

NEWS OF THE DAY IN BRIEF

Patient Killed Jumping From Peterboro Hospital.

Fatality at the Natural Gas Well in Raleigh Township.

Portrait of Duke of Kent Presented to Dominion.

Housebreakers have been busy at Long Branch.

North Toronto is preparing to get water from the city of Toronto.

Members of Dovercourt Road Presbyterian Church voted against union.

Rev. Dr. W. L. Armstrong, of Toronto, will accept the call to an Edmonton church.

The Princess Louise has presented the Dominion with a portrait of the Duke of Kent.

One hundred and fifty gallons of whiskey was seized on the road leading into Owen Sound.

Arthur Boyd a Winnipeg lineman, was electrocuted to-day while working at the power house.

The Toronto Board of Control will nominate Prof. C. H. C. Wright for commissioner of parks.

Motorman Dunthorn, of Toronto, was charged with gross negligence, causing the death of Mr. Hamilton McKerichen.

Rev. Mr. Endicott, of Battleford, was elected Past Grand Master and Mr. John Rutherford, of Moose Jaw, Grand Master of the A. O. U. W., west of the lakes.

The Senate killed a bill to establish a Dominion standard for the weight of a loaf of bread on the ground that it would conflict with financial enactments and lead to confusion.

Toronto will have its first experience with portable churches in about three weeks, when the Methodist church will erect one at the corner of Gerrard street and Galloway avenue.

Rev. D. Cattanach, a supernannated Methodist minister, and three-year-old Walter Blackburn, the child of a neighbor, were burned to death at the Cattanach home, near Dauphin, Man.

Announcement was made at international labor headquarters that arrangements are under way to bring Samuel Compers, president of the American Federation of Labor, for a tour of the principal cities of Ontario to deliver addresses.

The resignation of John Brockbank, Paris, as Warden of Brant county, was accepted with regret by the County Council.

Mr. Brockbank is seriously ill, and has not been able to reside since his election. His successor will be elected on Friday.

Cornelius O'Brien, a well-to-do Douro farmer, committed suicide by jumping from the upper window of the Peterboro hospital, where he was under treatment for wounds made by himself recently in an attempt at self-destruction.

He has been suffering from melancholy, induced by long illness. He leaves a wife and seven or eight children.

A fatality occurred at the Union natural gas well, at Milton Simpson's farm, Raleigh township. A young man named Joseph Laidlaw, from near Glenwood, was putting in a water drip to the main line, and when the pressure was turned on it burst a nipple and blew him into the air.

He was badly injured about the head and internally, and after lingering unconscious for several hours he passed away. He was 19 years of age.

WILLING TO WORK

European Prince Who is After Miss Mary Duke.

New York, March 18.—Having announced that he is willing to go to work if his father-in-law-to-be will give him a job he can hold down without too much labor, Prince Ludovic Pignatelli D'Aragona will be permitted to marry Miss Mary L. Duke, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Newton Duke, and heir to the Duke fortune, which exceeds \$60,000,000.

Friends of the Duke family admitted today formal announcement of the engagement might be expected very soon. It was explained that Duke opposed the marriage because he said he did not want any one in his family who did not work. The prince, however, expressed a willingness to take a job and thus overcome the Duke scruples.

The prince, whose title dates from the seventeenth century and is one of the best in Italy, came here last August carefully explaining he was not seeking a wife. However, he met Miss Duke and paid her such assiduous attentions that an understanding was soon arrived at. Mrs. Duke and her daughter will sail for Paris shortly, and it is understood the ceremony will be performed there.

ROAD NOT SOLD.

San Francisco, March 18.—G. C. Tyatt, vice-president and general manager of the Bollingham Bay & British Columbia Railroad, denied yesterday that the railroad property had been sold to the Chicago, Milwaukee & Puget Sound Railroad, as reported by an official of the latter road, and also denied that any transfer of the railway was under consideration.

TO CUT WAGES.

Detroit, Mich., March 18.—Conductors, brakemen and baggage men employ 1 on Michigan branch lines of the Grand Trunk Railway have received notice that on April their wages will be reduced to the scale of 1911. This means a cut of from \$30 to \$50 per month in some cases. The employees say a strike is possible if the company enforces the order.

NA-DRU-CO Tasteless Cod Liver Oil Compound. THE "building-up" value of Cod Liver Oil is well known, but its drawbacks have been its nasty taste and indigestibility. Na-Dru-Co Tasteless Cod Liver Oil Compound has the nutritious qualities of the Cod Liver Oil, without the slightest disagreeable flavor.

BEEKEEPING

Co-operative Experiments at Agricultural College. Teach Beekeepers to Organize and Get More Honey.

During the season of 1911 the following co-operative experiments were sent out:

- 1. The prevention of natural swarming in the production of extracted honey.
2. The prevention of natural swarming in the production of comb honey.
3. Races of bees—General.
4. Races of bees—With reference to their power to resist European Foul Brood.

The instructions for experiment number one were the same as last year. For experiment number two, as the management for comb honey production is so different from that followed in the production of extracted honey, special instructions had to be prepared.

The experiments in races of bees consisted in sending out queen bees for testing some of the different strains advertised in the bee journals. These were offered to the experimenters who showed sufficient interest in the work last year to report on their experiment, or give a good reason for not doing so, and this only on condition that a promise be given to, if possible, continue the experiment through the season of 1912.

Application blanks were enclosed with the offer. Most of them filled their application and received one queen bee each. It will take another year to get a report on these.

In reference to European Foul brood it seems well established that certain races of bees are better able to resist this disease than others. Some few strains of Italians have been found by experts to be in this class and are recommended for use by inspectors of apiaries. Others are good honey producers, but have not been tested in this respect.

In order to test the matter more fully, arrangements were made with a number of beekeepers in the E. F. B. districts of Ontario to test the queens from a few breeders whose bees have been specially recommended. A few satisfactory reports were received from them this year, and a full report is expected in 1912.

SWARM PREVENTION AND EXTRACTED HONEY.

Although there was an almost entire change of experimenters, the results are even more satisfactory than in 1910. The main difficulty is in arousing sufficient interest to get a beekeeper to do something for his bees every week. He will feed his hives or hogs, because they would die or squeal if he did not, but the bees will exist and even yield some profit when left to themselves, and he thinks it is "less bother" to be compelled to give swarms at inconvenient times—or let his wife have them—than to be systematic about the work.

There are those who receive the experiment and try it out fairly well, but finish it up by keeping the honey from two lots separate so as to compare results. There are also those who fail to report on the experiment the second year. The educational value of what we send out is not entirely lost on any of these persons, but they not only fail to get the best out of it, but they fail to co-operate and give others the benefit of their experience with the information handed them. There is no doubt that the fact of its being a poor season prevented a great many from finishing the experiment.

Of the persons who undertook the experiment thirty-five sent reports, from nineteen different Counties of Ontario. These reported a total of 991 colonies in the spring of 1911, and 1,323 colonies in the fall, being a spring average of 28.3 and a fall average of 38. Their total honey crop was 63,000 pounds, an average of 63.6 pounds per colony spring count. Fifty pounds being white honey and 15.6 pounds being dark honey from fall flowers.

The groups of hives used for the experiment averaged eight hives each. The group being divided into lot A, consisting of four hives managed according to directions, and lot B—four hives allowed to swarm naturally. As the experimenters were nearly all new this year the per cent. of natural swarms from lot A was still high, being 24 per cent., but even this was far less than lot B, which was 70 per cent., a difference of 46 per cent. of swarms in favor of the method described in the experiment.

The average honey yield was 11 lbs. per colony more from lot A than from lot B. That is, if the colonies owned by the experimenters had all been managed according to directions, their honey crop would have been increased more than 10,000 lbs., which means that they lost in the aggregate over \$1,000 by careless methods of management to say nothing

of the loss of runaway swarms, which is considerable. SWARM PREVENTION AND COMB HONEY. Eight persons tried this experiment, and while sufficient information was not sent in to present any figures, the opinions of experimenters are of interest. "It has taught me that it pays to control swarming to get a good crop of honey."—Grenville county. "The benefits I derived are more honey and less work."—Russell. "More honey and satisfaction. Your advice and my experience has done good."—Dundas county. "I have derived a great deal of benefit from your instructions. I am able to handle my bees with more satisfaction."—Elgin. "I have learned to produce fancy comb honey and interested others in beekeeping."—Middlesex. Now, although the number of reports received is small compared with the number of persons who applied for, and received instructions for the experiment, results cannot always be counted by figures, and the fact remains that carefully prepared instructions on one of the most successful methods of preventing natural swarming was sent to nearly 500 beekeepers, and that these beekeepers had had their interest awakened by filling out an application blank asking for these instructions. Many were unable to conduct the experiment because the bees were too much weakened by the late spring, and the season was cut too short by the drought for the swarms to develop under any conditions. Others were too busy with affairs which yield a smaller profit than the bees would give for the same attention. The greatest hindrance to the honey industry in Ontario is not foul brood, serious as that may be; it is not the cold winters and late springs, and it is not the difficulty of controlling the swarming impulse. The greatest hindrance to the development of honey production in Ontario is the indifferent farmer who does not realize that while good horses, fat steers and all the other live stock on the place will eat their heads off if he does not watch out, honey bees will gather what costs nothing, is going to waste, and will pay 30 to 100 per cent. dividends annually on time and capital invested. When good extracted honey sells rapidly, at a good price, and the average crop ranges from 50 to 100 lbs. per colony, and 200 hives of bees require less work than a 50-acre general farm, how is it that the proper care of bees is "too much bother"?

GERMAN AVIATOR KILLED.

Berlin, March 18.—Herr Witte, the well-known German aviator, who took a prominent part in the London aviation meeting at Johannistal, was killed this morning. He was making a flight in the vicinity of the city when his Wright bi-plane collapsed and fell from a considerable altitude, killing him instantly.

OPERATIONS AVOIDED

By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Belleriver, Que.—"Without Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I would not be alive. For five months I had painful and irregular menstruation and inflammation of the uterus. I suffered like a martyr and thought often of death. I consulted two doctors who could do nothing for me. I went to a hospital, and the best doctors said I must submit to an operation, because I had a tumor. I went back home much discouraged. One of my cousins advised me to take your Compound, as it had cured her. I did so and soon commenced to feel better, and my appetite came back with the first bottle. Now I feel no pain and am cured. Your remedy is deserving of praise."—Mrs. EMMA CHATEL, Valleyfield, Belleriver, Quebec.

Another Operation Avoided.

Poughkeepsie, N.Y.—"I run a sewing machine in a large factory and get all run down. I had to give up work for I could not stand the pains in my back. The doctor said I needed an operation for womb trouble but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound did more for me than the doctors did. I have gained five pounds. I hope that every one who is suffering from female trouble, nervousness and backache will take the Compound. I owe my thanks to Mrs. Pinkham. She is the working girl's friend for health, and all women who suffer should write to her and take her advice."—MISS TILLIE PLENZIG, 3 Jay St., Poughkeepsie, N.Y.

Thirty years of unparalleled success confirms the power of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to cure female diseases.

A YOUNG HERO

Buffalo Boy Saves Companion From Drowning.

Man Went Down Three Times Before Rescued.

Buffalo, March 18.—Real heroism was displayed late yesterday afternoon by Harvey Marrow, 14 years old, of the foot of Michigan street, when he saved the life of Edmond Harrington, ship-keeper of the steamer Henry B. Smith, after he had broken through the ice and gone down three times. At 4 o'clock the man and boy came ashore in a scow to get a supply of groceries from the Smith which is laid up at the outer breakwall. On their way back the ice suddenly broke under Harrington's feet and he was dropped into the icy waters. The chill was too much for him and before the youth could come forward he sank out of sight. On his reappearance Marrow tried to reach him with the oars, but to no avail as the helpless man went down again. When he appeared the second time the lad threw the hauling rope to the wildly clutching man but missed. A third time the shivering youngster tried and was almost overcome to see Harrington seize and hold on to the rope. Slowly he hauled the half-drowned man toward the ragged edge of broken ice, he himself standing in the scow with his feet braced against the thwart.

Leaning over the gunwale of the lurching craft he grabbed the almost lifeless victim by the hair and held him until he was able to get his elbows up on the ice, and, with Marrow's assistance, crawl up to safety. Nor did the boy's heroism fall here, for he once dragged the almost lifeless man across the ice through the twilight to shore where his cries for help soon brought a score of beach residents to their assistance. Harrington was taken to the Seamen's Home in lower Main street and there, under the direction of Superintendent Pritchard, restoratives were administered and dry clothing provided. He declares that he thought he was lost, never thinking that the boy could do anything to help him.

U. E. L. MEETING

Name of the Organization Changed—Officers Elected.

Toronto despatch: The United Empire Loyalists' Association has grown so rapidly since its formation that it has found it necessary to adopt a bigger name. This was done at a meeting last night when a resolution changing the name to the United Empire Loyalists' Association of Canada was passed. Col. G. Sterling Ryerson, the President, gave a short address and announced that May 18th, the anniversary of the landing in Canada, would be celebrated by the association. The officers elected for 1912 are as follows: President, Col. G. Sterling Ryerson; Past President, Major W. Napier Keefe; Vice-Presidents, Lieut.-Colonel Shaw, Col. G. T. Denison, Lieut.-Col. Wm. Hamilton Merritt, Mr. E. A. E. Land and Mrs. Dignan; Honorary Secretary, J. S. Carstairs; Honorary Assistant Secretary, Miss Helen M. Merrill; Honorary Treasurer, A. R. Davis; Honorary Chaplain, Rev. Canon MacNab; Honorary Legal Adviser, Mr. E. E. A. DuVerrier, K. C.; Executive Committee, Mrs. Dickson, Miss Catherine Merritt, Mrs. Forsyth Grant and Messrs. C. E. Macdonald, L. S. Horning, R. Neville, K. C., Capt. V. A. Hall, Amellus Jarvis, F. O. Loft and F. W. Carey.

UNIQUE LOTTERY

Wealthy Father Hands Out \$2,000,000 in Hat.

Yoakum, Tex., March 18.—To distribute his property valued at \$2,000,000 among his eight children, J. A. Lander, of his place, arranged a lottery with numbered tickets and each ticket corresponded to the number of some part of the estate. The tickets were drawn from a hat by the children. They took turns drawing, and there being no blanks, every drawing represented a winning.

The members of the family agreed to the scheme, and the luckiest numbers drew the best of the property. Mr. Lander is hale and hearty at 87 years of age, and the drawing took place on his birthday anniversary. He has been a member of the State for 60 years and accumulated his fortune in land and cattle.

FIRE VICTIMS

Sumptuous Funeral for Six Chicago Derelicts.

Chicago, March 18.—The six human derelicts, unknown, friendless and without relatives, who lost their lives in the Barnett lodging house fire last Saturday, will have a costly funeral Saturday. Ben Barnett, owner of the fire-rat lodging-house, has provided plush coffins, lots in Arlington Cemetery, and a profusion of flowers have been secured. A special guard of mounted police will accompany the funeral cortege through the loop district to the train, and the mourners, if there be any, will be well provided for.

FIRRI WON'T RETIRE.

London, March 18.—It is authoritatively stated that the fire insurance companies in the present year will have pirried in the profits. Lord Pirrie intends to retire, but his private management of the business has been so successful that he will not retire.

WONDERFUL.

"How well you are looking!" "Yes, I feel much better. I shall never eat meat again. I have been very busy."

READY WITH GUN

Kills Woman, Shoots Man and Himself.

Laurel Springs, N. J., March 18.—Mrs. Mazie Wagner, formerly housekeeper for Charles Ford, a restaurant keeper in Camden, was shot and killed at her home to-day by Ford, who attempted to commit suicide by shooting. While on the way to the woman's house Ford shot and fatally wounded Robert Wilson, an employee of the Laurel Springs Water Company. Mrs. Wagner left Ford's home and came here about three weeks ago. Wilson, so far as the police know, never saw Ford before and was not acquainted with Mrs. Wagner. Ford drew his pistol and began firing without a word, shooting Wilson in the head as he started to run. Ford was followed by a posse of citizens to Mrs. Wagner's house, where he was found wounded and the woman dead with a bullet in her heart. Wilson may die. Ford may recover.

NANSEN'S LECTURE

Norwegian Royalty and Ministers Attend.

State Subvention May be Granted the Explorer.

Christiana, March 18.—The King and Queen, Cabinet ministers, diplomatic corps and a representative gathering of citizens were present at the Geographical Society's meeting last night, when Dr. Nansen delivered a lecture on polar exploration in general and Amundsen's achievement in particular. Commenting on the long struggle to attain the south pole, Nansen paid a warm tribute to Captain James Cook and Captain Ross. He continued: "Their feats have been brilliantly followed up by Captain Scott and Sir Ernest Shackleton, whose discoveries greatly contributed to Amundsen's success. Still the Amundsen expedition was largely founded on Norwegian experience. The art and science of polar exploration have been highly developed by the Norwegians, and their methods have been adopted by all other countries, but Norwegians are better fitted to apply them in practice, because they spring from Norwegian polar experience. "Therefore we must continue these explorations. We should not do what others can do better, but should concentrate our faculties on doing what we can do better than others."

GIFT TO AMUNDSEN.

London, March 18.—The London Daily Telegraph has a despatch from its Copenhagen correspondent saying that a Cabinet council will be held in Christiania next week with a view to granting Amundsen a state subvention of \$105,000 for the benefit of his polar trip.

AFTER 42 YEARS

"Karah-Kon-Tye" to Visit Six Nations Reserve.

Ottawa despatch: H. P. H. the Duke of Connaught smoked the pipe of peace to-day with a delegation of Indians from the Six Nations reserve at Brantford, who were accompanied by Messrs. Cockshutt, Fisher and Lalor, M.P.'s Chief Elliott, Chief John, Chief Joseph Hill, Chief Smith, Chief Claws and Chief Gibson composing the delegation. Some years ago the Duke was made a chief of the tribe. In his reply his Royal Highness said: "Brother Chiefs of the Six Nations: "I have heard with pleasure the words which you have read, and I thank you for your expressions of friendship to myself and of loyalty toward our great chief, King George. I shall inform His Majesty of the terms of your address, and he will be glad to hear news of the Six Nations Indians. Your loyalty he knows well, for that has been always proved by the past history of your race. "I shall be glad one day to visit you and to smoke the pipe of peace, though I fear that of those chiefs who sat with me in the council chamber 42 years ago none are now living. "Though they are gone, they have handed down to their successors the healthy, civilized traditions which have always characterized your people. I hear on all sides that your progress keeps faith with that of the great Dominion which is your home. When you return I wish you to tell the other chiefs, the warriors and the people that Karah-Kon-Tye sends them his greetings, and wishes them abundant harvest, health and happiness. (Signed) "Arthur."

CONNAUGHT WILL SMOKE THE PIPE OF PEACE.

Ottawa despatch: H. P. H. the Duke of Connaught smoked the pipe of peace to-day with a delegation of Indians from the Six Nations reserve at Brantford, who were accompanied by Messrs. Cockshutt, Fisher and Lalor, M.P.'s Chief Elliott, Chief John, Chief Joseph Hill, Chief Smith, Chief Claws and Chief Gibson composing the delegation. Some years ago the Duke was made a chief of the tribe. In his reply his Royal Highness said: "Brother Chiefs of the Six Nations: "I have heard with pleasure the words which you have read, and I thank you for your expressions of friendship to myself and of loyalty toward our great chief, King George. I shall inform His Majesty of the terms of your address, and he will be glad to hear news of the Six Nations Indians. Your loyalty he knows well, for that has been always proved by the past history of your race. "I shall be glad one day to visit you and to smoke the pipe of peace, though I fear that of those chiefs who sat with me in the council chamber 42 years ago none are now living. "Though they are gone, they have handed down to their successors the healthy, civilized traditions which have always characterized your people. I hear on all sides that your progress keeps faith with that of the great Dominion which is your home. When you return I wish you to tell the other chiefs, the warriors and the people that Karah-Kon-Tye sends them his greetings, and wishes them abundant harvest, health and happiness. (Signed) "Arthur."

RARE BOOKS SOLD.

London, Eng., March 18.—The Times says it has transpired that one of the rarest of the books that were stolen recently from the Peterborough Cathedral library, was sold to J. Pierpont Morgan for a sum in four figures sterling. Another went to an American millionaire for over £1,000.

FLED FROM FIRE

London, Ont., despatch: The family of Mr. W. H. Oram, Waverley Road, had a narrow escape from death in a fire that did \$4,000 damage to his home, the store of T. A. Rowats, and the Foresters' Hall, at 2:30 this morning. One of the sons, J. Oram, cut off from the rest of the family, jumped to the ground, a distance of 15 feet. He was uninjured. The others made their escapes with the least possible alarm.

CHINESE TROOPS MUTINY.

London, March 18.—The troops stationed at Tating Fu, in the Province of Shan Si, mutinied to-day, according to a despatch from Tien Tsin, received here by a news agency this morning. The same despatch reports that Prince Tuan, whose son was at one time selected as heir to the Chinese throne, has issued several decrees, which are signed "Emperor of Shan Si and Kan Sa."

WILL NOT GRANT FRANCE'S REQUESTS IN MOROCCO.

London, March 18.—The Daily Telegraph's Paris correspondent wires under last night's date: Bad news has been received here from Madrid this evening. The Spanish Government is reported to have refused all the chief French requests for compensation in Morocco, in particular the cession of Cape Deau, in the French zone of influence, or of Cape de Agua, in the Spanish zone, and the rearrangement of the frontier between French and Spanish Morocco on the River Lukko, southwest of Alksar, asked for by France. Not only that, but Spain requests a rearrangement of the frontier in her favor in the Muluya waters. This is a holiday here, and official opinion is unobtainable, but I can say with assurance that the French Government will not accept these terms. For some time past there has been the question pending of the organization of a French protectorate over Morocco, irrespective of Spain. If Spain proves unamiable she will simply be ignored by France in the matter.

SPAIN REFUSES

The feeding of decomposed food to hogs, under section 100, can be prevented by the health officer, who, at his discretion, may seize and carry away the hogs so as to prevent their removal. Any butcher selling meat shall be required to produce an affidavit that the place at which such meat is slaughtered is open to inspection, and in the case of sink vial the burden of proof is on the person charged.

NEW HEALTH ACT

Province to be Divided Into Ten Districts.

Wide Powers of the Local Health Officers.

Toronto despatch: One of the most important measures of the session, the public health act, was introduced into the Legislature yesterday afternoon by Hon. W. J. Hanna and given its first reading. The principal new feature of the bill is found in clause 13, under which the Lieutenant-Governor in Council may divide the Province into ten health districts, and appoint any legally qualified medical practitioner as district officer of health, but a city having a population of 60,000 or over shall not be included in such district. The working of this section, it is expected, will meet the requirements of those who are looking for compulsory notification in respect of persons suffering from infectious diseases, and the health officer of the district will have almost arbitrary powers to deal with any situation that may arise. In consolidating the clauses the old act has been stiffened, while the definition of "communicable diseases" has been considerably widened. This definition includes "any contagious or infectious diseases" enumerating many, and "any other disease which may be declared by the regulations to be a communicable disease." To prevent the law becoming a hardship in exceptional circumstances, certain enabling clauses are introduced, giving the health officers discretionary power to exclude certain "communicable" diseases from some of the requirements of the law. To strengthen the hand of the local health officer, he will hold office during good behavior and can only be removed by the Provincial Board. The medical health officer will be the executive officer of the board, and shall be responsible for carrying out the provisions of the act and the by-laws of the municipality. A new clause declares that the medical health officer shall be paid a "reasonable salary to be fixed by law." An annual conference of health officers is provided for, the expenses of which are to be paid by the municipalities.

PERSONS DESIRING TO ESTABLISH OR KEEP A HOSPITAL SANITARIUM, OR INSTITUTION IN ANY MUNICIPALITY WILL HAVE FIRST TO SECURE PERMISSION FROM THE LOCAL BOARD TO DO SO.

Clause 87 is ample in its provisions. It declares that where, in the opinion of the health officer, premises are so situated, constructed or improperly lighted, or of such a character or condition as to be unfit for human habitation or dangerous to health, "he may cause such premises to be closed, and may affix a notice thereon in a prominent place setting forth the reason for such closing" and no person shall pull down or deface such notice, or use the premises closed as a dwelling.

The feeding of decomposed food to hogs, under section 100, can be prevented by the health officer, who, at his discretion, may seize and carry away the hogs so as to prevent their removal. Any butcher selling meat shall be required to produce an affidavit that the place at which such meat is slaughtered is open to inspection, and in the case of sink vial the burden of proof is on the person charged.

CONNAUGHT WILL SMOKE THE PIPE OF PEACE.

Ottawa despatch: H. P. H. the Duke of Connaught smoked the pipe of peace to-day with a delegation of Indians from the Six Nations reserve at Brantford, who were accompanied by Messrs. Cockshutt, Fisher and Lalor, M.P.'s Chief Elliott, Chief John, Chief Joseph Hill, Chief Smith, Chief Claws and Chief Gibson composing the delegation. Some years ago the Duke was made a chief of the tribe. In his reply his Royal Highness said: "Brother Chiefs of the Six Nations: "I have heard with pleasure the words which you have read, and I thank you for your expressions of friendship to myself and of loyalty toward our great chief, King George. I shall inform His Majesty of the terms of your address, and he will be glad to hear news of the Six Nations Indians. Your loyalty he knows well, for that has been always proved by the past history of your race. "I shall be glad one day to visit you and to smoke the pipe of peace, though I fear that of those chiefs who sat with me in the council chamber 42 years ago none are now living. "Though they are gone, they have handed down to their successors the healthy, civilized traditions which have always characterized your people. I hear on all sides that your progress keeps faith with that of the great Dominion which is your home. When you return I wish you to tell the other chiefs, the warriors and the people that Karah-Kon-Tye sends them his greetings, and wishes them abundant harvest, health and happiness. (Signed) "Arthur."

RARE BOOKS SOLD.

London, Eng., March 18.—The Times says it has transpired that one of the rarest of the books that were stolen recently from the Peterborough Cathedral library, was sold to J. Pierpont Morgan for a sum in four figures sterling. Another went to an American millionaire for over £1,000.

FLED FROM FIRE

London, Ont., despatch: The family of Mr. W. H. Oram, Waverley Road, had a narrow escape from death in a fire that did \$4,000 damage to his home, the store of T. A. Rowats, and the Foresters' Hall, at 2:30 this morning. One of the sons, J. Oram, cut off from the rest of the family, jumped to the ground, a distance of 15 feet. He was uninjured. The others made their escapes with the least possible alarm.

CHINESE TROOPS MUTINY.

London, March 18.—The troops stationed at Tating Fu, in the Province of Shan Si, mutinied to-day, according to a despatch from Tien Tsin, received here by a news agency this morning. The same despatch reports that Prince Tuan, whose son was at one time selected as heir to the Chinese throne, has issued several decrees, which are signed "Emperor of Shan Si and Kan Sa."

WILL NOT GRANT FRANCE'S REQUESTS IN MOROCCO.

London, March 18.—The Daily Telegraph's Paris correspondent wires under last night's date: Bad news has been received here from Madrid this evening. The Spanish Government is reported to have refused all the chief French requests for compensation in Morocco, in particular the cession of Cape Deau, in the French zone of influence, or of Cape de Agua, in the Spanish zone, and the rearrangement of the frontier between French and Spanish Morocco on the River Lukko, southwest of Alksar, asked for by France. Not only that, but Spain requests a rearrangement of the frontier in her favor in the Muluya waters. This is a holiday here, and official opinion is unobtainable, but I can say with assurance that the French Government will not accept these terms. For some time past there has been the question pending of the organization of a French protectorate over Morocco, irrespective of Spain. If Spain proves unamiable she will simply be ignored by France in the matter.

SPAIN REFUSES

The feeding of decomposed food to hogs, under section 100, can be prevented by the health officer, who, at his discretion, may seize and carry away the hogs so as to prevent their removal. Any butcher selling meat shall be required to produce an affidavit that the place at which such meat is slaughtered is open to inspection, and in the case of sink vial the burden of proof is on the person charged.