Years.	Letters Received.	Letters Sent.	No. of cases of Patents, Copyrights, Trade Marks, &c.	Total number of Immigrants.
1864	5,422	5,152	181	40,649
1865	6,694	7,638	200	47,103
1866	7,435	8,250	337	51,794
1867	7,571	10,679	840	57,873
1868	8,696	10,299	643	71,448
1869	9,516	13,654	965	74,365
1870	11,442	20,078	1,110	69,019
1871	18,416	21,709	2,035	65,722
1872	20,271	30,261	2,215	89,186
1873	22,216	31,786	3,204	99,109
1874	17,970	22,673	3,072	80,022
1875	15,623	17,927	4,923	43,458
1876	16,562	18,512	4,389	36,549
1877	21,796	30,079	4,271	35,285
1878	19,815	28,429	4,159	40,032
1879	27,259	22,419	4,190	61,052
1880	24,210	30,988	4,474	85,850

The following table shows a statistical statement of the business of the Department from the year 1854 to 1880, inclusive:

II.-ARTS AND AGRICULTURE.

CATTLE TRADE.

The cattle trade with Great Britain has, during the past year, assumed larger proportions than in any previous year, and is daily gaining favour in the British markets. This is, no doubt, in a great measure owing to the healthiness of Canadian stock, and to the very full and complete regulations and watchfulness exercised at the Cattle Quarantines, which protect it from many diseases that other countries suffer from. The total number of cattle exported from Canada during the past year was 50,905, being an increase of 25,896 over last year, as will be seen from the following table:—

1879.	1880.
Cattle25,009	50,905
Sheep	81,843
Swine 5,385	700

I have already referred in my previous reports to the superior advantages of the St. Lawrence route for the shipment of live stock. That superiority has continued to manifest itself in the comparative smallness of the losses sustained by cattle shippers.