## EITERARY DEPAFTMLMNT.

## A PARTY OG EMIGRANTS TRAVELLING IN AFRICA.

We vere placed on our location, near the source of the Baviaan's River on the 29th June; next day we were visited by Captain liarding, the magistrate of the district, and formally installed in our new possessions By the advice of this officer, we resolved to place a nightly watch, to guard our camp from any sudden attack that might be attempted by Caffur or Bushman marauders : and as Cap. tain llarding considered our position to be a very exposed one, we agreed to continue, at least for the first scason in one body, and to erect our huts and cultivate our crops in one spot. for the sake of common security and mutual hope.

The day following we made a complete tour of our united donain, to which we gave the Scottish name of Glen-Lynden, an appellation :ifterwards extended to the whole valley of "Daviaan's River." We erected temporary land-marks to divide the allotments of the different families; and in our progress started a good deal of wild game, quaggus, hartebeestes, rietboks, oribis, and two wild boars, one of which we killed : but we sew no beast of prey, except a solitary juck al.
'The next day, July 2d, was our first Sunday on our own ground. Feeling the high importance of strictly maintaining the suitable observance of this day of sacred rest, it was unanimously resolved that we should abstain from all secular employment not sanctioned by absolute necessity; and at the same time commence such a system of religious services as might be with propriety maintained in the abseuce of a clergyman or minister. The whote party were accordingly assembled after breakfast, under a venerable acacia tree, on the margin of the little stream which murmured pleasantly beneath. The river appeared shaded here and there by the graceful willow of Babyion, which grows abundantly along the banks of the African streams, and which with) the other peculiar features of the scenery, vividly reminded us of the beautiful lament of the Hebrew exiles;-' By the rivers of Babylon, thore'we sat, yea, we wept when we xemenbered Zion. We tanged our harps upon the villows in the midst thercof,"

- It was indeed an affecting sight to look round on our little band of Scotish exiles, thus congregated for the first time to worthip God in the wild glen alloted for their future home and the heritame of their offsoring. There sat old -, with his silvery locks, the patriarch of the party, with his Bibte on his knee, -a picture of the grave, high-principled Scottish husbandman: his respectable family seated round him. There was the widow ——, with her meek, kind, and quiet look-like one who had seen better days, but who in adversity had found pious resignation, with her three stalwart sons and her young maiden datghter placed beside her on the grass. There was Mr. servant lads, the younger brother of a Scottish laird, rich in blood, but poor in fortune, who, with an estimable pride, had preferred a farm in South Africa, to a humiliating dependence on aristocratic connesions at home. There, too, were others still more nearly related to the writer of this little sketch -the :ominal head of the party. Looking round on these collected groups, on this solemn day of assemblage, such reflections as the following irresistibly crowded on his mind: "Have I collected from their nativ? homes, and led furth to this remote corner of the glube all those my friends and contrymen, for good or for evil? ?-to perish miserably in the wile derness, or to become the honoured founders of a prosperous settienent, destined to extend the benefits of civilization and the blessed light of the Gospel through this dark and desolate nook of benighted Africa? The issue of our enterprise is known only to Him who ordereth all things well : - Man proposes, but God dis. poses.' But though the result of our sclienie is in the womb of futurity, and although it seems probatle that greater perils and privations await us than we had once calculated upon, there yet appears no cause to repent of the course we have taken, or to augur unfavorably of the ullimate issue. Thus far Providènce has prospered and protected us. We left not our native land (deeply and dearly loved by us) from wanton restlessness or mere love of change, or without very sufficient and reasonable motives. Let us, therefore, go on calmly and courageously, duly invoking the bless. ing of God on all our proceedings ; and thus, be the result what it may, we shail feel oursetves in the path of active duty."?-With

