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TENTH YEAR. MONDAY MORNING JUNE 17, 1889. PRICE ONE CENT.

WAR IN EVERY BREEZE.

GERMANY WARNED TO PREPARE FOR THE INEVITABLE.

Berlin Uneasy over Russian Encroachments in the Balkans—The Situation in Servia—A Prospect of Lively Times for Parnell in Edinburgh—General Cable News.

BERLIN, June 15.—The statement that M. Persiani, the Russian Minister at Belgrade, had proposed a Russo-Servian convention caused uneasiness here. The receipt of semi-official telegrams from Belgrade to-night declaring the story unfounded has tended to restore confidence. Events in the Balkans do not mature as rapidly as it was feared they would. That alarm is felt is evidenced by the renewal of official press attacks upon Russian credit during the past week, which reacted unfavorably upon German securities. The Russian Minister of Finance was negotiating with leading houses here, including the Disconto-Gesellschaft, in relation to the conversion of certain private Russian railways. The North German Gazette pointedly referred to the proposed operation as illegal, and even the Liberal Vossische Zeitung warned German investors to unload Russian stock as speedily as possible in readiness for the inevitable life and death struggle between Russia and Germany. The committee of the Boerse is expected to deliver an opinion to-morrow on the legality of the proposed conversion, but it is felt that the Government would not have exposed German capital to heavy losses except to avert still greater dangers, and that had Balkan affairs been peaceful nothing would have been heard of the illegality of the conversion scheme.

The Servian Government has refused to renew the commercial treaty with Austria-Hungary, which expires in 1890. Everything indicates that the Russian party in Belgrade, confident of its ascendancy, is working to effect some definite aim, and that its schemes can only end in precipitating a war or in a peaceable partition of the Balkan states between Austria and Russia.

The Servian Situation.

LONDON, June 15.—In speaking of the Servian news published to-day, an attache of the Foreign Office who has just returned from Belgrade says: "Affairs in Servia are in a very excited and uneasy state at the present moment, and the Government will be fortunate if they have nothing more serious than an occasional riot to deal with. The Servians are governed by a boy king who is 12 years old, and a Regency composed of M. Ristics and two generals of somewhat doubtful reputation. M. Ristics is the only Servian who has an European reputation, and is no doubt a very able man. He wants Servia to follow an independent line, and to be the henchman neither of Russia nor Austria. The report that he is coquetting with Russia and opinion on such other like matters is largely manufactured in Vienna, where one and all the correspondents appear to be in the pocket of the Austrian Foreign Office, and we all know by this time what these attacks on M. Ristics really mean. Ristics' great authority will undoubtedly be used to keep Servia in safe and prudent courses. The fall of the other two regents is extremely likely to be one of the events of the near future, but it will not drag him down also."

The Samoa Conference.

LONDON, June 15.—"There can be no doubt," says the Berlin correspondent of The Times this morning, "that the Americans have emerged from the Samoa Conference with flying colors, and that Germany has had to content herself with a prospect of much less political predominance on the islands than she claimed at Washington two years ago. This result, it would appear, is much more due to the firm and inexorable attitude of Mr. Blaine than to any politic leanings of England toward the Power which it is her highest aim to conciliate." "The net result of the conference, at first sight," says The Times editorially, "seems to be that Germany has yielded on every material point to the demands of the United States. When the convention is published, however, it will probably be found that the question has really been settled on the reasonable basis of 'give and take.' It is not less plain that Germany would be compelled to think twice or thrice before provoking a collision with America on such a question as Samoa. We cannot but rejoice, therefore, that the influence of the United States has been so moderately, yet so effectually, exerted."

Lively Times Ahead in Edinburgh.

LONDON, June 15.—There is every prospect of lively times in Edinburgh. Mr. Parnell, against the opinion of some of his best friends, has accepted the freedom of the city, voted by the Town Council, in spite of what is known to be a powerful, and is presumed to be an overwhelming, opposition in the city itself. He has named July 20 as the day when he will go to Edinburgh. The Lord Provost has declined to take part in the proceedings, and those who know Edinburgh and the temper of the Scottish people say that in these circumstances Mr. Parnell's reception will be very mixed. There will be demonstrations against him, as well as for him; and as feeling runs high on both sides, blows may be exchanged before the day is over.

The Superiority of English Engineering.

LONDON, June 15.—The American engineers reached their predestined goal this week and were duly dined in Guildhall on Thursday evening. Their reception, everywhere friendly, became most cordial in the city. They have, or their spokesmen have, flattered the English by pretty large admissions of superiority of English engineering to American. These declarations were repeated at the Guildhall and were repeatedly cheered.

Converts to Rome.

LONDON, June 16.—Cardinal Manning today received into the Roman Catholic Church Rev. Mr. Townsend, recently principal of the Oxford mission at Calcutta, also six former clergymen of the Anglican church.

A General Decline in Prices.

LONDON, June 16.—On the Stock Exchange prices continued to decline during the week. American securities showed some recovery at the close. On the Continental bourses business was stagnant and prices declined.

The Railroad Wreck at Armagh.

DUBLIN, June 15.—At Armagh to-day four employes of the excursion train which was wrecked on Wednesday with such fatal results were arraigned in court and charged with felonious killing. The prisoners are McGrath the engineer, Parkinson the fireman, Moorehead the guard, and Elliott the traffic manager's clerk. The magistrate discharged Parkinson. A passenger of the train testified that when the train was stopped on the grade Moorehead placed a stone under a wheel of the last carriage and uncoupled a number of carriages. The detached portion immediately decended the grade at a rapid rate. The doors of all the cars were locked. The court adjourned. McGrath and Moorehead were released on bail.

The Economist's Attack on Gladstone.

LONDON, June 16.—The Economist makes a violent attack upon Mr. Gladstone on account of the speeches made by him on his western trip. It says they are utterly unworthy of his reputation and position, that he has intentionally substituted obscurity for clearness, thus artfully misleading men's minds. The course pursued by him, it adds, will cause the keenest and most unfeigned regret.

Dublin's Generosity.

DUBLIN, June 16.—The Lord Mayor yesterday remitted to America another £1000 for the Johnstown sufferers.

A St. Petersburg Pageant.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 16.—Grand Duke Paul Alexandrovitch, accompanied by his betrothed, Princess Alexandra of Greece, made a state entry into this city Saturday in the presence of the Czar and the King of Greece. The route to the palace was lined on either side with troops, behind whom were dense crowds of spectators. The Grand Duke and his fiancee were given an ovation by the people.

Boulanger's Prosecution Advised.

PARIS, June 16.—The Senate has forwarded to the Public Prosecutor a report on the case of General Boulanger. The Senate advises that proceedings be at once begun against Boulanger.

The French General Elections.

PARIS, June 15.—The Government has fixed the general elections for Sept. 22. Second ballots will be held on Oct. 6.

ONE YEAR IN JAIL.

Dr. J. C. Bright of Chatham Convicted of Criminal Malpractice.

CHATHAM, June 15.—At the General Sessions Thursday, Dr. James Cook Bright of this place was convicted of the crime of furnishing a noxious drug to a young girl named Clara Douglas. Detective T. Wasson worked up the evidence for the Crown and Professor Ellis analyzed the medicine which was given to the girl. Bright, who was acquitted once before when tried on a similar charge, was sentenced to one year in jail.

Detective Wasson is following up the M.D.s who do anything crooked, and having them brought before the council so that their names will be struck off the roll. For some time it has been the practice of a lot of quacks from the other side to come to Canada representing themselves as a great medical association by having a doctor who is registered in Canada as one of them and under cover of his diploma commencing operations. Dr. McKeown's conviction here a few days ago has probably put an end to this scheme.

BARRY'S NEW LABOR UNION.

He Explains His Plan at Chicago to Representatives of 7000 Men.

CHICAGO, June 15.—The organizing committee of the new labor organization known as the Brotherhood of United Labor met last night. T. B. Barry presided. It was reported that labor organizations representing about 7000 members had signified their intention of uniting with the new order. Mr. Barry presented his plan of government for the new order, which is a radical departure from the methods used by the Knights of Labor. All power is to rest in the local organizations, and the annual convention and the executive officers can only advise measures, having no power to formulate a policy of their own. They cannot order a strike or declare one off, nor can they levy assessments of any kind but may recommend one, though they cannot enforce it. The organization contemplates local, central, state and national trade branches. John E. Ahles of Davenport, Ia., and George E. Detwiler of Chicago were elected delegates to the world's congress of labor, which is to meet in Paris July 14.

Close of the Types' Convention.

DENVER, Col., June 15.—The typographical convention to-day elected Messrs. Harrison of Philadelphia and Vaughan of Denver delegates to the American Federation of Trades, and Cowley of Cincinnati and Caron of Montreal delegates to the World's Labor Congress at Paris. A communication from Houston, Tex., stating that the principal daily having gone out of existence a practical lockout existed, and asking financial aid, was recommended favorably by the financial committee and the report of committee concurred in. The report recommending the adoption of a resolution demanding that the government return to the process of hand work in printing government bonds and bank notes was adopted. A resolution presented by a Chicago delegation recommending the appointment of Capt. W. M. Meredith of Chicago to be chief of the National Bureau of Engraving was adopted. The convention indorsed government control of telegraph lines. Atlanta, Ga., was selected as the place for holding the next session, which will be on the second Monday of June next.

Notes from the Capital.

OTTAWA, June 15.—Senator McInnes of Hamilton and E. B. Osler of Toronto, promoters of the Long Lake and Regina Railway, had a long interview with Sir John Macdonald and Hon. E. Dewdney yesterday afternoon relative to their road. It is understood that such arrangements have been made as to enable them to go ahead with the work.

Mr. Anderson of the Orient Steamship Line says that negotiations between himself and the Government for a fast steamship line have been practically closed. He also states that the boat will be a 20 knot boat.

Father Damien's Successor.

NEW YORK, June 15.—Father Callaghan of Castle Garden, who some time ago sent to the leper settlement at Molokai several cases of clothing, to-day received a letter from Father Wendelin, the successor of Father Damien, thanking him for the gifts. Father Wendelin says he has not as yet experienced any indications of the dread malady, but that the disease has stricken down his assistant, Father Conrody. The five Sisters of Mercy sent to the settlement from Syracuse are reported as doing well.

The New U. S. Consul-General at Halifax.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—The President to-day appointed Wakefield G. Frye of Maine Consul-General at Halifax. Mr. Frye held that position during the Arthur Administration and was succeeded by Mr. Phelps, the present Consul-General. He was born in Maine, was a member of the Legislature and is a man of prominence in his State. He is not related to Senator Frye.

Letters on the Island.

The residents on the Island now enjoy daily visits from the postmen.

THE CHICAGO CONFESSOR.

WOODRUFF ECLIPSES ALL HIS PREVIOUS EFFORTS.

He Pours the Only True Story of Dr. Cronin's Murder Into the Ear of a Reporter—Alexander Sullivan Implicated in the Plot—The Grand Jury's Fourth Day.

CHICAGO, June 16.—All previous "confessions" of Woodruff, the horse-thief indicted for complicity in the Cronin tragedy, were eclipsed this morning in an entirely new story from him published in an extra edition of The Times. He contradicts and discredits every other "statement" heretofore attributed to him and now appears in the role of an ex-member of the Canadian militia, claiming he was trusted by Cronin's alleged murderers because he furnished Fenian spies with valuable information during one of the Fenian raids into Canada.

Woodruff says he arrived in Chicago March 26 and obtained work from a gardener in Southport-avenue, not far from the Carlson cottage. After three or four days' work for the gardener Woodruff was taken sick. His narrative says:

"With the intention of going to the county hospital I drifted into P. O. Sullivan's place. I made up my mind that he was a Fenian and reminded him of certain scenes during the Fenian raid into Canada. I went over during that raid as a volunteer in the Twenty-fourth Kent Battalion, whose headquarters were at Chatham. We went as far as Niagara. At that time I was assigned to the adjutant's department and gave to some Fenian spies who came to our camp such points as I learned while in that place. That was my first connection with the Clan-na-Gael. P. O. Sullivan told me he would get me some work if possible. From there I came down and went to work at Dean's livery stable."

Woodruff tells that he met Detective Coughlin soon afterward and had a drink with him, conveying the impression that Coughlin knew Woodruff to be a thief and Woodruff believed the detective to be a "fence." While walking together they met P. O. Sullivan, the iceman. Sullivan mentioned Woodruff's request for employment and Coughlin quizzed Woodruff that a man in his line should want "work." Woodruff persisted that he was laboring for his board and clothes at the livery stable. Coughlin and Sullivan went off together. "That was about the 2nd of April," continued Woodruff. Melville arrived in Chicago about this time (this is the first mentioned of Melville in the "confession"). I know this because a day or two afterward I was over on the South Side and went into the "Owl" saloon kept by Sol Van Praag. I went into a back room and saw Melville and Coughlin drinking together. This was in the evening. I knew Melville, as I had met him in California. He was a great friend of Desmond and Sandlot Kearney during their labor troubles there. After taking several drinks together Coughlin left us, saying he had an engagement.

Melville and Woodruff, so the latter says, made the rounds of the disreputable houses in the neighborhood for an hour or more and then Melville took leave, saying that he was stopping at McCoy's Hotel. Woodruff complained of being "broke" and Melville gave him two or three dollars saying: "I want to see you again." Two days afterward Woodruff attempted to see Melville at McCoy's and looked over the register and made inquiries of the clerk, but did not press to see Melville, not wishing to create suspicion.

McDougall Appears on the Scene.

"Going north," Woodruff continued, "I met McDougall near the Northwestern depot and Coughlin was with him (this is the first mention of McDougall). As I came up Coughlin said: 'Good, he is just the man I want to see.' Murray to McDougall: 'Are you acquainted?' I replied: 'I guess I ought to know Mac.' McDougall said: 'That will do. My name is Williams.' I laughed and said: 'A rose by any other name would probably be as sweet.' I had known McDougall as a rough-and-ready spirit and an old worker for the Clan-na-Gael, although during the intermediate time he had worked as a blacksmith. Coughlin and McDougall had quite a talk while I waited. After a talk which I did not hear Coughlin left, saying he had some business. As soon as Coughlin was out of sight Williams said to me:

"'Come on.' In a saloon subsequently Williams said, so the story goes: 'How are you fixed?' I said: 'I am nearly busted.' He said: "Why don't you go down and see Alexander Sullivan,' and I said I was not prepared to be sent to Europe. Williams, looking me squarely in the face, said it would not be necessary for me to be sent out of town in this case."

The pair proceeded, Woodruff declares, to 117 Clark-street where the furniture of the Carlson cottage was first stored. Woodruff says he demanded to know what he would have to do. Williams replied: "You need not know anything about it. It is a deal and you will not be implicated." Looking me straight in the face he asked: "Are you one of them still?" He referred to my helping the Fenians at the time of the Canada raid. I replied: "I am as much as ever I was, if I am paid for it." This was about April 26. On leaving Williams again urged him to go over and see Alexander Sullivan. Woodruff's narrative proceeds:

Sullivan Was Wary.

"I went to Dean's barn and thought the matter over and then returned and applied at Alexander Sullivan's. He was not in his office, but going out I met him in the hall before I reached the elevator. I said: 'Mr. Sullivan, McDougall sent me over to see you.' Mr. Sullivan said: 'McDougall! Oh, you mean William, don't you?' 'Yes, I guess so. He wanted me to go over and have a talk with you.' Alexander Sullivan replied: 'I have nothing to say, I have never met you before.'

"'Well,' I said, 'I think I have met you before, although I have grown out of your recollection since I came from Canada. I have but lately returned from California.' Sullivan repeated his previous answer. I told him I was looking for a job and Williams had recommended me to him. He said he had no work for anybody. Afterwards he asked, 'What kind of work would you like?' I said: 'Anything in God's world, if there is any money in it.' He looked at me sharply and replied, 'If I have anything for you I'll let Mr. Williams know of it,' and walked away without even saying good-by. I met Williams an hour afterward going out of his room in Clark-street. We took a grip car and came over on the North Side. I told him I had seen Sullivan, and that the latter came pretty near telling me to go to hell, without doing it."

Soon after this they met Sullivan on the street. He took Williams on one side and handed him money saying, "Now pay that rent." Sullivan told Woodruff he must not take offence at his manner the previous day, as he was very busy and had a great many applications for jobs.

The Wednesday before the murder Woodruff met Coughlin, who asked him to take a note to Williams. This note was in cipher the same as had been used by the Fenians when Woodruff was at Niagara. Woodruff says it read: "Going up to P. O. Sullivan's."

The remainder of Woodruff's confession deals mainly with the night of the murder. Coughlin, so Woodruff alleges, paid him $25 to bring to Lincoln-avenue from Dean's livery stable a conveyance in which a trunk could be carried. Near Ashland and Lincoln-avenues Melville and one O'Shea, alias Mike Macdougall, joined Woodruff. The latter says this man was a machinist or blacksmith from Philadelphia. They drove to the Carlson cottage, reaching there about 2 a.m. The two men went in and soon after P. O. Sullivan, Melville and Williams came out of the door carrying a trunk, which they placed in the wagon.

Here follows a new version of the ride with the trunk and the disposal of the body in the sewer. Woodruff now says the intention was to have the trunk sunk in Lake Michigan off Lincoln Park, but thinking they were pursued the plan was abandoned. Woodruff claims Cronin's instrument case was probably burned or thrown in the lake by Melville and Williams when they left the wagon in the woods for a short time at Edgewater. He does not know what disposition was made of the clothing.

All Previous "Confessions" Bogus.

Woodruff concludes with an assertion that he was recently approached by a lawyer, who offered to take his case gratuitously and that this lawyer told him to keep strict silence, as Alexander Sullivan's attorney would work in unison and one of Sullivan's bondsmen had agreed to pay for Woodruff's defence. The climax of the whole confession is an assertion by Woodruff that all his previous alleged "confessions" are bogus and that this is "the first and only statement I have made since my arrest." the intimation being that the other confessions were given circulation by interested persons to create the impression that he (Woodruff) was a liar.

Woodruff when seen at the jail this afternoon was preparing what he said would be a still more sensational confession. He examined the confession printed to-day and altered it in many important particulars. He admitted that he was only only 29 years old but insisted he took active part in the Fenian rebellion, which he says occurred in 1873. There are several gross errors in the dates he has given.

The only evidence that the police placed any reliance on in Woodruff's last confession is the fact that Lieut. Schuettler and his men went to the foot of Graceland-avenue this afternoon and searched in the sand for Dr. Cronin's medicine case which Woodruff says was concealed there by Williams and Melville. The officers dug up an acre of ground along the beach but found nothing.

Fitzgerald "Speaks Out."

CHICAGO, June 16.—P. W. Dunne of Pekin, Ill., formerly of Chicago, received to-day a letter in response to a request "for the President of the Irish National League of America to speak out publicly." Mr. Dunne claims to be the person who originated the charges against Alexander Sullivan as far back as 1882. The letter is as follows:

LINCOLN, Neb., June 14.

P. W. DUNNE, Esq.—Dear Sir: The members of the Irish National Land League of America are law-abiding citizens of the United States and hold murder in as much abhorrence as any other element of the community can possibly do. Honest men are not necessitated to protest honesty and the league has no need to protest its sorrow of murder. None but those whose wish is father to the thought would for an instant couple the name of the Irish National League of America with crime of any kind, much less with the deplorable tragedy of which your city has been the theatre. There is therefore no necessity for protests or apologies of any kind from the Irish National League of America in connection with the murder of Dr. Cronin. A foul crime has been committed, the laws of the country have been outraged, and it is the duty of the officers of the law to find out and punish the criminals.

Yours faithfully,
JOHN FITZGERALD,
President Irish National League of America.

THEIR FOURTH DAY.

Many Witnesses Before the Special Grand Jury in the Cronin Case.

CHICAGO, June 15.—The special Grand Jury in the Cronin case began its fourth day's session this morning and the indications are that several days yet will be consumed before the jury is prepared to make its final report. "Dan" Brown, the Stanton-avenue officer, who preferred the charges of treason against Cronin, for which the latter was tried and expelled from the Clan-na-Gael, was the first witness called to-day. He was subjected to a rigorous examination as to the details of the workings of the Clan-na-Gael or United Brotherhood, and was requested to give his reasons for having originally suspected Cronin of treason to the cause. The witness denied that he had been actuated by undue malice against Cronin, and insisted that he had preferred his charges against the latter entirely upon his own motion and had been in no wise influenced by Alexander Sullivan.

John W. and Stewart L. Moore of the firm of J. T. Lester & Co., brokers, were again called upon to explain certain details in the matter of Sullivan's speculations in the Board of Trade.

Patrick McGary and his wife were the next witnesses called. McGary was a warm personal friend of Cronin, and was one of those to whom the latter so frequently expressed fears of personal violence at the hands of opposing factions of the Brotherhood. McGary's evidence was voluminous, but devoid of special interest. He gave the names of the committee before whom Cronin was tried, by whose verdict the doctor was expelled from the organization, and recited, so far as his information permitted, the nature of the evidence adduced on that occasion, and the part taken by Sullivan in the prosecution.

Officer Palmer submitted to the jury Dr. Cronin's secret papers and they were filed for examination.

Thomas Murphy, treasurer of Camp No. 20, Clan-na-Gael, to which Cronin belonged, produced the papers and partial records of that organization. His daughter, Miss Annie Murphy, reiterated to the jury her oft-told story about having seen Dr. Cronin on the street-car, apparently bound for the station, at a time when, as subsequent events prove, he was dead. Miss Murphy still insists that the man she saw was Dr. Cronin, or his ghost, and adheres emphatically to all the details of her original story.

Coroner Hertz was called upon in the forenoon to aid the jury in the way of suggestions as to any avenues of information toward which inquiries might well be directed.

Thomas Tierney, an employe of the iceman Sullivan, is the latest suspect. He has been arrested. The officers claim that his movements on May 4 have not been accounted for and that there are a number of matters connected with the case in which it has been found that he has not told the truth. Tierney is a member of the Clan-na-Gael.

One of the false clues, so numerous in the case, was obtained by the police to-day in the form of a case of surgical instruments which corresponded closely with the one carried by Dr. Cronin. The case was soon identified as the property of a physician from whom it was stolen last night.

THE NEW YORK SUSPECTS.

Decision Reserved in the Habeas Corpus Proceedings.

NEW YORK, June 16.—The Oyer and Terminer court-room was crowded with interested spectators, the majority of whom were Irishmen, yesterday morning when Justice Andrews took his seat and prepared to listen to argument in the habeas corpus proceedings by which John J. Moroney and Charles McDonald, arrested for alleged complicity in the Cronin murder, seek to be discharged. The prisoners were present in charge of Tomb's officers.

Assistant District-Attorney Macdona made a statement of the case. He recited the proceedings that had been taken, and said that the papers before the Governor were notoriously inadequate, and that it would have been disgraceful to deliver up the most red-handed criminal upon such allegations as were made, unsupported as they were. The papers had been sent back for verification, and the men had been committed until Tuesday to await further action. In response to a question from the judge Mr. Macdona said that they were committed on June 12 for five days. The judge asked why they should be held longer when they had been held for five days to allow the Governor to act, and he had acted.

Mr. Macdona replied that the case was still before the Cook County Grand Jury, and that four men were on their way to this city to identify the prisoners. He cited sections of the code under which he claimed to act.

Mr. Newberger, for the prisoners, declared that the evidence before the justice was not sufficient to authorize a warrant for any purpose whatever. There was no statement that the prisoners were indicted. The question of identity was one for serious consideration here. If the judge thought it too lengthy a matter for him to examine into a reference should be ordered. The whole affair was a deliberate placing of the necks of Moroney and McDonald in the halter of Cook County by men who would swear away their lives to enrich themselves. He called attention to the fact that Sullivan had been released on bail in Chicago, and maintained that Moroney and McDonald should be discharged.

Mr. Delahunty also insisted that they should be discharged as they had been held for the Governor's action, and the Governor had refused to grant an extradition warrant. He said he could produce his client's employer to show that he was at work here at the time when it was asserted that he was in Chicago. The man who slept with him would swear to the same thing.

Justice Andrews reserved his decision.

A TORONTO LADY KILLED.

Mrs. David Rome's Sad End while Sketching at Coney Island.

NEW YORK, June 15.—Miss Sarah Rome, aged 24 of Brooklyn, and her sister-in-law, Mrs. David Rome, aged 26, of Toronto, Canada, while engaged in sketching on the track of the Manhattan Beach Railway, near the Oriental Hotel, Coney Island, this afternoon, were struck by a train coming from the Sheepshead Bay race track. Miss Rome escaped with a fractured ankle and severe internal injuries, but Mrs. Rome was instantly killed.

The unfortunate lady is the wife of Mr. David Rome, secretary of the Williams, Greene & Rome Company of Bay-street, Toronto and Berlin, cuff and collar manufacturers. Mr. Rome lives at 268 Carlton-street, in this city. Two children survive their mother.

Preferred Death to Drink.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Mich., June 15.—Dr. F. B. Norris, who recently located at Little Current, Ont., is missing, and it is believed has committed suicide, as a valise with articles of clothing, letters, etc., has been found. Dr. Norris was the victim of an inordinate appetite for liquor. He established a good practice at 331 Elk-street, Buffalo, N.Y., in 1887, but his great failing obliged him to relinquish it, and he later moved to 488 Main-street, occupying room No. 1 as an office. He did not make a success there and was obliged to call on his brother, who holds a government position in Washington, for assistance. He then moved to Hamilton, Ont., but the thirst for strong drink pursued him and finally landed him a practising physician at Little Current in the backwoods of the Northwest and for a time he was perfectly straight, but just as his wife was preparing to join him he began to drink again and in a short time was a common sot. That is the last known of him. The finding of his clothing is the only tidings of the doctor which has come to light, but the general impression is that the doctor's body will come to the surface in a few days and that sooner than continue the disgraceful career which seemed inevitable he preferred the alternative of self-murder.

Try the new pure curd soap Everyday.

The Dynamiters at Johnstown.

JOHNSTOWN, June 15.—Maj. Phillips dynamiters have had Johnstown in a state of nervous terror all day, and this evening General Manager John Fulton of the Cambria Iron Company dictated a forcible protest to Governor Beaver, stating that the mills and offices of the company were being ruined by the blasts, that Adjt.-Gen. Hastings had paid no attention to two requests for its discontinuance, and that the State would be held responsible for any further damage done. The message was filed in the telegraph office with instructions that it be put upon the wire as soon as another blast was fired. In the meantime Adjt.-Gen. Hastings had gained communication with Maj. Phillips and an order to discontinue the blasting went into effect.

Encourage home manufactures and buy Savona.

Lived to the Age of 105.

ST. JOHN, N.B., June 15.—The oldest man in St. John died yesterday. Cornelius Driscoll was born in Baltimore, County Cork, Ireland, in 1784, and was, therefore, 105 years old. He was a laborer, used no tobacco and scarcely touched liquor. Up to the age of 90 he worked steadily and until a few months ago worked about the house. He claimed that his grandfather died at 105 and two of his brothers lived to be 90.

Soft and healing for your hands and the best washer in the world—Everyday Soap.

Lennox Conservatives' Candidate.

NAPANEE, June 15.—The Liberal-Conservative Association met to-day in the Town Hall for the purpose of selecting a candidate for the Ontario Assembly. It was moved and seconded that Dr. Meacham, M.L.A., be the Conservative candidate for the next term and carried unanimously by a standing vote.

Families leaving town for the summer can have their furniture carefully stored with Mitchell, Miller & Co., 45 Front-street east.

The World on the Island.

Subscribers desiring their papers delivered on the Island can have the transfer made on payment of fifty cents in advance with order.

THE WORLD AT KEW BEACH.

We shall commence the delivery of The World at Kew Beach next Monday. Subscribers can have papers transferred without additional cost. New subscribers will be charged 25 cents a month in advance, or $1 for the season.

Oarsmen—Try Adams' Tutti Frutti Gum.

THE ALIEN CONTRACT LAW

ITS ENFORCEMENT ON THE CANADIAN BORDER.

Secretary Blaine Would Like the Interchange of Labor to Remain Undisturbed but Secretary Allison's Assistant Says He Has No Option.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—Some time ago the British Minister made an informal complaint to the Secretary of State in regard to the operation of the Act of Congress prohibiting the importation and immigration of foreigners and aliens under contract to perform labor in the United States, especially so far as concerns the Canadian border. The Secretary of State referred the matter to the Secretary of the Treasury, saying that the "Canadian authorities hope that some arrangement may be made whereby the law may not be enforced if possible, to the end that the old friendly feeling of intercourse and interchange of labor shall be allowed to remain undisturbed," and requesting such a reply as he might informally present to the British minister. Acting Secretary Batcheller replied to the Secretary of State to-day as follows:

"In reply, I respectfully invite your attention to the amendment to the Alien Contract Law contained in the Deficiency Bill approved Oct. 19, 1888, a copy of which is printed in the enclosed circular dated Nov. 21, 1888, which amendment you will see applies not only to immigrants of the prohibited classes arriving by vessels, but also to immigrants who may have entered this country within a period of one year from an adjoining country. This act, as you will see from the enclosed circular, was construed as imposing on the Secretary of the Treasury the duty of enforcing the provisions of the acts referred to and it has not been supposed that it was the intention of Congress to give the secretary discretionary power to suspend the operation of the laws in any case. I enclose copies of several opinions which have been given during the administration of the acts in question. It is obvious that as the laws now stand it is incumbent upon the executive officers to enforce them and that such considerations as those presented in your letter, however forcible and reasonable, should be addressed to the law-making power."

DEATH OF MR. WM. DAVIS.

The Well-known Ottawa Contractor Passes Away at a Ripe Old Age.

OTTAWA, June 16.—One of Ottawa's prominent citizens, Mr. William Davis, the well-known contractor, died to-day at his residence in Rideau-street, in the seventy-second year of his age. Mr. Davis was head of the firm of Davis & Sons, who are at present building several sections of the Cornwall Canal. He came to Canada from Tipperary, Ireland, nearly fifty years ago and was employed by H. H. Killaly of the Board of Works on the upper Ottawa improvements, including the Trent, Ottawa River, Lachine, St. Maurice, Chambly and other canals. In 1854 he built portions of the Chatte Canal. He lived in Montreal for fourteen years, removing to Ottawa about thirty years ago, where he constructed the St. Louis dam and was foreman of improvements at Government House. Subsequent to that he constructed works at Culbute, Lachine, Montreal and other points.

About five weeks ago he was prostrated by a complication of diseases, passing away peacefully surrounded by his wife, three sons and five daughters. The lamented gentleman was highly regarded throughout the community, where he had amassed considerable wealth and was at all times a generous benefactor. The funeral will take place on Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock.

A SUICIDE IN CAMP.

John Adderson of the 39th Batt. Drowns Himself in the Niagara River.

NIAGARA, Ont., June 16.—John Adderson of No. 1 Co., 39th Batt., Simcoe, was found dead this morning on the shore of the river above Paradise Grove. He had left the camp Saturday morning in a discontented state; he did not turn up during the day and a party was detailed to search for him. His remains were brought into town this forenoon by some of his comrades and placed in a room in the Court House, where they will remain until the coroner from Port Dalhousie arrives. It is feared the poor fellow committed suicide by drowning and that his body had washed ashore, as he was party dressed.

An Ex-Toronto Man in a Buffalo Jail.

BUFFALO, June 16.—Joseph Pittman, a guest at the Tifft House, hailing from Toronto, is in jail on complaint of E. D. Tuthill, to whom he gave a sight draft for $100.90 on a Toronto firm. The draft came back dishonored. Pittman is a fine-looking gentleman, engaged in the sale of patent gas burners. He was formerly a dry goods merchant.

Buried Under a Falling Roof.

CITY OF MEXICO, June 15.—The roof of the Merced Market fell in yesterday, burying nearly forty persons. Eight dead and fourteen wounded have already been taken out. Soldiers are removing the rubbish and searching for bodies.

President Arthur's Memorial.

ALBANY, June 15.—The handsome granite and bronze memorial erected at the grave of the late President Chester A. Arthur in the Rural Cemetery here by some of his personal admirers was officially unveiled to-day without ceremony by the donors, who inspected it.

A Serious Assault.

HAMILTON, June 15.—James Bowe, foreman of the Hamilton Iron Forging Company's works, was this morning arrested for striking John Fox on the eye with a piece of iron, inflicting a serious wound. Fox is confined to his bed. Bowe was released on bail shortly after he was arrested.

A Farmer's Sudden Death.

MONTREAL, June 15.—A farmer named Descarries suddenly dropped dead in a train from Hemingford while coming to the city this morning.

Accidents Will Happen.

Every mail brings evidences of the fact that accidents will happen in every walk of life, but the results of such are often largely ameliorated by an accident policy such as is issued by the Manufacturers Accident Insurance Company, 83 King-street west.

A Close Shave for the Saale.

NEW YORK, June 15.—The North German Lloyds steamer Saale, which arrived last night, narrowly escaped destruction from a collision with an iceberg last Tuesday night in lat. 45.54, long. 49.54. A big patch of paint was taken off her port bow and the passengers on deck were thrown down.

Over a Thousand Umbrellas.

It was estimated that there were over a thousand umbrellas among the visitors to view the work of the Provincial Art Schools at the Normal School—not all were bought of White, 65 King-street west, but a great many were; the prices ranging from 50c. up to $5.50. Shirts to order.

WANTED IN MONTANA.

A Hebrew Boodler Run to Earth in a Toronto Boarding House.

For some weeks past a mild-mannered apparently young Hebrew has been living with his wife at 187 Sherbourne-street. He was known as Samuel Gordon. Last week the Detective Department received a circular requesting them to locate if possible an escaped boodler named Samuel Jakorson. The picture which accompanied the circular enabled the detectives to capture their man. It appears that Jakorson had done a good deal of embezzling in Springfield, Montana, and then skipped to Canada. He forgot all about the Weldon Bill, under the provisions of which act proceedings looking for his extradition will be initiated. Detectives Davis and Alf Cuddy arrested Jakorson, who took the affair very coolly.

Jackorson, alias Gordon, is alleged to have been mixed up in a clothing swindle in Springfield, Montana, and it is his Chicago creditors who are after him. He has no money and was compelled to borrow enough to furnish his house. He is at present employed as a salesman at $12 a week in a King-street dry goods store and was only waiting for suitable backing to go into the clothing business himself.

"WE WISH YOU WELL, DOCTOR."

"Pudgey" McKeown Gets a Rattling Send-off at the Reform Club.

W. H. P. McKeown, B.A., M.D., better known to his college friends as "Pudgey," on the eve of his departure to spend a year walking the hospitals of Europe, was entertained by about forty of his friends at the Reform Club Saturday evening. Dr. McKeown graduated with distinction at the recent examinations, notwithstanding he was absent for several month during his course, with his regiment, the Queen's Own, during the Northwest rebellion. Both in and out of college circles his friends are legion. He is a son of Mr. P. McKeown, the well-known West End citizen, and nephew of Edward McKeown, the Yonge-street dry goods man.

It was a merry party that did the young Doctor honor Saturday evening, and many were the good things said of his record and his prospects for the future. Mr. John Scully was the efficient and courteous chairman, and Mr. G. F. Cane ("Fil") made a suave vice-chairman. Dr. McKeown sat to the right of the chairman and on the left were Peter Ryan and Editor Patrick Boyle. Mr. P. Hughes, a relative of the young Doctor, sat beside the vice-chairman, and remarked with swelling pride that Dr. McKeown was the third of his (Mr. H.'s) family who had graduated from Toronto University.

Among the other gentlemen present were: P. McKeown, Alex. Macdonald, Dr. Nesbitt, Frank Cassidy, S. W. Burns, Fred. L. Lee, Wm. Douglass, Jas. Young, Joseph Hughes, M. McConnell, James H. Maclean, James Abbott, Wm. Scully, John L. Lee, B. McKeown, R. Keating, Frank P. Lee, Dr. McArthur, John Ryan, John McGee, E. Sullivan, A. J. Moore (Manchester, Eng.), I. J. Mulvey, George McGuire, Joseph Barrett, John L. Coffee, James Mallon, W. T. Lee, R. V. Teefy, Charles Ryan. Rev. Vicar-General Rooney sent his regrets; also L. Bolster and John Cauavan, W. A. Lee and C. L. Manley.

Steward Brown provided a sumptuous repast, which the company appreciated thoroughly. Chairman Scully, Peter Ryan, P. Hughes and others were loud in their praises of Dr. McKeown, and everybody wished him all the honors in medicine known to Europe. The doctor feelingly appreciated all that was said in his behalf.

"Jimmy" Abbott played sweetly on the zither and several of the guests helped to make the gathering a pleasant one by contributing songs. Bon voyage, "Pudgey"!

Advances made on merchandise warehoused with Mitchell, Miller & Co., 45 Front-street east.

The Season for Garden Parties.

Several successful garden parties for various objects were held last week. That at Wychwood Park, the beautiful grounds of Mr. Matthews, on the Davenport-road, was largely attended in spite of the showers on Saturday. The object was a laudable one, the augmentation of St. Alban's Cathedral organ fund. Many of the members of the synod were present. Music and refreshments were of a choice quality and the ladies' committee are to be congratulated on the result of their efforts. One week's postponement had taken place, and at noon it was feared that there would be another. The sun dispelled these fears, and the occasional showers did not materially affect the enjoyment of those present.

The garden party in aid of the building fund of the St. George's Society, which was to have been held at "Rosedale House" Saturday, was postponed on account of the weather until Saturday, the 29th.

The purest of all soaps is Everyday.

Three Little Burglars.

About 8 o'clock last night Policeman Stewart, in passing the cigar store, 167 Queen-street west, thought he heard suspicious noises in the shop. He went around to the lane and found that the rear window had been broken in, and further investigation showed him three small boys at work behind the counter busy stuffing their pockets full of cigars, cigarettes, etc. The patrol wagon conveyed them to Agnes-street station, where they gave their names as Charles Ross, 142 Richmond-street west; George O'Brien, 68 Nelson-street, and Edward Wills, 204 Adelaide-street west.

Try a sample package of Savona. All grocers keep it.

Invited To Be Pastor.

Rev. Thomas Trotter of Woodstock, who is well known in Toronto and other towns in the Province as an able preacher and successful pastor, has been invited to accept the pastorate of Bloor-street Baptist Church, in succession to Rev. Elmore Harris, who has resigned to take charge of a new Baptist cause at Dovercourt. It is expected that Mr. Trotter will accept the call and enter on his Bloor-street field of labor in the fall.

Always use the best Everyday Soap.

The End of Their Convention.

The Dominion W.C.T.U. concluded their convention Saturday. Deputations and fraternal greetings were received from the General Assembly and Methodist Conference. Papers were read on "Higher Education for Women," by Mrs. David Cowan, Toronto; Mrs. Carnochan, Niagara, and Mrs. Dr. Stowe-Gullen, Toronto. Hon. G. W. Ross occupied the chair at the evening meeting, when addresses interspersed with music were given.

Wash your flannels and cotton goods with Everyday Soap.

Over the Don Spur.

Collingwood Schreiber, chief engineer of Government railways, was in town Saturday and during his stay took a run over the Don spur of the C.P.R. Satisfactory progress is being made on this important railway entrance to the Queen City. Mr. Schreiber returned to Ottawa Saturday night.

Everyday Soap is the best for all purposes.

Only $9.90—Toronto to New York via Empress of India and Erie Ry.

The shortest, the quickest and most desirable route for New York. Passengers can leave Toronto at 3 o'clock p.m. and arrive in New York next morning at 7.45. Solid train from Port Dalhousie; also a fine service for Buffalo. You can leave Toronto 7.30 a.m., arrive at Buffalo 12.25 p.m., and leave Toronto at 3 p.m. arrive at Buffalo 7.15 p.m. This is the best service for Buffalo that Toronto people ever had, and we hope the public will patronize this great route.

Another Innocent Slaughtered.

Coroner Johnson will hold an inquest to-day on the body of a two months' old female infant which was found yesterday in a field off Dundas-street. There are marks of foul play on the little body.

An Immense Clearing Sale of Straw Hats.

W. & D. Dineen on the corner of King and Yonge-streets, are just preparing for a great sale of all kinds of straw hats for men, boys and children. The late season, together with a tremendous stock, forces the firm to put their prices down at the commencement of the season. To-morrow the goods will be all marked and ready for sale. Dineen will then offer the greatest bargains in straw hats ever seen in Toronto, and it will pay to come from all parts of the city and suburbs if anything in this line is wanted.

BUYING THE BIG BREWERY.

HOW THE GREAT TORONTO ALE HOUSE WAS "JOINT-STOCKED."

Mr. Robert Davies to be Manager for Three Years at a Pleasant Salary—The Terms of the Prospectus as Recorded in The London Financial Papers—Local Gossip.

The craze for "joint-stocking" everything on the London market has no better examples than in the big purchases by British capital of American breweries. However, another big joint-stocking affair is "The Metropolitan District Bread Company," which is seeking to control 70 bakeries in the centre of the great metropolis. As has been stated before in The World John Bull is stretching out for Canadian breweries as well as those of the United States. The first one of these to be "joint-stocked" in London is the big beer-making concern of Robert Davies in the East End, of which considerable has been said in the Toronto newspapers. The London Financial News of June 12 is to hand containing the prospectus of the offer. The advertisement takes up the entire 12th, or back, page of The News, and the upper half is set in display types.

The name of the proposed organization is to be "The Dominion Brewery Company, Limited," Toronto, Canada, with a share capital of £160,000 and a debenture capital of £80,000, issued as follows:

16,000 8 per cent. cumulative preference shares of £5 each, £80,000; 16,000 ordinary shares of £5 each, £80,000; 800 6 per cent. first mortgage debentures of £100 each (£80,000), which will be secured by a first mortgage upon the real property and on the buildings, and rank as a first charge upon the plant and machinery, chattels, stock and merchandise of the company. The debentures will be redeemable at £110, at the option of the company, on six months' notice, after Jan. 1, 1920.

"The company is formed," says the prospectus, "for the purpose of acquiring and further developing the well-known and highly-successful brewery of Mr. Robert Davies at Toronto."

Then the advertisement gives these additional facts:

The annual output of the Dominion Brewery (which is steadily increasing) has during the past three years averaged 957,466 gallons (the output for 1888 was 1,190,400), and the average yearly net profits during the same period have been £19,014 18s. 6d. (the net profit for 1888 was £24,291 15s. 2d.), taking the rate of exchange at $4.85 to the £.

The price to be paid for the brewery is £190,000 (leaving £50,000 for working capital).

The purchase price includes all the real property and buildings, the rolling-stock, horses, casks, fixed and movable plant, together with all utensils which are used in the conduct of the trade and good will.

The stock of malt, hops, ale, porter, barley, &c., as on Jan. 1, 1889, will be taken over at cost price. The book debts, as on Jan. 1, 1889, will be taken over at a discount of 10 per cent.

The profits will belong to the company as from Jan. 1, 1889. The company do not take over any liabilities prior to that date.

The property is freehold, and will be conveyed free from encumbrances.

The services of Mr. Robert Davies, who has brought the business up to its present state of excellence, have been secured as manager for three years.

Taking the net earnings for 1888 (£24,291 15s. 2d.) as a fair basis for calculation—and they have been well maintained during the current half year—they will be applicable as follows:

To payment of 6 per cent. interest on debentures........ £4800
To payment of 8 per cent. cumulative dividend on preference shares........ 6400
£11,200

Leaving a balance of £13,091, whilst a net profit of £12,000 only is needed to pay a dividend of 15 per cent. on the ordinary shares.

The directors of the company are: T. W. Boord, M.P. (Boord & Son, distillers); H. Seton-Karr, M.P., (chairman Hill's Union Brewery Company, limited); Frederic W. Worth, Henry Stokes. The Canadian Committee is composed of Charles Ritchie, Q.C., John Taylor and Robert Davies, manager, with Hector Cameron, Q.C., as solicitor.

The subscription books closed at the National Bank, London, on June 4, and it is said with good results.

The Talk in Town.

This being the first of the big Canadian breweries to be absorbed by the English syndicate, there is naturally a good deal of gossip and talk about it in Toronto and elsewhere. Various rumors have been afloat as to how Mr. Davies stands in respect of the new "deal," and it seems to be the general opinion that he is up on "Easy-street." One story is to the effect that he draws out $200,000 in cash, retains a good solid interest in the company and will be paid something like $10,000 per year for his services as manager. However that may be, there appears little doubt that "King Bob" has provided very handsomely for himself.

English Investment in U.S. Breweries.

The investment of English millions in United States brewery property is actively discussed in the money centres. Some shrewd financiers look on the immense investments as a very good thing for the proprietors of the breweries, but an unprofitable thing for those who furnish the funds for buying out the properties. One instance is given: There are 72 breweries in and around New York, which do a business that 35 could easily attend to. Eleven of these have been bought out by the English speculators on terms which satisfied the owners. In most cases the latter have been retained as managers at heavy salaries, from $15,000 to $25,000. One brewery that was paying a dividend of 5 per cent. on a capital stock of $500,000 was bought for $500,000. It is proposed to bond it for $800,000 and guarantee a 15 per cent. dividend.

Mr. Mowat on a Holiday.

Hon. Mr. Mowat leaves town to-day on a two months' visit to the Old Country. He will sail on the Parisian from Quebec on Thursday and will visit various ports of England and Scotland, and perhaps Ireland. The office of Premier and Attorney-General of Ontario is no sinecure and the person who fills it needs a respite from duty now and again. In addition to the ordinary duties attaching to the office is that of receiving and consulting with visitors. All sorts and conditions of people come with complaints and petitions which have to be listened to. The Premier has on an average fifty visitors every afternoon, and to these a patient hearing is generally given. Mr. Mowat has a good constitution and a passably clear head, but even to the best worker the duties are wearing.

Adams' Tutti Frutti purifies the breath.

Sunshine and Showers.

With deep gratitude Toronto acknowledges three days, or parts of days, of hazy sunshine that have fallen alike on the delegate and the citizen. June of '89 has shown a poor average of sunny days, but when we consider the protectorial qualities of quinn's two fifty pure silk steel rod umbrellas the month has not been a dismal one.

Steamship Arrivals.

Date.	Name.	Reported at.	From.
June 15	Celtic	New York	Liverpool
"	City of Chicago	"	"
"	Bothnia	"	"
"	Umbria	Queenstown	New York
"	Polynesian	"	"
"	Sardinia	Moville	Montreal
16	Etruria	New York	Liverpool
"	Rugia	London	New York
"	City of Chester	"	"

Warm and Showery.

Weather for Ontario: Variable winds, partly cloudy and warm with local showers or thunderstorms.

MAXIMUM TEMPERATURES YESTERDAY.

Calgary 82, Minnedosa 84, Winnipeg 88, Port Arthur 84, Toronto 72, Kingston 72, Montreal 74, Quebec 72, Halifax 76.

Frank Cayley Offers for Sale

handsome detached residence on St. George street, heated by steam, containing nine bedrooms, dining, drawing-room and library; the house is new, well planned, well built, situate on the west side close to College, and has all modern improvements; concrete cellar, slate washtubs, etc. For particulars and price apply at his office.