

# ALLIES DOING WELL, REPORT FROM PARIS

## ALLIES ON OFFENSIVE AGAIN LORRAINE

**Battle Recommended and Still Raging—Germans Driven Back from Tunnal—Russian Troops Occupy whole of Eastern and Southern Part of Eastern Prussia.**

London, Aug. 26.—(7.30 a. m.)—A despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Paris says that the French war office has issued the following communication:

"In Lorraine the allied armies have taken up a combined offensive movement. The battle recommenced yesterday, and is still raging at the time this bulletin is issued."

### Germans Driven Back.

London, Aug. 26.—(4.08)—A despatch to Reuters from Ghent says: "A violent combat raged at Tournai on Monday, the cannonade lasting from four o'clock in the afternoon until ten the next morning. Workmen relate that the Germans were driven back and that the French flag was flying at Orlor in East Flanders."

### Report of Germans Killed.

London, Aug. 26.—(5.12 a. m.)—Returning from the front a correspondent of the Times sends the following under a Paris date:

"At Mons the British troops have made themselves at home. Preparations for the city defence were extremely comforting in their workmanlike detail. In the woods lurked innumerable field guns. Everywhere in the town confidence was dominant."

"When the heavy firing audible in the distance is heard, British soldiers can sit quietly on the banks of the canal, calmly fishing with bayoneted rifles and fishing rods, the spectacle inspiring confidence even though from all directions the presence of the dreaded German cavalry is reported."

"The next day the correspondent proceeded to Tournai where he found the populace in great alarm. Six German cavalrymen motored into the town and inquired whether there were any French soldiers. They were told that there were none, but later in the day French troops entered the place and killed the six Germans."

"The next morning a large force of Germans attacked the town and was repulsed."

### Stubborn Fighting.

London, Aug. 26.—The Times St. Petersburg correspondent says that the Germans who retreated by forced marches after their defeat by the Russians at Gumbinnen, are assembling a part of their forces at Königsberg.

"North of Nidenburg, Sunday and Monday, there was stubborn fighting in which the Russians were again victorious, largely through their superb use of the machine gun. The enemy here had assembled the entire 20th army corps in a fortified position. The Russians had to negotiate pits and barbed wire. Hand grenades were used. The Russians finally carrying the position at the point of the bayonet. The Germans retreated toward Osterode, leaving behind many guns, machine guns, caissons and prisoners."

"Meanwhile the Vilna army is driving the first German army corps toward Danzig. The question now is

whether the German forces can escape and how long the Russians will take in occupying the territory east of the river Vistula. They will find strong German defences. It is reported that the Russians on Monday, reached Marienburg, only 25 miles from Danzig.

"The Germans at Gumbinnen had all the advantages of numbers and position. It was a clear case of the best man winning. Russia was the best."

"The Russian losses include representatives of the noblest families in the Empire."

### London Told of Russian Advance.

London, Aug. 26.—The Russian embassy is in receipt of telegrams from the general staff at St. Petersburg, which announce fresh Russian victories against both Germany and Austria.

These messages declare that Russian troops now occupy the whole of the eastern and southern half of Eastern Prussia.

London, Aug. 26.—The Russian general staff asserts that their armies continue on the offensive. In an official communication published today, and its contents telegraphed to Reuters by its correspondent in St. Petersburg, dated August 25, the communications say:

"Austrian rear guards, supported by artillery, attempted to hamper our march on the River Serezh, in the region of Tarnopol, but after a series of fights they were repulsed."

"We continue to act on the offensive. We have taken numerous wagons, two quick-firing guns, and much ammunition. To the south of Grodnoshev we brought down an Austrian aeroplane, killing two officers and wounding a third. Our cavalry destroyed railway communication across the bridge, near Kamenka, on the front."

"In East Prussia, the German army beat a retreat by forced marches. A part of this army is concentrating at the fortress of Königsberg. The Germans abandoned the towns of Insterburg and Angerburg, 32 miles south of Insterburg (East Prussia.)"

"On August 23 and 24 in the region north of Kedenburg, we fought a successful but sanguinary fight with important forces of Germans. In the same region the German Twentieth Army Corps, consisting of three legions occupied the fortified positions of Orlau and Frankena."

"On Sunday and Monday, our troops facing entrenchments and wire entanglements, attacked these positions. Towards eleven o'clock the German army corps was enveloped by us on the left flank and fled to Osterode (19 miles northeast of Göttingen, in the province of Hanover, abandoning several cannon, quick-firing guns, ammunition cases and prisoners."

July. The rye harvest comes a week or ten days earlier. Probably half of the two crops remained to be gathered when mobilization took the farmers. This takes no account of average German crop of about 600,000,000 bushels of oats and 165,000,000 of barley. The four cereals make a grand total of 1,380,000,000 bushels.

There is no evidence, so far as United States exports of breadstuffs are concerned, that Germany made unusual effort to import wheat and rye in anticipation of war. Less than 50,000 bushels of wheat were shipped to Germany during May and less than 20,000 barrels of flour from this country. German importing points did, however, take advantage of our big and early winter wheat harvest for July contracts. These were shipped by Gulf ports, through which several million bushels of wheat went to North European destinations. These included Antwerp, Amsterdam, Rotterdam, Bremen and Hamburg, but not necessarily all for Germany.

Should the struggle continue a full year, it would not only go far towards exhausting food crops of 1914, but with able-bodied men all under arms and draft animals largely impressed, autumn seeding of wheat and rye would be liable to considerable reduction. Germany has over 20,000,000 acres in wheat and rye, and they produce from 30 to 35 bushels an acre. Whether the aged men, the women and children could do the autumn seeding as well as the Balkan people did remains to be seen.—Montreal Journal of Commerce.

### TEN FRANCISCANS IN MONTREAL READY TO START FOR THE FRONT

Montreal, Aug. 26.—Ten local Franciscan priests, including one who occupies one of the highest positions in the government in Montreal of the order, have signified their readiness to leave for the war, and to fight under the French colors against the German menace. All are French reservists and have seen service in their native country.

About 300 French reservists will leave for Europe Friday or Saturday, in addition to several hundred who have already gone to fight for France.

## Target Practice and Skirmishing Yesterday At Valcartier Camp

**Overseas Force Getting First Taste of Practical Work—Twenty Thousand Likely Under Canvass Tomorrow.**

Valcartier, Que., Aug. 26.—Between five and seven o'clock 1,700 soldiers from the western provinces arrived in camp, including the 79th Cameron Highlanders of Winnipeg. All the units excepting the 48th Regiment of Toronto are now in training. It is expected that slightly more than 3,300 troops will put in an appearance before night, making the total strength of the camp around 20,000. Three specials arrived at noon and three more were due later in the day.

Among the units to reach Valcartier today are 101st of Moncton, 12th Dragoons, Brandon; Manitoba 20th Horse, Pipestone, Man.; 32nd Horse, Roblin, Man.; 99th Brandon, 16th Winnipeg, 13th Mounted Rifle, Portage La Prairie, 88th Kenora, 96th Fort Williams and Port Arthur, 27th Horse, Moose Jaw,

Third Field Troops Engineers, Winnipeg and the 16th Horse of Regina. Edmonton showed the largest strength with a total of 908. There are about 8,000 more Westerners now bound for the camp.

This was the first real warm day since the opening of the mobilization camp. The soldiers awakened this morning to find the tents and ground heavily coated with frost, the mercury having crawled down below the freezing point during the night, but when the sun appeared above the Laurentians the air became warm.

Target Practice and Skirmishing Yesterday's Programme.

The rifle ranges are now in full swing and a couple of battalions of

about three thousand men were marched there for target practice, while the rest of the troops were given a three hours' drill at skirmishing and the rudiments of soldiery.

There has been no official information as to when the contingent will leave for Europe, despite the many reports going.

As a finishing touch to the strenuous training the troops will be marched from Valcartier to Quebec city, a distance of 16 miles, over rough country. Every man who passed the medical test yesterday was inoculated with a heavy dose of bacilli, which will act as a preventative of typhoid fever.

Colonel Hodgetts of Ottawa is in charge of the hospital where the men are stationed.

It is not expected that all the troops will be treated at the camp, and those who are not will be treated on board the troop ships. A larger staff of doctors will be engaged today, and probably a thousand men or more will be handled.

The Minister of Militia will arrive at the camp tomorrow morning. An office building is being erected near the headquarters to accommodate him.

### \$5,000 LIMERICK PRIZE.

The winning of it can't ease the pain of the corn, but "Putnam's" will ease, cure and prevent corns and warts. Guarantee goes with every bottle of "Putnam's." Use no other, 25c. at all dealers.

## TRANSCONTINENTAL TO BE FINISHED IN SPITE OF WAR

Vancouver, B. C., Aug. 26.—Despite the chaotic conditions of the money markets, due to the war situation, we intend to finish up the Transcontinental line as quickly as possible," announced Sir Donald Mann, Canadian Northern vice-president, here today. Sir Donald has gone to Victoria to confer with Premier McBride. He says that the company has three thousand men employed in British Columbia, and will keep them at work until railwaying is finished. Grading, he believes, will be finished by the end of next month.

### CORPS OF GUIDES.

Recruiting for the Corps of Guides Contingent for foreign service will be continued for a few days. Applications will be received at 73 Dock street from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m., or in other parts of the Maritime Provinces may be handed to any officer of the militia for transmission to undersigned.

C. J. MERSEREAU, Major Corp. of Guides.



# FOR HOME AND COUNTRY VOLUNTEERS ARE REQUIRED

The 62nd Regiment, St. John Fusiliers, formerly on a peace footing, and lessened in strength by a large number of its members offering for Overseas Service, is now to be recruited

## TO FULL WAR STRENGTH

At the present time instructions from Ottawa state that this enlistment is to be without cost to the public. This means that until later instructions are issued no pay will be allowed for any drilling that may be done. It is, however, anticipated that before long remuneration will be granted to those who may now volunteer for Home Defence, and that such remuneration will be at the rate of one dollar per day.

Such enlistment means:---

That in case of necessity the regiment may be called upon, or a certain portion of it may be called upon, for service in defence of Canada.

That in event of such a call, the men under arms will be remunerated at the rate mentioned above.

That under the existing military regulations, no person enlisting for militia service, or in home defence, can be ordered for foreign service, but will remain in Canada.

That those who now enlist for home defence and who may hereafter desire to offer for foreign service, will have the benefit of the training they may now receive and will thus be more acceptable than any who are lacking in such training.

That the duty of each member of the British Empire is to perform that which falls to his lot, and that at the present time such duty and such opportunity to serve is offered to all who may desire to enlist.

## THE 62nd REGIMENT NEEDS 500 MEN These Are for Home Defence Only and May Not Be Compelled to Serve Overseas

They are required to bring this regiment to a war footing, according to instructions from Ottawa.

There are many men in St. John at the present moment who perhaps may feel that this call does not mean them. THINK IT OVER.

## YOU OWE A DUTY TO THE EMPIRE YOU OWE A DUTY TO CANADA YOU OWE A DUTY TO YOUR HOME

This enlistment means service in defence of The Empire, of Canada, and of your home. It is your duty to offer for such service as every true born Briton, every true born Canadian, should be proud to perform.

## We Need You--Canada Needs You--Britain Needs You

Do not longer delay, but hand in your name and be prepared to do a man's duty for your country in its hour of peril.

Apply at once. A recruiting officer will be on duty continuously at the 62nd Regiment Orderly Rooms, The Armouries.

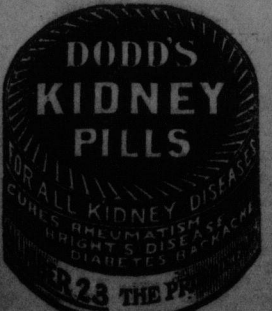
**GOD SAVE THE KING!**

## GERMANY HAS GOOD SUPPLY OF WHEAT FOR SOME TIME YET

About half usual crop not harvested when mobilization began—No unusual efforts to lay in store.

Claims of German authorities that the empire can feed itself for a year are not altogether unfounded. Germany has a population of 65,000,000, and wheat and rye crops, the main dependence for foodstuffs, average 615,000,000 bushels. On the average Germany imports 30,000,000 bushels of wheat, and ordinarily takes considerable rye from Russia. But her flour and wheat exports may possibly offset imports. If so, supply of wheat and rye per capita allows 9.4 bushels for each inhabitant. As six bushels of wheat is a liberal allowance for United States per capita consumption, Germany's breadstuffs are sufficient for annual needs and some to spare.

This depends somewhat on current year's harvest, fully average in yield, but not gathered fully when the war broke out. Ordinarily harvesting in North Germany east and west from Berlin is in full blast about middle of



### TEN FRANCISCANS IN MONTREAL READY TO START FOR THE FRONT

Montreal, Aug. 26.—Ten local Franciscan priests, including one who occupies one of the highest positions in the government in Montreal of the order, have signified their readiness to leave for the war, and to fight under the French colors against the German menace. All are French reservists and have seen service in their native country.

About 300 French reservists will leave for Europe Friday or Saturday, in addition to several hundred who have already gone to fight for France.

Are You Interested in Foxes? It Is Worth While

## The Cambridge & Pease Island Silver Black

gives you this opportunity to invest in a company, with good Silver Black Stock, and at actual cost.

These are the three essentials:

No heavy drains on the gross earnings available as dividend to the shareholders. See the lines our Company is working on. Your Dollar's Earning Power. We think we position. If that is Your opinion, as well, we ver Black Fox Investment is good investment. tus. Illustrated Booklet and Fox Literature.

G. N. MATHEWS - Secy NEWSON BLOCK, CHARLOTTE

## THE PEOPLE AND FUR FAR

OFFICE AND RANCH, A. U. BRANDER, SECY Capitalization \$90,000 9.0

The object of The People's Silver Fox is to bring together a combination of value ourselves principally to those that are gradually work into one of the largest fur Provinces.

Two pairs Silver Black Foxes. Ten pair Dark Silvers, seventy-five to fifteen pairs ranch-raised Mink. Five pairs Fisher. Five pairs Marten. One hundred Black and Short-stripe Sk. Two hundred Black (or Wood) Mink.

DIRECTORS—Capt. Johnson Spicer, Parramatta, Amherst, N. S.; Alfred U. Brande, Bld. West Leicester; George M. Matt. BANKERS—Royal Bank of Canada. Send Office—19 Church street, Amherst, N.

## Opportunity Knock

WE WISH TO SAY RIGHT HERE, the SELL YOU SHARES in a number of the business today.

Companies with GENUINELY GOOD CAPITALIZED, our Illustrated Booklet. "portunity" gives you an idea of some such of FOX INVESTMENT IS WORTH WHILE.

## Continental Fox Exchange and Newson Block Chariott

## LOOKING FOR INV

There are no better opportunities in Ranching business than we are. Substantial security, with profitable satisfactory returns.

We recommend nothing but the best, and being large Fox Ranching know from experience of the business.

In addition to Stocks we are in all grades of Dark Silver, Medium or Cross Foxes—It is to your advantage in fox stock or purchasing animals.

## Home Industry Prom FOX EXCHANGE DEPT. - Ch

## FOXES FOXES

Just received by the Massachusetts shipment of choice Silver Black and Cross Foxes from the Pease River District. We offer for immediate delivery:

TEN PAIR SILVER BLACK FORTY PAIR HIGHEST GRADE

We will also supply options for late wishing to take delivery of Foxes now.

FOX MEN GET B

Now is the time to form your company opportunity to purchase first class stock. These Foxes may be seen at the Massachusetts Fox Exchange, on the Mount town, P. E. I. Wire or write for full information.

Parties interested in purchasing Foxes, have, and get our prices before purchasing.

## MASSACHUSETTS FOX

161 Queen Street, N. Ch