

"Fishing Club" which is considered unique, the *monnaies de carte* of the end of the French Domination, the *Vexator canadensis*. One of the rarest of this collection, *Kebeka liberata*, is a gift by late J.-C. Taché.

France is represented by numerous specimens amongst which a commemorative medal of the foundation of the Seminary of Foreign Missions, at Paris, which, until the conquest of Canada by the English, had been the mother-house of the Quebec Seminary.

The gold, silver and bronze medals, which the University has given on several occasions as prizes for French poetry, are in the Canadian collection, together with those presented to the various institutions of the country by Their Excellencies Lord Dufferin and his successors.

In June, 1902, on the occasion of its Jubilee, the University was presented with a beautiful collection of medals of Pope Leo XIII, gift of the Ladies of Quebec.

In a case can be seen fine specimens of wampum. These are small shell beads pierced and strung, used as money and for ornament by the North American Indians. Wampum was of two kinds, white and black or dark purple. An imitation of wampum, consisting of white porcelain beads of the same shape has been made by Europeans for sale to the Indians.

We quote from Everett (Orations I. 24) : "There was no currency before this time—unless we choose to give the name of currency to the wampum or wampumpeage of the Indians.—Peage was the name of the substance, which was of two kinds—black and white.—Wampum is the Indian word for white,