

OPENING NOTICE. The GUELPH BAKERY

Upper Wyndham Street. H. BERRY in taking this opportunity of thanking his numerous customers for the very liberal patronage bestowed on him, begs to intimate that owing to the rapid increase of his Wholesale Confectionery business, he has decided to remove his Broad business to ARCHIBALD GILCHRIST, whom he has great pleasure in recommending, and who, he is confident, will do his utmost to give satisfaction to all who may patronize him.

A. GILCHRIST

Has much pleasure in informing the public that he has opened the Store. Next door Tom. Soden's.

A. GILCHRIST

Fancy Bread, Biscuit & Cake Baker Guelph, Dec. 19. The subscriber in returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed on him in former years, begs to announce that he has erected a NEW OPERATING ROOM at considerable expense, introducing all the improvements of the day, as well as

New RUSTIC Accessories.

He is prepared to execute Photographs and Portraits of all kinds. From the Locket to Life Size.

Equal, as regards finish and life-like appearance, to any that can be obtained in the Dominion. Copying of PORTRAITS in all its branches as usual, done in a satisfactory manner.

In Large Photographs with Frames he intends offering Special Inducements during the coming Holidays.

Parties requiring a large sized Photograph with handsome frame, or any other Portrait of themselves or friends, will find it to their advantage to call and examine specimens and prices. Rooms: Directly over John Wood's Grocery Store, Wyndham-St. Guelph December 12. WILLIAM BURGESS. dw

ARCHIBALD McKEAND,

(Successor to John W. Murton), Banking and Exchange OFFICE, No. 9, JAMES STREET, HAMILTON.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, uncurrent Money and Specie bought and sold at best rates. E-20 Bonds bought and sold at a slight advance on New York rates.

Agent for the National Steamship Company, weekly Line of Steamers between New York and Liverpool. Also for the London and New York Steamship Company, fortnightly Line between New York and London. Tickets to the Michigan Central R. R., and the Michigan Southern and Northern Indiana R. R., for all points West and South, Royal Mail Line to Montreal and intermediate ports. Agent for the Keith & Edwards' celebrated Fire and Burglar Proof Safes. Guelph, Dec. 1. dw 1v

R. J. JEANNERET,

FROM ENGLAND. Established in London, Ont. 1842 and in Guelph 1863.

WORKING WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER

Just received a choice variety of Cheap Goods suitable for Christmas and New Year's gifts. Particular attention paid to repairing of Watches, Clocks and Jewellery. Guelph, December 17th. dw

THE Equitable Life Assurance Society OF THE UNITED STATES.

Head Office, 92 Broadway, New York.

W. O. BUCHANAN,

Great St. James-St., Montreal, General Agent for the Dominion of Canada. COLIN SEWELL, M. D., Examining Physician, DE R. J. MACDONALD, Consulting, GEORGE MACHEA, Solicitor, BANK OF MONTREAL, Bankers.

The rapid advance of the Society to the very front rank among American Life Insurance Companies, the unprecedented accumulation of its Seven Millions of Dollars, already invested in the most reliable securities, form, collectively, a legitimate subject for unforgotten congratulation by the Managers of the Society to every policyholder, and an assurance to the public that it has been carefully and successfully managed. The rank of the Society among all American Companies, stands as follows:—In 1860 it was the ninth; in 1861 the eighth; in 1862 and 1863 the seventh; in 1864 and 1865 the sixth; in 1866 and 1867 the fifth; in 1868 and 1869 the fourth. By Insurances effected on the most favorable terms. GEO. MURTON, Agent for Guelph. Guelph, December 14th. dw

1869. Wholesale. 1869.

Wellington Boot & Shoe Manufactory

WYNDHAM-ST., GUELPH. JOHN A. McMILLAN

Has much pleasure in intimating to the Trade that he is now prepared to supply at the Lowest Wholesale Prices Boots and Shoes of every Description, Style, and Variety.

All Manufactured by himself in Guelph. Dealers are requested to call and examine my stock and prices, and they will find a much better article than any imported Work, and their price as low as the lowest. Terms, Liberal.

WANTED, a number of good journey men to work on Ladies' Kid, Goat, Prunella and Canvas Gaiters, in connection with the McKay Sewing Machine.

LEATHER WANTED.

Tanners can find a cash market for every description of Leather, any quantity, at any time, at the Wellington Boot and Shoe Manufactory.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The whole of the present stock of Boots and Shoes, Rubbers and Moccasins, will be sold cheaper than any man can sell imported work.—This is no humbug. Call and see, and remember the spots.—Guelph, Fergus and Etern. JOHN A. McMILLAN, Bootmaker for the Million Guelph, 14th January, 1869. dw

NOTICE.

SILVER CREEK BREWERY. Farmers and others having empty barrels in their possession belonging to the Silver Creek Brewery will please return them at once, as they keep an unmerciful time after being emptied will be charged. GEO. SLEEMAN Guelph, Nov. 10. dw 1f

GALLERY OF ART. R. W. LAIRD, Looking Glass and Picture Frame

MANUFACTURER, 9 King-st. West, TORONTO. The Trade supplied with Washable, Oil and Imitation Rosewood Mouldings and Looking Glass Plate Country orders promptly attended to. Toronto, 1st April 1868. dw 1j

PETRIE'S DRUG STORE.

OLD POST OFFICE BLOCK. The funeral of the late Pat Doody of Montreal, who was detained for a time on a charge of Fenianism, took place on Wednesday, when the sympathizers turned out in large numbers.

MEEN FUN

A supply of that celebrated Chinese Skin Powder

For Restoring, Beautifying and Preserving the Skin and Complexion.

AT PETRIE'S

Drug Store, Wyndham Street, Guelph January 6. dw 1f

DAVIDSON & CHADWICK

GENERAL AGENTS, TOWN HALL BUILDINGS, GUELPH, Agents for Investing Money for the TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA, AND THE CANADA PERMANENT BUILDING AND SAVINGS SOCIETIES OF TORONTO.

THESE Companies afford every facility to the borrower, and give him the privilege of either retaining the principal for a term of years, or paying it off by instalments extending over any term of years up to 15.

DAVIDSON & CHADWICK, Have also a large amount of PRIVATE FUNDS On hand for Investment.

Money Invested and interest collected Mortgages bought subject to examination of title, and valuation of property offered.

Debentures, Stocks and Securities of all kinds negotiated.

DAVIDSON & CHADWICK

Are Agents for the Royal Insurance Co'Y OF ENGLAND. CAPITAL - - \$10,000,000.

DAVIDSON & CHADWICK

Are Agents for the STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, Established in 1825.

The STANDARD takes risks at very reasonable rates, and Policy holders are secured by the very large amount of accumulated and invested Funds, viz: \$15,000,000, and the Company have made the deposit with the Government of the Dominion of Canada required by the new Act.

DAVIDSON & CHADWICK

Have a number of FARMS for sale in the Co. of Wellington and adjoining Counties. Also, Town Lots and Houses in Guelph, Berlin, Fergus, &c.

FARM FOR SALE IN ERAMOSAS.

For sale that farm, being Lot 22, 1st Concession, Ermosas, containing 200 acres, more or less, about 120 under cultivation, the balance covered with the best hard wood and cedar. The land is in a high state of cultivation, and is well watered, the Speed running through part of the lot. There is also a spring creek running through the lot.—There is a two-story frame house 26x40 feet, a stone kitchen story and a half high 21x22 feet, boiler house and store-room, also out-ones. There are three frame barns 30x50 each, long frame shed and driving house. There is a fine orchard on the place, with 100 trees, the most of them in good bearing order. There is a never-failing well, and soft water cistern. It lies on the leading road from Ermosas to Fergus, and is distant from that village 8 miles, and 9 miles from Guelph. It is convenient to churches, school and post office. Terms made known by applying to the undersigned on the premises, or by letter (post paid) to DAVIDSON & CHADWICK, Land, Loan and General Agents, Guelph

DOMINION HOTEL, GUELPH.

JOHN BUNYAN begs to inform his friends and the public that he has leased the above Hotel, in the BRICK HOUSE, MACDONELL-ST., a few doors above Highbottom's Drug Store, and immediately opposite Messrs. Sharpe's Seditors. There is a good stable attached to the house, with good and commodious stabling. Every attention will be paid to customers in order to secure their comfort and convenience. The best of BRANDY, cigars always kept at the bar. Good accommodation for Boarders by the week at reasonable rates. Guelph, July 13th. dw 1j

Evening Mercury. TUESDAY EVENING, JAN. 12TH, 1869.

Local and Miscellaneous

DR. HOWITT'S LECTURE.—The public will remember that Dr. Howitt gives the third lecture in the course on Chemistry this evening in the Town Hall. To commence at 8 o'clock.

SAVED.—We are happy to learn by the despatch on Monday that 30 of the passengers and crew of the unfortunate steamer *Hibernia* have been picked up by the *Celan Spray* and will be landed at Madras.

The funeral of the late Pat Doody of Montreal, who was detained for a time on a charge of Fenianism, took place on Wednesday, when the sympathizers turned out in large numbers.

SOUTH WARD.—At a meeting of some of the ratepayers of this ward last night, held in the schoolhouse, Mr. David Kennedy was nominated as a candidate for the office of school trustee.

ACCIDENT.—A son of Mr. Hadden, Insurance Agent, in the employ of Mr. G. B. Fraser, dry goods merchant of this town, fell from a horse yesterday and broke his arm, besides otherwise injuring himself. Dr. Truck attended to the case and set the broken limb.

BOARD OF SCHOOL TRUSTEES.—We are requested to state that Mr. John Watson will be again a candidate for School Trustee for the South Ward. Mr. Watson has always shown a great interest in the success of our schools, and deserves to be re-elected.

THE TOWNSEND FAMILY.—Our readers will doubtless be gratified to learn that this favourite theatrical troupe will pay Guelph a third visit about the beginning of February, when a grand array of talent will be exhibited. The troupe are at present at Hamilton, where we learn their performances have been nightly greeted with large and appreciative audiences.

GORE BANK.—The Gore Bank at the next session of the Dominion Parliament for an act to amend its charter by reducing the shares of capital stock now fully paid up, from \$10 to \$25 each, and by increasing the number of shares requisite for the qualification of its directors, who by means of the issue of new shares to an amount which, together with the amount of share capital now issued when so reduced will make the capital of the bank amount to one million dollars, and by changing the time now fixed for holding the annual meeting of the shareholders.

APOPLETTIC FIT.—As the funeral of the late David Armstrong was passing the railway crossing, a farmer named Peter Wright, of Nichol, suddenly fell forward on the hard gravel near the cattle guard, where he remained quite unconscious for a few moments.—Several gentlemen standing near hastened to his assistance, and sent for Doctor Howitt. Being removed to the Commercial Hotel, he soon revived, and was enabled to collect his scattered senses. The doctor pronounced it to have been an attack of apoplexy. Mr. Wright stated that he had never had a similar fit before, and was under the supposition that he had stumbled and fell. His face was slightly bruised by the fall.

THE GUELPH WEEKLY MERCURY will be published to-morrow, Wednesday evening. Advertisements should reach the office not later than 10 a. m., in order to secure insertion. The opening chapters of the new tale "Jeannie Sinclair," besides all the local news of the week, foreign and miscellaneous items will appear in it. The unprecedented success of the WEEKLY MERCURY, its unrivalled circulation, its standing and position, the eagerness with which it is enquired for, places it ahead of all its rivals. During the present winter, close upon 27,000 new subscribers have been added to our previous large list. By a fair calculation it is estimated that the WEEKLY MERCURY is read, by at least TWENTY THOUSAND (20,000) READERS Weekly. Hence its great value as an advertising medium.

PARLIAMENTARY SKETCHES.—A correspondent of the *Peterborough Courier* paid a visit to the House of Assembly there, and gives a sketch of the appearance and manners of some of the more prominent members. Mr. Tom Ferguson is described as a "coarse, ugly, ignorant-looking man"; the Premier as a "sharp, thin-faced, worn-out looking man"; and Mr. Kelly as found to be a "tall, good-looking, gentlemanly person, of good address, and an excellent style of speaking." Boyd is said to "affect the airs of an orator to a considerable degree, and spreads himself out in an inflated sort of way that looks ridiculous in a sensible man."

JUVENILE DEPRIVITY.—To the Editor of the *Evening Mercury*.—One of the many urchins who importune all and sundry to purchase a certain sheet, which, according to its own statement, is unrivalled for its adhesion to sterling principles and consistency in all its twenty-four year's utterances, one evening lately finding the sales to be exceedingly small, charges *one copper*. Taking advantage of the darkness of night, and aware that the McDonnell Street organ was always in demand, although the essence of staidity and everything mean and contemptible, he made no allusion to "selling under cost," but changing the name of his merchandise to "Advertiser" to "*Mercury*," disposed of his entire stock, to the chagrin of his dupes, and the replenishing of his coffers. This precocious youth may be the embryo of what men of business call a *smart man*, but we are of opinion that if his dishonest career is not checked; if sound precept and virtuously example are not brought to bear successfully upon him he may be an inmate of the Penitentiary before he has developed into manhood.—The public are hereby cautioned not to trust these youthful pedlars, but make sure that they are obtaining the *genuine article*, and thus value will be had for their money, and the morals of our youth greatly improved. D. McL.

THE AGRICULTURAL ACCOUNTS.

Mr. Thomas White has published a lengthy reply to some statements made by the Hon. Mr. Christie at the late meeting of the Board of Agriculture, from which we make the following extracts, containing the gist of his remarks:—

"Near the close of your statement, growing eloquent under the sense of injury under which you labored, you are reported to have said of my report and myself: 'There could not be more damning evidence of falsity of the report' than this which he had presented, and 'and he felt that he did not speak too strongly when he used that language.' It was difficult to see how a man could 'deliberately make a report so easily capable of confutation, and now so triumphantly confuted.'"

This is tolerably strong language, Mr. David Christie. Let me enquire for a moment how far you were justified in using it. You are not singular in confounding these matters in my report which I have ventured to state of my own knowledge, and upon my own responsibility, and those portions which I have stated of the responsibility of others. But the distinction one which must be made, and it may as well be made at this point as elsewhere. My statement, in reference to a bank account, was given on the authority of your Treasurer; with his denial, I will deal further on. I nowhere, in the report, have made the statement on my own responsibility, and of my own personal knowledge, there was no bank account. What I did state of my own personal knowledge was—

1st. That on the 30th of November last, there was a balance in the Treasurer's hands amounting to \$12,047.76.

2nd. That down to the date of my report, on the 17th December, which was the day upon which I obtained the statement of those payments from Mr. Dennison, there had been paid a sum of \$1108.76, for which vouchers to the amount of \$141.66 had been produced.

3rd. That having ascertained the balance which the Board should have at its credit, I wrote to Mr. Dennison, asking to be permitted to examine his bank book, and to be informed of the manner in which the Bank accounts of the Board had been kept; and that I was not furnished with the bank book, nor was any information afforded to me of the manner in which the account had been kept.

4th. That the large balance which, by the accounts, appeared to the credit of the Board, is not available in cash, but that Mr. Dennison is willing to give any security that may be required from him.

5th. That the Board, while a large balance appeared by the books to their credit, were borrowing money from the bank, paying large sums by way of interest on removals, and I ventured on this point, the suggestion that, inasmuch as the necessity for borrowing money arose out of the default of the Treasurer, the Agricultural Societies ought not to be charged the interest, but that it should have been charged upon the Treasurer personally. I have looked in vain through your statement, Sir, for any expression of opinion from you on this point.

6th. That the audits which the accounts have undergone in the past have been practically valueless.

The writer then goes on to show that the statement that the Board had kept no banking account, was made from information Mr. Dennison had given, both by letter and orally. The Treasurer denies having told Mr. White any such thing; and it is now a question of veracity between the two. One thing appears very strange, and that is, that when Mr. White asked for the Bank book, Mr. Dennison would not produce it. In relation to this Mr. White goes on to say:—

"Had you been more anxious to condemn the defaulter and less anxious to attack the person whose duty it became to expose the default, you would at least have looked at the collateral evidence. You would have seen that Mr. Dennison was asked for his Bank book, and that it was not produced; you would have seen that he was four days in possession of my impression, reduced to writing, his reasons for refusing to show the Bank book, and that he never took the trouble to correct that impression; and you would at least have asked him why, if he did not state that he kept no Bank account, he did not when required to do so, produce the Bank book and afford explanations of the manner in which the Bank account was kept."

Concerning the cheques spoken of by Mr. Christie, Mr. White remarks:—

"But you say there were cheques among the vouchers, and you expressed your surprise that I should, after seeing those cheques, have had the assurance to state that there had been no bank account kept for the Board of Agriculture. Let me here repeat that I made no such statement; that I simply reported the statement made to me by your Treasurer. But these cheques have been made to do duty far beyond their deserts. I have heard of one of your colleagues in the Board, who has been running around the city ever since the appearance of the report, with the stamps of an old cheque book, triumphantly exhibiting them as evidence of the falsity of my report. You know that these cheques are not entitled to the weight you have attached to them. Among the vouchers of 1867, there were a number of cheques, and in those of 1868, such cheques altogether; in those of 1868, and in reference to them I have consulted the gentleman who checked the accounts with me, and his recollection accords with my own, there was not, if I remember rightly, a single one, certainly not half a dozen. The vouchers were in the nature of receipts. But supposing it had been otherwise, and that there had been a large number of cheques, would you have had me infer from these cheques the existence of a Bank account, against the positive statement of the Treasurer, who drew them, that there was no such account. This is on a par with the suggestion of the *Globe* that, having been told by the Treasurer that he had given no sureties to the Board, I should have gone to the Secretary and asked for the bond."

Mr. White concludes by saying that he felt it to be his duty to point out how unjust the attack upon him by Mr. Christie was, and that he leaves the matter in the hands of the public. It is likely there will be a rejoinder to this letter, and the real facts of the case made more clear, though so far Mr. White's assertions have been by no means satisfactorily disposed of by the Board.

Further on we find the following:—

"Let me back to the time of the failure of the Bank of Upper Canada, and to the evi-

dence concerning your proceedings in relation to that event which you publish. When the bank failed there was, in it, according to Mr. Dennison's statement in reply to Mr. Johnson, upwards of \$16,000. Did it occur to you that there should have more than that sum? You had at the commencement of the year, \$15,457.82 on hand, of which, it is to be presumed, you were aware. You had received, in the meantime, the Government grants, amounting to upwards of \$50,000, and you had not paid out all the sums to county societies, they having received their money, after the failure of the Bank, in the proceeds of Upper Canada Bank Bills. As you went to the Bank to transfer the account, it is fairly to be presumed that you ascertained the state of it. Why did it not occur to you that something was wrong? You had the accounts of the Board before you; you were specially deputed to transfer the account, and presumably therefore to examine it, and yet, although this deficiency notoriously existed at that time, you failed to discover it. Then when the accounts of the year came to be balanced, and it was found there was a balance on the 31st December to the credit of the Board of \$30,708.22, did it not occur to you that no such balance could in the nature of things be available from the position of the account when you transferred it? For, mark, although the account was transferred to the Bank of British North America, the funds were not transferred; and as there was no large sum received between the exhibition and the end of the year, this amount could not have been available.

If you failed to discover these things, although taking the most active part, according to the testimony produced by you, in the proceedings connected with the removal of the account from one bank to another, surely you ought to have discovered them in July following, when you became the maker of a note on which money was borrowed for the use of the Board. There were \$20,706.22 to the credit of the Board on the first January, 1867; in July of the same year, you became the maker of a note of \$12,493.76; in February you again became a party to the renewal of that note and again in May, paying all the while large sums of interest, which charged to the Board, and the note remains to this day unpaid, in spite of the large apparent balance that the Board has in hand. And yet, you tell us that the knowledge of the deficiency came upon you by surprise through my report! That statement, sir, is simply incredible. You are aware, in the very nature of things you must have been aware, for years past, that this deficiency existed, and you are criminally keeping the knowledge of that fact from your colleagues in the Board, and from the public whose trustee you were."

Board of School Trustees.

The Board met last night. Present, Mr. Peterson in the chair, Messrs. Pirie, Newton, Fraser, Mitchell, McNeil, Watson, Harvey, Knowles, McGuire, Herod and Innes.

The Secretary read a communication from Miss Walker, stating that she had paid for the sweeping, dusting, &c. of her school room, and requesting the Board to refund her the amount already expended, and to make some arrangement for doing such work in future.—Referred to Finance Committee.

Mr. Newton presented the report of the Finance Committee, which recommended the payment of the following accounts:—Mr. Geo. & A. Hadden \$30.98, W. S. G. Knowles \$1.20, H. Goodfellow \$1.87, Mrs. Foley \$5.00, George Howard \$5.23, Wellington Mutual Insurance Co. \$15.38 for insurance on Common Schools, and \$5.60 on Grammar School.—The report was adopted.

Mr. Newton also read the Financial Statement of the Joint Board for the year 1868, which has already appeared in our columns.

The half yearly and yearly reports of the Grammar School were received, audited and duly signed, prefatory to being sent to the Council of Public Instruction.

Dr. Herod called the attention of the Board to the necessity for providing increased accommodation for Miss Walker's school. The subject of providing increased accommodation for this and all the other schools was discussed by the Board, and the desirability of making some arrangement by which this would be accomplished, and with the view also to the formation, at a future time, of a Central School, was admitted by all the members. After the subject had been well discussed it was

Moved by Mr. Innes, seconded by Mr. Harvey, that the School Property and School Management Committees be authorized to enter into negotiations with Mr. Wm. Day, with a view to leasing the City Buildings for a limited period, not exceeding two or three years, to form the nucleus of a Central School, if a satisfactory arrangement can be made with regard to rent, &c., and that the Committee report, at next meeting of the Board.—Carried.

The Board then adjourned.

THE GUELPH POLICE COURT.

Before T. W. Saunders, Esq., Police Magistrate. TUESDAY, 12th.—Several snow cases came up for examination to-day. Chief Constable Kelly being complainant.

The complaints against John Croze, Northumberland st., and David Kennedy, Broad street, were dismissed. *Thomas Broten*, Liverpool-st., was fined \$1 and costs. *T. H. Taylor*, ex-President of the Maple Leaf Base Ball Club, was summoned to appear and give reasons for the non-removal of the snow in front of the premises leased by that Club. Mr. P. M. McCurry appeared for the defence, and took exception to the indictment on two grounds, viz., that Mr. Taylor was not the owner or occupant of the premises, which had been leased by the members of the Club for the specific purpose of playing, and that the ground had not been used by them since October last; also, by the provision of sec. 3, Municipal By-law, the defendant was not liable for the obstruction of snow on the sidewalk. His worship reserved judgment till to-morrow. *Francis Hillyard*, Carleton-st., similar offence—case dismissed, as it appeared that he was not the responsible party. Another complaint against *T. Hillyard* was adjourned. *J. Masie*, non-removal of snow, was fined \$1 and costs. *Robert Orave*, for driving a span of horses at an immoderate speed through the town, was sentenced to pay a contribution of \$1 and costs to the funds of the Municipality.

BY TELEGRAPH PER ATLANTIC CABLE.

Despatches to the Evening Mercury.

LONDON, Jan. 11.—The indications of the first day's session of the Conference on the Eastern question leaves little, if any, doubt of ultimate success. The Turkish Government, through its representative, consented to maintain the present status, until the close of the Conference. It is the general impression that but one more session will be held, and that war between Turkey and Greece will be obviated.

PARIS, Jan. 11.—The budget of the Minister of Finance has been made public. It shows the floating debt has been reduced to 2,000,000 francs during the past year. The estimates for the first year, 1870, promise an excess of 85,000,000 francs in receipts over expenditures, which surplus is to be devoted to reducing the extraordinary budget; and 42,000,000 francs are to be made applicable to the redemption of the rentes. M. Magne congratulates the country on the return of public confidence and the general resumption of industrial pursuits; and concludes by declaring that the gratitude of the nation is due to the Emperor for removing the only cause of rupture between European powers and of international and domestic distress.

BRUSSELS, Jan. 11.—The recent disturbance in various parts of the Kingdom, fomented by reactionists, have been suppressed. The unpopular taxes are now being collected without difficulty.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES

Boston, Jan. 11.—The Boston underwriters have presented \$1000 to Captain Murphy, of Gunard steamship, as a testimonial to his seamanship in bringing his vessel into port with a steering apparatus of spars and ropes after the vessel's rudder breaking.

Albany, N. Y., Jan. 11.—The water in the river is rising slowly and a severe storm of hail and rain prevails. No heavy inundation is apprehended, but owing to a remarkably strong current that sets in from the east, the river north of the city and pours into the Basin in a great volume. Very serious damage is being done to property on the pier between the east end of Columbia Street Bridge and the cut through which passes the Hudson River and harbour railroad ferry boats.

Washington, Jan. 12.—A letter from Hayti says the opposing faction are about equally divided, although President Salnave's troops are under the best discipline and have the best arms. Thus far President Salnave has not lost much ground, but the prospects are decidedly favourable for the success of the Revolutionary party.

Tribune's special says the members of the Virginia Delegation have had a pleasant and satisfactory interview with Judge Trumbull, Mr. Fessenden, and other leading Republicans who are in favor of a settlement upon the basis of impartial suffrage and universal amnesty. The Committee are therefore hopeful of good results. The Virginians say the movement looks simply to the restoration of order and an honest State Government, which shall avoid proscriptions and not oppress the people by burdensome taxation.

FUNERAL OF THE LATE DAVID ARMSTRONG.

The funeral of the late David Armstrong took place today, and was very largely attended. In addition to the large concourse of relations and friends, the two volunteer companies and the Battalion Band turned out in uniform, to pay their last mark of respect to their old comrade, and to consign his remains to the grave with military honors. The Rev. Mr. Torrance, of whose church the deceased was a member, the Rev. Mr. Ball and Rev. Mr. Barrie officiated at the house before the body was removed.

The funeral cortege was afterwards formed, being preceded by a firing party from the Rifle Company, of which the party deceased was a member. The Battalion Band followed, and during the progress through the town played the mournful strains of "The Dead March in Saul." The hearse with the body came next, the cap, and accoutrements of the deceased being deposited on the coffin. Then followed the members of the Rifle and Artillery companies, with their officers and the chaplain and officers of the Battalion, all of whom wore caps on their arms.

After them came the relations, friends and acquaintances of the deceased. Messrs. Bell and some of the employees in their establishment who had been deceased's fellow workmen and by whom he was held in great esteem, along with other of our townsmen acted as pall bearers.

The funeral cortege as it wound round the Square and up Wyndham-st., was witnessed by a large number of people. At the Cemetery the Rev. Mr. Torrance officiated, the firing party fired three volleys over the grave, and the coffin was then lowered into the earth.

NORMANBY ELECTION.

The elections were decided somewhat queerly in Normanby. The Western part of the township, it appears, is inhabited chiefly by Germans, and the eastern by Irish and Scotch. The former are favourable to the Wellington Railway, the latter to the Toronto Narrow Gauge. On nomination day the western men through some mistake, met at Aytun, but the returning officer not appearing, they repaired to Newcastle, where they appointed a returning officer, and elected by acclamation a Reeve, Deputy and Council. While this was going on, the proper official was taking nominations at the place appointed by By-law, in a school-house near the centre of the township, and the eastern men elected the old councillors by acclamation.

ELECTION CASE IN NEWCASTLE.—Quite an excitement prevailed on Monday in this usually quiet little village through the elopement of the daughter of a very respectable lady with an apprentice employed in the agricultural works of H. A. Massey. It appears the union was objected to by the mother of the fair damsel, and to put matters beyond dispute the young couple drove quietly to Orono on Saturday evening, when the two loving hearts were united. Upon the whole, the affair was very cleverly managed; the mother being entertained by a friend, engaged for the occasion, while the daughter was passing large quantities of dry goods through an upstairs window, whence they were removed by other friends.