

3. Give the general principles of, (1) speech ; (2) respiration ; (3) vocalization ; (4) Vowel formation ; and explain the necessity for proper breathing.
4. Explain the distinction between vowels and articulation, as given in text-book.
5. Every articulation consists of two parts, name them Explain, (1) complete contact ; (2) partial contact ; (3) approximation.
6. State the cause of defective articulation, and name the letters which Bell calls Breath Obstructives.
7. Name the different kinds of inflections and state what kind of ideas takes the falling, and what the rising inflections.
8. Explain the nature and use of, (1) verbal grouping ; (2) pause ; (3) emphasis.
9. Mark with the proper inflection the following sentences :
The Christian's hope. The Christian's hope is fixed. The Christian's hope is fixed in Heaven.
10. Mark with the proper inflection and emphases the following verses : Luke, iv. 25-28.

ELOCUTION.—SENIOR CLASS.

1. Name the organs of the body engaged in, (a) the production of Voice ; (b) Articulation.
Explain ; (1) The nature and action of the diaphragm ; (2) The method of sounding Vowels ; (3) The process for securing distinct articulation.
2. What is the use of standard force ? How do we determine it ?
3. Classify the different kinds of ideas, and state what they include.
4. Explain what we mean by (1) modulation ; (2) force ; (3) time ; (4) quality ; (5) pitch. Why is change of pitch necessary ?
5. What feeling and quality of Voice should mark the reading of (1) Psalms. (2) Parables. (3) Prophets. (4) Epistles. In what respects does the reading of poetry differ from that of prose ?
6. Give the general rules for emphasis, and mark the emphatic words in the following :
"The Sidonian servants agreed amongst themselves to choose him to be their King who that morning should first see the sun. Whilst all others were gazing on the East, one alone looked on the West ; some admired, more mocked him, as if he looked on the feet to find the eye of the face. But he first of all discovered the light of the sun shining on the tops of the houses. God is seen sooner, easier, clearer, in His operations than in his essence ; best beheld by reflection in His creatures."
7. Mark with the proper inflections, emphases and pauses, Romans, viii 35-39.
8. Give the general principle for looks and gesture. Why in the natural order of passionate expression are looks first, gesture second and words last ?