

THE MARKETS.

Liverpool and Chicago Wheat Futures
Close Higher — Live Stock—
The Latest Quotations.

Wednesday Evening, Jan. 23.
Liverpool wheat futures closed today 1/2d to 3/4d higher than yesterday, and corn futures 1/4d to 1/2d higher. May wheat closed 1 1/2c higher than yesterday. May corn 1/2c higher, and May oats 1/2c higher.

WINNIPEG OPTIONS.

Winnipeg wheat futures closed yesterday: Jan. 24, 1907, May 77 1/2c, July 75 1/2c.

LEADING WHEAT MARKETS.

	May	July	Sept.
New York	85 1/2	84 1/2	83 1/2
Detroit	81 1/2	80 1/2	79 1/2
St. Louis	77 1/2	76 1/2	75 1/2
Minneapolis	81 1/2	80 1/2	79 1/2
Duluth	82 1/2	81 1/2	80 1/2

TORONTO GRAIN MARKET.

	Jan. 24	Jan. 23
Wheat, spring, bush	80 00 to 80 00	79 00 to 79 00
Wheat, fall, bush	73 00 to 73 00	72 00 to 72 00
Barley, bush	77 1/2 to 77 1/2	76 1/2 to 76 1/2
Oats, bush	54 00 to 54 00	53 00 to 53 00
Rye, bush	70 00 to 70 00	69 00 to 69 00

LIVERPOOL GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

Liverpool, Jan. 23.—Wheat—Spot firm; No. 2 red western winter, futures, March 68 1/2d, May 68 1/2d, July 68 1/2d.
Corn—Spot firm; American mixed, new, 4s 6d; old, 4s 2d; futures, March 4s 2d, May 4s 2d, July 4s 2d.
Lard—Western, in tins, steady, 4s 9d; American refined, in tins, steady, 4s 9d; Bacon—Clear bellies, quiet, 5s 6d; shoulders, square, quiet, 4s 6d.
Hams—Short cut, quiet, 4s 6d; Western, quiet, 4s 6d.
Turkeys—Spirits strong, 3s 3d.

NEW YORK DAIRY MARKET.

New York, Jan. 23.—Butter—Firm; receipts, 5201. Street prices: Extra creamery, 24c to 25c; official prices: Creamery, common to extra, 24c to 25c; state dairy, common to extra, 24c to 25c; renovated, common to extra, 24c to 25c; western, common to extra, 24c to 25c; factory, common to extra, 24c to 25c; western imitation creamery, extra, 24c; first, 24c to 25c; second, 24c to 25c; Cheese—Steady to firm, unchanged; receipts, 1073.
Eggs—Irregular; receipts, 8187; state, Pennsylvania and nearby, fancy, selected, white, 32c; do., choice, 29c to 30c; do., mixed, extra, 29c to 30c; western, 28c to 29c; official price, first, 29c; second, 28c to 29c.

CATTLE MARKETS.

Cables Unchanged—Cattle 10 Cents Lower at Chicago.

London, Jan. 23.—Liverpool and London cables are higher at 10 1/2c to 12 1/2c per lb. dressed weight; refrigerator beef is quoted at 10c to 9 1/2c per lb.

MONTREAL LIVE STOCK.

Montreal, Jan. 23.—(Special.)—Receipts were 700 cattle, 25 milch cows, 800 hogs, 200 sheep and lambs and 100 calves. In addition to the above, there was a number of calves, mostly on the way, which did not reach the market until late in the afternoon, and the drovers' business was the weakest in the market for live hogs, and prices declined 20c to 25c per cwt. The market was good and active for selected lots were made at \$7.25 to \$7.40 per cwt., weighed off cars. There were no really prime steers on the market, and from that down to \$3 1/2c per lb. for pretty good cattle, while the common stock sold at 2 1/2c to 3 1/2c per lb. There seemed to be little demand for milch cows, as the weather was rather cold for drying them any distance. Lambs were quiet at about 15c per lb., a few sheep at 4c to 4 1/2c, while calves brought \$3 to \$5 each.

EAST BUFFALO CATTLE MARKET.

East Buffalo, Jan. 23.—Cattle—Receipts, 100 head; sale, 100 head; prime steers, \$5.00 to \$5.15; shipping, \$5 to \$5.75; butchers, \$4.50 to \$5.00.
Hogs—Receipts, 1201; choice, active and steady, \$4.25 to \$4.50; head, active and steady, \$4.25 to \$4.50.
Sheep—Receipts, 2000 head; fairly active; 10c lower; others, \$4.00 to \$4.25; mixed, \$4.00 to \$4.25; 1000; yorkers, \$7.10 to \$7.15; pigs, \$7.25; roughs, \$6 to \$6.30; stags, \$4.50 to \$5.25.
Calves—Receipts, 8000 head; sheep, active and steady; lambs, slow; 10c lower; mixed, \$5 to \$7.00; veal, \$3.50 to \$4.50; dressed calves, \$3 to \$4.75; sheep, mixed, \$3 to \$5.25.

NEW YORK LIVE STOCK.

New York, Jan. 23.—Beef—Receipts, 1223; good to choice to a shade lower; bulls, steady; medium and heavy cows steady to firm; all sold; steers, \$4.40; bulls, \$3.40 to \$4.45; cows, \$3.75 to \$4.25. Exports, 916 cattle; 3300 sheep and 5500 quarters of beef.
Calves—Receipts, 1201; choice, veal steady; others easier; bonyard calves weak; westerns 25c lower; one car unsold. Veal, \$5 to \$6.75; choice, \$10; culls, \$4 to \$4.75; bonyard and fed calves, \$3.25 to \$4.75; westerns, \$3 to \$4.50; dressed calves, \$3 to \$4.75; sheep, \$3 to \$4.75; few city dressed veal 8c to 15c per lb.; few fancy do., 14 1/2c; country dressed, 7 1/2c to 13c.
Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 4307 head; 18 cars on sale; sheep, dull; lambs slow, but good stock steady; medium grades easy; 1/2c cars unsold; sheep, \$3.50 to \$5.00; culls, \$3; lambs, \$7 to \$8; culls, \$5 to \$6.
Hogs—Receipts, 7300 head; 200 on sale; firm and higher; state and Pennsylvania hogs, \$7.25 to \$7.35; pigs, \$7.40 to \$7.50.
CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.
Chicago, Jan. 23.—Cattle—Receipts, about 27,000; market 10c lower; common to prime steers, \$4 to \$7.00; cows, \$2.75 to \$3; heifers, \$2.80 to \$5; bulls, \$2.75 to \$4.50; calves, \$2.75 to \$5.75; stockers and feeders, \$2.90 to \$4.90.
Hogs—Receipts, about 40,000; market a shade lower; choice butchers, \$6.07 1/2 to \$6.70; packing, \$6.02 1/2 to \$6.50; assort., light, \$6.05 to \$6.07 1/2; pigs, \$2 to \$6.00; bulk of sales, \$6.02 1/2 to \$6.75.
Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, about 22,000; sheep, 15c lower; lambs, steady; sheep, \$3 to \$5.75; rearings, \$4.00 to \$6.00; lambs, \$5.75 to \$5.90.

Regina is Shivering.

Regina, Sask., Jan. 24.—A furious blizzard is sweeping over the prairie and traffic, already dislocated, promises to be completely tied up for several days unless the storm suddenly moderates. For the first time this winter, this city is fearing a fuel famine, having hitherto escaped owing to Regina being the provincial distributing point for the principal western coal mines. Never since 1881 have conditions been so bad, both in regard to blizzards and intense cold.

Secretary Root in Montreal.

Montreal, Jan. 24.—Mr. Root, U. S. Secretary of State, landed yesterday at Sir William Van Horne's, and after visiting McGill University and Mount Royal Victoria Hospital, the festivities were concluded by a grand dinner party last evening at Lord Strathcona's.

Salaries Go Up.

Washington, Jan. 24.—After three hours of discussion the Senate yesterday approved the salaries increase to \$7500 to Senators and Congressmen, and to \$12,000 to vice-president, Speaker of the House and members of the Cabinet.

Scaly Skin Diseases

Eczema, Salt Rheum, Tetter, etc., yield quickly to the healing power of Mira Ointment. Why suffer with the burning and itching? Why let the thing go on? Don't be miserable! Mira costs only 50c a box—6 for \$2.50. Get one to-day. At druggists—or from The Chemists' Co. of Canada, Limited, Hamilton, Ontario.
A few hours after the first application, writes Leo Corrigan, 775 Ferguson Ave., N. Hamilton, "I felt great relief. Mira has worked wonders for me." (He had eczema for years.)
Send on getting the ointment, with this trademark—



THE WHIRLING DERVISH.

A Singular Being Who Comes From Faraway Persia.

Nearly every circus or wild west show that comes to town has a "whirling dervish" for one of the attractions, and they are certainly wonderful creatures. I wonder if all of you know where they come from? They are Mohammedans from Persia, a set of men who devote or are supposed to devote their entire time to religion and are perhaps as nearly like monks as anything else. Fasting for days at a time, with continual prayer, at last affects their minds, and they see wonderful visions which they disclose to their superstitious brothers, over whom they have great influence. They are always miserably poor, living on charity and earn what little they have by being hired to mourn at funerals or to conduct religious ceremonies.

Some of these men perform most wonderful tricks, such as fire eating, juggling and walking on broken glass. How they do them will never be known, but they are supposed to be invested with supernatural power, which is of course untrue. We are all familiar with the "whirling dervish." This takes years of practice, but finally they become so expert and are so used to it that they can "whirl" for hours without becoming dizzy.

WEAK HEART SYSTEM WAS RUN DOWN

When the heart is healthy and performing its functions naturally, it should beat regularly seventy-two times a minute without causing its owner the slightest inconvenience or distress.

When it begins to beat irregularly or intermittently, palpitate and throb, skip beats, beat fast for a time, then so slow as to seem almost to stop, it causes great anxiety and alarm.

The least excitement or exertion seems to affect it.

Many people are kept in a state of morbid fear of death, become weak, worn and miserable, and are unable to attend to either social or business duties, through unnatural action of their heart.

To all such sufferers

MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS

can give prompt and permanent relief. Mrs. Fletcher, Sault Ste. Marie, West. Ont., says: "I have been troubled for four or five years with weakness, and run down system. My feet were always cold and I felt almost dead. My heart was so weak that I was nervous and hardly walk across my street. I started taking Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, and after using three boxes I felt much better. I continued their use until I had taken twelve boxes and I am now well."

Prices 50 cents per box or 3 boxes for \$1.25 at all dealers or mailed direct on receipt of the T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

When you want BLACK silk, you don't say "a spool of silk." When you want Windsor Table Salt, say so—"WINDSOR."

A Hopeless Case.

"Judge," said the prisoner, "I would like to ask a few questions before I enter my plea."

"You have the court's permission," said the judge.

"If I go on trial," said the prisoner, "do I have to sit here and hear all the hypothetical questions asked by the lawyers?"

"Certainly," said the judge.

"And hear all the handwriting experts?"

"Of course."

"And follow the reasoning of the chemistry and insanity experts?"

"Very probably," said the judge.

"Well, then, judge, I will enter my plea."

"What is it?" asked the judge.

"Guilty!"—Army and Navy Life.

Getting a Head.

"You can't ever get ahead, my son, so long as you disspate so."

"Can't, eh? Can't get a head? I'd like to know how you think I got this one."

HEALTH FOR RUN-DOWN WOMEN.

From the experience of Mrs. John Panke, Saskatoon, nothing compares with Ferrozone. "At times I was confined to my bed and couldn't do any work. My appetite failed, my color was pallid. Weary and cast down, it seemed I couldn't catch up. Ferrozone started a new kind of life in my blood, built me up, vitalized and strengthened my heart and stomach, and finally cured my heart and nervous system. Ferrozone is a re-builder of health. It has a special virtue in female ailments. Sold everywhere in 50c. boxes; try Ferrozone."

When a man is well dressed he feels he is entitled to attention.

No man ever fell from probity to criminality in a moment.

Minard's Lintment used by Physicians.

TERMINALS DISCUSSED

G. T. P. At Quebec City and Lake Superior End Of Trent Valley

THE DOMINION HOUSE

Ottawa, Jan. 23.—In the House yesterday, in reply to a question by Mr. Maclean (South York) the Minister of Railways and Canals stated that the original grant of water to the Cataract Power Co. from the Welland Canal was 100 cubic feet per second. On Dec. 31, 1902, the company had the amount increased to the extent of 700 cubic feet per second.

Mr. Foster learned that the North Atlantic Co. had a claim against the Government, and still being adjusted amounting to \$31,804.

The Trent Valley Canal. Mr. Bennett (E. Simcoe), urged that Port Severn be the Georgian Bay terminus of the Trent Canal.

Mr. McCarthy (N. Simcoe), urged the Nottawasaga River route.

Mr. Hall (W. Peterborough) charged that Conservatives and the Liberals are the enemies of the Trent Canal.

Hon. John Haggart replied that the present Government was merely carrying out the contracts made by the Conservative Government.

Mr. Emmerson said that the canal should be built on business principles. He expected to lay all the surveys and plans upon the table within a week. The Minister intimated that he had learned towards the Severn River route. The experts, however, found objection. His mind was still open.

Quebec City Terminus. Mr. Lavergne (Montagny) moved for copies of all correspondence between the Government and the National Transcontinental Railway Commission concerning the erection of a railway station at Quebec City.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier admitted that there was dissatisfaction in the City of Quebec. The proposed station, however, was to be built by the Quebec Bridge Co. Over this bridge would pass eight railways. Where should this station be located? Personally the Premier suggested some point on the Plains of Abraham. The City of Quebec was bound to grow rapidly and to become a very busy port. Beauty might have to be sacrificed to utility.

W. F. Maclean (South York) said that Quebec had a magnificent future as an ocean port. The location should be fixed by the Government in the public interest.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier: In our plans the works of the bridge company are to be part of the transcontinental railway, and, according to the law which has been passed by Parliament, the railways are to be brought to tide water in front of the City of Quebec.

R. L. Borden: It seems to me a little unfortunate that the Transcontinental Railway, the Government or Parliament has anything to say about the location of what has properly been described as a great national work.

Lavergne's motion carried.

Denatured Alcohol. Mr. Miller (S. Grey) presented a resolution declaring "that in the opinion of this House the subject of denatured alcohol and legislation permitting the manufacture and use of the same free from excise duty, for light, fuel and power, and in the industrial arts, is one which should receive the early and careful attention of the Government and the Parliament."

The United States had been led to this legislation by the example of Germany. He believed that in Canada, as in Germany, the farm still could be introduced and even farther be thus enabled to use corn cobs, rotten fruit and many other waste products to furnish light, heat and power for his house and barn.

In Canada denatured alcohol was made solely by the Government and made at a prohibitive cost. The Department should make alcohol as a cost of not more than 30 cents a gallon. It should be cheaper than either coal oil or gasoline, and it is far more efficient.

Mr. Forley (Con., Quebec) said it was a question of price. If he can get denatured alcohol even at twice the cost of kerosene he is benefited.

Mr. Templeman moved the adjournment of the debate.

Marine Certificates. The special committee of the Commons on Mr. Lancaster's bill to provide that masters and mates' certificates be granted only to British subjects, had another meeting yesterday morning.

The Minister of Marine said that his information was that during the past ten years of 82 certificates issued for inland and minor waters only 10 had been issued to foreigners, and that these only four to Americans. It was believed that there were no American ships at least a thousand lived in Canada, and whose families lived in Canada.

Mr. Lancaster's figures, and the President and secretary of the Masters and Mates' Association will be summoned to give evidence.

Militia and Strikes. Ottawa, Jan. 24.—In the Senate yesterday, papers referring to the calling out of the militia in the strikes at Buckingham and Hamilton were moved for by Senator David, who made a speech in favor of Government duty.

After speeches by Senator Power, Senator McMullen, Senator Sullivan and Senator Cloran, Hon. Mr. Scott said he could not concur in the proposal that the Govern-

ment should relieve municipalities of the cost of calling out the militia to deal with strike riots.

BRITAIN'S PRESTIGE SUFFERS. London Globe Commends Speech of W. F. Maclean At Ottawa.

London, Jan. 24.—The London Globe says: "To all those who have taken upon themselves to congratulate Haldane and the rest on their proper obsequiousness to the United States, we would commend some extracts from the speech delivered yesterday in the Dominion House of Commons."

"I take this opportunity," announced W. F. Maclean, "to say for myself and perhaps for many of my fellow-Canadians, that I regard certain incidents connected with the Jamaica earthquake a distinct loss of honor to the Canadian people."

"I am proud to say that all Canadians took pride in Mr. Maclean's refusal to deliver sentiments that did not come altogether well from the member of a colony which refuses all subscriptions to the imperial navy, but in this sentence he spoke what every Canadian feels."

London, Jan. 24.—(C. A. P.)—The Times says the very fact of Root's visit and his discussion with leading Canadian statesmen, coupled with the belief that the visit is only a prelude to some compromise attempt to settle all outstanding diplomatic differences, is in itself a recognition of Canada's stature, which American statesmen have not hitherto conceded her. Such recognition is most satisfactory, but it is far more important that the recognition should come even more clearly from our side.

It is good business for Root to get into touch with Canadian sentiment. To do so is Sir Edward Grey's imperative duty.

At the same time it will recognize with perfect frankness that there be yet another source of weakness apart from any possible want of appreciation of Canadian interest by our diplomatist. That weakness lies in the actual disparity of national strength on two sides, 4,000 miles of frontier separating Canada and the United States.

Canada's interests lie in the wide sphere of reciprocal arrangements provided by the British empire.

The Freeman's Journal says Root declared he and the United States were great admirers of the Canadian people. This may be, but the compliment is not the least of the compliment.

The idea of Root and Grey and Laurier discussing Newfoundland fisheries seems almost comic in view of the Jamaica incident. It is to be feared that while Grey and Root have been talking in the semi-Arctic zone they have been thinking in a tropical one.

The Journal's London correspondent, referring to Root's visit, refers to past hostility of the American Senate to British treaties, and says the understanding with the United States can only be attained through a previous settlement of Ireland's just demands.

Croup can positively be stopped in 20 minutes. No vomiting—nothing to sicken or distress your child. A sweet, pleasant, and safe Syrup, called Dr. Shoop's Croup Cure, does the work and does it quickly. Dr. Shoop's Croup Cure is for Croup alone, remember. It does not claim to cure a dozen different ailments. It's for Croup, that's all.

Sold by C. H. Gunn & Co.

RAILWAYS.

GOING WEST. WABASH. GOING EAST.

10:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m. 10:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m.

10:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m. 10:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m.

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10:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m. 10:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m.

Don't Neglect Your Skin!

You have been complaining of a nasty, raw, rough "feel" about your hands, arms, neck or face? It is a common experience just now that the keen, biting winds are upon us. The relief lies in Zam-Buk. Don't neglect your skin. Don't forget that the skin is more than a mere covering for the body. By means of tiny pores it helps to purify the system; and unless cared for, the damp, raw days of winter impair its functions, cause cracking, chaps, and sow the first seeds of skin disease. Don't neglect a cut or a sore, for fear of blood poisoning or inflammation. Zam-Buk is a certain and antiseptic healer. Applied to a cut, a bruise or any skin injury, its antiseptic powers come into operation, and it kills all disease germs which would otherwise cause inflammation and suppuration. Then the herbal essences of which it is composed build up new healthy tissue, cell by cell, till the injury is healed, the disease cured, and all traces of it removed. Write for free box offered below.



Skin Disease for Two Years

Mr. Chas. Hill, of 14 Main Street, Brantford, says:—"For nearly two years I suffered with a skin disease on my legs, which became so irritable at times that I was confined to my bed and unable to apply bandages of any kind or even to let anything touch my legs. I had tried nearly every ointment that was advertised and had taken many medicines internally, but without any good result. Recently I sent for a supply of Zam-Buk, and with the first application I got relief. A few days later the sores having entirely disappeared from my limbs, since then I have been able to go about my work with perfect comfort—something I have not done for nearly two years. Zam-Buk has certainly worked wonders for me, and I have no hesitation in giving it my recommendation."

Scalp Sores and Eczema Cured

Mrs. T. H. Hurlburt, of Seely's Bay, Ont., writes:—"For the benefit of others I have pleasure in stating that I have proved Zam-Buk a cure for eczema. I had eczema on my hands, and had doctored with different physicians in vain as well as having tried various remedies. A few applications of Zam-Buk gave me great relief, and by the time I had used two boxes my hands were entirely healed up."

Mr. Henry Harvey, of Cataract, says:—"Zam-Buk in my case has done all it was recommended to do. I had some sores on the scalp, which at times caused me such acute pain that I could not bear to touch the part. This continued for nearly two years, and defied all remedies I tried. Zam-Buk was recommended to me, and after a fair trial, I am glad to report the sores are quite cured. I can strongly recommend Zam-Buk for scalp diseases."

Zam-Buk is invaluable for eczema, ulcers, scalp diseases, ringworm, psoriasis, bad legs, inflammation, rashes, eruptions, pimples, sores, scales, scales, piles, swellings, chapped hands, sore faces, cold-sores, chilblains, chills, cold in the head, cuts, burns, frostbites, gatherings, poisoned wounds, etc., etc. Of all druggists, or post free from the Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for 50c. a box, 6 boxes for \$2.50.

FREE BOX

Send this Coupon and I will send you a FREE BOX of Zam-Buk. Name _____ Address _____

Chatham Plan-1, Jan. 23rd, 1907.

Zam-Buk
THE WINTER SKIN-TONIC.

Stenographer Rescues Drunkard.

"There goes a young man whom I saved from going to the dogs through drink," remarked a court stenographer to a Toronto News man. "He is a tip-top fellow, and has plenty of ability, but two or three years ago he began to let red liquor get the better of him."

"He had a good position at the time, and I don't think he exactly neglected his work, but it got to be a common thing to see him standing around barrooms in the evening, talking two-thirds of his intimate friends took the liberty of giving him a quiet hint. As usual in such cases, he got highly indignant, and denied point-blank that he had ever been in the least under the influence of liquor. All the same, he kept increasing the pace until he became pretty easy to predict where he was going to land, and it was at that stage of the game that I did my great reformation act."

"I was sitting in an uptown restaurant one evening, when he came in with some fellows and took a seat without seeing me. He was just drunk enough to be talkative about his private affairs and on the impulse of the moment I pulled out my notebook and took a full shorthand report of every word he said. It was the usual maudlin talk of a boozey man, and included numerous candid details of the speaker's daily life."

"Next morning I copied the whole thing neatly on the typewriter and sent it to his office. In less than an hour he came tearing to me with his eyes fairly hanging out of their sockets."

"Great heavens, Jack!" he gasped. "What is this anyhow?"

"It's the stenographic report of your monologue at—'s last evening," I replied, and gave him a brief explanation.

"Did I really talk like that?" he asked faintly.

"I assure you it is an absolutely verbatim report," said I.

"He turned pale and walked out, and from that day to this he has not taken a drink. His prospects at present are splendid. All he needed was to hear himself as others heard him."

The Peaked Chin.

The girl with a wedge shaped face must not wear her hair spread out over her ears. This only accentuates the triangular lines. With a peaked chin it is necessary to avoid broad effects above the brows. Wave the hair at the temples and draw it up to the top of the head in soft rolls. This gives the face a delicate oval outline.

Brooms.

If you have a pyrography outfit it is best to have every broom and scrubbing brush marked with the name and object for which it is designed, so that there will be no danger of your Persian rug being swept with a greasy kitchen broom.

After cleaning an article that requires to be dipped in a bowl of gasoline the gasoline that is left can be used again if strained through filter paper, which can be bought at a drug store