

LOYALIST SOCIETY FORMED ST. JOHN 20 YEARS AGO

Details of the Formation—The Late Sir Leonard Tilley First President—Names of the Charter Members—Aims and Objects of the Society

The observance of Loyalist Day in St. John yesterday tended to recall to many minds the formation of the Loyalist Society twenty years ago, at the time St. John and Portland became united. Each year the day has been fittingly observed here and the action of the Loyalists will never pass from memory.

TWENTY YEARS AGO.

Just twenty years ago Thursday last on May 14, 1889, the organization of the present Loyalist Society was perfected. The rooms of the New Brunswick Historical Society was the scene of the meeting, which was largely attended by loyal sentimentals.

His Honor the Lieutenant Governor at that time occupied the chair and Secretary Helyea read the minutes of a preliminary meeting, which were adopted. In response to an invitation from the chairman, Judge Palmer, and Dr. William Bayard spoke briefly, expressing their hearty approbation of the meeting and its object.

C. A. Everett declared that the time had arrived when the memory of the Loyalists should be commemorated. He would give his hearty sympathy to the society and would gladly become one of its members.

Ald. T. W. Peters expressed his sincere gratification at being able to attend the meeting. The members should work assiduously and not rest until the society was a complete success from every standpoint.

A STRANGE STEP.

I. Allen Jack considered that the society should take a stronger step, and talk sentiment. The memory of the Loyalists should be perpetuated in some proper manner.

Allan O. Earle read the constitution as drafted by a committee. They were taken up section by section and adopted, with some alterations. The committee recommended that the name be "The United Loyalists Society."

On the suggestion of I. A. Jack it was decided that the aim of the society should be to perpetuate the memory and principles of the Loyalists. On the meeting proceeding to the election of officers the following were chosen: Sir Leonard Tilley, president; James Simons, Dr. Bayard and Sir John C. Allen, vice presidents; James H. Hathaway, R. S. Orr in the Kettler; treasurer; James W. B. Skinner, secretary; I. Allen Jack, corresponding secretary; Geo. W. Jones and T. W. Peters, messengers.

CHARTER MEMBERS.

The following charter members of the society were enrolled: Sir Leonard Tilley, James Simons, Wm. Bayard, M. D., R. J. Gilbert, Benj. Austin, T. C. H. Waterbury, E. G. Kaye, Robert Munn, Geo. W. Jones, Geo. S. De Forest, J. R. Foster, J. M. Robinson, H. W. Northrup, R. B. Barnes, R. C. Skinner, John W. Kroop, Philip Palmer, John C. Boyer, Herbert C. Tilley, Geo. W. Murphy, R. Kettle Jones, Alfred H. De Mill, Charles A. Everett, I. Allen, Dickson, Chas. A. Everett, Wm. B. Reading, M. D., Thomas W. Peters, Henry L. Everett, Geo. H. Waterbury, Jas. A. Stewart, J. Dole, Geo. O. Brundage, Geo. H. Truman, W. H. Deane, James Hannay, Allan O. Earle, Chas. H. Ely, Hugh H. McLean, Louis C. Ansley, D. Russell, John C. Osek, A. L. Palmer, Geo. W. Whitney, Thomas Easton, Samuel Gardner, W. H. Hathaway, R. S. Orr, C. N. Skinner, A. Chipman Smith, James Anderson, Isaac H. Northrup, Leonard Tilley, John D. Short, David Smiler, Wm. E. Stevens, W. Knowles, Ira Cornwall, H. G. Betts, E. C. Skinner, James Manning, J. D. Underhill and S. B. Olive.

There was no formal celebration of the day during the first year of the society's existence. However, on Saturday, May 18, 1889, a mass meeting was held and an enjoyable evening of speech making ensued. Mr. W. W. Weldon, M. P., was the chief speaker and he advocated that the Loyalist Society be the same for New Brunswick as St. George's for England, St. Patrick's for Ireland and St. Andrew's for Scotland.

DR. ELLIOT LAYS ASIDE HIS ROBES

No Longer Head of Harvard

LOWELL SUCCEEDS Dr. Elliot Presided at His Last Meeting on Monday

WASHINGTON, May 18.—The recent outbreak of foot and mouth disease in Michigan, New York, Pennsylvania and Maryland started from calves used in the propagation of smallpox vaccines which had been contaminated with virus at feet and mouth of calves.

Mrs. Smith in opening stated that in keeping with the subject she had in hand it was not passing strange that she found herself imbued with no small measure of the heroic spirit in finding herself called upon to lecture before an audience so representative and so large.

The other heroine dealt with by Mrs. Smith was Lady La Tour, the post the legend of the Indian maid who over the slaughter of her father promised to lead the invading British to the village of her home and who in carrying out her commission accomplished the extermination of the visiting band and her own death by facing them over the Grand Falls.

How many of you have visited the spot where Lady La Tour supposedly was buried? If you have not, I recommend you to visit it; and while there, let your memory conjure up the scenes to which I have referred, very worthy objects to engage the energies and interests of "our Ladies' Canadian Club."

At the conclusion of the address Mrs. Henning captivated the attention of two very pleasing selections, "Home, Dear Home," and "My Jacqueminot." Mrs. Gordon Dickie, the president then introduced the venerable Archdeacon Raymond, who would speak on the Early History of the City.

With few words Archdeacon Raymond expressed the delight it gave him in speaking for the first time before the Canadian Club and immediately plunged into his subject.

There are three epochs in the history of the community, said the archdeacon. Epochs that may be most clearly defined. The first is ushered in by that memorable 24th June, 1804, when there crept into the harbor the little ships of Prince deMonts. They were indeed small, but they bore upon their decks the founder of a new France.

Connected with the visit of Moncton is the last act in the expulsion of the Acadians, when toward the close of 1765 a band of the force returned from a harassing expedition with the scalps of a family living near Gasquetown and the relics of desecrated graves come upon at or near the present site of Fredericton. We are apt to judge harshly in the light of the present day civilization, and to condemn as these. But we must remember that it was the same narrow republican spirit inspiring their consecrated march across the way in banishing the Acadians, whose landing at this port 18th May, 1782, being into the third period of which I am to speak.

The better class Loyalist labored under the yoke of the home land. But he possessed the patience to await the redress demanded in the employment of constitutional means.

There are to be sure a few ripples of a perfect understanding between the two countries. It is, however, with a great deal of gratification that we see how these are subsiding and how two countries geographically so near and so near their separate destinies in harmony and along the lines of national love.

RECENT OUTBREAK OF THE AMERICAN FOOT AND MOUTH DISEASE

From Calves Used to Propagate Vaccine Virus

WASHINGTON, May 18.—The recent outbreak of foot and mouth disease in Michigan, New York, Pennsylvania and Maryland started from calves used in the propagation of smallpox vaccines which had been contaminated with virus at feet and mouth of calves.

These separate series of experiments were made by Drs. Mohler and Renshaw. Young cattle and sheep were inoculated with vaccine virus obtained from two whose calves had been infected with the virus of foot and mouth disease.

The investigation also indicates that the virus of foot and mouth disease is not a new virus, but is probably due to contaminated vaccine of Japanese origin. The fact that the virus was present in the vaccine used in the propagation of smallpox virus of one not transmitted to other calves and placed them again on the market a short time after the vaccine material was taken.

According to Dr. Mohler and Renshaw, foot and mouth disease is primarily and principally a disease of cattle and affects man only secondary and casually. Children are occasionally infected by drinking unboiled milk during the periods in which the disease is prevalent in the neighborhood, while persons in charge of diseased cattle may become infected through contact with the diseased parts or by milking.

The report recommends the intelligent and prompt co-operation of the two firms accomplishing this end. After an examination of every strain of vaccine known the license of the two firms in charge of diseased cattle is suspended, all the suspected vaccine virus on hand is destroyed and that upon the market withdrawn and other measures of a radical nature are taken.

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Yesterday marked the twentieth anniversary of the greater St. John joined by the union of Portland and St. John. The union caused many changes, some of which are recalled by the event.

President Elliot is understood to have no plans for the future beyond those for a quiet summer in Maine.

Before the curtain fell a number of bills were passed, a few minor appointments were made, and the aldermen, one by one, made speeches in reference to Mayor Chelvey. In reply the Portland mayor in a lengthy address spoke of the friendly feeling between the two cities, the aldermen, and on the separation he hoped that the ten members who would go to the new council would deal with public questions in a way which would do honor to the city which was about passing away.

The new city of St. John would have about \$500,000 annually, a great amount, and nearly as much as was distributed in the whole province.

Ald. Murphy called for three cheers for the Queen, and after the minutes had been read and adopted the last meeting of the Portland City Council adjourned.

Amatite ROOFING

No more paint for me! I've now covered every roof on my place with Amatite.

To buy a roofing that requires painting is inviting trouble. Painted roofs are as out of date as the latest machinery of thirty years ago.

If you are still using the "old rubber kind," the kind that requires painting every year or two to keep it tight, we want to tell you about Amatite; why it needs no painting; why it wears longer than the "smooth surfaced" roofing, and why it costs less.

First—Its chief ingredient is Coal Tar Pitch—not a "secret" compound but a well known, long tested material, recognized by engineers as the greatest waterproofing material known. Two layers of this material are used in every sheet of Amatite.

Second—We use two layers of the best grade of wool felt to hold the pitch in place. This wool felt gives extra strength to the roofing, and is the best material known for that purpose.

Third—On top of these four layers is a real mineral surface. This surface requires absolutely no painting and adds nothing to the life of the roofing. It is fire retardant. It is permanent.

We want to send you a sample so that you can see what a solid, substantial waterproof roofing Amatite really is. Write us to-day.

The CARITTE-PATERSON Mfg. Co. Ltd., St. John, N.B. Halifax N.S.

AGED COUPLE CELEBRATE THEIR GOLDEN WEDDING
Mr. and Mrs. John Foster, of Middleton, Married Fifty Years

HOUSE WIND UP BUSINESS

Lennox Defends Ontario Gov't

OTTAWA, May 18.—The Ontario government has today passed the balance of the estimate for the year 1909-10. The average rate of several million dollars, in marked contrast to the progress made in the past year. There were but two or three attempts on the part of the opposition to stir up trouble principally by the federal party. The Ontario government has today passed the balance of the estimate for the year 1909-10.

Mr. Brodeur pointed out that result of the Ontario minister's creation of the diplomatic negotiator in the United States. He said that, though he believed, a satisfactory solution would be reached.

There are no more lotteries, although the dealers are heavily fined and banished from the state. Yet strange as it may seem, the lottery is still in vogue in the country, and there is a large number of people who are still playing the lottery.

WOODSTOCK, N. B., May 18.—Carroll M. P., who is in Ottawa for the purpose of the present Trade, J. T. A. Dibble, this afternoon the Minister of Militia and Adjutant General had decided that the 10th field battery of the 1st Canadian Infantry Brigade Engineers, all Carleton Place, Victoria county soldiers, will participate in the annual drill at Woodstock on the 12th inst.

Perhaps no other organs work harder than the kidneys to preserve the general health of the body and most people are troubled with kidney ailments. The date is May 18, 1909. "Well, yes, to himself."—Louis Courier-Journal.

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BARBER TELLS POLICE OF HIS WHEREABOUTS
PROVIDENCE, R. I., May 18.—The missing Auburn barber, Clarence Chase, whom the police have expressed a desire to find, that they might get his opinion of certain matters in connection with the death of Miss Reagon, today sent a letter to Chief Inspector C. S. Horton.

UNIONISM AND MILITARY BANDS
OTTAWA, May 18.—The action of the residential bands of the Toronto militia in refusing to play at the next Toronto exhibition if the exhibition Toronto persists in the proposal to engage for the fair the non-union bands of permanent force, from Halifax, Quebec and Kingston, had brought to head the question of the non-unioning of all militia bands. The militia department is having an official report made on the matter and it is not improbable that drastic action will be taken to prevent further undue influence of the musicians' union in connection with military bands.

SMASHUP IN PARIS
PARIS, May 18.—The automobile in which Thomas P. Thorne, the American race horse owner, now in Paris, was driving to the Malesons Laitie track this morning, ran into a workman and inflicted injuries that probably will prove fatal. The machine was going at high speed at the time. In trying to avoid the man the chauffeur swerved his car which struck a tree and was badly smashed. Mr. Thorne and the chauffeur each sustained slight injuries.

NEW ENTERPRISE FOR CHATHAM
CHATHAM, N. B., May 18.—John McLagan has started a wholesale and retail food and grocery business in his warehouse, Wellington street, formerly occupied by Randolph & Son, Fredericton, as headquarters for their Chatham branch. Mr. McLagan is well known throughout this vicinity and as there are but practically two wholesale houses in Chatham at present, he is expected to do a good business.

CASTORIA
The Kind You Have Bought
Signature of Chas. H. Stevens

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