scratch our

y depends not ty is not of less t the quality of ng., says: "The t, will be excel-ient yield which eady. Corn, 258 . Wheat, 9s 4d

49s per cwt. spring, 91½c for Chicago spring,

c for spot, 4 for at 29 for spot or

\$18.55 for spot for spot; \$10.95

Chicago; 83c to Chicago; 90c to or No. 1 spring;

nd State; 37c to

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over 70 factories registered. The old; 1,095 boxes price for choice.

t, \$1.60 to \$1.70; to \$1.05; Peas, to \$1.15; Buck-0 per ton.



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Advertising accounts rendered quarterly.

Advertisements, to secure insertion and required space, should be in by 20th of each month. TO ADVERTISERS:

Letters enclosing remittances, &c., only acknowledged when specially reducated. Our correspondence is very heavy, and must be abridged as much as possible.

Visit to the Centennial Exhibition—No.2

There are always two sides to any question. In our last number we gave a brief account of the bright side. We will now give a few jottings from the dark side that may also be of interest. The Centennial Exhibition has been got up in such an Utopian style as to be in advance of the times; or, at least, in advance of direct pecuniary gain to the principal promoters. The great loss will be borne by about half-a-dozen wealthy Americans, to some of whom a million dollars is of no more consequence than five cents to some inviduals. They have done a noble work, and done it well. It will redound to their honor. The attendance of visitors has not been one quarter so great as anticipated. Many private exhibitors and caterers for the public will lose from twenty to fifty thousand dollars. Perhaps the greatest gain will be to the railway refreshment stations. Their charges are high and accommodation low. The keepers of these petted and fostered establishments are reaping the profits that should be divided among the stock-holders of railways, or invalided servants. Seventy-five cents for twenty cents' worth is too much. The unnecessary number of horses killed by over-work on street cars is a disgrace to the corporation. The ancient English house erected has but a sorry resemblance to reality. No tree, shrub, flower or-woman. What a farce!

The monster picture, spoken of in American papers as the largest in the world, is the worst thing we saw on our journey. It is a disgrace to the exhibition of art to the country and to society,

both in the subject and in an artistic point of view. In the dairy department much was expected, but the heat melted the butter, and caused the necessary removal of some of the cheese. It is a wonder to us that everything is in such good order as it is. It will repay any one that can afford it to take a trip and see it. One excursion train has been run from Hamilton to Philadelphia and return for \$8. calities it has been the on'y wheat that has yielded

There are four excursion trains to be run from St. Thomas—one each week in September. Grangers \$10, the general public \$11. From Toronto, \$8. From London an excursion train is to be run for \$10. From Suspension Bridge or Buffalo the charge has been as low as \$5, while from Detroit (the greatest distance) \$6 has been the fare. The American lines carry passengers at the present time very much below the rate charged by Canadian railways. Many that are near the lines will prefer purchasing their ticket in the States.

Seed Wheat.

Which is the best kind to sow? is a question that is often put to us by callers and by our mail correspondents. We cannot answer the question satisfactorily to all. There are some farmers that will continue to sow their favorite variety for years after it has ceased to be profitable, and despite all the persuasions that may be brought forward to induce them to change their variety.

We have seen hundreds of acres of Soules wheat sown the past season; not one field of that variety have we heard of that would half pay the expenses on it. The Arnold's, or Gold Medal wheat, if any different from the Soules, is no better. The Delhi, Treadwell, Michigan Amber, Mediterranean, &c., have in some instances yielded well, and there are some good, fair samples of each variety to beprocured, but they are scarce.

The Scott wheat, the wheat we have for many years commended, has fared much better than any of the above named varieties. Still there are some few localities where that may have not exceeded other varieties, but they are very rare, and from personal observation we feel safe in saying that the farmers this year alone have not as much wheat to sell by one million dollars' worth as they would have if they had sown more of the Scott and the Clawson wheats. The Scott wheat is a bald, white-chaffed, red wheat; it shells very easily, and gathers up or tellers well in the spring; it improves more towards harvest, and turns out in threshing better than the appearance generally indicates. Many of the afore-mentioned varieties. make a great show on the ground, but a small show when the grain is put into the bin.

We consider the Scott wheat the least liable to

rust. The Clawson is a bald, red-chaffed white wheat; some call it the Seneca, but a farmer named Clawson first selected it from other wheat grown by him, carefully cultivated it for years and gave it the name, and in honor to the originator or introducer, we think it proper not to deprive Mr. Clawson of his right. This valuable variety has on an average yielded much more than any other wheat raised in Canada for the past two years. It appears to stand against the winter changes better than any other variety, not excepting the Scott; . it is a strong, rampant grower and stands well. In some few instances it has not surpassed the Scott. In some lo-

a profitable return. There are some mixed and foul lots, or badly shrunken lots, that dealers do not like to touch, to be procured at low rates, but really good, clean seed is scarce of this variety. The extreme drouth effected most of it to some

Mr. S. Wade, of Elgin county, informs us that 27 bushels have been raised from one bushel in his county. Mr. J. B. Freeman, of Norfolk, says he examined with a microscope the Clawson and Delhi wheats grown in the same field. The Delhi was full of midge and the crop destroyed; the Clawson was the best wheat in his county. In . Brant county, Mr. Sovereign had an acre of Clawson in a forty acre field; it yielded better than any other wheat in that locality. The sample of Clawson raised in Middlesex is the best we have seen. From Oxford, Kent and Huron we have heard of instances where the Scott is still ahead; these two varieties throw all others a long way in the rear this year.

In answer to the questions put to us, we saysow Scott and Clawson wheat; they are the two safest varieties.

Did the Foot and Mouth Disease Make its Appearance in Canada?

Professor Smith, of the Toronto Veterinary College, has communicated to the Veterinary Journal some particulars of the outbreak in Canada of this disease, now admitted to have been the Foot and Mouth Disease. He reports as follows:-

Last year we had an outbreak of the foot and mouth disease among the cattle in Ontario. It came through the medium of some sheep imported from England in the month of August. They were shipped from England, I believe, apparently healthy, duly inspected, and furnished with a clean bill of health (one of the fallacies of inspection). When several days at sea some of them were noticed to be lame and sore, and the attendant thought they were cases of footrot, or perhaps simple bruises. These sheep were brought to the Province, and located on two farms, 60 miles apart. These cattle on these and neighboring farms soon became affected with eczeema epizootica, and there was considerable excitement in the districts so infected. On the part of the Ontario Government I was requested to investigate the circumstances connected with the appearance of the disease, and also to report measures to prevent its spread. In all, about 200 head of cattle were affected, and I had no difficulty in tracing the origin of the disease to the sheep already referred to.

This letter is commented on by the Veterniary Journal, the Agricultural Gazette and National Live Stock Journal (American). In the action taken at the time by the Editor of this paper in directing the attention of the Dominion Government to the existence of this disease in the neighborhood he was actuated solely by a desire to serve the agricultural and other interests of the country. We would now respectfully ask the editor of the Toronto Globe and Mail and other papers to review the course they took, and make a suitable correcttion in their next issue.