POOR COPY

FREDERICTON AND VICINITY.

Record of Current Events About Town.

Fell Over Forty Feet--A Breach of Promise Case.

Diphtheria in Sunbury--Serious Accident at Stanley.

Attention.

The attention of workmen previously in the employ of Shaw Bros. at Pokiok, is directed to the advertisement of Mr. John Y. Miller, in another column.

Plaster Rock.

Messrs. J. & T. Egar & Co. have disposed of their interest in the Plaster Rock to some gentleman in St. John, the price paid being in the vicinity of $3 000. It is understood these gentlemen will begin at once the building of a large steam mill for grinding plaster.

The Curling Club.

The monthly meeting of the Fredericton curling club will be held at the rink on Wednesday evening next, 7th inst., at 8 o'clock. All parties wishing to become members of the club had better hand their names to the secretary in order that they may be placed on the local rinks for the season.

A Six-Headed Cabbage.

Mr. Stephen Golding, of this city, brought to THE GLEANER office last evening a genuine curiosity in the shape of a six-headed cabbage, which was raised in his garden. Each of the heads is about the size of a turnip, and all grown from the one large stalk. It certainly beats anything ever grown in this section.

A Tin Wedding.

A large number of friends gathered at the residence of Mr. John Richards on Tuesday evening to celebrate the tenth anniversary of the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. J. Fred. Richards, and a few very pleasant hours were spent before they separated. The presents were numerous and included articles of every description in tinware.

A Breach of Promise Case.

Edmundston is somewhat excited over a breach of promise case. The party has already been served with the papers, but the young lady, whose affections have been crushed, only claims damages to the extent of $200. The worst feature in the affair is the young man borrowed money from the lady to buy a ring to marry the other lady.

Fell Over Forty Feet.

An Edmundston correspondent writes:—Billing Philibert had a narrow escape for his life last Friday. He was placing the flag staff of the court house in position, when a gust of wind blew him off the roof to the ground, a distance of over 40 feet. He escaped without any bones being broken, and, although injured internally, he is coming around all right.

A Serious Accident.

A serious accident occurred near Stanley yesterday morning about twelve o'clock, by which a son of Mr. Joseph Hawkes, of Tay Creek, had one of his legs and also one of his arms broken. It seems that he fell off his team in some way or other and was run over. Dr. Moore, who was in town yesterday, was telegraphed for and went up by train this morning.

Agricultural Society No. 31.

The agricultural society of district No 31 in Sunbury county met at the Burton court house Tuesday, the president, Mr. Geo. W. Hobes, in the chair. The four rams purchased from the government, were disposed of by dividing the district into four parts, and placing one ram in each division as follows: Division No. 1 Geo. W. Hoben, No. 2 to Obas. McGarr, No. 3 to Woodbridge Hubbard and No. 4 to Geo. Hayward.

A Novel Idea.

The salvation army, in their zeal for souls, inaugurated a new departure last evening, an idea of Capt. Jewer's. The soldiers call it "out post duty." On every corner in the front part of the city a couple of soldiers were stationed to ask the passers-by about the condition of their souls, the intention being, after spending a couple of hours in this way, to report. They did not accomplish much, however, in the direction of soul saving, as the policemen ordered them off the corners shortly after they began duty.

Milk Seven Cents a Quart.

Fourteen out of the eighteen persons engaged in the milk business of our city have entered into an agreement not to sell milk at a less rate than 7 cents per imperial quart, from the 1st of November to the 1st of May, and 6 cents for the remainder of the year, which, they say, is nearly equivalent to the old standard. The high price of hay and yearly increasing scarcity of pasture renders it necessary to raise the price. The remaining four in the business emphatically affirm the justice of this.—Adv.

Sunbury Circuit Court.

The Sunbury circuit court, Judge Tuck presiding, commenced its session at Burton Tuesday. It did not open until between five and six o'clock because of the delay in the arrival of the steamer. Immediately on the opening of the court, the grand jury was called and elected Geo. A. Treadwell their foreman. There being no criminal business the jury was discharged. The only case on the docket is a remanet, John Doe on demise of James Kelly vs. Florentine Sullivan. Geo. F. Gregory appears for plaintiff, Chas. W. Beckwith for defendant. This case is now before the court.

The Springhill Stock Farm.

The horses and sheep for the Springhill stock farm arrived from St. John by boat on Tuesday evening and were taken up to the farm yesterday. They are all in a healthy condition, although some of the horses are quite sore from the chafing received on the passage across the ocean. As stated before two of the horses died at sea and another is in a dying condition at St. John. The cattle are in quarantine at St. John, and will be brought up as soon as the time specified by law expires. The importation is greatly admired by local stockmen. Work on the stables at the farm is progressing rapidly.

Tobique Valley Railway.

The whole fourteen miles of the Tobique railway is now under construction, about 300 men and a large number of teams being employed by the different contractors. The grading has been let in from 500 feet sections to two mile sections, consequently the farmers along the Tobique all have a chance to get a contract. Mr. Daniel McQuinn has the rock cutting and Mr. Wm. Hale the contract for wharving. It is intended to get all the shallow work done this fall and leave the deep cuts for the cold weather, as the contractors expect to work all winter. Mr. Alex. Straton is paymaster for the company, and the construction work is under the general supervision of Chas. Miles, C. E

The Railway Injunction.

The Chief Justice has taken time to consider in the matter of the application to vary Mr. Wm. Wilson's injunction against the railway bridge company, which was argued yesterday afternoon.

A hearing was begun before Mr. Justice Fraser yesterday morning on an application by the St. John River Valley Railway Company to dissolve the injunctions of Major O'Mally and Capt. Powys. Messrs. Black & Hanen, Geo. W. Allen and H B. Rainsford appear for O'Mally and Powys, and Messrs. J. A. & W. Vanwart for the company. The argument in the O'Mally case was concluded at one o'clock, the Judge reserving his decision. The argument on the Powys injunction is being heard this afternoon.

BITS OF NEWS.

Gathered and Condensed for the Readers of the "Gleaner."

Milk 7 cents per quart.

Nothing to report in police circles to-day.

The holes in the Queen street pavement are being repaired.

About two miles of grading has been completed on the Tobique Valley railroad.

Don't forget the Levy concert to-morrow evening. The musical event of the season.

The stone work on the new departmental building is about completed, and work on the roof was begun this morning.

Despite the rain last evening the small boys celebrated hallow'een in the usual way and did the back streets of the town thoroughly.

Parties in Dorchester will send Geo. H Wallace to Europe to purchase a Shire stallion. They will go as high as three thousand dollars.

Mr. E. H. Allen will receive about the 10th of the month 200 barrels of American Baldwin apples from Boston, which he will sell at reasonable rates.

The track of the Central railway is now laid about eighteen miles from Norton and a large force of men is employed laying track at half a mile a day.

The Bangor Commercial says that Mr. John Childs, of New Brunswick, while at work in a gravel pit on Sourdnahunt stream, was killed last Friday by the bank caving in on him.

A Moncton despatch says: The Scott Act is well nigh a dead letter in Moncton again. Officers cannot be got to serve papers, and for this and possibly other reasons there have been no prosecutions for several weeks.

AFTER THE TRIAL.

Wm. Day Gets Into an Altercation With Annie Phillipine and Forcibly Ejects Her From His House.

The sad story of Annie Phillipine's life has scarcely died out in the public ear, when a new scene in the Tobique tragedy is enacted, and again the lovely Annie Phillipine is the heroine. The story or rather the facts of the case are these: Since the conviction of the prisoners at Andover, Annie Phillipine's sister, Mary, has made her home at Wm. Day's, who was one of the suspected murderers. So strongly has Mary become attached to the family that she has renounced the name of Phillipine and asks her friends to call her Miss Day. Annie, who has been living with her brothers since the conviction of the prisoners, being in want of some of her wearing apparel which her sister had, and wishing to get her away from Day's, went to his house to see Mary, and while there got into an altercation with Day. It is said that the language used by both parties would scarcely grace the columns of a newspaper. After they had ventilated each other's character to their own satisfaction, Day took Annie by the throat and forcibly put her out of his house. Annie at once visited several justices of the peace with the hope of getting law, but for reasons probably better known to themselves they refused to act, and Annie then came down to Andover to lay information, but so far no justice has taken steps to have Day punished, and Annie is now living with a family near Andover.

ALMOST AN ENOCH ARDEN.

A Portland Man, Supposed to be Dead, Returns to His Home After an Absence of Ten Years, and Finds His Wife With a Second Husband.

A number of years ago Paul Adams of Portland, married a Miss Sweet, of Carleton, by whom he had five children. About ten years ago Adams left this city, and as the years passed by and nothing was heard from him, Mrs. Adams came to the conclusion her husband was dead. Richard Rattley, at present in the employ of David Connell in his stables Sydney street, wooed and wedded, four years ago, Mrs. Adams, and nothing occurred to mar their domestic happiness until a few evenings ago when Rattley went home for his supper. On entering the house he noticed a man sitting at the head of the table and his better half at the opposite side. Rattley looked at the man and then at the woman, but neither ventured an explanation or spoke a word. Not getting any satisfaction from his wife, Rattley left the house and soon afterwards learned that the strange man was no other than Paul Adams, the woman's first husband. Rattley has taken up his abode at the Central house, leaving the woman to the care of her first husband. Adams, however, does not seem disposed to claim his wife, for he is living with his brother-in-law, James T. Boyle, of Portland.—Sun.

The Temiscouata Railway.

The Temiscouata Railway commenced running regular trains this morning. They will be tri-weekly during the winter. A correspondent writes from Edmundston: The company have a gang of men building a freight house and also a gang grading the grounds for their passenger station. It was expected the N. B. R. would join in with them and build a union depot but they could not come to any agreement. They don't seem to pull together worth a cent. Receivers of freight can stand it as we are paying less on the N. B. R. than any point above Andover. The Temiscouata are making slow progress with their bridge across the Madawaska. The freshet overflowed the coffer dam for their centre pier and entailed considerable loss. They have got another start now, and as the material for the upper structure is all on the ground, they will soon complete it. It is going to be a first-class structure. The piers are all granite, brought from McAdam Junction, and the upper structure is steel, and it will be one of the finest in the country.

Diphtheria in Sunbury.

Diphtheria of a malignant type is quite prevalent in Sunbury. Last Sunday two sons of Mr. James Smith, at French Lake, one of whom worked at the Mitchell boom, died from the dread disease. On the same day two other men were attacked with it at the boom, and forced to go home, and on Tuesday another fell a victim to it. All the other employees left the boom house in alarm, and yesterday Dr. Currie was sent for by the boom company to see what steps should be taken to prevent the further spread of the disease. The statement in the other papers that he went down, acting under instructions from the board of health, is incorrect. The doctor reports that he found nothing to warrant the belief that the fears of the men were well grounded, but advised that all take up quarters at another boom house.

Leased the Span Building.

Mr. F. B. Coleman intends running a livery stable in connection with the Barker House, and, with that object in view, he has leased the Span property on Queen street, which has been occupied for years past as the Albion Hotel. In order to secure the stable Mr. Coleman had to lease the house as well, and it is probable that he will have the latter fitted up in connection with his hotel also, so that when he is short of rooms at the Barker, as is often the case, he will have ample accommodation here. The stable will be enlarged and otherwise improved. A number of suitable horses are being procured.

Rehan's Comedy Company.

The sale of seats is now going on for Monday evening next. The comedy of "7-20-8," Augustine Daly's greatest success, should draw a full house. The company is a strong one and the piece is so well known from its long run in New York City, that all our theatre-goers should take advantage of this opportunity of seeing it. The company are again meeting with great success in St. John, and it is to be hoped that Fredericton will show its appreciation of having such a fine company visit us.

Divorce Court.

The case of Harriett A. Simpson vs. John Arthur Simpson, in which judgment was expected this morning, stands over until the next sitting of the court, as does also the case of Thos. Wilson vs. Anne Wilson.

JOHN H. AND HIS PALACE.

Mr. Reid has a New Scheme for an Exhibition.

And is Confident that He Will Succeed.

The Way He Proposes to Raise the Money.

Despite Mr. John H. Reid's long silence on exhibition matters, he has by no means lost sight of his palace, and is more confident than ever that, within a few years, his long projected exhibition building will be realized in fact. Since John last talked with a reporter about the matter he has altered his plans considerably and has now the details all arranged for the erection of a large palace in the Scully field on Regent street. The *only* thing required is the money, and he says that he has received such encouragement during the past week from prominent men from all sections of York as to place the exhibition among the things that are certain. In the first place Mr. Reid proposes to get twenty men in each parish in the county to contribute $5 each annually, and fifty in Fredericton to contribute $10, and one hundred $5, which would make $2,300. These contributions would be for the purpose of running annual county shows, open to the whole province. The contributors would all be members of an association, which would elect a council and executive committee to manage all matters in connection with exhibitions, etc. The amount collected in this way would be for premiums, the expenses of the shows to be defrayed by the gate receipts. Then, when it is shown how profitable such exhibitions would prove to York County, John thinks he will have no trouble in raising the money for the building of the palace. He calculates upon getting $10,000 from the government, $6,000 from the city and about $4 000 from the county, making about $20,000 in all, which would give us a palace in every respect equal to the first one. He says he has a claim on the government for $10,000 which they are bound to recognize, and it comes about in this way. Before the last exhibition was burned, Attorney General Fraser promised Mr. Reid $7,000 to finish the building, which, of course, was never required. This amount, with interest amounting to $3,000, John thinks the present government will hand over to him when they see what encouragement he is getting from the people of the county, in as much as such a large amount has been given St. John for exhibitions and scarcely any to York Co The $6 000, which Mr. Reids expects from the city, will include, he says, the $3,000 insurance they got back in '83 on the old building. The $4,000 from the county he feels sure of. Mr. Reid is in earnest about the matter, and, if it is at all possible for him to raise the money, he will do it, and Fredericton will have another handsome exhibition building. He is already interviewing the prominent farmers of the county on the matter, but proposes to launch his new scheme at the next session of the county council, when he will lay the matter before them with a view of getting them to take hold and assist him. Mr. Reid thinks that the Scully field is the most suitable place in the city for an exhibition building, and there is no doubt but what it is. He proposes also to lease the Odell grove in the rear for show grounds, etc.

NOTES OF SPORT.

Interesting Items Collected From Different Sources.

Up to the present time this season 517 horses have secured a place in the 2 30 list.

At Cleveland, O., on Monday, Guy trotted a mile in 2 12, knocking three quarters of a second off his record.

Beach and Hanlan have signed articles to row a single scull race for £1,000 on the Paramatta river, December 1st.

A despatch from Australia announces that Searle has defeated Kemp in a match for the sculling championship and £500 a side on the Parametta river.

Thousands of people in New York and St. Louis, who did not see the games played for the world's championship, watched its progress as depicted on large diagrams representing a ball field and pegs for players, which were so ingeniously arranged that every play in the game was shown.

Police Court Receipts.

During the year there was collected in fines at the police court the sum of $2 870.95. Of this amount $2,117 55 has been paid into the city treasurer. The remainder goes to the county, the dominion and local governments as follows: $645 to the county for Scott Act violations, $100 to the dominion government for Indian act violations, and $8 to the local government for provincial bridge act violations. Last year the amount paid into the city treasurer was $1 399.95. The amount paid in this year more than pays the running expenses of the office. The year's record includes 340 cases made up as follows:—

Drunk on public streets	153
V. C. T. A. (city)	20
V. C. T. A. (county)	45
Violations city bye laws	26
Abusive language	12
Common assaults	30
Aggravated assaults	2
Given in charge for being drunk in house	3
Disturbing religious worship	3
Malicious injury to property	1
Violating the Indian act	2
Protection	14
Larceny	8
Vagrancy	3
Provincial bridge act	5
Cruelty to animals	2
Assaulting policemen	2
Creating disturbances on public streets	5
Abusive language to policemen	2
Bawdy houses	2
	340

Satisfactory to Mr. Sherwood.

In reference to Mr. R. J. Kincaid, who is reported by some of the papers to have skipped out, Mr. S. H. Sherwood of St. John, agent for A. Harris, Son & Co., of Brantford, Ont., desires us to state that Mr. Kincaid, as a sub-agent of the firm, has, as far as he can ascertain, left their business in a satisfactory condition.

The Incandescent Light.

Machinery is now being placed in Morrison's mill for the purpose of running an incandescent electric light system. About eighty lights will be used.

Personal.

Mr. John T. Hawke, of the Transcript, is prostrated with an attack of slow fever.

The Annapolis Naval Cadets.

The plebs, or "youngsters," as they are also called, are at once quartered on board a large, old fashioned wooden frigate, which always lies alongside the dock, and does duty during the school sessions as a gunnery ship. The vessel becomes the residence of the plebs during the summer months; here they have their first experience of sailor life, and here, among other things, they first acquire the art of sleeping in a hammock. It is truly an edifying sight to see these lads on their first night struggling with their hammocks.

The hammocks used in the navy, you bear in mind, are very unlike those in which people swing under the trees in the country. The navy hammocks are made of heavy canvas, and are slung from the beams of the ship. They are usually hung quite high from the deck, so that it is not easy for a beginner to climb into one with any degree of grace—even if he manages to get in at all. Usually the novice struggles in from one side and goes head over heels out at the other—mattresses, pillows and bedclothes all accompanying him. After two or three unsuccessful attempts of this sort, however, the greenest begins to improve, and one or two weeks of practice is sufficient to make any one an adept in the art.—St. Nicholas.

SOME BEAUTIFUL MONUMENTS.

The Skillful Work of Mr. Jas. G. McGrath, of Moore's Marble Works.

Mr. Jas G. McGrath, foreman of Mr. John Moore's marble works establishment, which is one of the most skilful workmen in his line in the Maritime Provinces, turned out recently several very handsome monuments, which cannot easily be excelled in the matter of workmanship or design. He has just completed one of the largest and most expensive ever gotten up in this city, which is a perfect model of skill. The monument is in memory of the late Thos. McCaffrey, of Oromocto, and will be erected in the cemetry at that place in a few days. It is made of Southern Falls marble of a fine quality, and stands nearly eleven feet high. The design is that of a cottage monument, consisting of a heavy foundation base, a moulded plenth with the family name in large raised letters, a handsome die with four large columns raised on the corners and bearing the inscription, a moulded section and a leptic cap, the whole surmounted by a heavy six-inch cross and plenth. The die and cap are beautifully traced, which adds greatly to the appearance of the monument. It is certainly a most creditable piece of work.

Mr. McGrath has also finished a neat, nicely carved and handsomely traced cottage monument in memory of the late Dr. Key, of Haynesville. It stands about six feet high.

A free stone monument in memory of the late Andrew B Hammond, of St. Leonards, will be completed in a few days. This is of a Gothic design, and stands about six and a half feet high. Some beautiful tracing and carving has been done on it.

Mr. Moore is constantly receiving orders from all parts of the country, and filling them with satisfaction. He has now on hand the largest stock of marble ever in the city. The work done at his establishment cannot be surpassed in the provinces.

CLOTHES OF THE DEAD

The Old Custom and the New—Second Hand Clothing Dealers.

It used to be amusing the women of a past generation, a custom to leave their clothes by will in the same manner that they did their "second best bedstead" and "silver gilt teapot." They divided their furs, laces, brocades and "body linen" among their nearest kin, and generally left the plainer and more worn things to old family servants or poor relations. But these personal possessions, with the exception of laces, are rarely bequeathed nowadays. Mrs. John Jacob Astor kept to the old customs, and I saw a poor, pretty girl wearing one of her sealskin coats last week, it having been specially bequeathed to her in the will. The usual course is that taken by the heirs of Mrs. A. T. Stewart, who sold all her enormous wardrobe to dealers in second hand clothes. Though little was said about it at the time, a good many society women took occasion to purchase certain things through the dealers, but generally handkerchiefs, stockings, silk underwear and gloves, which would not be recognized and which they got very cheaply.

There is a woman on Fifth avenue who makes a business of buying the wardrobes of dead women, and who is fast making a fortune out of the bargains she gets. Most of her customers who purchase goods from her have no idea of the real secrets of her trade. She is ostensibly a dealer in imported goods and has certain French and English boxes and cases into which she packs many of her goods and sells them as new. She will take the whole wardrobe of the deceased, new and old, good and bad, and then this goes through a careful process of selection. The new things, or those nearly so, which are really imported or have that appearance, she packs into foreign cases and ties them up daintily and disposes of them to rich customers. Many a time a woman has come to her and said: "I want to find something—stockings, gloves or what not—like some I once saw Mrs. Quelquechose have. See if you can find them for me." And the dealer has in course of time sent her a note saying that she has found something very near what she asked for. In reality they are Mrs. Quelquechose's own, and the dealer had them all the while. The gowns that are new or very nearly now she sells to the dressmakers, who freshen them up a bit and sell them to out of town customers.

Then the dealer has a list of customers who are perfectly familiar with the real nature of her trade. They are mostly women who are struggling to keep their places in society, with lean purses and a great desire to keep up appearances. They keep the run of her place and get some bargains, because though the things they buy are somewhat worn, they are worth the money for the good Parisian cut and style. They buy from her black and inconspicuous gowns that are like those worn by a dozen other women and are not likely to be recognized, and sometimes they have them made over at home and buy them for the sake of the good material in them. There is a third class of the wornout and shabby clothes, bonnets, shoes and general belongings which are sold in a lump to the second hand dealers in the Bowery. And so all the pretty frills and fancies of the dear dead women of our households become scattered to the far winds, worn by her friends, her enemies, her servants, strangers and women whom in life she would have turned her eyes away from as she passed. There is something very pathetic, it seems to me, in such dispersal and use of these most intimate personal possessions of a lovely women. The old way was best.—Cor. Brooklyn Eagle.

How to Develop the Lungs.

The exercise which I have found of most value in developing the lungs may be described as follows: Standing erect as possible, with shoulders thrown back and chest forward, the arms hanging close to the body; the head up, with lips firmly closed, inhalation is to be taken as slowly as may be, at the same time the extended arms are to be gradually raised, the back of the hands upward, until they closely approach each other above the head. The movement should be so regulated that the arms will be extended directly over the head at the moment the lungs are completely filled. The position should be maintained from five to thirty seconds before the reverse process is begun. As the arms are gradually lowered the breath is exhaled slowly, so the lungs shall be as nearly freed from breath as possible at the time the arms again reach the first position at the side.

By these movements the greatest expansion possible is reached, for upon inspiration the weight of the shoulders and pectoral muscles are lifted, allowing the thorax to expand fully, while upon exhalation in lowering the arms we utilize the additional force of this pressure upon the upper thorax to render expiration as complete as possible. These deep respirations should be repeated five or six times, and the exercise gone through with five or six times a day. It is hardly necessary to remark that the clothing must in no way interfere with the exercise. In some cases this exercise is more advantageous when taken lying flat on the back, instead of standing. In this position the inspiratory muscles become rapidly strengthened by opposing the additional pressure exerted by the abdominal organs against the expanding lungs. And, on the other hand, expiration is more perfect and full on account of the pressure of these organs. This is an exercise now advocated by several leading vocal teachers of Europe.—John L. Davis, M. D.

A Chicagoan at Lunch.

That a Chicagoan dislikes to lose any time is patent to an observer in any of the down town restaurants during the noon hour. Almost every second eater has a paper propped up before him against a glass or a catsup bottle, and while he devours his lunch he also devours the news at the same time. When he finishes one side of his paper he lays down his knife and fork long enough to expose a fresh side to his view, when he resumes the double occupation of reading and eating. The average Chicago business man can consume a fry without missing a news item, and can keep posted on the affairs of the day without overlooking an oyster.—Chicago Herald.

Some women never see a rat without thinking of I scream.

KINGS AND COURTIERS.

A York County Man and a Clergyman at Wurtemburg.

The Career of Donald Hendry and Rev. Mr. Woodcock.

What Some St. John People Have to Tell About Them.

[St. John Sun.]

There is great excitement among the inhabitants of the little South German kingdom of Wurtemburg because of the influence possessed by two "Americans" over the ruling monarch Charles the First, who is understood to be a semi-lunatic and who, by reason of bronchial trouble, is compelled to reside in sunny Italy the greater part of the time.

The "Americans" are two men well known in St. John—one, the Rev. Mr. Woodcock, for some time pastor of the Congregational church here; the other Donald Hendry, formerly clerk in T. H. Hall's and J. & A. McMillan's bookstores.

It appears, says a cable to the New York Herald, "this anti-American feeling first arose at Stuttgart some eight years ago, when Mr. Jackson, of Chicago, then American vice-consul, became His Majesty's privy councillor. As a matter of fact Mr. Jackson gets a very small salary in addition to what the king considers to be due for his services. At Stuttgart two Americans were afterwards appointed his private spiritual advisers. Though they have hitherto never been recognized as members of the court, their installation in the Grand Villa and their constant intercourse with the king excited public attention, and this week, when the royal command was sent from Nice to Stuttgart that Mr. Woodcock was henceforth to be Baron Savage and Court Chamberlain, public opinion broke out into open rebellion. The papers revolted. The Prime Minister protested, and there is a row at court which all the departed spirits of the monarchs of Wurtemburg cannot quell.

"Naturally the promotion of Mr. Woodcock has excited jealousy and indignation in the royal household. The title of Chamberlain takes precedent of that of Colonel, and an American thus passes at one step over the heads of the court officers who have been in His Majesty's service twenty years."

Rev. Mr. Woodcock

is well known in St. John, having resided in this city from 1875 to 1879, succeeding Rev. Mr. Woods as pastor of the Congregational church, Union street. Mr. Woodcock was a man of fine address and winning ways, and made many friends here. He was young, tall, dark, good looking and an especial favorite in society. As a preacher he was full of pathos, and at times spoke with much power; as a pastor his visits were always welcomed by members of his congregation. The style of living that he adopted was somewhat too advanced for his salary, and he left many bills unpaid when he took his departure from St. John in 1879—but some two or three years ago he forwarded sufficient funds to a friend here to wipe out all his indebtedness. While here he made many converts among the younger portion of the community. Among them was his present boon companion,

Donald Hendry,

then a clerk in the bookstore of Messrs. J. & A. McMillan. Hendry was a young man of more than ordinary parts. Popular with all who knew him, he was, however, extremely reticent about himself and his parentage, and while he had hosts of friends he did not possess a single confidant.

Hendry was about 16 or 17 years of age when he came to St. John from Fredericton in 1870 and entered the bookstore of T. H. Hall. Prior to leaving Fredericton he had worked with S. R. Miller, bookseller. Hendry remained with Mr. Hall for two or three years and then accepted a position in J. & A. McMillan's. Soon after Rev. Mr. Woodcock came to St. John and took charge of the Congregational church, young Hendry conceived a warm attachment for him, and the affection being reciprocated they secured joint apartments with Mrs. Sibley, in the old International Hotel. Henceforth the two men were as brothers.

Hendry was a native of Eel River, York Co., in this province, where his mother now resides. He had little to say to his most intimate friends about his family, and during his long absence has never written a line to his mother. When Rev. Mr. Woodcock left St. John in 1879, he was accompanied by his bosom friend Hendry. The latter, it may be said, left the best reputation behind him in business circles.

Of the movements of the devoted couple for some time after leaving St. John little is known.

It has been ascertained, however, that Woodcock and Hendry went to New York and joining a party led by their spiritual advisor, Rev. Mr. Hepworth, made a tour of Europe, Mr. Woodcock leaving the party at Heidelburg to prosecute his theological studies. Hendry, however, grew in favor with Hepworth, who took the young man with him to Ireland to assist in the distribution of the New York Herald's famine relief fund, and that ended, Hendry repaired to Heidelburg, once more joining fortunes with the Union street pastor. From subsequent events, it would appear that their studies were not altogether theological.

The Pair at Wurtemburg.

Wurtemburg is a small kingdom. It has an area of 7,531 square miles, as against New Brunswick's 27,000 square miles. But it is a land flowing with milk and honey, or at least our adventurers found it so. Says the New York Herald: "Both came to Europe to turn their attention to more profitable business than preaching the gospel." Mr. Woodcock assumed the title of Doctor, which he says he got at Heidelberg, though the registers of that university have been searched in vain for the entry of his graduation there. He subsequently added Savage to his name, and with Hendry got an introduction to the King of Wurtemberg.

These two gentlemen now hold the position of spiritual advisers to his majesty, and their efforts to soothe his troubled life by bringing the spirits of his departed royal ancestors into his presence to console him are only rivalled by the famous feats of the late D. D. Home in that direction. At the Austrian and French courts one of these gentlemen styles himself as Dr. Woodcock Savage, of New York. The other, Mr. Hendry, of the same city. The former is now in Nice, attending to the king. The latter is in Paris with his sister, waiting to see whether the storm just raised in Munich will blow over.

Mr. Hendry's "sister" is a new feature, as he had no sister when he left St. John.

Customs Returns.

Value of goods received at the port of Fredericton and duty paid thereon for the months of Oct., 1887 and 1888:

	Value.	Duty.
Oct., 1887	29,923	7437 56
Oct., 1888	16 892	4581 58
Decrease	13,031	2855 98

Six Hundred Millions of Cash.

If one of those giants about which we heard so much in our younger days was to develop a modern Bill Sykes tendency and select the treasury department as the scene of his operations, he might make a pretty good haul, provided the watchmen allowed him to get away.

Suppose all the money in the treasury was piled up in one room. My giant burglar would find at his hand $234,000,000 in gold and silver, $250,000,000 in bonds, and an additional $100,000,000 in new silver dollars, if he happened to time his visit when the new silver vault in the main courtyard is full, and a silver stream of $500,000 a day is steadily flowing into that subterranean treasure house.

Here is nearly $600,000,000. Just think of it! More money than can be found in any bank in Europe. The Bank of England has only $101,000,000; the Bank of France, $452,000,000; the Imperial Bank of Germany, $387,000,000.

NEW FALL GOODS.

RECEIVED AT

Lottimer'sFashionableShoeStore

Ladies Fine American Rubbers,
Misses and Children's American Rubbers for Spring Heel Boots,
Ladies Jersey Lily Oxford Tie Shoes,
Ladies Kid Common Sense Shoes,
Ladies Oil Pebble Lace Boots,
Ladies Oil Goat Button Boots,
Ladies French Kid Button Boots,
Gents Kid Elastic Side Boots,
Gents Cowhide Long Boots,
Gents Kip Long Boots,
Boys Long Boots; Child's Long Boots.

Gilt Edge Dressing in Barrels; Velvet Oil, for oiling and blacking Ladies' Boots.

Don't forget to buy your Boots and Shoes at

Lottimer's Shoe store, 210 Queen street.

Fredericton, N. B., Aug. 27, 1888.

SQUELCHED.

A Story Teller's Life Spared Only on One Condition.

"I know," the northern member would occasionally say, "that people would be slow to believe some of the things I have been telling about my experiences in the war, but they are all true to the letter."

"I don't doubt for a moment," said the western man, who wasn't in the war. "And now just let me tell you a little maritime story—true beyond a doubt and not in the least fishy, though I will confess it is so old that it has burrs on it. A crowd of men were sitting in a saloon one night and a man got up and commenced to relate an experience of his own. It ran like this: 'I was on a ship ten years ago which was wrecked in mid ocean. Many of the passengers did not succeed in getting into the life boats and some of us had to jump into the water. I swam twice and then managed to catch hold of a piece of timber just big enough to support me. Recovering my breath I congratulated myself on having support enough to possibly keep me afloat until I could be picked up by some passing vessel. Suddenly I felt one end of my timber go down, and turning my head, discovered that another man had grabbed hold of my lumber. In a moment or two we were about to sink. I urged him to be careful, but he would not heed me. We drifted along for some minutes, when I made up my mind that one or the other of us would have to go down, for with such pressure it was only a matter of time when we would both lose our piece of timber. I finally edged my way up to the man and choking him, made him release his grip. He fell off, and I suppose drowned, for I paddled away and saw him no more. It was a cruel thing to do, but self preservation being the first law of nature, I looked out for No. 1. You may not believe this, but, gentlemen, it is the truth.'

"Then," the western congressman went on to relate, "a big man, with bushy beard and fierce looking eyebrows, arose from a corner and said: 'Alas for you, it was true. I was the man you pushed that awful day from the piece of timber. Ha! ha! you thought you had drowned me; but I live to face the man who treated me so. Kind friends, when I arose from beneath the angry waves, sent along another piece of timber, and, though bruised by you, I had strength enough left to cling like an oyster to my timber, and in a few hours I was rescued by a passing ship. For nearly ten long years I have been hunting you, sir, and you shall die. I will give you five minutes to prepare for death—more than you would give me in mid ocean.'

"The crowd seemed disposed to interfere, but the big man with bushy beard drew two pistols, and called out: 'Stand back, everybody!' and with the death dealing weapons he covered the party who had narrated the ocean experience. The latter pleaded for mercy, and eventually the big man with the bushy beard said: 'I will spare your life only on one condition.'

"'Name it!' gasped the frightened man.

"'That you will confess to this crowd that no such thing as you have related ever occurred, and that you have simply been telling a whopping lie, thinking that these people would believe you.'

"As quick as a flash the man admitted that he had simply been romancing. He was forgiven, but not until after he had treated the house."—Detroit Tribune.

A Touching Work.

A new novel has lately been published in raised letters for the use of the blind. It is said it evokes a great deal of feeling.—Terre Haute Express.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purest strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., Wall St., N. Y.

CHEESE.

JUST RECEIVED:

100

Choice Yellow Cheese,

FALL MAKE.

FOR SALE LOW BY

JAS. HODGE

Fredericton, Oct. 30.

WANTED.

GIRL WANTED to do general housework in a family of three. Good wages given. References required.

MRS. ALLAN F. RANDOLPH,
Waterloo Row.

Fredericton, Oct. 16—tf

Girls Wanted.

THE HIGHEST PRICES PAID FOR GOOD GIRLS AT THE BARKER HOUSE.
Reference Required.
Fredericton, Sept. 4th, 1888.

WOOL HOSIERY.

Received this week a full line of

LADIES, MISSES AND CHILDREN'S

Wool Hosiery, for Fall and Winter wear, in Ribbed and Plain. Also a splendid stock of Gent's Sox in Cashmere, Merino and an extra heavy All Wool Ribbed do, for winter.

R. M. CAMPBELL,

190 QUEEN STREET,

P. S.—A beautiful stock of Gent's Scarfs and Silk Hkfs. always on hand.

R. M. C.

Fredericton, Oct 31st. 1888.

LIGHT FOR THE MILLION.

BEAUTIFUL HANGING LAMPS

MAGNIFICENT STAND LAMPS.

REMARKABLE CHEAP PIANO LAMPS.

And a Good Assortment of those ELEGANT HALL LANTERNS.

Also Parlor Suites in Hair Cloth, Plush, and Raw Silk, Bedroom Setts in Pine, Ash, Elm and Walnut.

We are Opening our CHRISTMAS GOODS. Come and examine them.

LEMONT & SONS.

Fredericton, Oct. 23.

Lumbermen, Attention.

WE HAVE NOW A FULL STOCK OF Camp Blanketing, Grey Blankets, White Blankets, Ettoffi Jumpers and Pants, Knit Shirts and Drawers, Top Shirts, Grain Bags, Horse Blankets, Socks, Mitts, &c., at lowest prices. Wholesale and retail.

TENNANT, DAVIES & CO.,

202 Queen Street, - - - - Fredericton.

Fredericton, N. B., Sept. 15, 1888.

G. T. WHELPLEY

HAS IN STOCK:

4 Tons Bran,
6 Tons Middlings,
A Lot of Extra Fine Quinces.

TO ARRIVE:

One Car Load of Feed, Bran and Middlings.

QUINSLER'S CELEBRATED SAUSAGES ON SATURDAY.

G. T. WHELPLEY, 310 Queen Street.

Fredericton, Oct. 18th, 1888.

R. COLWELL,

FREDERICTON, N. B.

Carriages, Wagons, Sleighs and Pungs built to order in the latest and most durable styles. Material and workmanship of the best. Particular attention given to painting, trimming and repairing Carriages, etc. Terms, etc., to give satisfaction.

FACTORY

KING STREET, FREDERICTON.

NOTICE.

ALL WORKMEN previously in the employ of Shaw Brothers, at the Pokiok Extract Works, can obtain further employment at the above works on application, personally or by letter, to

JOHN Y. MILLER,
Pokiok.

Pokiok, Oct 31st., 1888.—4 in w 1 tw.

PIGS FOR SALE.

A NUMBER of Pure Bred Yorkshire and Berkshire Pigs for sale at a reasonable price. Apply to

F. B. COLEMAN,
At the Barker House.

Fredericton, Nov 1st.—1 in w 1 tw

FOR SALE.

A MILCH COW,
4 YEARS OLD.

A. J. GREGORY.

Fredericton, Oct 30—31

ENGLISH OAK

FALL GOODS,

—IN—

Toast Racks, Biscuit Jars, Salt, Mustard and Pepper Boxes.

The above Goods are beautifully finished, and of Latest Designs, the only goods of the kind in the City; and will be sold at a Small Profit.

F. J. McCAUSLAND,

CORNER QUEEN AND CAR