

The Weekly Colonist.

THIRTY-SEVENTH YEAR.

VICTORIA BRITISH COLUMBIA, FRIDAY JULY 5 1895.

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NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

The Fishing Weir Case on the Cowichan River Dismissed—Exceptionally Hot Weather.

Missing Man's Body Found—Murder Suspected—Dominion Day Celebration.

Special to the Colonist.

VANCOUVER, June 27.—The council are laying a water pipe to English Bay, Vancouver's watering resort.

Three Vancouver citizens made the difficult ascent of Mt. Crown, opposite Vancouver, yesterday.

An Indian woman, named Nelson, has informed the police that she was held up in a canoe and robbed of \$8,000, the proceeds of a sale of a ranch. The police discredit her story.

The Salvation Army are to celebrate Dominion Day by a banquet, music, and all day services.

Sailing races have been added to the list of Dominion Day events. At a meeting of the celebration committee on cycling, it was decided not to accept any entries for the Terminal City meet after Saturday. No admission will be charged to view the military parade at the Point on Dominion Day morning.

Norman McNeil came from Minneapolis to look for his missing brother Daniel. He was directed to the camp of One Eye at Chilcooten, where it will be remembered, was mired up in the Washington murder years ago. One Eye sent him a place four miles away, where he said a man's skeleton had been lying for years.

The skeleton was found, and by the personal property, knife, watch, etc., lying near it, it was identified as the remains of the missing man. Murder is suspected. The deceased left a thousand dollar deposit receipt, enquiring about which led to a search being made.

The small fruiterers have started a common fund to counter the by-law preventing them from selling on Sunday. The case came before Mayor Collins and Capt. McNeil this morning. Decision was reserved. If the defence are unsuccessful in the police court it will be taken to the supreme court.

VANCOUVER, June 28.—The Y. M. C. A. held their annual meeting last night. The report read by General Secretary McLod was satisfactory. The roll of membership contains 201 names. All the committees have reported fair success and there seems to be a prospect of rapid development in the next six months with that branch of the association devoted to athletics. A board of directors, consisting of fourteen prominent citizens, was elected for the coming year.

E. R. Bellamy is about to bore for coal on Rogers' flats with a diamond drill.

The work has been discovered in a second-hand store and will likely lead to the arrest of the thief.

There are wild rumors current connected with the clean-up of the Cariboo and Horsey mines. The truth is the Cariboo mine has had the initial clean-up this season the result being over \$14,000 in gold, and the Horsey will have a clean-up in about another week. It is thought there will be more water from this out and better results are expected. There is, however, an official report to the effect that the Horsey mine has already cleaned up \$10,000 and will have a clean-up of \$20,000 at the end of the run.

E. M. S. Royal Arthur arrived this morning. There is no epidemic of diphtheria here as reported, but one or two isolated cases.

The Mayor and Captain Mellon, in the latest case in which the fruiterers are attempting to prove that the law compelling them to close on Sunday is bad law, fined the defendant \$5 and costs, but intimated that they had no choice in the matter, and were contented or perhaps compensated to quash the by-law dealing with the case. An appeal will be made to a higher court, and the fruiterers are advised meantime to keep open on Sunday.

The police investigation was continued last night, and as usual a disgraceful scene took place. An gentlemanly remark made by Ald. Gallagher to the Mayor caused a demonstration among the audience. The Mayor ordered the room to be cleared and the audience refused to be put out, until Ald. Gallagher requested them as a personal favor to retire.

The American Lighthouse tender Columbia, which has supervision of District 13, reaching from the boundary of California, including Washington, Oregon, Puget Sound and Alaska, arrived here at 6 o'clock this morning. She had on board Admiral John G. Walker, second in command of the U. S. navy and president of the lighthouse board, who is making a periodic tour of inspection of the bays and light-houses comprised within this district; Commander Farnholt, U. S. navy, and inspector of the thirteenth district; Mr. C. E. Perkins, president of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railway; and Mr. Johnston, chief clerk of the lighthouse board. The Columbia proceeds to Departure Bay, thence to Victoria and then South.

WESTMINSTER, June 27.—Miss Ethel Georgina Gardner, Westminster, won the Governor-General's medal at Westminster.

The Westminster Bar have at a meeting unanimously resolved that Judge Bole should be authorized to take Supreme court cases in addition to those which come before him as a Supreme court judge when sitting in Chambers.

NEW WESTMINSTER, June 28.—Provincial Constable Lester yesterday arrested an Indian named Cowichan Jim for a murderous assault on another Indian named Boston Tom, whom he struck with an axe.

James Joseph, a colored sailor, who boarded the bark Bundasler, has been arrested for assaulting the captain of the bark.

In the sad drowning affair at Mission Bay, in which the lad Abercrombie lost his life, a verdict of accidental drowning has been returned by coroner's jury.

Mrs. Mary E. Blanchflower, for alleging the affections of her husband, a son of the defendant. The amount of the suit is \$10,000. Mrs. Mary Blanchflower says that her husband's property induced her husband to leave her and try and get a divorce, and she was left alone to support her child.

A striking natural phenomenon in the shape of a beautiful mirage was seen above the Fraser river last evening. The appearance of the shore line of Ananias Island reproduced in the air just after 6 o'clock. Buildings, trees and other objects were largely magnified with intense clearness, in fact the phantom island had the appearance of an enormous bluff, instead of the low-lying land that ordinarily meets the eye when looking at the real island.

Alex. Cole, charged with rape, has been committed for trial.

The residence of John Hume, Sapperton, was destroyed by fire last night.

John Heard was fined \$75 this morning for obstructing a policeman in the discharge of his duty.

NANAIMO, June 28.—Dr. W. W. Walker, M.P.P., has received a letter from his son V. W. Walker, a member of the Frye party on the British Pacific exploratory survey, dated Hantsville, B. C., which says that the party left Ashcroft on Sunday, June 16. In crossing the Chilcooten river it became necessary to win the pack horses across the river.

Johnny Wycoot was acting as guide and had charge of the party. They were in the attempt to cross the river. Wycoot rode into the river, but when in the middle of it he got off the horse's back and hung on to the saddle. In some manner the reins got into the fore legs of the horse, pulling his head under the water. The horse sank and taking young Wycoot down with him, and both Wycoot and the horse were drowned. The Chilcooten country has boundless prairie, fine crops and immense herds of stock. Vegetation is more advanced here than on the coast. The survey party will be within reach of mail communication.

ROSSLAND, (From the Rossland Miner.) Jimmy Delaney has staked two claims, the Jonah and the Hoodoo.

Jim has invested in the St. Mary claim in the south belt.

Mike Conway thinks he has the R. E. Lee lead in the Sunset No. 2.

The Eldorado has been sold by Gauthier and Noel to A. Esamer for \$22,000, 10 per cent down.

A prospector in Trail Creek has located a mile square, 18 claims in all. He has called them by the names of all the ducks he could remember.

That the list of Trail Creek's producing mines will not be confined to Red Mountain North Star, Columbia mountain, is now on its way to the mines. The North Star is the first claim on this mountain to come out. A shaft full of ore, struck at the base of the mountain, and a tunnel with a face of ore, a most healthy looking mixture of quartz and iron, in which it is whispered that free gold has been found, are indications to prospectors of a rich mine.

There is a nest of egg thieves. Presumably the same lead has been found on the Columbia, and a shaft has been bored out of which some 15 tons of high grade ore have already been taken. A tunnel is also being run to tap this lead.

P. Clarke, George Macaulay and a party visited the prospects east of the R. E. Lee and Maid of Erin, on Monday. They all expressed themselves favorably regarding that section of the country.

J. Fred Ritchie has made a good deal of his interest in the Grizzly.

MacKenzie brothers are doing assessment work on the Mikado on Columbia Mountain.

Work will be started on the Paris Belle in a day or two.

The Palo Alto and Almaden are two claims lying below the R. E. Lee and Maid of Erin on which a little work has shown up good ore. The owners are Boncher, Williamson and Harris.

The Cariboo is looking better than ever.

Ben Tinsell and Bob Macdonald came in today from Murphy creek with copper ore that would make an expert's eyes water and a mining man's palm tingle. The strike is five miles north of Rossland.

The ore shipments this week show a very satisfactory increase over last week. The amount shipped so far in June is 2,000 tons, or 186 tons more than the May total and this is only the 22nd. The value of the shipments has already passed the \$100,000 mark.

Three eight-hour shifts are making good headway in the main tunnel of the Kootenai. The vein is fully one hundred feet wide, and this tunnel is expected to be a most interesting tale, and show up the biggest body of ore in the camp.

BLOODY FIGHT.

Spanish Forces Surprised by Cuban Insurgents—Great Uneasiness in Havana.

The Government Position Very Uncertain—Are They Equal to the Situation?

HAVANA, June 27.—Details reached here today of a desperate fight between a portion of the insurgent forces under Maximino Gomez, in the province of Pinar del Rio, and seventy of the auxiliary troops of the Spanish government, known as guerrillas, under Captain Aguerre. Shortly after the capture of El Maluco and the partition of the five men, the guerrillas were surprised by the vanguard of Gomez's forces, commanded by Nicaso Mirabel, there being great slaughter on both sides.

The fighting was mainly with machetes, the deadly wood chopping swords used by the Cubans as well as by the inhabitants of the South and Central American republics. The guerrillas were out reconnoitering and unexpectedly came across the insurgents' vanguard, consisting of about four hundred men.

Under the leadership of Gomez, they had only a comparatively small command of men before them and their commander, Aguerre, called upon the insurgents to halt, crying out, "Who goes there?" "Spanish forces," was the reply of the insurgent leader, as his men continued to advance rapidly upon the Spanish. Twice more did the guerrillas try to halt the insurgents, but the latter pushed on quickly until finally their leader, seeing that the guerrillas were in an awkward position, cried "Al machete."

This cry showed the government forces that they were confronted by the insurgents and not by a detachment of Spanish guerrillas as they had been led to believe, and the mask being thus thrown off, the guerrillas replied to their repeated cries of "machete" with volleys from their carbines.

They commenced to retreat before the superior force of the insurgents; in fact from the time they almost surrounded the guerrillas the government soldiers and the insurgents became mixed in a terrible hand to hand conflict, which soon became little more than a massacre of the unfortunate guerrillas by the insurgents. They meanwhile had been reinforced, until they are said to have numbered fully 1,500 men, composing the main body under the command of Maximino Gomez. Against these overwhelming numbers the guerrillas fought heroically, shouting "viva Espana!" as they defended themselves as best they could against the enemy, using trees, rocks, or anything available to blind holes, to shelter themselves as they fired as fast as possible.

The insurgents, who pressed forward on all sides upon the little band of guerrillas, and the latter, who were outnumbered, and being cut off by the groaning of carbines, the shouts of the combatants and the clashing of machetes, and it is believed that few, if any, of the guerrillas escaped being killed or wounded.

One guerrilla leader led his men gallantly until he was killed, and another, seeing that with a machete, causing it to fall and head the guerrilla leader heavily to the ground.

The insurgents engaged with Aguerre's guerrillas are believed to form part of the body of men which recently burned the town of El Maluco and San Geronimo after capturing the forts and barracks of those places, and the news of this fiery disaster, causing it, is said, a very uneasy feeling in official circles. Be that as it may, there is no doubt that if the government officials are willing to admit these disasters to the Spanish army in Pinar del Rio, it is a matter of some importance to the capital of that province, that the situation of affairs there must be very grave indeed and may prove much more so when Masoco, who is reported to have made his way from the Province of Santiago de Cuba to Puerto Principe, joins his forces to those of Gomez. It is a real cause for alarm that it is reported in well informed official circles to day that Captain General Martinez de Campos has ordered the Spanish government asking for the prompt dispatch of large reinforcements of troops from Spain. Advice received here from Santiago de Cuba to day says that an insurgent force numbering about four hundred men made an attack upon Tlariaba, in the Province of Santiago de Cuba, and that they were repulsed. They are now in flight and are being pursued by the Spanish troops.

WINNIPEG WIRINGS.

WINNIPEG, June 27.—(Special)—The legislature to-day decided the Sunday street car question in Winnipeg by passing a clause amending the city's incorporation act and providing that no street cars shall run on Sundays in a Manitoba municipality.

There is a good deal of indignation over the action of the legislature, as it was supposed as far as Winnipeg was concerned, that the question would be decided by a vote of the people, to sanction which permission was being asked of the legislature.

In answer to Mr. Prudergast in the legislature to day, Hon. Mr. Sifton stated that Manitoba's reply to the Dominion government's remedial order had been forwarded to His Honor on Monday, and it was presumed had since been transmitted to Ottawa.

The legislature is expected to prorogue tomorrow. Premier Greenway left to-day to cooperate at his farm near Crystal City.

The two year old daughter of W. Humphrey was drowned at Fox Warren by falling into a well.

Isaac Thomas, a tall, burly Indian, who has been an inmate of the Salt Creek asylum for the past seven months, committed suicide at the institution.

LONDON, June 26.—A strange phenomenon is reported from the second concession of North Dorchester. On Friday John Smith, a well-known farmer, was working in his woods in company with James Bell, a laborer, when a shower of stones began to fall from the clouds. The stones ranged in size from a pea to a pipe bowl. Yesterday more stones fell. They are of a flinty nature.

CABLE NEWS.

The Salisbury Cabinet Completed—The New Premier Wants an Early Dissolution.

Rosebery Honored—Ministerial Misunderstanding—Turkey's Reply Urgently Demanded.

LONDON, June 28.—The Daily News says that Rosebery has issued a manifesto to the Irish people declaring that since Lord Rosebery took office the Irish question has been entirely shelved. The Liberals quitted office without the slightest explanation to the Irish people, and will restore a promise according to the uncertainty of the situation.

The position of all was clear, distinct and emphatic, that they must revert to Parnell's policy and have a national representative independent of all English parties.

According to the latest information the dissolution of parliament is expected next week and the members of the McCarthy party have nearly all returned to Ireland to make preparations for the struggle. Rosebery has stated that he will contest every seat in Ireland, which declaration may be interpreted that he is receiving other than British financial support.

The calculation is that their party will win three seats from Rosebery and five from the Ulster Tories, while they may themselves lose two, so that they expect a net gain of six. This is provided Tim Healy does not raise a flag of revolt, which up to the present he has shown no sign of doing.

The Conservative leaders seem to have opened Pandora's box of troubles in forcing the Rosebery government to resign. The Liberal party has clearly the best of the situation. Lord Salisbury is compelled to make an cabinet with a hostile majority, and as events are now trending, will be obliged to go before the country with at least some indication of policy about the present burning social question. Joseph Chamberlain, who has precipitated the present situation, demanding the chancellorship of the exchequer, but Lord Salisbury refused it and gave him the secretaryship of state for the colonies, which he has accepted. This post is lower in point of official status than the home office, the war department or the admiralty.

Lord Salisbury has been a very successful statesman from Paris has exiled some 70,000 French people from their homes. It transpires that the present state of relations between this country and France is serious, if not threatening. It has been suggested that Lord Salisbury has been asked to undertake the lord lieutenantship of Ireland, and the fact is that he cannot be permitted to leave France until the Anglo-French relations are much improved.

Referring to the conflict between French citizens and citizens of Brazil on the 2nd of French Guiana, says an advantage to formally claim the whole of the disputed territory, and especially to annex the entire country as far as the river Amazon.

A dispatch from Caracas, Venezuela, says that the German claims are to be settled by the decision of one of the islands to Germany for a cooling station. Semi-official advice received here says that Sir Vincent Barrington has strongly urged on England the importance of an amicable settlement of the questions pending with Venezuela.

The Bourne Gazette of St. Petersburg says the Russian Foreign syndicate, receiving no reply from China, has offered to the Russian government to issue to it the 4 per cent loan of 40,000,000 francs, the proceeds to be employed for conversion purposes, to be repaid by the Imperial bank, or to be expended on railroads.

There is no improvement in the condition of Prof. Huxley, who has been suffering for a long time past from the after effects of an attack of influenza. He is weaker this morning than he was yesterday.

The consul at Foochow, China, reports the appearance of a cholera plague there. He says it is already established in an epidemic, but so far confined to the city proper. He adds: "Symptoms unmistakably stamp it as the plague, and in infested districts within the city rats are dying in great numbers. The plague has shown itself in the past. In a city like Foochow it is impossible to institute any sort of sanitary measures to prevent the spread of contagious diseases, or even mitigate the sufferings of victims."

The dinner given at Kiel by Admiral Kitchener and officers of the U. S. cruisers to the Emperor and party was a very successful affair. Captain Evans had previously been authorized to name the fastest racing boat of the New York the "Victoria Louise" after the daughter of the Emperor and Empress of Germany. The arrival of the Emperor and party on board the New York was the signal for vigorous cheering. In reply to the toast of Admiral Kitchener the Emperor requested the Admiral to convey his thanks to President Cleveland for sending the United States squadron to take part in the celebration in honor of the Kaiser. Wilhelm, and expressed himself highly gratified at the fact that the Americans were pleased with their visit. The Emperor concluded his remarks by calling for cheers for President Cleveland.

Signor Felice Cavallotti, the radical member of the Italian chamber of deputies and editor of the Secolo di Milan, who recently became notorious for his repeated attacks on Premier Crispien, charged him with bribery, etc., now announced that he will prefer charges in court against the premier.

Cardinal Gibbons will visit Munich, Luxembourg, Brussels, Paris and London before returning to America.

The Ontario says that Thomas Sexton has finally decided to re-enter parliament. Expressions of regret on the part of the Oxford and Cambridge athletic authorities are heard owing to Harvard's refusal of the change of Oxford and Cambridge.

The Times in its financial article this morning says that of the stock exchanges of the following cities, 43 members in Manchester, 98 in Liverpool, 11 in Leeds, 44 in Edinburgh, 90 in Glasgow and 33 in Dublin have signed a memorial to the Chancellor of the Exchequer protesting against any change in the currency system, and pointing out that a decade ago 100 classes of currency bonds and 40 classes of gold bonds of American railroads were officially quoted on the Stock Exchange, while now the quotation for currency bonds had dwindled down to 28 classes

and for gold had increased to 190 classes, this being conclusive evidence that investors distrust the currency security.

LONDON, June 28.—The Marquis of Salisbury has completed the work of forming a new cabinet. The new ministry is as follows: Premier and Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, the Marquis of Salisbury. President of the Council, the Duke of Devonshire.

Lord High Chancellor, Baron Halsbury. Lord Privy Seal, Viscount Croke. Chancellor of the Exchequer, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach.

Secretary of State for Home Affairs, Rt. Hon. Sir Matthew Ridley. First Lord of the Treasury, Rt. Hon. A. J. Balfour.

Secretary of State for the Colonies, Rt. Hon. Joseph Chamberlain. Secretary of State for War, the Marquis of Lansdowne.

First Lord of the Admiralty, Right Hon. George J. Goschen. Secretary of State for India, Lord George Hamilton.

President of the Board of Trade, Right Hon. J. E. Chamberlain. President of the Local Government Board, Right Hon. Henry Chaplin. Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, Earl Cadogan.

Lord Chancellor of Ireland, Baron Ashbourne. Secretary for Scotland, Baron Balfour of Burleigh. Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, Right Hon. Sir Henry James.

Financial Secretary of the Treasury, Right Hon. Robert William Hannbury. Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs, Right Hon. George H. Gordon. In the House of Lords yesterday the Marquis of Salisbury announced that he hoped to obtain the Queen's consent to the dissolution of parliament on July 8. The time policy in behalf of the Conservative party. The latter, he added, only had one policy at present, and that was to dissolve parliament as soon as possible.

Lord Rosebery expressed surprise at the government declining to disclose its policy. Continuing, the ex-premier asked for an explanation of the Marquis of Salisbury's strange proceedings in sending to Rt. Hon. Campbell-Bannerman, Secretary of State for War, on Tuesday morning for the seals of the latter's office.

The Marquis of Salisbury said Lord Rosebery's statement was incorrect. He explained that after Friday's vote in the House Commons, he, the Marquis of Salisbury, thought it desirable to appoint a new Minister of War forthwith, and therefore he sent to Mr. Campbell-Bannerman to ask him if it was convenient for him to deliver his official seals to the Sovereign earlier than the other ministers, and if he did not desire to do so, to resign himself, he could deliver them to the private secretary of the Marquis of Salisbury.

Lord Rosebery went to Windsor Castle this afternoon and paid his respects to the Queen. Her Majesty graciously accorded him an audience and approved the outgoing ministry's list of royal honors. The retiring premier took luncheon at the Castle. The Queen personally invited him to the badge and ribbon of the Order of the British Empire. The Times says that Lord Lansdowne declined the office of lord privy seal with a seat in the cabinet because it carried no departmental work with it.

The position of Chief Secretary for Ireland and Postmaster-General have not yet been allotted. The incumbents of those offices will not be members of the cabinet when appointed.

Rt. Hon. Campbell-Bannerman writes to the Times this morning as follows: "When Lord Salisbury's secretary called upon me in the office there was no suggestion as to the resignation of the command from the Queen, or of relieving me of the responsibility of journeying to Windsor. I consulted Lord Rosebery, who agreed that it would be improper to thus surrender the seals."

The statement of the retiring Secretary of State for War, directly contradicts allegations made on behalf of Lord Salisbury in the House of Lords regarding what was considered as an insult to Mr. Campbell-Bannerman.

The Earl of Kimberley, late secretary of state for foreign affairs, asserted that the Marquis of Salisbury had sent his secretary to Mr. Campbell-Bannerman for the seals just as he would send a footman on an errand, and thought the action of the Marquis was extremely discourteous.

In reply, the Marquis of Salisbury said if Mr. Campbell-Bannerman thought he, the Marquis of Salisbury, had acted discourteously, he begged to express his extreme regret for the occurrence, and felt very sorry for it.

Lord Rosebery accepted the apology from the Marquis on behalf of the secretary of state for war, and the house adjourned.

The Marquis of Salisbury, being interviewed in Paris on the subject of English political situation, said: "The Liberals have not the slightest chance at the coming election. I do not think anybody honestly believes the contrary."

In the House of Lords, yesterday afternoon, the royal assent was given to the seal fisheries bill.

The election for a member of parliament to represent the city of Cork has resulted in a victory for the anti-Parnellites' candidate by a majority of 175.

A factional fight occurred at Cork, in the course of which J. C. Flynn, member of parliament, and Patrick O'Brien, ex-M.P., stopped the secretary of the poll last night, during a wordy quarrel over admitting a person to the counting room. O'Brien tried to strike Flynn across the table and the scuffle became general.

The representatives of the powers are continuing their efforts to induce the Turkish government to give an explicit reply to the note outlining the reforms demanded for Armenia, and the foreign envoys are impatient at delay. It is thought that this dilatoriness may result in causing the powers to address another note to the Turkish government, requesting a definite reply within a fixed time.

Advices from Shanghai at the headquarters of the Catholic mission, at Lyons, say that the persecutions of foreigners in the Chinese province of Szechuen have ceased. An Imperial decree has been issued ordering the damage to the property of the missionaries and others to be repaired.

CAPITAL NOTES.

Public Works for British Columbia Strongly Advocated in Committee of Supply.

Canada and the French Treaty—Sunday Newspapers—Manitoba's Reply Has Been Sent.

(From Our Own Correspondent.) OTTAWA, June 27.—In committee of supply to-night Messrs. Corbould, Mars and Haslam made vigorous speeches in favor of the public works department paying due attention to the needs of the British Columbia harbors and rivers.

In the joint committee on the criminal code a motion to strike out the Sunday newspaper clause was defeated by one vote. The government has secured the assurance of the Imperial authorities that when Canada desires the French treaty abrogated the home authorities will promptly give the requisite notice.

The house will not sit on Dominion day. Hon. Mr. Laurier has been notified that Manitoba's reply to the remedial order left Winnipeg to-day.

The chaplains and surgeons of penitentiaries hereafter will not be allowed outside engagements. They must be strictly prison officers.

OTTAWA, June 28.—In the Senate to-day Sir Mackenzie Bowell introduced a bill for the settlement of certain questions between the Dominion and British Columbia. He explained that the bill gave the government power to enter into an agreement with the provincial authorities for the settlement of the boundaries of the railway belt in that province, and to empower the government to issue patents for land within the railway belt.

Daniel Wade, who was sentenced to life imprisonment for wife murder at Mitchell five years ago, was liberated from the Kingston penitentiary to-day. The evidence presented to the Minister of Justice showed that Mrs. Wade suffered from heart disease which largely contributed to the cause of death.

An unseemly wrangle took place in the railway committee this morning over two rival Nova Scotia railway bills. A dozen members tried to speak at once; one member challenged another; to come outside. "Forward," "shut up," and other choice phrases were used. Eventually the demonstration was stopped for want of a quorum.

Deputy Governor Strong assented to several bills to-day.

Mr. McCarthy has cancelled his trip to England in order to fight the remedial bill. An animated discussion took place in the house on the French treaty. Sir Richard Cartwright and several members objected to the French nation clause. It is thought that the Great Britain should not legislate for Canada on matters of this kind.

MURDER AND SUICIDE.

LENOXVILLE, June 27.—(Special)—A horrible tragedy took place here to-day. About 1:30 P. M. H. Hull, carriage maker and wood strapper of this village had his throat cut by Mark Sherman, a harness maker of Marlintonville. Sherman has been backwards and forwards here lately and stayed here last night. Mrs. Hull said to a reporter that she had advised Sherman to take a rest up stairs, and he replied that he would not go unless Hill did. Shortly afterwards she heard screams and upon rushing up stairs saw her husband holding his hand on his throat. He said: "Send for a doctor." The two men were lying close together. Sherman did not speak, but upon assistance arriving it was found that Hull was dead. Sherman was still breathing, but with a bad gash in his throat.

Dr. H. F. Merrill.



Dr. H. F. Merrill.

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