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The Tobacco of Quality

THERE IS ONLY ONE KRAFT CHEESE

The style and package of Kraft Cheese are imitated, but the uniform quality and distinctive flavor of Kraft Cheese cannot be duplicated. Please, always look for this trade mark when buying.

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Proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians for

Neuritis Colds Headache Lumbago
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DOES NOT AFFECT THE HEART

Safe

Accept only "Bayer" package which contains proven directions. Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets. Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists.

Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer, Manufacturer of Monoclonal antibodies of Salicylic Acid (Acetyl Salicylic Acid, "A. S. A."). While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

Quaker Flour

Always the Same—Always the Best

For flaky pastry, delicious cakes, and large, light loaves of bread.

A product of The Quaker Mills, Peterborough and Saskatoon

IN BRITISH LUMBER TRADE

Signs of Improvement Are to be Seen.

(Farnworth & Jardine's Circular.)
LIVERPOOL, Nov. 1.—Surveyed generally the trading of the past month left much to be desired, though undoubtedly, there were signs of improvement, and certain varieties received more attention. Values on the whole were fairly well maintained, but prices ruling for some varieties of softwoods were on an unsatisfactory basis for shippers. Imports in the aggregate were moderate, with consumption in most cases not far behind. Stocks are reasonable.

New Brunswick and Nova Scotia Spruce and Pine Deals, etc.—The import showed an increase on the past two months, amounting to 4,670 standards, but there is a fair quantity of the month's arrivals still remaining on the Quay. Stocks stand at 11,180 standards, in comparison with 12,710 standards last year. It was difficult to arrange business for forward shipment at reasonable prices, due, in a large measure to the competition of the White Sea Stocks. Liner parcels from Hall's were much curtailed, and recent sales were on an advanced basis. Pine Deals, etc.—Business passing was not important.

Birch—Logs—Arrivals came to hand amounting to 6,000 cubic feet, consisting entirely of Quebec Wood. There was a small consumption; leaving stocks excessive, viz., 68,000 cubic feet. The market was in a very unsatisfactory shape. Values uncertain. Planks, etc.—Arrivals were moderate. Demand quiet, and stocks increased. Values unchanged.

"USURPATION"

The King Government carried two of the nine Provinces—Quebec and Saskatchewan—but won barely a fifth of the seats in the other seven, wherein the successes of the Liberals and Conservatives respectively were as follows:

	Lfb.	Cons.
Ontario	12	58
Alberta	4	4
Nova Scotia	3	11
British Columbia	3	10
P. E. Island	2	2
Manitoba	1	7
New Brunswick	1	10
Totals	26	112

Premier King professed concern for "national unity" during the election campaign, and warned the country against the menace of a Government whose mandate might be derived from the East, without endorsement from the West. He accordingly offered a low tariff compromise and asked for majorities from all the Provinces. His appeal was met by a mandate to quit. His majority in the last House was wiped out, he was placed in a minority of 45 in the total membership of the House, he was deprived of his own seat, eight of his Cabinet associates were defeated and Mr. Meighen was returned at the head of by far the largest Parliamentary group, by a popular majority of about 100,000 in the country at large. Yet

ALLIES SHOWING CONFIDENCE IN GOOD WILL OF GERMANY

Important Correspondence issued by British Foreign Office Embodies Substance of Recent Decisions of Ambassadors' Conference.

REDUCE OCCUPYING FORCES

Rhineland Commission Has a Far-Reaching Plan of Reform Under Consideration, Having a Two-fold Purpose.

London, Nov. 17.—Important correspondence issued by the Foreign Office tonight embodying the substance of recent decisions of the Ambassadors' conference with Germany shows that it has not only been decided to complete the evacuation of Cologne, or the first zone, by February 20, but to proceed shortly to reduce the occupying forces in the second and third zones to conform with the pre-war strength of the German garrisons, to vacate the land and buildings and abolish many war ordinances and restore the jurisdiction of the German courts, except in cases of a pronounced military nature. The documents emphasize that the Allies in this showing confidence in the goodwill of the German government and people are anticipating reciprocation of such confidence and goodwill. The principal documents are two notes signed by M. Briand, the French foreign minister, in behalf of the conference, dated November 14, and November 16. The former states that the conclusion of the Locarno agreements testifies to the desire animating the governments who were parties to the agreements to introduce into their relations a spirit of goodwill and confidence. Confident that the German government will reciprocate these sentiments, the note announces the decision to introduce into the occupation all alleviations compatible with the treaty of Versailles.

The note, recalling the concessions already announced, intimates that the Rhineland commission is preparing to grant large measures of amnesty on satisfactory assurances being given by Germany with regard to the position of individuals having relations with the occupying armies. The Rhineland commission furthermore has a far-reaching plan of reforms under consideration, having a two-fold purpose—first, a considerable reduction of the number of occupying troops and, second, the taking of all measures within the framework of the Rhineland agreement to facilitate the free exercise of German administration in the occupied territories. The note indicates the advantages of the foregoing to the German population and its relations with the occupying forces—that the reduction in troops to figure approaching normal will enable the return of lands and public buildings heretofore used for billeting troops and the suppression of the system of delegates entrusted with liaison duties between the occupying troops and the German authorities. Arrangements will be made to bring within the purview of German jurisdiction certain categories of causes, which now are within the competence of military courts. Finally the ordinances in force will be revised in the same spirit of confidence and appeasement. The high commission, it is declared, has been authorized to define the views of the interested governments and take all measures necessary to bring the new regime into force and it is added that the German government will doubtless afford the commission the fullest co-operation in the execution of these measures.

Prince of Wales To Visit Ireland

The question as to when the Prince of Wales is likely to make his long contemplated visit to the Irish Free States has been revived. The belief prevails that in all probability he may be expected early next year, although no official announcement has yet been made on the subject.

In connection with his visit the question also is being discussed as to how far the heir apparent to the British throne may be utilized for international considerations. Apart from his prospective visit to Ireland, it is thought that if the Locarno pact is ratified the British Government may consider it advisable before a very great while that he also pay a visit to Germany.

Premier King clings to office. "Who was it that spoke of 'usurpation'?"

OIL-ELECTRIC LOCOMOTIVE SAID

To Release \$500,000,000 in Coal.

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—Results of service tests of a new oil-electric locomotive which performs so economically engineers declare its universal adoption by the railroads would save fuel bills of \$375,000,000 annually, were made public today at a joint conference of Ingersoll-Rand, General Electric and American Locomotive officials. Coal worth \$700,000,000 actually would become available for other purposes, they said, if old-type locomotives are everywhere replaced by their engine.

The oil-electric locomotive consists essentially of a Diesel engine which burns a low grade fuel oil; an electric generator and motors on every axle of the locomotive, and the body and chassis.

"One of the locomotives," George Doubleday, President of the Ingersoll Rand Company said, "in six days of operation handled and distributed 431 cars moving them on and off 26 car floats in 61 hours and 50 minutes actual fuel-consuming time. A steam locomotive handled 410 cars under similar conditions in 75 fuel-consuming hours and stood by with fires banked 69 additional hours, burning coal all the time.

He added that the oil-electric is so economical of fuel oil it could haul a passenger train across the continent without refueling. In addition he declared the oil-electric was smokeless, cinderless, easy to operate and as noiseless as a well-behaved auto truck.

Furthermore, the new locomotive is said to deliver an average of 25 per cent. of the energy from its fuel as compared to the 5 to 7 per cent. performance of steam locomotives. Fourteen railroads have tested the oil-electric locomotive since it was first brought out a year ago. The new locomotive has been made in 60 and 100 ton (draw bar pull) types and larger ones are under construction. The smaller type sells for \$60,000.

The oil-electric runs in either direction with equal ease and power, thus obviating turntables and other similar devices. Its "fireman" required by law, has about the same job in railroad history about the only work so far discovered for him being to ring the bell.

Zam-Buk SAVES POISONED LIMBS!

It was just a bad ankle that might happen anyone. But it serves to show how quickly blood-poison develops unless broken tissues have the protection of antiseptic Zam-Buk.

Mrs. A. Harrison, Place-de-Armes, Kingston, Ont., writes: "During household duties my left ankle was injured by a sharp projection. Stocking dye got into the wound and its poisoned condition alarmed me. My ankle took a turn for the better, almost as soon as I began with Zam-Buk. This powerful healer dispelled all pain, suppuration and inflammation. It healed perfectly." Use Zam-Buk also for eczema, rashes, pimples, boils, abscesses, cuts, burns, scalds, etc.

EAT MORE FRUIT.

It has been definitely established that iodine is an essential to health, and that in it we have a new elixir of life. Lack of iodine in the blood is responsible for many ailments, including goiter or "Derbyshire neck."

This lack of iodine is termed "iodine starvation," and to counter its effect it is necessary to absorb iodine into the system. The best way of doing this is by eating plenty of fresh fruit, vegetables, and common salt. Nature realizes the need of iodine, and we undo much of her work by refusing salt and by peeling and boiling our fruit and vegetables. Iodine is a perfect external germicide, and during the war its worth was realized as a first antiseptic dressing. Raw iodine should be taken only in reasonable doses, and always under the supervision of a doctor.

NEW LAMP BURNS 94% AIR

Beats Electric or Gas.

A new oil lamp that gives an amazingly brilliant, soft, white light, even better than gas or electricity, has been tested by the U. S. Government and 35 leading universities and found to be superior to 10 ordinary oil lamps. It burns without odor, smoke or noise—no pumping up, is simple, clean, safe. Burns 94% air and 6% common kerosene (coal oil). The inventor, J. M. Johnson, 248 Craig St., W., Montreal, is offering to send a lamp on 10 days' FREE trial, or even to give one FREE to the first user in each locality who will help him introduce it. Write him to-day for full particulars. Also ask him to explain how you can get the agency, and without experience or money make \$250 to \$500 per month.

