

## The Ingersoll Chronicle

AND CANADIAN DAILY MAIL.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 14, 1884.

## THE WOVEN DEMONSTRATION.

It is proposed that the Liberal Association of every constituency in the Province send delegates to Toronto, on Tuesday, September 16th, to assist in the welcome that will be accorded to the Premier of Ontario, in the Queen's Park, that afternoon. An opportunity will be afforded for the presentation of addresses from each of the County Associations. It is expected that the officers of each County Association will attend to the organization of the deputations in their respective localities.

In order to assist in the more orderly arrangement of the procession, it has been suggested that each riding or county should have a banner followed by their respective deputations, upon which might be inscribed the name of the county or riding.

In the evening a grand Banquet will be tendered to the honourable gentlemen in the Pavilion of the Horticultural Gardens. The price of tickets for the Banquet has been fixed at two dollars. As there will only be a limited number of tickets issued, it is desirable that those intending to be present should intimate to the General Secretary their desire to be looked for tickets at the earliest possible date.

Arrangements will be made with the railway companies in due time for reduced fares.

## THE CROPS.

From the report issued by the Ontario division of the C. P. R., we learn that an abundant harvest is promised throughout the Province.

Barley has come on well, and in all but a few places will give more than average crop, the yield in some sections being as high as 40 bushels to the acre, and averaging about 32, though some districts show only about 20 bushels.

Oats will average 30 to 40 bushels to the acre, in some parts 50 bushels, though in a few districts the yield will be small on account of drought.

Peas are good wherever grown, and the yield will average about 30 bushels to the acre. Very little is raised, but what little has been sown will yield fairly well.

Hay in some sections is an abundant crop, in others rather light, but the average is a good one, and about 1 1/2 tons per acre is about the average yield.

Roots will also be a good yield, except where drought has interfered. Turnips and potatoes will be a much more than average yield.

Apples generally will be a fair to a good crop; in some districts, however, the yield will be a very light one.

The report of the Bureau of Industries for August gives a cheering account of the wheat crop of the Province. The fall wheat appears to have made steady improvement throughout the season.

In localities where it was regarded as hardly worth sowing in May, good harvests have been reaped. The moderately cool weather and occasional rain-showers favored continuous growth and healthy maturity, and the grain is an excellent sample, being plump, hard and bright.

In a few localities it was attacked by the mildew and weevil, but the extent of injury by these pests is not appreciable on the aggregate crop.

The following table gives the area and production of the crops of this year and last year—the production of the present harvest being based on the estimates of 1,500 correspondents—

	1884	1883
Wheat	1,500,000	1,250,000
Oats	1,500,000	1,250,000
Barley	1,500,000	1,250,000
Peas	1,500,000	1,250,000
Hay	1,500,000	1,250,000
Roots	1,500,000	1,250,000
Apples	1,500,000	1,250,000
Wine	1,500,000	1,250,000
Other	1,500,000	1,250,000

The bad harvest of fall wheat last year and the comparatively good harvest of spring wheat account for the increased area of the one crop and the decreased area of the other this year.

## THE CORNWALL CASE.

The English news refers frequently just now to the Cornwall case, and the enquiry is made as to the nature of it. The case is a most extraordinary one—extraordinary in its details, and—more than the remarkable that the parties accused of making Dublin a sort of Gomorrah are mostly government officials, and all members of what is termed "society."

William O'Brien is the youngest member of the Irish national parliamentary party, and one of the most aggressive of that pugnaous band. Because of this he became the object of a good deal of official attention from detectives in particular. He revealed himself in a peculiar manner. He revealed himself in a peculiar manner. He revealed himself in a peculiar manner.

The accused also possess powerful friends, and will hardly be committed except upon the clearest evidence. Whatsoever outcome of their trials may be, it is not the popular desire for the official classes, and to give aid and comfort to those who have always claimed that the Dublin Government buildings are sinks of iniquity as well as centres of terrorism.

Such is the present status of "the Cornwall case." It is not an edifying matter to discuss, but as one that is daily mentioned it demands outlining, so that future mention of its phases may suffice to remind all that it is necessary or proper for the news-loving public to know about it.

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## MANNERS IN FASHIONABLE CIRCLES IN THE EIGHTEENTH CENTURY.

Things were done in society and manners were named which would make one shudder now. There would be no appearance of a polite youth of the present day, if at a ball he saw the young object of his affections taking a box out of her pocket and a pinch of snuff, or, if at dinner by the chamber's side, she deliberately put her knife into her mouth. When people were invited to breakfast at eleven o'clock in the morning, the lady receiving the company, the gentleman being absent at the levee. His lordship came home to dinner at three o'clock to receive his guests, and we may sit down to this meal, like the Barons of the sea, and see the tops of the last century before us. Seven of them sat down at dinner, and were joined by a country baronet who told them their respective deputations, upon which might be inscribed the name of the county or riding.

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## NEWS NOTES.

Domestic and Foreign Items.

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It is stated that President Arthur is mediating between France and China, and has telegraphed to the United States Minister at Peking.

It is reported that the new system of military tactics issued by General Wolsey and Newbridge will revolutionize the English Infantry.

Henry Turner and James MacFarlane, members of the Salvation Army at Montreal, were arrested on Saturday night for disturbing the peace on Dominion Square, by shouting and singing.

Three foremen, a Russian, a German, and a Bohemian, were arrested in New York on Friday night for posting Socialist placards of an incendiary character.

The Lacrosse match played on Saturday at Montreal and the Toronto team, resulted in a victory for the Shamrocks of three straight games.

Passenger traffic on the Ontario division of the Canada Pacific Railway between Toronto and Montreal was commenced Monday, which makes another important event in the history of the two cities.

The steamship Lyman Monarch, which arrived at St. John's, N.F., on Saturday and left on Sunday for New York, was the first to cross the Atlantic in the new route.

About a million more bushels of grain have arrived in London since the 1st of June, than for the corresponding period of last year. This result is attributed to the reduction in tolls and harbor dues by the government.

The writ for the election of a member of the Ontario Legislature for Lennox, in place of the late A. H. Roe, has been issued. The nomination will take place at Napawan on the 21st inst, and the election on the 26th.

Three hundred head of pure bred English cattle, averaging in value, it is stated, three hundred guineas each, and twenty-five high-bred horses, of the English strains, have been brought out by the Texas of the Dominion Line to Montreal. The cattle are to be sold at the homes they are for the west.

Michael Davitt, in a letter to a friend in Boston, emphatically denounces the statement that he is at variance with the cause of a malignant fabrication.

The Wall Street Journal, of New York, has been compelled to close its doors through the cashier's irregularities. His shortage amounts to \$200,000. It is expected that deposits will be paid in full, but the capital of the institution is believed to have been entirely swept away.

A ceremony of unusual interest will be witnessed in one of the Toronto newspapers on the 20th of October, when a service of prayer and thanksgiving will be held in celebration of the completion by Sir Moses Montefiore of his one hundredth year. A similar service will be held on the same day in all the Jewish places of worship throughout Great Britain, the United States and Canada.

After an hour the gentleman joined the ladies and then all sat and played quadrille until three o'clock in the morning, when the sedan chairs and the flambeaux came and his noble company went to bed.

Mr. Movat as a Prize Fighter.

Mr. Movat has been distinguishedly mentioned in the press as a prize fighter. He is a man of great strength and courage, and has won many victories in the ring.

THE EARTHQUAKE FROM PORTLAND, ME., DOWN NEW JERSEY.

The duration of the shock said to be ten seconds.

A few minutes after two o'clock on Sunday morning, New York and the vicinity was startled by an earthquake lasting ten seconds. The sensation was caused by it was so sudden and the shock so all-pervading that a universal panic seized the population. The tall structures which rise above the city were shaken to their foundations, and many of the people who were in the streets were thrown to the ground.

The earthquake was felt in many parts of the United States, and in some places it was very severe. In New York, the damage was considerable, and many buildings were destroyed. In other places, the damage was less, but the shock was still very felt.

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