

NEW REMEDIES !

—DIURETICS—

PREPARED BY PARKE, DAVIS & CO.,
MANUFACTURING CHEMISTS, DETROIT, MICH.

The following drugs, preparations of which containing the medicinal principles in their most eligible form, we offer the medical profession, have for some time been in use by a sufficient number of physicians to determine their value. Such claims as we make for them are based exclusively on the reports which we have collated from the medical press. These reports have been preserved by us in extenso, and we are prepared to furnish copies, gratis, to all who may be sufficiently interested to apply for them. We hazard nothing in asking for these drugs a more thorough trial, with a view to commending them to the use of those who are not already familiar with them.

SIERRA SALVIA.

(ARTEMISIA FRIGIDA.)

FLUID EXTRACT OF THE HERB. DOSE, 1 TO 2 FLUIDRACHMS.

This species of the Artemisia was introduced by Dr. A. Comstock, of Silver Cliff, Colorado, as a substitute for quinine. In the treatment of periodic fevers, he gives a teaspoonful of the fluid extract in a glass of strong, hot lemonade, one hour before the expected chill, and repeats in 30 minutes if the stage of perspiration has not set in. In rheumatism, scarlet fever, diphtheria, etc., he uses it hot as above, and repeats every half-hour, until perspiration and urination are certainly established.

VACCINIUM GRASSIFOLIUM.

FLUID EXTRACT OF THE PLANT. DOSE 30 MINIMS TO 1 FLUIDRACHM.

Astringent and diuretic, resembling uva ursi to some degree. Useful in catarrhal inflammation of the genito-urinary tract, gleet, chronic cystitis, etc. In dropsy, from whatever cause, it is an active diuretic, assisting the removal of the effused fluid. It has also been given with benefit in chronic diarrhoea and dysentery.

RHUS AROMATICA.

This drug has had a very thorough trial as a remedy in nocturnal incontinence of urine, and the very general verdict is that it is a remedy of value in this troublesome affection. Its action consists chiefly in improving the tone of the sphincter muscles, but it also exerts a soothing influence over the mucous lining of the bladder, rendering the organ more tolerant of the normal urinary secretion.

Dr. McClanahan, who first prominently called attention to the virtues of Rhus Aromatica, claims for this drug almost specific properties in nocturnal incontinence of urine, either in old or young. He regards it as also useful in hematuria and in menorrhagia, while it is further recommended by some as a remedy in atonic diarrhoea, dysentery and summer complaints of children.

FLUID EXTRACT OF THE BARK OF THE ROOT. DOSE, 5 TO 30 MINIMS.

CORN SILK.

(STIGMATA MAIDIS.)

FLUID EXTRACT OF THE GREEN PISTILS. DOSE, FROM 1 TO 2 FLUIDRACHMS.

This article has lately been very highly spoken of as a demulcent and diuretic in catarrhal inflammations of the kidneys and bladder. Cases are reported by Dr. Dassuon, in "*Union Medicale*," in which the urine exhibited a strong ammoniacal odor, with heavy morbid deposits, which were speedily relieved by the administration of corn silk. The use of the drug in this country has corroborated the favorable opinion conceived of it in France.

KAVA KAVA.

(PIPER METHYSTICUM.)

FLUID EXTRACT OF THE ROOT. DOSE, 20 TO 60 MINIMS.

This drug has for a long time been used in its native habitat as a remedy for gonorrhoea, and seems to have been very effectual. It has also been used beneficially by the natives in gout, bronchitis and in erysipelatous eruptions.

Two or three doses should be given during the day, each with a full goblet of water. It is said that 20 minutes after the first dose, a pressing desire to urinate is experienced. The quantity of urine is abundant, and it becomes as limpid and as clear almost as water. The Kava, moreover, acts like a bitter tonic, is pleasant to take, stimulates the appetite, does not derange the digestive functions, and produces neither diarrhoea nor constipation.

PARKE, DAVIS & CO., Manufacturing Chemists.