General Intelligence.

Colonial.

Domestic.

THE NEW ST. MATTHEW'S CHURCH.—The new St. Matthew's Church, Pleasant St., is rapidly progressing in its exterior walls, and will probably be ready for roofing in the present week. It is worthy of remark that the excavations for the foundations of this splendid edifice were only commenced in June last, at which period the brick with which it has been built was laying untouched in the primitive clay-bank, and the free stone employed in its construction was in like manner packed hard and fast in its native quarry. This really beautiful building promises to be a very great ornamental addition to the South end of the City; and we trust that its gothic grandeur will, when completed, have the effect of shaming our citizens to turn their attention to the adornment of Old St. Paul's Church Yard.—*Morning Journal.*

THE CROPS EAST.—The Pictou *Standard* says—the crops just secured in that county are above the average. Wheat in some sections suffered severely from weevil and mildew, while in others it escaped both evils, and is considered an excellent crop. The harvest has been very late and tedious. The oat crop is abundant and of good quality. Potatoes are an excellent crop having as yet been but slightly affected with the blight.—*Journal.*

New Brunswick.

WESLEYAN MISSIONARY MEETING.—The annual meeting of the Wesleyan Missionary Society was held in the Methodist Chapel, on Tuesday evening last. A large and intelligent audience present evinced a warm interest in, and appreciation of, the eloquent and telling appeals which were made in order to awaken sympathy on behalf of those poor sufferers under the bondage of heathenism, who have never yet heard the glad tidings which to us in more favored circumstances are continually being preached. To every one who desires, as who does not, the hastening on of the millenium day of glory, it must be gratifying to hear of the success which has attended the untiring efforts of the various evangelical missionary societies in planting amid the dark haunts of idolatory the seed of Christianity, and of the gracious return which the Lord of the harvest is bestowing; and, refreshed in their desires by this success, every one may well feel emulous of doing what they can to help on the good word and work.

Upon the platform were the Rev. Messrs, Todd, Seeley (Baptists), Salmon (Free Presbyterian), Prince, Rice, M'Keon, Butcher, Reed (Wesleyan), each of whom addressed the meeting with power and effect. The chair was occupied by R. A. Hay, Esq.—*Carleton Sentinel.*

EDUCATIONAL MEETING.—The Superintendant of Schools, H. Fisher, Esq, addressed a large and very attentive audience in the Mechanics' Institute, on Tuesday last, on the subject of Education. Having been prevented from giving our attendance at the commencement of the lecture, we are quite unable to offer a report of it. This however, is less important, as a large portion of our readers have had an opportunity of hearing Mr. Fisher during his recent lecturing tour through various localities in this County.

Mr. Fisher's object, as it is his duty, in this his first visit professionally to the different Counties, is to present to the people the Law, explain its provisions and machinery, and the way in which it is to be rendered effective; and this duty he performs in a manner convincing, lucid and interesting.

Mr. Fisher carefully and properly avoids politics, claiming that the subject of education never has been, as it never should be, regarded as a party question, but that it has received the attention of successive legislators and governments ever since the Province has had a legislature and government; that in these, acknowledging the intrinsic importance of the subject, men have agreed on education who differed in everything else, find differed in this who agreed in everything else; and that each successive educational measure has been an improvement upon that which preceded it.

Mr. Fisher stated one fact,—and every one seemed pleased to hear him speak so strongly and distinctly on the point as he did,—that was, his determination not to continue for one moment in employ a school-teacher whose life and conversation were not circumspect. The occasional or habitual drunkard, and the profane, are not, as was stated, the characters who should have charge of the education of our children; and, as Mr. Fisher likewise stated, the schoolmaster should be, next to the minister, the most exemplary man in the parish.

Upon the assessment principle, Mr. Fisher, we have reason to suppose, in some localities has been misunderstood. He warmly advocates the principle, as wise, as politic, and necessary, and meets the arguments of those who are opposed in a manner very conclusive; but he thinks that the public mind is not, as yet, sufficiently prepared to submit to such legislation as would make the adoption of the principle imperative and unconditional; and he likewise advances the opinion that it were better, in parishes where the friends of assessment have but a bare majority, not to force it upon the minority, but to wait awhile, until more of their numbers become prepared to admit the excellence of the principle.

We find that, wherever the people have heard Mr Fisher, they are exceedingly well pleased with him and with his expositions; and we feel confident that his labors, continued with the same zeal which has marked their commencement, will be exceedingly beneficial to the educational interests of the province.—*Carleton Sentinel.*

The new line of Telegraph through the United States, New Brunswick, and Nova Scotia to Halifax, is being rapidly constructed, the first section to Portland having been completed.—When this line is put through the entire distance, it will be of very great advantage to the people of these Colonies, as well as to those of the United States, as cheap and increased facilities will be afforded to the business public. We read in the Boston *Courier*:—

EXTENSION OF THE UNION TELEGRAPH LINE TO PORTLAND.—Charles F. Wood, Esq., Superintendent of the Union Line, telegraphs from Portland to the Merchants' Exchange the announcement that the first section of the Union Line has been completed. The company are now prepared to offer to the public unsurpassing facilities for the prompt and expenditious communication from Portland to New Orleans. Due notice will be given of the progress of the Line towards Halifax.—*New Brunswicker.*

Canada.

EXHIBITION OF 1858 GREATEST OF THE SERIES!—It is exceedingly gratifying to those who remembered the first of these exhibitions, to observe the progress which has been made since it was held, and that so far from the improvement being checked, its momentum increases every year. It might have been thought with so many complaints of the failure of the wheat crop, that the show would have been poor in that department for this year. On the contrary there are between twenty and thirty competitors for the Canada Company's prize, and the samples are excellent. For the two bushel prizes, the competitors are numberless. There is a splendid show of horses. Perhaps as good animals have been shown before, but never so many fine animals bred in the province. The cattle are very numerous, and would have delighted everybody a few years back. Now, however, we are getting fastidious, and thoroughbred does not satisfy; they must be the best thoroughbred. Under this description may safely be brought a Durham heifer of Mr. Stone which we predict will carry the palm. Mr. Wade of Port Hope has a couple of fat cattle of the first class, also Durhams. The Herefords and Ayrshires do not appear to increase in popularity, while the Devons and Galloways advance in number every year. With his usual enterprise, Mr. Lock of Yarmouth has brought 27 of his Devons to Toronto. Considering the state of the times, it is wonderful that breeders go to so much expense in freight. The show of sheep is about an average—not any better than that. The poultry are magnificent—the finest we have ever seen. They are so numerous that there is no space under their shed. The vegetables are evidently a good crop this year; the gourd tribe come out particularly strong, so do the roots. The fruit is not plentiful, but it is good and shows more culture. The manufactures are far superior to anything ever before seen in Canada.—*Toronto Globe.*

The great event of the week, both in Upper and Lower Canada, was the Provincial Agricultural and Industrial Exhibitions. Both have been visited by great crowds of spectators from all parts of the country. Upwards of 20,000 persons, in two days, visited that held in this city, and we believe a still greater number of persons were present at the Toronto Exhibition.

In Lower Canada a marked improvement has taken place over all previous years The breeds of cattle shown were many of them very superior. Good stock has been imported at great cost, and the breeding from it been carefully attended to. Of horses the same remarks may be made, apart from the excellence of the pure Canadian breeds. Some fine swine were shown. The competition in products of the field was not great, but many of the articles were superior. Of the products of the dairy the same remark may be made; so also may it of the products of the garden. There was a considerable collection of farming implements, which also marked improvement, and the existence of skill and principle in their manufacture. In the industrial department unusual excellence was shown, and manufactures were exhibited in every way creditable to the Province.

The weather, on the whole, was fine for the Exhibition, and more animation has been given to business.—*Montreal Gazette, Oct. 4.*

United States.

BURNING OF THE CRYSTAL PALACE.—The fair of the American Institute was being held in the Crystal Palace at the time of its destruction, and your readers may form a good idea of the variety of articles contained in its immense area. Scarcely anything has been saved; so rapid was the progress of the flames, that saving was nearly impossible.

In the various departments of the Institute there were near thirty-nine thousand entries; one can imagine the immense variety of specimens of ingenuity and art which in an instant have been swept away. On these exhibitors the loss is very heavy in the aggregate; every one of them has suffered some, and individuals from one to five thousand dollars. The total value of goods destroyed is supposed to be $160,000; picture gallery $10,000; stationery $25,000; jewelry, diamonds and watches, $30,000; and thousands of dollars' worth of medicines, furniture and house-keeping articles, wearing apparel, stoves, ranges and furnaces, agricultural implements, sewing machines, fire engines, pianos, et cetra. The Palace cost about $700,000. Of the articles burnt, the most curious were three steam calliopes, which discoursed music to the wonderment of visitors; the value of the three instruments was $16,000.

As to the origin of the fire, the best opinion seems to be, that it was the act of an incendiary, incited by a gang of thieves that hoped in the confusion to plunder with impunity. The fire originated in a lumber room remote from the steam engines, and other parts of the building where fire was used.

The Crystal Palace was built in 1852, by "The Association for the Exhibition of the Industry of all Nations," and was inaugurated July 14, 1853, by President Pierce. It did not turn out profitable, soon became embarrassed, and a Receiver was appointed on behalf of the creditors. To the stockholders it was a loss; but like many other enterprises and improvements, was a gain to the public at a sacrifice to individuals.—

It was unique and truly splendid, and when lighted with gas reminded the beholder of the fairy palaces of the Arabian Nights. To all strangers was it an object of interest and curiosity—one of the lions of the Commercial Emporium. And our citizens mourn over the smouldering remains of a structure so beautiful and highly prized; our young men, as they travel on in life's journey, to their children will dwell on the beauties and wonders of the Crystal Palace, and with melancholy interest point to the vacant spot at one time covered with a rare specimen of the genius and skill of the nineteenth century.—*Zion's Herald.*

TERRIBLE ADVENTURE—A MAN SEATED ON THE VALVE OF A BALLOON CARRIED INTO THE CLOUDS.—We have learned full particulars of the Balloon ascension at Adrian, on Thursday, its subsequent descent, and its second ascension and runaway with the aeronaut while beyond his control. It is a brief narrative, but of thrilling interest. A man lost in the sky. There scarcely can be a more terrible thought. It makes the flesh creep and sends a shudder through every nerve!

The first ascension took place about nine o'clock in the morning. It was on the occasion of a large Sunday School celebration at Adrian. The balloon was a very large and well constructed one, being about the height of a two story building when inflated and ready to cut loose from its fastenings. Messrs. Bannister and Thurston took seats in the car attached to the balloon and ascended safely and steadily. After remaining about 40 minutes in the air, sailing toward Toledo all the time, they alighted in the woods in the town of Riga, Lenawee county, near Knight's station on the Southern Road, distant about 18 miles West of Toledo. Several mem came to the assistance of the adventurers, and they proceeded to prepare the balloon for packing to be taken back to Adrian.

In doing this, the monster balloon was turned over and partially upside down to disentangle the netting and to reach the valve. To do this Mr. Ira Thurston, one of the aeronauts, took off his coat, and got astride of the valve block. He then suggested that the car be detached from the balloon while he should hold it down with his weight. This proved a fearful calculation, for no sooner was the still inflated body relieved of the weight of the car than it shot into the air with the suddenness of a rocket, taking Mr. Thurston along with it, seated upon the valve of the balloon, and holding on to the collapsed silk of the air ship in that portion of its bulk. In this perfectly helpless condition, the ill-fated man sped straight into the sky in the full sight of his companions, even more helpless than himself. So far as is known, there was no possible means for him to secure his descent, whether safe or otherwise. The part of the balloon filled with gas was full twelve feet above him, so that there was no chance for him to cut it and escape. He could only cling to his precarious hold and go whithersoever the currents of air should take him.

Without regulation or control of any kind the balloon continued to mount upward, sailing off in the direction of this city and Lake Erie. The fatal ascension took place about 11 o'clock, and at a few minutes past noon it was seen in the town of Blissfield, Lenawee Co., apparently full three miles high, and about the size of a star in appearance. It was still going up and on! At a quarter past 1 o'clock it was last dimly visible going in the direction of Malden, as ascertained by compass bearings taken by parties observing it.

What is his exact fate baffles conjecture; but that it is horrible almost beyond precedent, there can be no doubt. There is no one chance in a million for a successful escape. Whether the unfortunate man was carried up so high as to become benumbed and senseless, death ensuing—or whether he fell off at length from his tremendous altitude, to have the breath sucked from him in his fearful descent, and to be sunk in the lake or dashed into a shapeless mass upon the earth, it is doubtful if any save God will ever know. The mind stands appalled in contemplating this fearful disaster, and blindly gropes in mazes of wonder at where his place of sepulture shall be.

Mr. Thurston was an experienced balloonist, having built several, and this being his thirty-seventh ascension. He was formerly a resident in the vicinity of Liman and Rochester in Western New York, but has latterly resided in Adrian, where he was extensively engaged in business as a nurseryman. He was a widower, having lost his wife last Winter. He leaves an interesting daughter, about seventeen years of age to mourn her father's unknown, terrible fate!—*Tribune Sept. 18.*

India

The cessation of hostilities in Oude seems almost to have told more powerfully upon the rebel cause than our victories, as symptoms are now manifest in all quarters of a thorough breakup of the confederation. They only wanted a little leisure to quarrel amongst themselves, and the sending our troops into quarters has afforded them the opportunity. Sir J. Hope Grant marched with a small but well appointed force from Lucknow on the 21st ultimo for the relief of Maun Sing, besieged in his fortress at Shahgung, in the neighbourhood of Fyzabad. The rebel army is said to have amounted to 8,000 cavalry, and 40,000 infantry, of whom 10,000 were Sepoys, but these figures are doubtless a random guess without authority. Grant's force could not have exceeded 3,500 in all, but the enemy showed that they had no intention of again meeting the dreaded *gora logue*; and while he was yet fourteen miles away, broke up into three divisions and retreated precipitately. The men flatly refused to fight. A letter from Lucknow, in the columns of a contemporary, describes the result of the advance as follows:—"On his road Grant met with no opposition. The rebels at Durreabad, some 10,000 strong under Gungadhur Panday, once one of our faithful, melted into particles on our approach. The chuckleder of the place addressed head quarters, that is the Begum, that hearing of the advance of British troops, Gungadhur's men, and those of Abed Hoosein, felt a sudden pricking of the conscience, and were deserting. No attraction could keep them together, our presence and our bayonets were very repellent. No sooner did intelligence reach Mehndee Hoosein that we had passed Durreabad, where we have quartered the Kupertulla Rajah's troops, than the vast host before Shahgung rolled with a similar emotion. In one night 13,000 deserted, having been seen no more."

On the 30th of July, Maun Sing came into General Grant's camp at Fyzabad, and whatever reason we may have to doubt the sincerity of this man's late and vacillating professions, his final detachment from the rebel cause is undoubtedly an advantage of importance. The effect of this movement is the perfect re-establishment of order at Fyzabad. The inhabitants are returning to their homes, and the shops being opened, and trade resumed as if nothing whatever had transpired in the district. Our anticipations that the Begum's force at Bounree would melt away of itself, are realised. It had dwindled down, by last accounts, to between three and four thousand men with four guns, and was preparing to follow the Nana into the Nepaul territories, upon the first notice of our advance. The latest information we have of this monster is that he was at Chardah, in the Namparuh district, on the 2nd August, at the head of a considerable body of troops, with four guns. It is hardly possible that he should escape were the Nepaul Government in earnest to arrest him, but we are not surprised that grave doubts are expressed of the real sentiments of that Court, although we have delighted to honour Jung Bhadoor with the dignity we confer upon our best and bravest warriors. It would serve no purpose to detail the numerous rebel gatherings left in the province, but we may mention that a flying column, detached from Grant's force, was to follow up the *debris* of the Shangung besiegers, who under Mohamed Hoosien are now collecting at Sultanpore, to the number, it is said, of 18,000 men.—The pursuing column consists of the 1st Madras Fusiliers, 4th Punjaub Rifles, 500 cavalry, with one troop Horse Artillery.

The state of affairs in Oude affords the best indication which could be given of the wisdom of Lord Canning's policy throughout. Had an amnesty been decreed, it is doubtful whether it would have been accepted, while had it proved successful, it would have tied the Commissioner's hands in the most mischievous and embarrassing manner, from the host of claims which it would have been supposed to guarantee. As it is, Mr. Montgomery is unfettered. Abundant evidence has been given to the rebels that they will be dealt with in a spirit of justice, tempered largely with mercy, and the settlement of Oude upon a peaceful and enduring basis is now secured.

The Paris correspondent of the *Globe* says:—"It is impossible to exaggerate the importance of what has just taken place between Russia and the government at Turin. All the complimentary interchanges of diplomatic and courtly demonstrations have ended in a solid and substantial fact. Russia has got lease for twenty-two years to come, at the fixed rate of four millions of francs annual payment into the Sardinian Exchequer, of the town of Villafranca, with water privileges comprising a capacious and well sheltered harbour, capable of accommodating thirty ships of the line, within ten miles of France, two miles from Nice, and in the most favourite position for becoming a small Sebastopol in the heart of the Mediterranean. General La Mormora has just notified to the Piedmontese troops occupying the barracks round that harbour that they must forthwith evacuate the same, and retire on Nice; which town taking alarm lest a quarantine or lazaretto establishment should be set up at Villafranca, so near their watering place, the worthy general tranquilised them by announcing officially 'that the seaport of Villafranca is now part and portion of all the Russias, and that the new proprietors are the steam company for trade by steamers to and from Odessa.'"

Latest by Telegraph.

ARRIVAL OF THE "CITY OF BALTIMORE" OFF CAPE RACE.

The steamer *City of Baltimore* arrived off Cape Race on Friday, having left Liverpool on the 29th ult. with 100 passengers.

Atlantic Telegraph £315 to £325.

Gwalior rebels were defeated on the 17th of August, with 700 killed. British loss trifling.

The Port of Pocuree, after thirty hours' shelling, surrendered to Gen. Napier.

On the 24th, a brilliant victory was obtained by 550 police over 4000 rebels.

Three Bengal regiments have been re armed.

Punjaub, Bombay, and Madras tranquil.

The controversy between Whitehouse and the Telegraph Directors continues in the newspapers.

The Liverpool Commercial Association have recommended that corn, flour and meal be sold by a uniform standard of 100 lbs. weight.

The Invalide Russe announces that it is in contemplation to unite Europe with America by telegraph across the Russian possessions.

Prince Napoleon had gone to Warsaw to invite the Emperor Alexander to Paris.

The King of Prussia has not abdicated—he gives his brother the Regency, which the Prince of Prussia accepts The King can assume full powers it he regains his physical and mental health. Regent meanwhile to be intermitted.

The telegraph between St. Petersburg and Moscow is to be extended to the frontiers of China.

Havre, Dunkirk, Calais, and Boulonge are to be put in a state of defence.

A port of refuge is to be constructed between Brest and Cherbourg.

STILL LATER.

The following despatch was received at the Reading Room in this city on Saturday last:—

The Cunard Steamship *Africa* arrived at New York on Friday last. Liverpool dates to 2nd instant.

Cotton.—Market firm.

Breadstuffs.—Market dull.

Flour and Wheat have a declining tendency.

Provisions.—Market inactive.

Sugar.—Market quiet—sales limited.

Coffee firm.

Consols for money 95 1-4 to 95 3-8.

India and China mails reached London on the 2nd. No news of Interest from India.

The British Consul and all foreigners had left Canton.

Lord Elgin and Admiral Seymour had gone to Japan.

The ships Sultana and Ocean Chief (Am.) had arrived at Liverpool from Australia with £360,000 in gold.

Nothing new regarding Atlantic Cable.

Steamer *Propellor* arrived on the 29th at Galway, in a very leaky state—had to be grounded to prevent sinking.

Galway Steamers hereafter to call at Newfoundland.

Political news unimportant.

P. K. ☞ There is no medicine at the present day, I value so high as Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer. I have used it in my family for years; in every instance it has proved a sovereign remedy. I tested its qualities to-day, on a severe burn, and found it all that could be desired. A. D. MILLINE, Editor of Messenger

Portugese Colony, July 1st, 1857.

Messrs. Perry Davis & Son:—Gentlemen—Allow me, as an eye witness of the great good which your excellent medicine, the Pain Killer, has done amongst the exiles of Maderia, to state for the good of others, that it is now, and has been for five years, the great family medicine. We have found it excellent in fever and ague, in coughs, coulds, dyspepsia, chronic and inflammatory rheumatism, croups, worms, piles, nervous headache, gravel, &c. &c. The introduction of the Pain Killer has been a great blessing to the whole Colony. M. J. GONSLAVES, Minister of the Gospel and one of the Madeirians.

Sold by all medicine dealers.

The English Mail.

ARRIVAL OF THE "EUROPA.

The R. M. S. *Europa* arrived at 12 o'clock last night. We copy from the *European Times.*

FRANCE.—The Paris Bourse was on Thursday depressed by rumours that the Portuguese difficulty was likely to involve France in a misunderstanding with England.

The French admiral commanding in the Gulf of Mexico, who has just quitted Paris to proceed to his post, has received energetic orders to protect French subjects in Mexico.

FRENCH DEMONSTRATION AGAINST PORTUGAL.—The Portuguese have got into a difficulty through the faithful execution of the slave trade suppression treaties. A French ship, containing "free" negroes was seized in the Indian Ocean by the Portuguese, and the Court at Goa declared the proceedings quite proper. The French government held a contrary opinion, and to make their views respected have ordered two men-of-war into the Tagus.

SPAIN.—The coming elections in Spain are considered by the *Debats* as likely to prove favourable to the O'Donnell Ministry. The chiefs of the Progressista party, separated from the electoral body presided over by M. Olozaga state that their separation is not owing to any difference of opinion on principles, but that it is caused by their not thinking it convenient, under present circumstances, for the Progressista party to oppose the O'Donnell Cabinet, whereas the committee is of a different opinion.

SWITZERLAND.—The Swiss Federal Government has informed the Italian bishop of Como, who claimed jurisdiction within the Swiss territory, that his pretensions are inadmissable pending the refusal of the Holy See to negociate terms for a native prelate on terms comformable to the dignity of the Helvetic Republic.

ROME, Oct. 7.—The *Journal of Rome* announces that General Guyon is the bearer of decorations of the Legion of Honor, conferred by the Emperor Napoleon on officers of the Pontificial army.

PRUSSIA.—The correspondent of the *Times* says that the Regency question is satisfactorily settled, The King assents to the Prince of Prussia becoming Regent in accordance with Article 56 of the Constitution.

RUSSIA.—The *Iuvalide Russe* supposes that it was a dearth of news which led the English journals to create a bugbear out of the Vallafranca affair, and notices with satisfaction that the cry of alarm did not make any impression on the sensible part of the English public. The Russian Company, it says, has rented for twenty-four years from the Sardinian Government a spot of ground in the same bay as Vallafranca. The Russian journalist smiles at the fears of an English paper picturing to itself the Russian fleet leaving Cronstadt, taking shelter in the roadsted of Villafranca, and thence threatening England; and observes, it has doubtless forgotten the distance the Russian fleet would have to accomplish in order to reach the Mediterranean.

The History of the Religious Movement of the eighteenth century, called Methodism, considered in its different denominational forms, and its relations to British and American Protestantism. By Abel Stevens, LL. D. Vol. I. from the origin of Methodism to the death of Whitefield. New York. Carlton & Portor.

It has for some time been known that Dr. Stevens was engaged upon a new History of Methodism; and from the ability of the author, and the length of time he has devoted to his task, Wesleyans were justified in expecting a work of superior character. We have now before us the first volume of the projected history. It comes down to the death of Whitefield. To complete the author's plan three more volumes will be required. The whole history will terminate with the Centenary celebration in 1839. We shall not attempt to indicate any opinion of Dr. Stevens present volume until we have had time to read it. Our contemporaries in the United States are loud in its praise; and the name of the author is in itself an assurance that a book of great attraction lies before us.

For sale at the Wesleyan Book Room.

THE METHODIST QUARTERLY for *October*, contains the following articles:

I. Modern Materialism. By Rev Edward Thomson, D D, Delaware, Ohio.

II. Rev C. H. Spurgeon. By Rev I. W Wiley, M D., Pennington, N. J.

III. Berlin Conference. (Second Article.) By Rev Wm. Nast, D D, Cincinnati, Ohio.

IV. Drugs as an Indulgence. By Rev J. Townley Crane, D D, Jersey City, N. J.

V. Charles Lamb. By Prof W. H. Barnes, Baldwin University, Berea, Ohio.

VI. Wyoming. By Rev Zechariah Paddock, D D, Binghamton, N. Y.

VII. American Missions. By Rev D. D. Lore, Newark, N. J.

VIII. The Oldest Opposition to Christianity, and its Defence. By Rev Philip Schaff, D D, Mercersburgh, Pa.

IX. Popular Dental Knowledge. By Dr G. F. Colburn, Newark N. J.

X. Religious Intelligence.

XI. Synopsis of the Quarterlies.

XII. Quarterly Book-Table.

XIII. Miscellanea.

THE WESLEYAN METHODIST MAGAZINE and the CHRISTIAN MISCELLANY for September are on our table with their usual entertaining and profitable variety of contents.

MUSQUODOBOIT CIRCUIT.—A series of sermons on the Evidences, Doctrines, and Institutions of Christianity, will be preached by Rev. W. C. McKinnon, at Shubenacadie and Elmsdale, during the winter, 1st sermon will be preached Oct. 17th.

☞ In consequence of the absence of the Book Steward, who is attending Missionary Meetings in St. John, N. B., notices of Letters and Monies received will be deferred till next week.

Missionary Anniversaries.

ANNAPOLIS DISTRICT.

PLACE.	DEPUTATION.	PLACE.	TIME.
Annapolis,	Brothrs. Pickles, Tuttle, and Avery.	Annapolis,	Oct 18
		Granville,	" 19
		Clementa,	" 20
Horton,	Angwin, Taylor, and Lathern,	Bear River,	" 21
		Horton,	" 11
		Greenwich,	" 12
Cornwallis,	Hennigar & Angwin,	Kentville,	" 13
		Canning,	" 14
		Cornwallis west,	" 18
Aylesford,	Hennigar, Taylor & Lathern,	Berwick,	" 19
		Aylesford East,	" 20
		" West,	" 21
Wilmot	Angwin, Pickles, and Lathern,	Nicteaux,	Nov 15
		Wilmot,	" 16
		Harley Mount'n,	" 17
		Lawrence Town,	" 18
Digby,	Pickles, Smallwood, & Smith	Digby,	Oct 11
		Sandy Cove,	" 12
		Front Cove,	" 13
		St. Mary's Bay,	" 14
Bridgetown	Smallwood, Tuttle and Avery,	Tupperville,	Nov 22
		Granville,	" 23
		Bridgetown,	" 24
Yarmouth, Barrington & Shelb'n,	Twedy & Duncan Bro. England,	Barrington,	Oct 19 20 21
		N. E. Harbor,	Dec 19
		Shelburne,	do
		Roseway,	" 15
		N. E. Harbor,	" 16
		Barrington Head	" 17
		N. W. Passage,	" 20
		Cape Negro,	" 21
		Baccaro,	" 22
			" 23

THOS. ANGWIN, Chairman.

SOMETHING TO DO.

THE Subscribers will employ agents of either sex in every town and city, in a business which pays from $20 to $28 per week. Send stamp for return postage, for full particulars.

S. M. MYRICK & CO,

August 12. 6w. Lynn, Mass.

Missionary Anniversaries.

HALIFAX DISTRICT.

Halifax North, Halifax South, Dartmouth, Musquodoboit, St. Margaret's Bay—the Superintendents of these Circuits, aided by the local Committees, are to make their own arrangements.

LUNENBURG.—Mahone Bay, Nov. 15; New Germany, Nov. 16; Lunenburg, Nov. 17; Ritcy's Cove, Nov. 18; Rose Bay, Nov. 19.

PETITE REVIERE.—New Dublin, Nov. 22; Petite Reviere, Nov. 23; Broad Cove, Nov. 24.

MILLS VILLAGE, Dec. 27.

LIVERPOOL.—Liverpool, Dec. 28; Milton, Dec. 29; Hunt's Point, Dec. 30.

PORT MUTTON.—Port Mutton, Dec. 21; Port Jolly, Dec. 22; Sable River, Dec. 23; Little Harbour, Dec. 24.

The Ministers in these five Circuits will interchange as they may deem most expedient.

WINDSOR.—*Deputation*, Messrs Morton and Sprague—Windsor, Oct. 25; Falmouth, Oct. 26; Mount Denson, Oct. 27; Lockhartville, Oct. 28.

NEWPORT.—*Deputation*, Messrs Stewart and Phinney—Meander, Jan. 17; Oakland Jan. 18,

KEMPT.—*Deputation*—The Chairman of the District and Messrs Tweedy and Likely,—Kennetcook, Dec. 21; Kempt, Dec. 22; Walton, Dec. 23.

MAITLAND.—*Deputation*, Messrs Phinney and Payson—Maitland, Nov. 15; Burncoat, Nov. 16; Upper Rawdon, Nov. 17; Lower Rawdon, 18.

The Anniversary Sermons will be preached on the Sabbath previous to the Meetings.—Collections taken at all the services.

The President of the Conference will be present at as many of the meetings as he may find practicable.

ARTHUR MCNUTT, *Chairman.*

Halifax, September 28th, 1858.

Missionary Anniversaries.

SACKVILLE DISTRICT.

CIRCUITS.	DEPUTATION.	PLACE.	TIME.
Sackville,	Messrs Temple & Davis,	Sackville,	Oct 10 & 11
		Dorchester,	" 12
P't de Bute,	Me'rs Narraway, Allison & McCarty,	Point de Bute,	" 10 & 12
		Baie de Verte,	" 14
		Fort Lawrence,	" 15
Moncton,	Mesars Allison & Narraway,	Moncton,	" 17 & 18
		Shediac,	" 19
Hopewell,	Me'rs W. Temple and Thurlow,		Mid'l Jan.
Coverdale, Richibucto, Amherst,	To be arr by Sup, do.	Amherst,	Oct 17 & 18
	Mr. Davies,	Nappan,	" 19
	Dr. Pickard,	Head of Amherst	" 20
	Mr. Humphrey,	Tidnish,	" 21
Parsboro',	Dr. Pickard,	Parrsboro',	Jan 16 & 17
	Mr. McCarty,	Diligent River,	" 18
		West Brook,	" 19
		Maccan Mount'n	" 20
		Maccan,	" 20

Collections and Subscriptions will be taken at all of the above meetings, in aid of the funds of the Wesleyan Missionary Society.

By order of the Sackville Financial District Meeting.

THOMAS H. DAVIES, Chairman.

Commercial.

Halifax Markets.

Corrected for the "Provincial Wesleyan" up to 4 o'clock, Wednesday, October 20.

Bread, Navy, per cwt.	17 6d *a* 19s
" Pilot, per bbl.	17s 6d *a* 20s
Beef, Prime Ca.	60s
" " Am.	70s
Butter, Canada,	1s
" N. S. per lb.	11d *a* 1s 1d
Coffee, Laguyra, "	8½d *a* 9d
" Jamaica, "	9d
Flour, Am. sfi. per bbl.	30s *a* 32s 6d
" Can. sfi. "	27s 6d *a* 28s
" State, "	27s 6d *a* 28s
" Rye "	22s 6d
Cornmeal "	24s
Indian Corn, per bush.	none
Molasses, Mus. per gal.	1s 9d *a* 2s
" Clayed, "	1s 9d
Pork, prime, per bbl.	$18
" mess "	$22
Sugar, Bright P. R.	52s 6d
" Cuba	47s 6d *a* 50s
Bar Iron, com. per cwt.	15s *a* 16s 3d
Hoop "	22s 6d
Sheet "	23s
Nails, cut "	22s 6d
" wrought per lb.	3½d *a* 6d
Leather, sole "	1s 4d *a* 1s 6d
Codfish, large	20s
" small	15s
Salmon, No. 1,	$20 *a* 20½
" 2,	19 *a* 19½
" 3,	16
Mackarel, No. 1,	18
" 2,	11 *a* 12
" 3,	6½ *a* 6¾
" " med.	4½ *a* 5
Herrings, No 1,	20s
Alewives,	20s
Haddock,	10s 6d *a* 11s
Coal, Sydney, per chal.	25s
Firewood, per cord,	17s 6d

Prices at the Farmers' Market, corrected up to 4 o'clock, Wednesday, October 20.

Oats, per bushel	2s 6d
Oatmeal, per cwt.	17s *a* 17s 6d
Fresh Beef, per cwt.	$6½ *a* $8
Bacon, per lb.	7½d
Cheese, "	6d *a* 6½d
Calf-skins, "	7d
Yarn, "	2s 6d
Butter, fresh "	1s
Lamb, "	4½d
Veal, "	3d *a* 4d
Turkey, "	8d *a* 9d
Chickens, "	2s *a* 2s 3
Potatoes, per bushel	3s
Eggs, per dozen	10d
Homespun Cloth (wool)	per yard, 2s 6d
Do. (cotton and wool)	" 1s 9d

WILLIAM NEWCOMB
Clerk of Market.

Birth.

On Tuesday, 19th instant, the wife of the Rev. S. W. Sprague, of a Son.

Marriages.

At Gaspe, Canada East, on the 9th of Sept., by Rev. Frances LeDelerman, Capt. John VINERT, to SIBELLA, fourth daughter of Joseph Shaw, Esq., formerly of Annapolis, N. S.

On the 10th inst., by Rev. H. Pope, Wm. H SHEPHERD, of Halifax, to ELIZA LAWSON, of Shelburne.

At Windsor, on the 13th inst., by Rev. Chas Stewart, JOHN BRYDEN, Esq., of St. John', N. B., to Mrs Catherine MOSHER, of Newport.

At the Wesleyan Parsonage, Windsor, on the 13th inst., by the same, Mr. IRBEN MELVIN, to Miss Margaret SHAW, both of Falmouth.

At Oakdale, Kentvill, N. S., on the 11th inst., by Rev. H. L. Yewens, Stewart TREMAIN, Esq., of Halifax, to ELIZABETH LAVINIA, youngest daughter of the late Hon. James D Harris.

On the 7th of Oct., at the Wesleyan Parsonage, St. Andrew's, N. B., by the Rev. W. Smithson, John L. DAVIS, Druggist and Apothecary, of New York City, to ANNE AYRTON, eldest daughter of the Rev. George Johnson.

Deaths.

On Wednesday, 20th inst., CATHERINE LAVINA, 3rd daughter of Charles and Catherine Sullivan, aged 3 years

On the 16th inst., Francis Wm. ROBINSON, of Kirkdale, Lancashire, G. B., in the 31st year of his age.

On the 16th inst., ANNA, widow of the late George Jameson, ged 85 years, of Keith, Banffshire, Scotland.

On the 14th inst., ERMINA, infant daughter of Saml. Strong.

At the Manse, Musquodoboit, on the 10th inst., GEO. M., sixth son of the Rev. Robert Sedgewick.

On the 14th inst., Horatio N. DICKSON, of London, and formerly of this city, in the 39th year of his age.

At Pernambuco, Braz l, on the 2nd Sept., Mr. Henry H. STARR, only son of Christopher Starr, Esq., of Cornwallis, N. S., aged 25 years.

On the 15th inst., HARRY, son of Robert Morrow, aged 2 years.

On the 10th inst., at Lunenburg, ANN, widow of the late Philip Post, aged 85 years.

At Beaver Bank, on the 12th inst., Mr. Robert CAMPBELL, aged 75 years.

Shipping News.

PORT OF HALIFAX.

ARRIVED.

WEDNESDAY, October 13.

Barque Voyager, Banks, Pernambuco.
Schrs Maria Elmira, Quebec; Sultan, Day, Boston.
Arno, Messervey, Bay St. George.
Bloomer, Shaw, Bay St George.
Kossuth, Messervey, Bay St George.
Romp, Swain, P E Island.
Lunenburg Pckt, Westhaver, Lunenburg.
Charles, Souris.

THURSDAY, October 14.

Brig Louis Gile, St Pierre.
Schrs Niger, McLeod, Sydney.
Anna Maria, Sydney.

FRIDAY, October 15.

Steamer Merlin, Sampson, St Thomas & Bermuda.
Schrs Acadia, Deroy, Montreal
Ebenezer, Forward, Grand Bank.
Superior, Messervey, Bay St George
Palm, Nickerson, LaPoile.
Nancy, Crowell, Labrador.
Eagle, Gadlong, Newfld; Charles, Geddes, Labrador.

SATURDAY, October 16.

Brigts Emily Jane, Wilson, Porto Rico.
Brisk, Mosher, Turks Island.
Milo, Campbell, Baltimore.
S Cook, Delson, Labrado.
Express, Shelburne; Cherokee, Liverpool, N. S.
Government schr Daring, Daly, Sable Island.
Schrs Aldebaron, Crowell, Labrador.
Argo, Reynolds, Port Latour.
Negotiator, Courtney, Newfld.

SUNDAY, October 17.

Steamer Delta, Hunter, St Johns, Newfld.
Brrque Joseph Dexter, McColl, Inagua.
Brigt Spanish Main, Gange, Demerara.

MONDAY, October 18.

Ship Seth Sprague, Plate, Liverpool
Brig Humming Bird, Furzman, Trinidad.
Brigt J D Lincoln, Webber, Portland.
Schrs Will o' the Wisp, Hunt, Piladelphia.
Londonderry, Falconer, New York.
Hebe, Wilson, St Andrews.
John, Ozong, Bay St George.