

43RD YEAR NO. 17852

THE ADVERTISER, LONDON, ONTARIO, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 13, 1906. -TEN PAGES

WILL CONTINUE THE UNION NEGOTIATIONS;  
ANGLICANS AND BAPTISTS TO PARTICIPATEAssembly Against Discontinuing  
Effort to Unite Various  
Denominations.

The question of church union was finally disposed of at the General Assembly this morning, when both sections of Principal Patrick's motion were carried by overwhelming majorities. There was some debate on the subject, but it was confined chiefly to the question of the advisability of sending down such a report to the people as to be decided by them. It was decided to do so. The motion to extend an invitation to the Anglican and other Protestant denominations to join in the movement was carried with but little discussion. The session ended by the appearance of representatives from the Congregational Union, who brought its greetings.

Would invite hers.

Rev. R. G. McBeth proposed an amendment to the effect that the committee's report should be received as an interim report, and that the assembly should express its gratitude to the work accomplished by the committee. He would reappoint a committee to perfect the work undertaken, and report at the next assembly. He would also move that at the next joint meeting the committees should invite the Anglicans and other denominations to enter into the negotiations. He explained that he was opposed to the committee's report, and as such should not be sent down to the people. He appealed to college principals not to send down to the working pastors a disturbing document, that would hurt the work of the church in every department.

Would Not Push the Question.

Dr. Headman, superintendent of missions, Calgary, did not think it would be a judicious thing to send a quantity of literature to the presbyteries of the west, as there is a feeling in the far west that they should not be pushed. The matter too far east. The question of union had been discussed in eight of the presbyteries in one synod, and the ministers had largely opposed the union. He would advise that the question of union should not be pushed at present. He did not think the matter of union should be pushed along unless some better method of policy and management should be devised, suitable to both Presbyterians and Methodists.

A stir was made when a motion was offered that the vote be taken. Rev. J. P. Duffan, of Halifax, had the floor and insisted on speaking. The moderator was appealed to for a ruling. Rev. Robert Campbell declared that "this thing is forcing disruption in the church. Every man has a right to speak on the question."

Principal Forrest-I deny that this matter is forcing disruption. Amendment Defeated.

Mr. Duffan was given the floor, and made a speech favoring the amendment. He asked what would take place in congregations and presbyteries when there was such a division in the assembly. He said it was not only a dangerous thing. It was being sent down for information and education. The people should be told the full story of the union, and the people were not ignorant of it. He thought it was a dangerous thing. The vote on the amendment was taken, and it was defeated by a vote of 111 to 57.

Rev. Mr. McInnes had another amendment to propose. Principal Forrest arose to a point of order, claiming that another amendment was out of order.

There was a warm discussion on this point, and Principal Forrest and Rev. Dr. Campbell had a lively tilt. The moderator, Dr. Falconer, ruled that the amendment was in order.

Mr. McInnes, in an amendment, wanted the question sent down to all the presbyteries and congregations and that suggestions be made to the committee upon the matters under discussion. He was of the opinion that the people were leagues ahead of the church leaders. They should be asked for suggestions, and be given the fullest scope for the expression of their opinion.

Dr. Sedgwick seconded this amendment. Motion Prevails.

Principal Patrick explained that the report which he brought down was only the opinion of the union committee. The mover was in hearty sympathy with the union movement, while Dr. Sedgwick was decidedly opposed to it, and hoped for far different results from the adoption of his amendment. Therefore, for the ambiguous character of the amendment, he opposed it.

The amendment was lost by an overwhelming majority. The first part of the motion was then put, and carried by a vote of 155 to 8.

The second part was the invitation to the Anglican and Baptist Churches to enter the negotiations.

Principal MacLaren thought that if he wished to oppose the question of union, he would support the second part of the motion. It was not fair to the denominations now negotiating.

(Continued on Page Eight.)

## Thoughts on Church Union

Dr. McMullen—I could not go away from this assembly with the burden on my heart and conscience that I had opposed union. I could not do it.

Dr. Sedgwick—I oppose this union because I do not conceive it to be an organic union of the right kind.

Rev. J. A. Macdonald—God is in Canadian history. God is in Canadian church history. If the people who listen to the voice of God go against union, well and good; if not, well and good. But let us trust the people.

T. C. James, Charlottetown—The laity have looked on this question of union as merely an academic question, not a practical one. I, as a layman, oppose it.

Principal Patrick—If this committee is dismissed summarily, the Presbyterian Church would be open to the charge of hypocrisy, which is unthinkable, or of inconsistency, which is hardly less worthy.

GREAT DOCKS UP IN SMOKE;  
LINER BURNS; CREW IN PERILA Million Dollar Fire in Baltimore Harbor Consumes  
Wharves, Scows and the S. S. Essex.

Baltimore, Md., June 13.—A million-dollar fire early today wiped out the big Savannah docks of the Merchants' and Miners' Transportation Company, destroyed the steamer Essex of that line, all the valuable freight with which the dock was crowded, and a number of scows loaded with cotton and rosin, with their freights, besides causing great anxiety as to the fate of the crew of the Essex, said to have consisted of about forty men.

All of the Essex crew save two are known to have escaped. The two others were almost certainly burned to death, as they were apparently unconscious when last seen by their fleeing mates. They were Edward Atkinson, a cabin

assistant, and John Costello, a fireman.

The burning steamer and scows drifted to the south side of the harbor, and for a time there were grave fears that extensive damage would be done there, as the wind carried the flames from the vessels directly toward the shore and shipping on that side, but the firemen were successful in preventing serious damage there. The blaze was spectacular, the burning rosin and cotton giving off immense volumes of dense smoke, made lurid by the furious flames. The fire originated in a district surrounded except on the water side by extensive lumber yards, but the direction of the wind saved these from damage.

BRANCH LINE BILL  
PASSES COMMITTEEThe G. T. Pacific Subsidiary Company  
Gets Measures Reported.

[Special to The Advertiser.]  
Ottawa, June 12.—The Grand Trunk Pacific Branch Line Company's bill was again considered at the railway committee today. Mr. Gervais moved that clause 11, in regard to the building of a branch line to Montreal, be moved. He favored the old proposition of a direct branch instead of the line through the county of Joliette, as decided by the committee. Mr. Henderson (Haiton) wanted reconsideration, because he was going to move to strike out the branch from Regina to North Pacific. The motion of Mr. Gervais was defeated 17 for and 38 against. Mr. Carvell wanted to discuss the question of branch lines in the Maritime Provinces. He was opposed to the striking out of the branch to St. John and also to Halifax. Some objections were taken, and Mr. Carvell left the matter over until the bill comes before the House. The bill was reported after being some five days before the committee.

DELEGATE TO SYNOD  
SUMMONED BY DEATHThe Rev. J. Pitt Lewis Dies Suddenly  
at Toronto Gathering.

[Special to The Advertiser.]  
Toronto, June 13.—Rev. J. Pitt Lewis, rector of Grace Church for nearly 30 years, died suddenly this morning, following an apoplectic fit at the Rossin House. Before entering the Church of England, he was a Methodist minister. Yesterday he was as well as ever and presented the report of the audit committee at the synod, which is in session here. He had a very exacting day, there being a lot of discussion over the report. He was about 65 years of age and unmarried.

## TO PROVOKE BRITISH

Sultan of Turkey Trying to Show His  
Sovereignty Over Khedive.

Constantinople, June 13.—Taking advantage of the visit of the Khedive of Egypt to the Sultan, the Turkish Government is, in its official utterances, making an effort to show the Sultan's complete sovereignty over the Khedive. The today's newspapers print an official notification, reading as follows: "Abbas Hild, Khedive of Egypt, called at the Yildiz Kiosk, in order to lay down at the foot of the Sultan, the most respectful expression of his absolute devotion to the Sultan. The Sultan deigned to receive him kindly. Afterwards the Khedive was permitted to withdraw to his apartments."

This is considered the most provocative sort of anti-British demonstration.

FORT ASSINIBOINE  
WRECKED BY TORNADOImmense Damage Done in Montana by  
Breaking of Reservoir.

Have, Mont., June 13.—Meager accounts from Fort Assiniboine tell of the great destruction wrought there by yesterday's tornado. The large commissary building together with the adjutant's office, stables of the troops and several barracks, went down. Capt. Bonaface and seven troopers had a narrow escape from drowning while going to the rescue of a family which had been cut off by the flood. It is impossible to establish communication with Harlem and Chinook. Engineers report that the territory between Have and Glasgow resembles a sea, due to the breaks in irrigation reservoirs. A report states that both reservoirs at Fort Assiniboine have burst, and that the quarters of the soldiers are flooded. Four troops of the Second Cavalry, and four companies of the Second Infantry are stationed there.

MYSTERY LIFTS FROM  
KENTUCKY MURDERSCurtis Jett Tells of Assassination of  
Marcum Cockrill and Cox.

Louisville, Ky., June 13.—The Courier-Journal today in a dispatch from Cynthia, Ky., prints the confession of Curtis Jett, which gives the alleged details of the assassination of James B. Marcum and James Cockrill, and also throws new light on the murder of Dr. B. D. Cox, the three crimes having been committed during the reign of feudism in Breathitt County. The confession is authorized by Jett's attorney. Jett says he, John Smith and John Abner killed James Cockrill; that Robert Deaton went after Abner and Smith to aid in the murder, and that Elbert Hargis, James Hargis, Ed Callahan, Jesse Spicer and Bill Britton are the men who formed the conspiracy.

Starting out with these statements, Jett enters extensively into details of the murder, and lays bare every feature of the conspiracy and the events before and after the murder. He then confessed to the murder of James B. Marcum, which, he says, was at the instance of James Hargis and Ed Callahan, declaring that the pistol with which he did the shooting was given him by Callahan for the purpose. He says B. J. Ewen told the truth about the killing.

## DINED WITH KING.

London, June 12.—Countess Grey was today present at a dinner given by Whitehall Road to Mrs. Longworth, and which was attended by the King.

Sudden Death This Morning  
of City Auditor G. F. JewellOne of London's Oldest Servants Expires in Arms of  
Physician After a Short Illness.

City Auditor George F. Jewell died suddenly at his home, 361 Dundas street, at 4 o'clock this morning. His death was totally unexpected and came as a great shock to his wife and family. Mr. Jewell for some time past had been complaining of what was thought to be a slight attack of indigestion, and he was being treated for it. Sunday he was not very well. He started to attend divine service in the Memorial Church, but was compelled to return to his home after he had walked a couple of blocks. Monday he was down town and attended to some minor business. On Tuesday he was still feeling unwell, but nothing serious was anticipated.

The End Came Suddenly.

This morning the end came. About 3 o'clock Mr. Jewell suffered a severe attack of heart failure. His friend and former physician, Dr. C. T. Campbell, was summoned and prescribed for him. Mr. Jewell appeared to improve somewhat, and was apparently resting quietly, when, about 4 o'clock, he complained of feeling sick at the stomach. Dr. Campbell, who was sitting by his bedside, went to get some medicine. "I am able to get it myself," he said.

These were his last words. As he uttered them he jumped out of bed and made a step forward, falling dead in the arms of his physician. Death was due to angina pectoris, an affection of the heart.

The late George F. Jewell was born in London, England, on the 7th of January, 1836. He came to Canada in 1857, and entered the employ of Mr. Fred Rowland, who kept a store on the corner of Dundas and Richmond streets. Subsequently, Mr. Jewell went into partnership with Mr. Rowland, and remained as such until the firm branched out as an auditor, and within a short time won for himself the name of one of the first experts in the line in Canada. He was instrumental in forming the Chartered Accountants' Association of Canada, of which he was one of the highest fellows.

Twenty-Four Years City Auditor.

In 1882 Mr. Jewell was appointed city auditor of London, which position he held, in company with Mr. Andrew Dale, until the time of his death. To the city of London and to the different governing bodies his services have been invaluable. He was minutely acquainted with every detail of municipal business for 24 years. He had been the right hand of the men who have occupied the mayor's chair of London. He was a Conservative in politics, but he enjoyed the confidence of men of both political parties.

shades, who happened to be thrown in contact with him, and in all his works he was loyal to the city's interests. By watching the city's financial affairs closely, he saved the corporation many thousands of dollars, and his loss to the city is incalculable.

Photo by Frank Cooper.  
THE LATE AUDITOR JEWELL.

When Mr. Jewell took hold of the city's business in 1882, London was in a strained financial condition owing to certain causes, but his wisdom and foresight brought the corporation through the crisis safely.

Besides holding the position of city auditor, he was also auditor for the Huron and Erie Loan and Savings Company, the Agricultural Loan and Savings Company, the Ontario Loan and Debenture Company, and several other financial institutions. All over Canada he was known as one of the first among the expert auditors of the Dominion.

Was Prominent Church Worker.

For many years Mr. Jewell was prominent in the work of St. Paul's Cathedral, where he had held the positions of Sunday school superintendent and churchwarden. Latterly he had attended the Memorial Church, where he took the same office in the affairs of the Church of England.

Mr. Jewell possessed a very fine library, and was until within the past few years an omnivorous reader. Latterly he was so busy that he found it impossible to read as much as formerly, but he still indulged in a little recreation in the way of nature study.

He survived by a widow (formerly Miss Emma Pope, daughter of the late Frank Pope, who married 43 years ago), two sons and one daughter—Messrs. Frank and George, of Toronto, and Miss Bella, who is a nurse in Whittier Hall, New York.

COMMITTEE NAMES OWEN SOUND  
MAN FOR THE VACANT POSITIONRev. Dr. Somerville the Choice  
for Late Dr. Warden's Place  
at Salary of \$3,000.

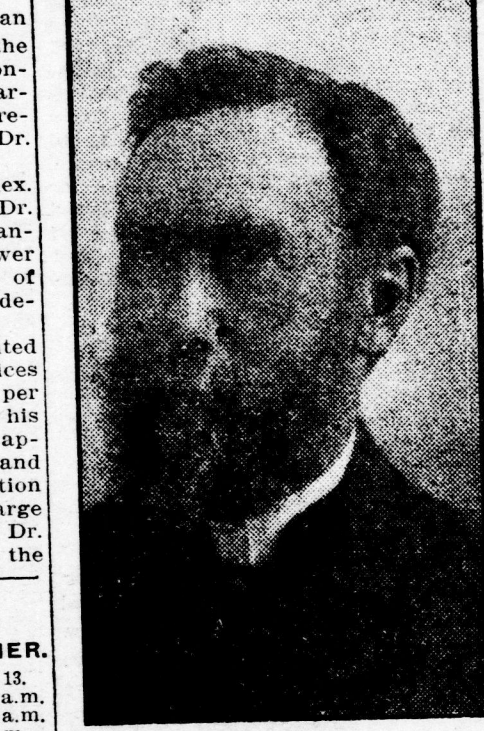
At the meeting of the Presbyterian General Assembly this morning, the special committee appointed to consider a successor to the late Dr. Warden, treasurer, presented its first report, through the chairman, Rev. Dr. Armstrong, of Ottawa.

The committee appointed Mr. Alex. Warden, son of the late treasurer, Dr. Warden, at a salary of \$2,500 per annum. It gave Knox College the power to appoint Mr. Warden's treasurer of the college funds if the board so desired.

Rev. Dr. Somerville was appointed to a permanent position in the offices of the church at a salary of \$3,000 per annum. This was in addition to his salary as clerk. He was also appointed to the board of trustees, and was to continue his work in relation to missions, and should have charge of the augmentation funds, etc. Dr. Somerville was also appointed to the

vacant clerkship. The salary of clerks was fixed at \$50 per annum.

Dr. Armstrong spoke of the qualifications of the several appointees. He explained that the expenses of the head office would not be increased. The report was to be taken up clause by clause, but it was transferred to the afternoon session.

Named for Vacancy Caused by Death  
of Rev. Dr. Warden.Photo by Frank Cooper.  
REV. DR. SOMERVILLE, OWEN SOUND.Named for Vacancy Caused by Death  
of Rev. Dr. Warden.

Mr. Murray, the most famous of all Canadian detectives, had enjoyed excellent health for some time past. Nearly two years ago, while on a visit to his daughter, Mrs. Boyd, wife of Mr. Wm. Boyd, chief electrical engineer of the Dominion Iron and Steel Company, at Sydney, Cape Breton, he caught a chill, and as a result was seriously ill for several weeks.

The only other surviving member of Mr. Murray's family is his daughter, Miss Mary, who lived with him.

Mr. Murray was for 31 years a detective in the employ of the Ontario Government, and his fame was international.

He was born in Edinburgh on June 25, 1840, and was appointed Government detective in 1875.

COMEDIAN TOOLE DYING.

Brighton, England, June 12.—John Lawrence Toole, the veteran comedian, who has been ill for some time, is dying. He was born in 1830.

## THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

SEEN FROM THE GALLERY

The great debate on the union question in the General Assembly, to which The Advertiser has already made reference, was continued all day yesterday, till the hour of adjournment, and an audience that filled the church listened intently to the end. The first vote was taken just before the close of the afternoon session on Mr. Mackay's amendment, which was lost by 22 to 179. This does not in any sense settle the union question, but it practically settles the matter as far as this assembly is concerned. There are one or two amendments which may yet be pressed but the assembly will be impatient of any further discussion at this stage. The result will permit the union negotiations to proceed till the committees representing the various churches have completed their work. Their basis of union—if such can be agreed upon by the committees—will then be sent down to congregations, sessions and presbyteries, that the people may finally pronounce upon it. Those who spoke in the debate of yesterday have already been introduced to the readers of The Advertiser by your contributor. They were in favor of the union committee's motion, Principal McLaren, of Knox College, Toronto; Principal Forster, of Dalhousie University, Halifax; Dr. Lyle, Hamilton; Dr. Duval, Winnipeg; Dr. McMillan, Woodstock; Dr. Ramsay, Ottawa; Principal Scrimgeour, Montreal; and Mr. J. A. Macdonald, of Toronto. Against the motion and in favor of Mr. MacKay's amendment to stop further efforts for organic union were Rev. J. Knox Wright, Vancouver; Sir Thomas W. Taylor, Hamilton; Dr. Campbell, of Montreal, and Mr. T. C. James, of Charlottetown.

P. E. I. It is needless to say that all the speeches of yesterday, like those of the previous day, were able and statesmanlike. It was a battle of the giants. It was, indeed, from every point of view, a great debate, a momentous occasion, a historic day. Both in tone and consummate ability it was worthy of this great Presbyterian parliament. The Rev. Principal Gordon said at the Queen's banquet last night: "It was the very best debate we have ever had in the church since I became connected with it."

That is high praise from such a quarter. Principal Patrick, the convener of the union committee, has shown that as a trained debater he is unsurpassed in the church. His summing up of the discussion was masterly.

One of the most remarkable men in the assembly is Rev. Dr. R. N. Grant, of Orillia. Dr. Grant is a man of the very finest, all-round intellectual equipment. He is a strong and earnest preacher, and a diligent and sympathetic pastor. Like some other members of the house, Dr. Grant has written a good deal for the press. He has for years been well known as a humorous contributor to various leading papers and magazines. His fund of genial humor seems inexhaustible.

For many years Dr. Grant contributed editorially to the staff of the Beacon, in its palmy days, one of the best-written weeklies, under Mr. Wm. Buckingham. On several occasions he reported the American Presbyterian Assembly for the Toronto Globe. Dr. Grant is the author of the platform, late Dr. Cochran, of Brantford, a work which has been most favorably reviewed by the press. Thirteen years ago Knox College conferred on him the

degree of D. D. In 1881 he was moderator of the Synod of Toronto and Kingston. The church of which he is pastor has a membership of about 800. It was a great disappointment to his hosts of friends that he did not take part in the union debate.

Rev. R. G. McBeth, of Paris, one of the bright young men of the assembly, who has given notice of another amendment to the union motion, was born in the historic town of Kildonan, Man., and was ordained in 1891. He was pastor of churches in the Winnipeg and Vancouver before coming to Paris, in 1900 he established the Western Presbyterian, which he conducted with much ability until 1902, when it was amalgamated with the Presbyterian of Toronto. Mr. McBeth is the author of two most interesting books, "The Selkirk Settlers in Real Life," published in 1898, and "The Making of the Canadian West," published in 1900. The latter reached its second edition in 1904. Mr. McBeth is a popular preacher and platform orator. His congregation in Paris has about 600 members.

In his address against the proposed union, Rev. J. Knox Wright, of Vancouver, with an impressive gesture, and in an emphatic manner, asked the question, "Where are we at?" Quick as a flash came the answer from a humorous member of the court, "At confusion." Of course, the laugh was on the breezy western commissioner. Another distinguished doctor of divinity proposed the conundrum, "Why are some of the speakers on the union question like an unfinished rail? The answer was, "Because they have no terminal facilities." It must be said that two or three speeches were a little too long; although compared with most of those in a great debate in the commons or Legislature, they were brevity itself. In one case the moderator could hardly get the speaker to stop even when the hour of adjournment had come.

The missionaries in attendance this time, both from the home and foreign field, are men of exceptionally high quality of manhood and power. Perhaps no church in the world has a finer staff of home and foreign missionaries.

The moderator, Dr. Falconer, had his hands full at certain points in yesterday's debate, when points of order or other interruptions came thick and fast, and new amendments were offered. Perhaps he was a little too gentle when the house grew noisy. But, as some one has said, it is not probable that the Apostle John was strong on the gavel when the synod met at Ephesus.

Mr. J. A. Macdonald, of the Globe, who spoke on the union question as a representative elder, gave a splendid address. All Mr. Macdonald's addresses at this assembly have been strong and inspiring. He is recognized by all as a brainy member of the court. Many of the older commissioners compare him to his distinguished predecessor, the great editor, statesman and tribune of the people, the late Hon. Geo. Brown, who was also an elder of the church. Young contributor, who frequently had the privilege in his young days of listening to Mr. Brown on the platform, thinks the comparison not at all inappropriate in regard to Mr. Macdonald's cyclonic style of oratory, his tremendous moral earnestness and his power to sway a great audience.

DEATH SUMMONS  
DETECTIVE MURRAYWell-Known Officer Passes Away  
at Toronto at the Age of  
Sixty-Six.

Toronto, Ont., June 12.—Mr. John Wilson Murray, chief inspector of police, Ontario, died tonight at 7 o'clock at his home, 82 Brunswick avenue, having suffered a stroke of apoplexy on Saturday night.

He was at work all last week, having spent several days in investigating an alleged case of incendiaryism in York County. On Saturday he did considerable driving in connection with the case. When he arrived home in the evening he complained of feeling very ill, and some time later lapsed into unconsciousness.

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FOUR CHILDREN  
DIE IN FLAMESWhile Mother Hurries for Help  
Roof Collapses on the  
Little Ones.

Ottawa, June 12.—The town of Kildonan, situated in South Revere, 44 miles from Ottawa, has been plunged into deep mourning as the result of a tragedy that occurred early Saturday morning, when the four sons of Mr. Daniel Dixon, engineer, were burned to death in a fire which destroyed their home.

The dead are: Daniel Alexander Dixon, aged 12; Carol Herbert Dixon, aged 8; William Clements Dixon, aged 5; James Dixon, aged 2.

Mrs. Dixon, mother of the victims, and Irene, her only daughter, aged 4, had narrow escapes, and were lucky in not being burned, too.

The mother jumped, with Irene in her arms, and while she was getting a ladder for the purpose of rescuing her unfortunate little sons, the roof collapsed, burying them in the ruins. The four bodies, charred and disfigured beyond recognition, were found next morning.

The fire is supposed to have originated from a bonfire started to smoke out mosquitoes.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

From	Reported At
Okla. H.	New York
Bremen	New York
Coronia	New York
Canadian	Boston
Koenig Albert	Gibraltar
Mount Temple	London
Gibraltar	Naples
Gneisenau	Bremen
Kron Prinz Wilh.	Bremen
Heinrich	Bremen
Haverford	Queensdown
City of Vienna	St. John's Nfld.
Glasgow	Glasgow