THE HERALD
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☞ The large circulation of this Journal makes it a first-class medium for Advertising.

The Herald.

VOL. II. ST. JOHN, N. B., JANUARY 12, 1878. NO. 4.

PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL PRINTING
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
At Low Rates and with Despatch
AT THE
"HERALD"
Book, Card and Job Rooms,
54 GERMAIN STREET,

CHRISTMAS SALE.

DURING THE
MONTH OF DECEMBER,
WE WILL SELL ALL GOODS AT
Wholesale Price.

W. G. LAWTON,
48 King Street and 64 Germain Street.
dec15

NEW
Boot & Shoe Store,
NO. 212 UNION STREET,
(Next door to A. Sinclair's)
ST. JOHN, N. B.

A FIRST-CLASS assortment of BOOTS, SHOES, SLIPPERS, RUBBERS, &c., which will be sold at
Lowest Prices for Cash.
Boots and Shoes made to order in the latest style.
VAUGHAN & DONOVAN.
P. S.—All goods purchased of us Repaired free of charge.

J. S. STANTON,
Coach Proprietor,
98 St. Patrick Street,
ST. JOHN, N. B.
Coaches furnished for Weddings, Funerals, &c., at the very shortest notice.
All orders promptly attended to. mar24ly

ENGLISH HARD HATS.

Just Received per S. S. "Manitoban," and "Nova Scotian," a choice lot of
HARD FELT HATS,
suitable for Men and Boys wear. These will be found excellent value.
—ALSO—
SCOTCH KNITTED CAPS, Deep Crowns;
HEAVY WOOL, in plain and stitched;
GLENGARIES CAPS, in great variety;
FUR and FELT HATS, suitable for all ages;
In addition to the above we are showing a splendid lot of FUR CAPS, MUFFS and TIES, Heavy Cloth and Imitation of FUR CAPS, in numerous patterns.
SILK DRESS HATS and MERINOS, made to order at short notice.
Purchasers will save money by calling at
BARDSLEY BROS.,
22 Charlotte Street, and
Corner Brussels and Richmond Streets.
oct29

The Empire Dining Saloon,
GERMAIN ST., Opposite City Market
R. J. PATTERSON, Proprietor.
MEALS AT ALL HOURS.
The very best of Oysters always on hand
SOUPS OF ALL KINDS served every day.

WM. DOHERTY & Co.
CUSTOM TAILORS,
Corner of Main St., Portland,
AND PARADISE ROW.
SAINT JOHN, N. B.
FIRST CLASS FIT
And workmanship guaranteed. A full stock of
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.
Ladies' Sacques A Specialty

DOMINION
Dining Rooms and Exchange,
OLD ST. JOHN HOTEL LOT,
CHARLOTTE STREET.
ARE NOW OPEN
Meals at all Hours. Dinner 35 cents, served from 12 to 2. Patronage solicited.
Satisfaction guaranteed.
C. COURTENAY,
aug25 Proprietor.

P. KEENAN,
BOOT AND SHOE MAKER,
(Successor to the late J. Crear.)
has removed from Germain street, to the Shanty on the
SOUTH SIDE OF THE FOUNTAIN,
centre of King Square, where he will be found prepared to give the best satisfaction to all who favor him with their patronage. sept15

JOHN McGOURTY,
City Contractor,
COR. OF ELLIOT ROW & PITT ST.,
ST. JOHN, N B.
A slate will be kept at J. C. Ferguson's, King Square, and orders left will be promptly attended to.

100 Articles worth $30
SENT TO ANY ADDRESS with expenses paid on receipt of only ONE DOLLAR. This may seem strange but it is true nevertheless. Fire and hard times have compelled me to sell, and as there are only a few lots on hand you had better secure them immediately. Address
G. G. COREY,
283 Brussels street, St. John, N. B.

Christmas & New Year's
PRESENTS!

PER "SCANDINAVIAN," VIA HALIFAX:

50 DOZEN SILK HANDKERCHIEFS, in White, Blue, Cardinal, Crimson, Orange, Pink, Salmon, and White, with Coloured Borders.
40 DOZEN LADIES' SILK SCARFS, in all the New Shades,—Plain, Figured, Brocaded, Striped, Checked, Matelasse, Fringed Ends, Fringed Edges, &c., &c.
50 " PROMENADE SCARFS, Black, Seal Brown, Cardinal, Navy Blue, White Grey, Chinchilla and Fancy.
12 " SHELL SQUARES, 10 dozen BERLIN HALF SQUARES, 10 dozen LADIES CARDIGAN VESTS, BREAKFAST SHAWLS, SONTAGS, WOOL CUFFS.
500 SKIRTS, in Felt, Tweed, Melton, Alpacca, (quilted); Farmer's Satin, (quilted.)
100 DOZEN GLOVES and MITS, in Kid, (lined and unlined); Buck, (lined and unlined); Cloth, (lined and unlined), Ladies', Gentlemen's and Children's.
SPECIAL.—20 PIECES BLACK SILKS, Bonnet and Jaubert's makes, reduced from 20 to 50 cents per yard, FOR THIS MONTH ONLY.
100 WOOL SHAWLS in all the New Colourings and Styles.
22 PIECES BLACK CASHMERE, Chappet & Co.'s manufacture, (the best makers of this class of goods in the world,) rduced from 10 to 15 cents per yard FOR THIS MONTH ONLY.
34 " COLORED MERINOS, all the new shades, regular price 95 cents, reduced to 89 cents per yard FOR THIS MONTH ONLY.
150 " PLAIN AND FANCY DRESS GOODS, greatly reduced in price, FOR THIS MONTH ONLY.
A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK of New, Seasonable and Fashionable DRY GOODS, in all departments, at our USUAL LOW PRICES.

McCAFFERTY & DALY,
Corner of King and Germain Sts.

NEW
Dry Goods Store.
MISSION BUILDING,
PORTLAND BRIDGE.
CHRISTMAS SALE
—OF—
DRY GOODS!
The subscriber offers the following goods at
WHOLESALE PRICES.
150 PIECES FANCY DRESS GOODS, 8c. to 25c.
100 " BLACK ALPACAS and LUSTRES, 12½ to 30c.
50 Pieces BLACK BRIGANTINE and PERSIAN CORDS;
25 " Colored and Black MERINOS, from 50c.;
50 doz. MEN'S RIBBED UNDERCLOTHING, Shirts and Drawers, from 45c. to $1.00 each;
25 doz. Scotch LAMB'S WOOL UNDERCLOTHING, ribbed and plain Shirts and Drawers, $1 to $2.00 each.
20 doz. MEN'S CARDIGAN JACKETS, $1 to $2.;
Men's Kid Gloves, lined and unlined; Ladies' Kid Gloves, lined and unlined; Ladies' Corsets, Ladies Wool Squares, Scarfs, Wool Vests; 50 pieces LADIES' MANTLE CLOTHS, Matalasse, Moscow Beaver, President, Ulster Cloth, Nap Cloth, etc.; 100 pairs each Common, Medium and Witney Blankets; 100 pairs White Twilled Blankets, Colored Blankets; White and Colored Flannels, Fancy Flannels, Tweed do.; English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds; Household Goods, Sheetings, Towels and Towelling, Napkins, Table Cloths, etc.
MICHAEL WALSH,
dec22 Late McCullough & Walsh.

25 KING SQUARE.
WOOL SQUARES, CLOUDS and BREAKFAST SHAWLS, in great variety, new, fresh and beautiful, at lowest cash prices;
WOOL and PAISLEY SHAWLS very cheap at 25 KING SQUARE;
GREY and WHITE BLANKETS at bottom prices, at 25 KING SQUARE;
300 pieces DRESS WINCIES very cheap, at 25 KING SQUARE;
70 " DRESS MATERIALS, in all the leading shades, at 20 cents per yard, undoubtedly the best value ever shown in the city, at 25 KING SQUARE;
20 " BLACK CRAPE CLOTHS very much reduced, at 25 KING SQUARE;
300 " HEAVY WOOL TWEED for Youths', Boy's and Men's wear, at astonishingly low prices, at 25 KING SQUARE;
500 " PRINTED COTTONS and CAMBRICS clearing out at cost prices, at 25 KING SQUARE;
1000 " GREY and WHITE COTTONS commencing at 6 cents per yard, at 25 KING SQUARE;
The largest stock of CLOTHS in the city are selling off at less than Wholesale prices, at 25 KING SQUARE.
Every purchaser should call and see our Stock before placing their orders elsewhere, as we sell genuine goods at lowest rates, at 25 KING SQUARE.
P. J. QUINN, 25 KING SQUARE.

CHINA TEA STORE,
24 BRUSSELS ST,
The finest assortment of
TEAS, COFFEES AND SPICES,
ALWAYS ON HAND.
GIVE US A CALL.
nov3

U. S. PIANO CO.
$290.
YOU ask WHY we can sell First-Class 7 1-3 Octave Rosewood Piano for $290. Our answer is, that it costs less than $300 to make any $600 Piano sold through Agents all of whom make 100 per cent. profit. We have no Agents, but sell DIRECT to Families at Factory price, and warrant five years. We Send our Pianos everywhere for trial, and require no payment unless they are found satisfactory. Send for Illustrated Circular, which gives full particulars, and contains the names of over 1500 Bankers, Merchants and Families that are using our Pianos in every State of the Union. Please state where you saw his notice.
ADDRESS:
U. S. PIANO COMPANY,
810 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK.

LECTURE BY ARCHBISHOP LYNCH.

[From the Toronto *Globe*.]

His Grace occupied the pulpit in St. Michael's Cathedral yesterday evening, and commenced his discourse by remarking that old calumnies, like the fear of ghosts, float in the minds of some people, and even in mature years they can hardly get rid of them. Protestants ask a question which in fact had no foundation whatever, and to-night he intended to show its utter fallacy. "Does not the Catholic Church suppress the second commandment, 'Thou shalt not make to thyself any graven thing or image'?" He replied no. All agree, both Protestants and Catholics, that the commandments are ten in number; but they don't agree in the division of them. The Catholics divided the commandments according to the sense or object of each. For instance, the first commandment concerns the worship of God; of this commandment the Protestants make two, the Catholics only one. The second forbids to profane the holy name of God; this the Protestants say is the third, the Catholics hold that it is the second. Respecting the division of the other commandments, the Protestants agree with the Catholics up to the ninth and tenth, and of them the Protestants make only one—the prohibition of coveting the neighbor's house, ox, ass, and wife. Of these commandments the Catholics make two, because the coveting of a wife is a different object from the coveting of a house an ox, an ass, for Christ said "The coveting of thy neighbor's wife is equal to adultery." (Matt. v. 28.) In the Book of Deuteronomy, 5th chapter, where the commandments are again enunciated, the coveting of the wife is put before the coveting of the house, the ox, and the ass. The Protestants, by making one commandment of the Catholic ninth and tenth, falsely make the coveting of the wife, the house, the ox and the ass, the same or equal sin. The Catholics, therefore, do not suppress the second commandment, but truly say that it is comprised in the first, namely, "Thou shalt not have strange gods before me; thou shalt not make to thyself a graven thing, nor the likeness of any thing that is in heaven above or on the earth beneath, nor of those things that are in the waters under the earth," etc. Here it is evident that the worship of the true God is intended, and the worship of false gods prohibited, with the making of images for the purpose of adoration. The mere making of an image is not here forbidden, otherwise all sculptors and painters could not practise their arts, and the image of the Sovereign could not be stamped on the coins of the realm. The Queen of England has a remarkable devotion to her late husband, and takes great pleasure in exhibiting him to the love and veneration of her English subjects. When his statue is unveiled the people uncover their heads to express their esteem and give loud hurrahs. It is not to the marble or bronze that the honor is given, but to the Prince and Queen. Were religious people to be blamed, and called idolators, when they express their esteem for Christ and His saints by an occasional bow of the head? After some further comments on this point his Grace said that they honored the Blessed Virgin more than St. Peter, or even the archangels, but they never gave her divine honors, which were only to be given to God alone. When a mother receives the picture of her son who is in other lands she natuaally kisses and presses it to her heart. Was she honoring the paper? Certainly not. All civilized people cherish and honor mementoes of their dearest friends, such as busts and pictures. God himself ordered images to be made (Numbers, xxi, 8): "And the Lord said to Moses, make a brazen serpent and set it up for a sign, whosoever being struck shall look on it shall live." He also ordered cherubims to be made and placed around the ark of the Covenant. His Grace concluded by saying that he was glad to be able to state that the bad spirit which prevailed against the image of the Mother of God was fast disappearing. He had seen it of late years in the houses of many respectable Protestants, and even in the Normal school in this city the Blessed Virgin embracing her Son occupied a prominent position.

John Morrissey.

Twenty-five years ago, Mr. Morrissey was going to Buffalo. When the train stopped at Bergan, two men who had been drinking entered the car in which he was seated. Their talk, loud and profane, soon became indecent. Two ladies, accompanied only by a small boy, sat opposite to these two rowdies. Morrissey left his seat, walked up to the offenders, and said, good naturedly,—

"Come, boys, let's go into the smoking car and have a good cigar."

One of them churlishly declined. Mr. Morrissey then seated himself in front of them and asked them not to talk so loud. Immediately one of them began to tell an indelicate story. Morrissey requested him to desist, and was told in reply to mind his own business.

"My business," said Morrissey, "is to protect ladies from insult, and if either of you say another word I will pitch you both out of the car."

The men rose simultaneously, one making a pass at Morrissey, which was, of course, warded off. Morrissey seized both men by the coat collars and knocked their heads together. The conductor appeared, and was requested to open the car doors, when Morrissey pushed one man and dragged the other out out of that car, through another, into the smoking car, where he left them.

Curious Derivations.

"Ganzy" derives its name from Gaza, where it was first made.

"Old Scratch" is the demon Skratti, who still survives in the superstitions of Northern Europe.

"Old Nick is none other than Nikr, the dangerous water-demon of the Scandinavian legend.

"Humbug" is from Hamburg; a piece of Hamburg news was in Germany a proverbial expression for false political rumors.

"Bigot" is from Visigotha, to which the fierce and intolerant Arianism of the Visigoth conquerors of Spain has been handed down to infamy.

The word pamphlet is derived from the name of a Greek authoress, Pamphylia, who compiled a history of the world into thirty-five little books.

"Punch and Judy" is a contraction from Pontius and Judas. It is a relic of an old "miracle play," in which the actors were Pontius Pilate and Judas Iscariot.

IRISH NEWS.

A young lady named Cameron committed suicide at Ballymoney, on Dec. 8th, by cutting her throat with her father's razor.

On Dec. 13th, Samuel Goulding, an official engaged in the General Post Office, Belfast, was arrested on a charge of embezzling £20, the property of the Postmaster General.

On Nov. 23d, Mr. James Blaney, the oldest of an ancient family, died at Pleasant Mount, Randalstown, at the age of 94. Born in the year 1783, he vividly remembered the deeds of '98.

On Dec. 11th, eight men entered the house of Joseph Cavanagh, Newrath, near Oldcastle, and assaulted him. They presented revolvers at him and took away from the house his double-barrelled gun. Three of the parties had pistols and blackened faces. The affair appears to have arisen out of party antagonism. No arrests have been made.

Rev. Mother White, of the Convent of Mercy, Clifden, has written a letter to the Irish papers asking for charity for the poor of Connemara. She says: "When we go into the wretched cabins of the poor, we find them without a bed, clothing, or any available article of furniture,—all gone to the pawn office to support a miserable existence." The bad weather so long continued, to the almost total destruction of the crops, has increased the suffering to a frightful extent.

A short time ago John Rigby, of the Irish Rifle Team of 1875, proposed to institute a match between Ireland and America, with teams of two men each. The Irish team are to shoot with muzzle loaders and the American team with breech-loaders. The Sharp's Rifle Company has accepted the challenge, and the match will come off next April or May. The prize is to be awarded to the team making the greatest number of points within a given time, each squad to fire as fast as possible and to clean the guns after each shot or not, as they choose.

The *Anglo Celt*, of Dec. 8th, says:—The weather experienced in Cavan and surrounding districts during the week has been of the most inclement and severe character. On Wednesday and Thursday torrents of rain fell, which completely inundated the cabins of the poor, and in the nights of those days strong winds prevailed, and considerable floods are everywhere to be seen. The poor are enduring great sufferings by the shocking wet state of their miserable hovels.

On Dec. 4th, the milesmen and gangers employed in the Great Northern Railways, between Drogheda and Portadown, handed in a written notice to the Board of Directors of the line intimating the intention of the men to strike work on the 8th, unless they got an increase of pay and a reduction of the working hours. The present wages of the gangers is 16s. per week, which they want increased to 18s.; and the milesmen from 13s 9d. to 15s. They also ask to leave off work on Saturdays at twelve o'clock instead of six o'clock, as at present.

In the second Court of Exchequer, Dublin, on December 20th, an action was brought by Daniel Egan, a draper's assistant in the town of Roscrea, against David O Reilly and Jane O Reilly, to recover damages for breach of promise by Mrs. O Reilly, who had been a Miss Jane Kelly when she was wooed by the plaintiff, who had given her an engagement ring and locket. Damages were laid at £1,000. Plaintiff's case was that he had been courting for some time and mutually promised to marry each other; that plaintiff was always willing to marry her but she broke off the agreement and married another. The jury, after an absence of a quarter of an hour, returned into Court with a verdict for the plaintiff, with £250 damages and costs.

The first Winter Assizes for the county and city of Dublin were opened on Dec. 11th, by the Lord Mayor and Baron Fitzgerald. The latter, addressing the City Grand Jury, remarked there were about twenty distinct cases in which bills would be sent before them, including two cases of homicide, in one of which the crime charged would be murder. The number of offences returned, he said, was 270 less than at last October commission. Addressing the County Grand Jury, the Judge stated he had received police returns referring to the county of Dublin. Taking into account offences of all kinds, the number of cases in the Dublin Metropolitan district, portion of the county returned, since last commission, was 97 less than the number returned at last commission. In other parts of the county there was also considerable diminution.

Harper Campbell, Esq., of Sligo, holds a considerable tract of land a few miles from Dromore West, at a place called Culleens, on which most of the holdings are small, and consequently the occupiers are not very independent at the best of times. The present year, owing to the failure of the potato crop and other causes, has been a most trying one to the small farmers there and the people of Culleens, sharing in the general misfortune, were not able to meet the rents, but could not even procure the necessaries of life, except at a ruinous credit. Mr. Gordon, the agent of the property, having represented matters to Mr. Campbell, he has not only "given time" for the rent, but has also dispensed, through Mr. Gordon, an ample supply of meal to his tenants at first cost, thus saving the poor people from a ruinous rate of interest, such as they would have to pay on a long term of credit.

A Waterloo veteran, named John Hughes, who served in the Ist Royals, and who had been an inmate of the Royal Hospital, Kilmainham, for twenty-seven years, was interred in the burial ground of that institution on December 12th, with military honors, the band of the 83th Regiment, from Beggars Bush, being in attendance. He took part in most of the Peninsular actions, and was wounded at Waterloo. The most remarkable thing connected with his history is, that he was sentry in the quarters of the Duke of Wellington on the night before the great battle took place, and he it was who admitted into the presence of the Commander-in-Chief the person who brought the intelligence which decided the fighting of the battle the following morning. Hughes was nearly ninety years of age, and to the last took great interest in military matters, more especially in the recent short sevice system, which he, as well as other old soldiers, most heartily condemned.

VARIOUS MATTERS.

To a sensitive young man few places contain more solemnity to the square inch than a stocking factory.—[Jacksonville (Fla.) Union.

Our devil says he is hungry for some good wedding cake. Won't somebody marry soon and remember him? [Fredericton (Mo.) Jeffersonian.

The side door of a bar room, says the Chicago Post is like a great many people's prayer books—good only on Sunday.

Father to son just from College.—"What have you learned at your college?" "We never learn anything; they never let you see the newspapers."

The coldest storm wave of the season was experienced by a young man from Syracuse, who escorted an East Rome girl home Sunday night, and was detected by her father just as he was putting his moustache where it would do her the most good.—[Rome Sentinel.

A trustee of a certain church in this city protests against this thing of playing some overture on the organ while he is engaged "passing around" the box on Sunday. He says that the same people can sit through an opera and not become half so intensely interested in fine music as they seem to be as he passes. We can't explain it.—[Omaha Bee.

"I shall die happy," said an expiring husband to his wife, who was weeping most dutifully at his bedside, "if you will promise not to marry that object of my unceasing jealousy, your cousin John." "Make yourself easy, my love," said the expectant widow, "I am engaged to his brother Bill!"—[Byron (O) Press.

Here is a story that teaches its own moral: Friday evening Eliza Barker, a girl eighteen years of age, living on Terrence road, Cincinnati, with a piece of paper lighted a lamp, and threw the paper, still ablaze, on the floor. By it her clothing was set on fire, and the poor girl was so badly burned that she died a few hours afterwards.

Some people like one way of getting a gold watch for Christmas, and some like another. This is how two men got their time-pieces on the day before Christmas, at Tarrytown, New York. While Hyatt, the principal jeweler in town, was at supper, two men began scanning in front of the window in which a large assortment of costly articles was displayed. During the scuffle they edged towards the window, when one of them suddenly shoved his arm through the large pane of glass, and at the same instant pushed his hand through the opening, and secured a valuable gold watch valued at $150, and several articles of lesser value. The two made off before any one could stop them, the street being full of people at the time.

A HEROIC WOMAN.—Sister S., of the Order of Troyes, needs no adjectives. It would be a waste of breath to call her a woman of sublime courage, and superhuman heroism. The Paris papers do not even publish her name; but that is well, for it would not look well in columns that are stained and blurred with the names of miserable sinners. This is what she did: She was taken some sick children out for a walk in the country, the oldest being only eight years of age, and they were suddenly assailed by a sheep dog, whose jaws were running with foam. She instantly saw the danger of her charges, and instantly interposing between the terrified children and the furious animal, bravely withstood its attack. She was seriously bitten, and the dog, excited by the cries of the children, endeavored to reach upon them. Protecting with her body the children, who hung on her petticoats shrieking with terror, this brave girl threw herself courageously on the dog, and for ten minutes grasped it, rolling over with it, and thrusting her hand into its mouth to prevent its biting the children. Some peasants, who came up at last, beat off the dog. The Sister was found to have fifteen deep wounds on her hands and lacerated arms. Skilful care was given to her wounds, and for a short time after her return to Paris, there was some hope that she might escape the ultimate fate which there was so much reason to fear. In a week or two hydrophobia in all its characteristic symptoms appeared; and Sister S. died from this fearful disease. She had saved five lives.

INTERWOVEN ACQUAINTANCE.—Lucien Emery is editor of the Peoria (Ill.) *Transcript*. A few months ago he married a Miss May Whitestead, who at the time was superintendent of schools in the county. In the course of time the election season rolled around and the lady aspired for a renomination before the Republican County Convention. Her husband was a delegate, and the following account of how he presented her to the convention is given in an Illinois paper: "When Lucien Emery arose in the Peoria County Convention to nominate the candidate for county superintendent of schools, there came a sudden lull in the proceedings. Every one became interested, and the delegates leaned forward in breathless attention. One could have heard a horse cough in that awful stillness. The emotion extended even to the good Enoch himself. He arose diffidently toying with his spectacles, first cleaning them with a new cambric handkerchief, and then placing them on his forehead, said: 'I put in nomination for the office of County Superintendent of Schools Mrs. Mary Whitestead (a long pause) Emery. [Flutter among the delegates.] I nominated her four years ago (sensation), and as I was in a one sense responsible for her as an official, I got to watching her. [Cheers.] I watched her close and saw her real worth. [Encouraging cheers.] I was drawn nearer and nearer to her (cries of 'Good! Go on!'), and the closer I got to her the better I liked her. [Storms of cheers and yells and cries of 'Whoopee!'] She was nominated without a dissenting voice."

HOUSEHOLD HINTS.

TO CURE BILIOUS HEADACHE.

Drink the juice of two oranges, or of one lemon, about half an hour before breakfast every morning.

Dissolve and drink two teaspoonfuls of finely-powdered charcoal in one half a tumblerful of water; it will relieve in fifteen minutes; take a seidlitz powder an hour afterward.

TO CURE HOARSENESS.

Beat well the whites of two eggs, and two tablespoonfuls white sugar, grate in half a nutmeg, add a pint of lukewarm water, stir well and drink often. Repeat the preparation if necessary.

CURE FOR CHRONIC RHEUMATISM.

Dr. Bonnet, of Granlbet, France recommends and prescribes for chronic rheumatism the use of the essential oil of turpentine by friction. He used it himself with perfect success, having almost instantaneously got rid of rheumatic pains in both knees and in the left shoulder.

HAIR INVIGORATOR.

Bay rum, one pint; alcohol, one-half pint; castor-oil, one-half ounce; carbonate of amonia, one-quarter ounce; tincture of cantharides, one-half ounce; mix them well. This mixture will promote the growth of hair and prevent it from falling out.

ASTHMA.

One ounce flour sulphur, one ounce pulverized sugar, a small quantity of ground capsicum, enough to barely flavor it; dose, as much as a three-cent piece can hold every two hours: rub the chest and spine with butter and salt. The homœpathic remedies are arsenicum and capsicum; avoid sauces, cheese, cakes, pies, gravies as food.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Some persons are averse to milk because they find it indigestible; it makes them bilious or induces headache. A frequent reason for such consequences is that milk is drunk as if it were so much water or beer, and to throw into the stomach a mass of nutrition without due admixture with saliva cannot prove otherwise than injurious. We should sip milk leisurely, having the habit of infancy in mind, eat bread with it, or have it cooked with suitable solids.

There is a very simple way of avoiding the disagreeble smoke and gas which always pours into the room when a fire is lit in a stove, heater or fire place on a damp day. Put in the wood and coal as usual, but, before lighting them, ignite a handful of paper or shavings placed on the top of the coal. This produces a current of hot air in the chimney, which draws up the smoke and gas at once.

A German physican, Dr. Tschamer, of Eraz, has recently propounded a theory which, if true, furnishes at least one of the causes which produce whooping cough—a cause, moreover, the knowledge of which ought to occasion a pretty general feeling of consternation among the community at large. On the skins of oranges and apples that have been kept for some time—and, we have no doubt, other kinds of fruit as well—may often be discoverd little black specks. These, Dr. Tschamer informs us, are clusters of fungi, and, both in appearance and nature, are precisely similar to those to which whooping cough is attributed. The learned doctor, to whom the honor of the discovery is due, scraped some of these specks off an orange, and, risking his life in the cause of science and humanity, introduced them into his lungs by a strong inspiration. Next day he was troubled with a violent tickling in the throat, which by the end of the week had developed into an acute, and what turned out to be a very painful and even dangerous attack of whooping cough.

Josh Billings' New Proverbs.

"This life is like a game of cards. We must play the hand dealt to us, and the credit is not so much in winning as in playing a poor hand well."

"When I hear a man bragging about what he did last year and what he's going to do next year, I can tell pretty near what he's doing now."

"Don't despise your poor relations. They might get rich some time, and then it would be so hard to explain things."

"The reputation a man gets from his ancestors wants about as much altering to fit him as their clothes would."

"There is no woman stationed on the face of the earth who tries so hard to do right and fails oftener than the average mother-in-law."

"An enthusiast is an individual who believes about four times as much as he can prove, and can prove four times as much as anybody else will believe."

"Falling in love is like falling down stairs; it's her I work to find out just how the thing was done."

"A man who has been waiting for the last fifteen years for something to turn up is still in the same business."

"A poodle is a woman's pet, and I have seen some I would like to swap livings with."

"Mice can live anywhere comfortably but in church; they fat very slowly in a church. This proves that they can't live on religion any more than a minister can."

"The worst tyrant in this world is a woman who is superior to her husband and lets everybody know it."

"Love is like measles, you can't have it but once, and the later in life we have it the tougher it goes with us."

"Great thinkers are not apt to be great whistlers. When a man can t think of anything he begins to whistle."

"The man you can have to work on a farm for nothing and board himself, just about earns his wages."

"Neatness, in my opinion, is one of the virtues. I have always considered it twin sister to chastity, but none work so hard as the victim of ecstatic neatness. I have seen a neat person who would not let a weary fly rest long enough on their best wall paper to take breath, and who would chase a single cockroach up and down stairs until his legs were worn off."