

Pullet Eggs.—Eggs which have the quality of Specials and Extras, but which fall short in weight, shall be known as *Pullet Specials*, or *Pullet Extras*, providing they weigh at least 23 ozs. to the doz., or 3 lbs. net to the 30 doz. case in the instance of the former, and 20 ozs. to the doz., or 37½ lbs. net to the 30 doz. case, in the instance of the latter.

WHERE AND HOW TO KEEP EGGS.

The nests in which the hens lay should be clean. These usually need cleaning monthly. The best material we have used for nests is shavings.

Eggs should be gathered twice each day, and placed in clean basket, pails, etc.

The room should be cool, not higher than 60 degrees if possible, and it should be dry. A cool, dry cellar will answer nicely.

The dirties, small, extra large, and found nests of eggs should not be sold. Use them at home. The large ones break in shipping and the smalls and dirties are not wanted on the market. These sell the good eggs at poor prices.

Where one is trying to supply private customers, or a select wholesale trade, it is wise to stamp the eggs with your own initials, or the name of your farm. This is some guarantee to the buyer.

NEVER TRY TO DECEIVE THE DEALER.

You may sell bad eggs to the grocers, but the honest people in the district do not get full value for their good eggs.

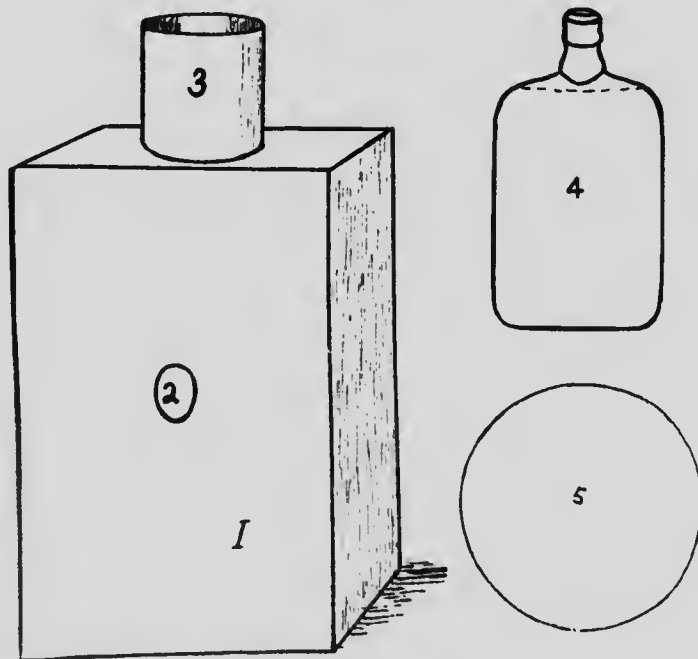


Fig. 61. The Egg Tester.

1. Egg-testing box.
2. Hole through which light shines and before which egg is held to be tested.
3. Chimney.
4. Bottle of water placed between light and No. 2.
5. Reflector to be placed behind light.

An ordinary lamp or electric light is placed in the box so that the light shines through No. 2. The bottle of water condenses the light, which makes the testing of eggs a comparatively simple matter.