

“BOBS” TELLS OF ACCIDENT

He Is Able to Continue Work and Hopes to Be About in a Few Days.

KRUGER SAYS BURGHERS WILL NEVER SURRENDER

Ex-President of Transvaal Lands at Marseilles—Determined to Fight to Last Man—Another Boer Leader Wounded.

(Associated Press.) London, Nov. 22.—The following dispatch has been received at the war office from Lord Roberts, dated Johannesburg: "My horse fell with me Sunday and bruised me somewhat. I am doing work. Hope to be about in a few days."

Bloemfontein, Nov. 22.—The Boers under Brand were defeated on November 18th at Vaderspan with heavy losses, the Lancers charging through the flying Boer line and doing deadly damage, as a number of riderless horses demonstrated.

Marseilles, Nov. 22.—Ex-President Kruger landed here at 10.45 this morning from the steamer Gelderland. The weather was beautiful and the Boer leader received a magnificent demonstration. He appeared to be in good health, and repeatedly took off his high hat in acknowledging the acclamations of the people.

Replying to the addresses of welcome of the presidents of the Paris and the Marseilles committees, Mr. Kruger spoke in Dutch and in a low voice, but he accompanied his words with energetic movements of his hat, which he held in his right hand.

After thanking the committees for the warmth of the reception accorded him and expressing gratitude for the sympathy he had received from the French government, he spoke of the war as being terrible and barbarously conducted by the British. He said: "I have fought with savages, but the present war is even worse. We will never surrender. We are determined to fight to the last extremity, and if the republics of the Transvaal and Orange Free State lose their independence, it will be because they have lost every man and child."

The Gelderland was sighted several miles out at 8 o'clock in the morning, and Dr. Ledys and Messrs. Fischer and Wassels, an interpreter, and Mr. Van Hammel, immediately proceeded to the Dutch warship in a steam launch, and soon afterwards boarded her. A conference between the Boer leaders ensued. When the Gelderland steamed into the outer harbor she fired a salute of 21 guns, to which a shore battery replied.

Mr. Kruger cannot be elated at the moment the white, twelve-oared barge left the side of the Gelderland with ex-President Kruger sitting in her stern surrounded by the Boer representatives, the storm of cheering never ceased until he entered his hotel.

The fighting declaration which Mr. Kruger made at the landing stage dispelled at once any impression that he might intend to accept a compromise from the British government. His announcement was greeted with a roar of cheers and cries of "Vive Kruger," "Vive Les Boers," "Vive la Liberté."

He repeated the sentiment from the hotel balcony, where, replying to the shouts of acclamations from the solid block of thousands of people, Mr. Kruger said the reception given him today would do much to soothe the wounds of his heart. The Boers, said he, would never sacrifice their freedom. They would rather be exterminated to the last man.

London, Nov. 21.—The following appears in a special edition of the Evening Standard this evening: "Just as we are going to press the news has reached London that Lord Roberts was thrown from his horse and received severe injuries."

The officials of the war office say they are "not in a position to report anything in connection with the rumored accident to Lord Roberts." This intimation is interpreted here as giving indirect support to the Evening Standard's statement.

St. John Broderick, that he felt no ill effects whatever.

Another Canadian Dead. Montreal, Nov. 21.—The Star's London cable says the war office has been advised of the following casualties among Canadian troops:

Private E. V. Chancellor, "C" Squadron, Strathcona's Horse, died of enteric at Elandfontein on the 13th instant. Private A. W. Stewart, "A" Squadron, Strathcona's Horse, slightly wounded at Elandfontein on the 6th.

Private Chancellor is from British Columbia, and joined Strathcona's Horse in Winnipeg. Private A. W. Stewart comes from Sander Point, Ont.

Disappointed. Marseilles, Nov. 21.—The Gelderland, with Mr. Kruger aboard, signalled off Toulon at 2 p.m. She had been delayed by a slight accident to her machinery. All the arrangements here for the reception have been postponed until tomorrow, as the former president of the Transvaal will not land till then.

A blunder in the calculations of the time that the Gelderland would require to make the crossing intended for the intended demonstration, and impelled the success of the reception to-morrow. The French reception committee did not take into consideration the gale sweeping over the Mediterranean, and the low speed of the Gelderland, but allowed all their arrangements to stand.

The Boer delegates, victims of the organizing committee, waited expectantly at their hotel from early morning until the afternoon of the arrival of the cruiser. For several hours the carriage intended for Mr. Kruger remained at the entrance of the hotel, the horses, which were decorated with rosettes of Boer colors, pawing the ground impatiently until the equipage was dismissed. Various delegations and societies that had assembled at the landing stage remained through heavy showers until they realized, in the non-signalling of the Gelderland, that their presence was futile. Then they dispersed.

The fiasco was unfortunate, because thousands among to-day's concourse will shrink from the possibility of losing another morning to-morrow. To-day's crowds were for the greater part made up of workmen and shopkeepers, who lost money by attending the gathering, and who are not likely to repeat the experiment. Bad weather and the uncertainty as to the time of Mr. Kruger's landing kept many thousands even today from the route. Thirty thousand would be a generous estimate of the crowd which was massed thickly at several points, while only sparse assemblies were to be seen elsewhere.

The French and the Boer delegates were all intensely disappointed, especially as up to a late hour no news had been received of the Gelderland's entry into the harbor, although it is fully expected that she will anchor there before daybreak to-morrow. No importance is attached to the report of an inquiry to her machinery, the theory being that she is merely going slowly on account of a heavy sea, which is consequently responsible for the delay.

An amusing statement appeared in a local paper this evening, in which an alleged rumor was published to the effect that the delay was due to the capture of the Gelderland on the high seas by a British squadron or to deliberate damage to her machinery by a mercenary. Naturally this statement only provoked the laughter of those who read it.

The Boer committee has issued an announcement to the effect that the programme intended for to-day will be carried out to-morrow. The attitude of to-day's concourse, while unanimously favorable to Mr. Kruger and the Boers, was nevertheless out of sympathy with the Boer cause, which tended to enhance the absurdity of a noisy promenade along the principal boulevards this evening by a score of anti-Boer youths, whose efforts led to no disorder whatever.

HUSBAND AND WIFE SHOT.

Supposed Murder and Suicide by a New York Tinsmith.

New York, Nov. 21.—Thomas Farley, a tinsmith, and his wife were found dead in their rooms in a tenement house today. Both had been shot through the temple. There is reason to believe that he murdered his wife and then killed himself. Farley was 35 years old, and his wife about three years younger. The shooting was done some time between 10.30 o'clock last Sunday morning and noon to-day, when the bodies were found. An inmate of the tenement house went to the landlord and told him he feared something had happened to the Farleys, as she had not seen them since Sunday morning. She said Mrs. Farley came down to her flat at half-past ten that morning, her face cut and bruised and both eyes blacked. She said her husband had beaten her and asked to be allowed to remain in the house over his anger. Permission was granted to her, and after a little while she went back upstairs.

No cause is known for the tragedy.

PHILIPPINE CAMPAIGN.

Gen. MacArthur Now Has Seventy Thousand Troops Under His Command.

Manila, Nov. 21.—Gen. MacArthur was asked to-day whether the result of the presidential election in the United States was in any way responsible for the orders to push operations against the Philippines. He replied that the result of the election was merely coincident with other features of the situation. He added that the return of soldiers and marines from China with the recruits who had arrived recently would increase the number of troops to 70,000. The enlargement of the forces, the ending of the rainy season, better roads, improved transportation and the desire to make the most efficient use of the volunteers before their term of service expires in June, are all contributory to the most active campaign. Concerning the replacing of 35,000 volunteers, Gen. MacArthur said he favors the establishment of a standing army of 75,000 men, and authorizing the president to increase it to 100,000 men.

The general also said he was enlarging the force in Gen. Young's district to 7,000 men, that heavy reinforcements were being sent to Gen. Hughes in the Island of Panay, that more troops had been ordered to Southern Luzon and that various column movements had been planned.

SIR A. SULLIVAN DEAD.

Famous Musical Composer, Who Has Been Ill for Some Time, Dies From Heart Failure.

London, Nov. 22.—Sir Arthur Sullivan, the musical composer, is dead, the result of heart failure. Sir Arthur had been ill since he returned from Switzerland in the middle of September. He caught a chill there and his chest and lungs became affected. He took to his bed a fortnight ago, but was unable to get up, and he died in his bed laughing and talking when he fell back and died within a few minutes of heart failure.

Sketch of His Career.

Sir Arthur Seymour Sullivan was born in London on May 13th, 1842. He was educated in music at the Chapel Royal, St. James's, by private tutors, and at the Leipsic Conservatorium; produced his first composition, Shakespeare's "Tempest," in 1861; collaborated in comic operas with W. S. Gilbert 1866-1890; was knighted by Queen Victoria in 1883. He was also a member of the League of London and given the order of the Medjidie by the Sultan of Turkey in 1888. He was principal of the National Training School for Music 1878-81, composed the Te Deum for the Prince of Wales's recovery thanksgiving service at the Albert Memorial, Musical Festivals 1880, 1885, 1886 and 1888. The London Philharmonic concert 1888 and 1889. Sir Arthur's musical setting of the comic opera "H. M. S. Pinafore," and "The Pirates of Penzance," and "Iolanthe," prepared in conjunction with W. S. Gilbert achieved a world-wide popularity. His "graver works" include "The Prodigal Son," 1866; "On Shore and Sea," 1871; "The Light of the World," 1873; "The Martyr of Antioch," 1880; "The Golden Legend," 1886, and his recent lighter ones "Princess Ida," "The Mikado," "Rudigore," "The Yeoman of the Guard," and "The Gondoliers." His "Ivanhoe" was produced in London in 1881. He also set Kipling's "The Absent-Minded Beggar" to music.

DELAGOA BAY AWARD.

Over Three Million Dollars and Interest Has Been Paid to Claimants.

London, Nov. 21.—The award of \$3,062,800, with interest at 5 per cent. from June 23rd, 1889, made by the arbitrators in the matter of the seizure of the Delagoa Bay railway by Portugal, will be paid to the claimants to-day or to-morrow. In addition to the principal of the award and the interest thereon, which makes a total of about \$5,000,000, Portugal paid \$140,000 on account of the seizure in 1840. The Portuguese government has deposited securities valued at \$5,000,000 in the London bank in the name of Ambassador Choite.

A large proportion of the award goes to the widow of Col. McMurlock, an American, who, with a number of English esquires, built the road and operated it until the Portuguese government arbitrarily violated the concession it had granted and seized the line.

THE OZAR'S HEALTH.

Livadia, Nov. 20.—The bulletin issued by the Oza's physicians to-day is less favorable. It says: "The Emperor passed a satisfactory day yesterday. At 0 in the evening the patient's temperature was 102.2, pulse 80. His Majesty slept tranquilly until 3 in the morning. Subsequently his rest was broken and perspiration appeared. This morning his condition was fairly satisfactory, temperature 100.4, pulse 70."

CAMPANIA HELD RESPONSIBLE.

London, Nov. 20.—The judgment of the Admiralty court was rendered to-day in action brought by the owners of the British bark Embledon, who recover damages for the sinking of that vessel by the Canadian line steamer Campania in July last, during a heavy fog, about 6 hours after leaving Queenstown, the collision resulting in the drowning of eleven of the crew of the Embledon, which was loaded with dynamite. The court found that the Campania's speed was excessive, and that she was solely blamable for the sinking of the Embledon, and judgment was pronounced accordingly.

The Canada Company intends to make an appeal.

The Church Of Rome

Attacked by Speakers at Meeting of Missionary Committee of Methodists.

Dr. Drees Says That the Creed Is Weakening—Work in Spain.

New York, Nov. 19.—At to-day's session of the general missionary committee of the Methodist church two fierce onslaughts were made on the Church of Rome. The committee is composed of all the bishops and leading divines in the Methodist Church of America. The first person to advance to this attack was Bishop Goodsell, of Tennessee. In the course of an address, he had occasion to speak of the work done in Italy and the conditions obtaining there. It is in the recital of the latter that the Bishop used such strong language against the Church of Rome. The Bishop said: "In Northern Europe, for instance, in Germany and the Scandinavian countries, we have made satisfactory progress, though we have had a great deal of indifference and even opposition to contend with. Statistics show that we have not made much headway during the first 35 years in Europe as we have in the same period in this country, which offers a more congenial soil for our creed. In Southern Europe, the conditions are somewhat different. There the struggle has been harder. There are many who doubt whether we have any work in Italy, that land of superstition and priestcraft; whether we could ever hope to accomplish anything there in face of the tremendous pressure of adverse thought with which we are confronted. The fact is that we projected one of our workers into Italy. He soon made up his mind that in Rome he had to do as the Romans. He began by training the young, by taking them in our schools and in Italy, that land of superstition and priestcraft; whether we could ever hope to accomplish anything there in face of the tremendous pressure of adverse thought with which we are confronted. The fact is that we projected one of our workers into Italy. He soon made up his mind that in Rome he had to do as the Romans. 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