renewed until after a re-examination. A suggestion has been made that the temporary forfeiture of the car and prohibition to drive any other car during the term of forfeiture might be made a penalty in cases of extreme recklessness.—Victoria Colonist.

If Mr. Borden brings down to Parliament next month a measure proposing an emergency contribution to the Imperial Navy he will support it by an authoritative statement from the Government of the British Empire. Such a statement will be accepted by the people of Canada as the best evidence in the case that can be produced. Should the emergency be shown to exist as it surely will be, if Mr. Borden asks for the vote, there is no question that the contribution will be endorsed by the vast majority of the people of Canada. Mr. Borden can well afford to stand or fall by the loyal action that he proposes. He may lose certain of his colleagues. He may be assailed as an Imperialist in quarters where such an attack makes party capital. But the people of Canada, and not the English speaking people only, will stand by him.—Vancouver News-Advertiser.

Our store has gained a reputation for reliable Groceries. Our trade during 1911 has been very satisfactory. We shall put forth every effort during the present year to give our customers the best possible service.—R. F. Maddigan.

Great Chance For Industry

Halifax, Oct. 25.—No industry in Nova Scotia has proved more successful from the point of view of the quality of and demand for the goods manufactured, or with regard to the profits on the capital invested than has that of the unshrinkable underwear companies in this province. It is said that these companies are now earning 20 per cent on their common stock, and that it is practically impossible to keep pace with the orders.

An opportunity for equal success exists in Moncton, where the Humphrey Underwear Limited are equipping mills to be in operation early in December. There they will have ample supplies of eastern wool peculiarly good for the purpose, as well as access to the cheap power generated from the great natural gas wells, and with management thoroughly experienced and expert.

Consistency In Disagreement.

In considering the difference of opinion between Mr. Monk and Mr. Borden, and the other members of the Cabinet, which led to the resignation of the Minister of Public Works convincing evidence is on record in past debates in Parliament to show the consistency of the course which both Mr. Borden and Mr. Monk have pursued. Mr. Borden did not deny that the situation is grave or refuse to admit that an emergency contribution should be given by the Dominion to strengthen the British fleet. He conceded both points but maintained that he stood pledged that no contribution should be made without an appeal to the people. Mr. Borden on the other hand, stands for an appeal to the electorate to authorize the permanent naval policy which the Government will eventually recommend, but maintains that this is not a necessary condition precedent to an emergency vote.

From the resolutions moved during the debate on Sir Wilfrid Laurier's Navy Bill, in 1910, the consistency of both Mr. Borden and Mr. Monk in the position taken is clear. In moving an amendment to the Government's proposals on Feb. 3, 1910, Mr. Borden maintained that they were weak and ineffective as they afforded no immediate aid or assistance. He contended: "It would be a proper course to mature more thoroughly those proposals, to take up all matters that concern our relations to the Empire in respect to co-operation in Imperial Defence, and in the meantime to do that which, after all, is the most important thing, stand side by side with the Mother Country under the condition which confront her at the present time. The needs of the Empire are before our very eyes today."

The conditions which confront the Mother Country at the present time make the sentiment then expressed by Mr. Borden even more applicable today. On that occasion the amendment which he moved at the close of his speech contained the following clauses: "That no permanent policy should be entered into involving large future expenditures of this character until it has been submitted to the people and received their approval. "That, in the meantime, the immediate duty of Canada and the impending necessity of the Empire can best be discharged and met by placing, without delay at the disposal of the Imperial authorities, as a free and loyal contribution of the people of Canada, such an amount as may be sufficient to purchase or construct two battle-ships or armored cruisers of the largest Dreadnought type, giving to the Admiralty full discretion to expend the said sum at such time and for such purpose of naval defence as in their judgment may best serve to increase the united strength of the Empire, and thus assure its peace and security."

Mr. Borden urged the importance of an immediate contribution because the situation required it. Herein lies Mr. Borden's consistency. His policy as Prime Minister is the same as that which he advocated so strongly in 1910.

Mr. Monk followed Mr. Borden in the debate and also presented arguments against the Laurier Naval bill. He did not support Mr. Borden's amendment but moved a

blanket amendment of his own, demanding a plebiscite. Mr. Borden voted against Mr. Monk's amendment and Mr. Monk voted against that moved by Mr. Borden. Both were equally consistent. Mr. Monk secured only 18 supporters for his amendment. Mr. Borden had 74. The Liberal majority in the House dutifully supported the proposals of the Government embodied in the Navy Bill.

Mr. Monk's resignation from the Cabinet calls for no criticism. His action is the expression of his own opinion as recorded in the navy bill debate. He has expressed no opposition to the naval policy of the Government with the details of which he is, of course, fully acquainted. Having a keen sense of honor he relinquished his position in fulfillment of his pledge. Mr. Borden is also fully justified in the course he has taken. The people are to be consulted on the permanent policy which the Government will recommend. An appeal on the question of an emergency contribution, which would undoubtedly be endorsed by an overwhelming majority, would involve two popular votes. A precedent is already established for emergency assistance to the Empire in the contribution of men and money for the South African war. The Borden Government were elected by the votes of the people and by their record during the past year have shown that the confidence reposed in them at the general election has not been misplaced.—St. John Standard.

Plant Blown Up.

Halifax, Oct. 23.—At noon today the plant of the Energetic Explosive Company was blown up with a terrific detonation. The manager, Harry Long, W. H. McLaughlin, a carpenter, Robert Young, formerly a resident of Ottawa, brother of "Weldy" Young, four of the mill hands and several others sustained injuries, many of them serious.

The direct cause of the explosion is not known but it is stated by the workmen that something went wrong with the electrical machinery used in mixing and the mixture caught fire. Realizing the danger men shouted to the girls to leave the building. They did so and all but one were saved.

The force of the explosion was tremendous. The windows in the handsome residence of C. C. Farr were shattered and almost every house in Halifax had broken glass. At the instant of the explosion the flames shot up into the air for about 200 feet, then followed a great cloud of smoke, flying roofing and splintered timbers. All the three buildings of the factory were wrecked utterly. The whole town was terrified, with the report but people soon realized what it was for one of the magazines blew up during a fire a year ago.

Mr. McLaughlin, one of the dead, was a member of the Halifax school board.

The cause of the explosion was the dropping of a nail from the ceiling to the cogs of a grinding machine, there by making a spark which flew from the cogs to a quantity of chemical in a tray being carried by a boy, setting it on fire. The boy dropped the tray and ran, thereby saving his life. The fire spread to a mixing room adjoining and about five tons of material was exploded. About thirty regular employees and twenty men on construction ran to safety when the fire started. An engineer in the building about fifty feet away was knocked down. The building was destroyed and the boiler lifted from its foundation, but the man was not killed. The bodies of the men killed were entirely stripped of clothing, even including their boots.

The Market Prices.

Butter	0.00 to 0.28
Eggs, per doz.	0.00 to 0.28
Fowls each	1.00 to 1.50
Chickens per pair	0.85 to 1.25
Flour (per cwt.)	0.00 to 0.00
Beef (small)	0.10 to 0.14
Beef (quarter)	0.08 to 0.10
Mutton, per lb.	0.08 to 0.10
Pork	0.09 to 0.10
Potatoes (quart)	0.12 to 0.15
Hay, per ton	0.42 to 0.44
Wool	0.00 to 0.15
Hides (per lb.)	0.00 to 0.15
Calf skins	0.00 to 0.15
Sheep pelts	0.00 to 0.15
Oatmeal (per cwt.)	0.00 to 0.10
Turnips	0.12 to 0.15
Turkeys (per lb.)	0.20 to 0.21
Geese	1.25 to 1.50
Pressed hay	12.00 to 15.00
Straw	0.80 to 0.95
Ducks per pair	1.00 to 1.25
Lamb Pelts	0.50 to 0.90

Minard's Liniment cures Dandruff.



Summer Sox
25c. Pair
Nice assortment in cotton and lisle, black and colored. Other lines.
30c., 35c., 40c., 50c. and \$1.00

Collars
All the new popular close fitting styles in the celebrated W. G. & R. and Austrian brands.
15c. each 2 for 25c.
20c. each 3 for 50c.

Trappy Ties
Lots to select from.
25c to 50c each

Suspenders, all the best makes, Fifty Cents pair. Soft Collars all sizes, all colors, two for Twenty-five cents. Fine Balbriggan Underwear, special, 75c suit
The Men's McLELLAN BROS. Tailors and Store Furnishers

Everything Crisp and New in Summer Furnishings for Men

Let us fit you out for the Holiday from this big new stock of ours. We'll give you the very newest in swell toggery, and we'll save you money on your purchase. We sell Men's Furnishings at lower prices than any house in the City. Come in and see our goods—compare our price with other stores, and then note the saving.

Hundreds of Pretty Shirts 75c to \$3 each

Your shirts will cost you less here. We show an immense line of "Tooke's," "W. G. & R." and "Austrian" makes, in a big assortment of colors, patterns and styles, and at prices that make selling easy. We sell the best ONE DOLLAR Shirt in Canada. A big, well made shirt of beautiful material, that will stand the test of the washtub, made with soft front, cuffs attached or separate, coat style, in a big assortment of patterns. Most stores charge \$1.25 for this shirt. It's the best value in Canada at our price.....\$1.00

A Special in White Balbriggan Underwear \$1.50 Quality for \$1.15 a Suit

A beautiful line of White Balbriggan, in the well known "Spring Needle" make, beautifully finished with satin. All sizes, 32 to 34. Extra good value.....\$1.15 suit
Other lines in Balbriggan, natural wool and silk and wool.....75c to \$4.00 suit

Men's Combination Underwear \$1.50 Suit
This is the ideal underwear for comfort, and is most popular with particular men. Comes in white, elastic knit with full length sleeves and legs, or short, all sizes.

"The Loveliest Coats In Town."
THAT'S WHAT A LADY SAID
The other day, and she had seen every line now on display.
We want you to come in yourself and see whether her opinion agrees with yours.
The new coats are mostly made of handsome, heavy soft Tweeds.
The designs are very smart.
The prices are what you will
You can buy a nice coat for \$8.50. You can buy a better one for \$11.50, and if you say so, we can supply you with one for \$32.00
There is no house in the country who will give you value so good in coats as we will. Come in and let us show you what this means.
Bear in mind, we quote you an honest "one price." You are not asked to pay any share of your neighbor's coat—nothing but your own.

MOORE & McLEOD
119-121 Queen St.

PURE HOME MADE JAMS AND JELLIES
MANUFACTURED BY
R. F. MADDIGAN & CO.
CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I.
TRY OUR Home-Made Preserves!
Made from home grown fruit. We have a large stock on hand. Sold in Bottles, Pails, and by the lb.
EGGS & BUTTER
We want EGGS and BUTTER for CASH, or in exchange for GROCERIES.
House Cleaning Supplies!
We Have a Full Line in Stock
Give us a call.
EUREKA TEA
If you have never tried our Eureka Tea it will pay you to do so. It is blended especially for our trade, and our sales of it show a continued increase. Price 25 cents per lb.
R. F. Maddigan & Co.