

The mean direct tensile strength is 2.21 times greater than the calculated mean skin-stress of the beam and 27 times greater than the mean compressive strength of the timber.

Specimens i_1 , i_2 , i_3 contain the heart, and the heart also passes along one side of specimens g_1 , g_2 , g_3 . These specimens show the least strength. The ratio of length to least transverse dimensions was 37.1 for g_1 , 26.73 for g_2 , 34.157 for g_3 , 24.56 for h , 27.03 for i_1 and 28.88 for i_2 .

The mean shearing strength of the round specimens is 1.76 times greater than that of the flat specimens.

The several specimens had lost considerably in weight in the interval between their preparation from the beam and the date of test.

Tension specimen b was entirely relieved of load after the first series of readings, and was allowed to rest for 16 hours.

AIR-DRIED SPECIMENS FROM WHITE PINE BEAM 28.

Spec.	Tension Tests.				Compression Tests.				Shearing Tests.			
	Coefficients of elasticity.		Tensile strength per sq. in. in cub. ft.	Spec. wt. per sq. in. in cub. ft.	Coefficients of elasticity.		Return.	Forward.	Compressive strength in lbs. per sq. in.	Shear strength in lbs. per sq. in.	Spec. wt. per cu. ft.	Shear strength in lbs. per cu. ft.
	Forward	Return										
1	1.379, 800	1.379, 510	6,650	24.296	1.271, 700	1,271, 500			3675	44,301	i_1	376, 97
2	1.333, 530	1.319, 840	6,317	23.41	1.298, 370	1,298, 300	10	1.298, 370	3471	25,096	b	374, 28
3	1.157, 130	1.162, 350	6,381	22.412	1.350, 300	1,351, 210	11	1.350, 300	3157	26,120	b_2	312, 11
4	1.914, 310	1.953, 220	12,803	22.395	1.338, 630	1,325, 630	12	1.338, 630	4283	24,004	i_2	315, 11
5	1.290, 760	1.298, 950	8,704	22.395	1.302, 740	1,302, 740	10	1.302, 740	3750	23,327	i_3	313, 59
6	1.554, 760	1.502, 740	10,101	24.238	1.348, 840	1,348, 840	7	1.348, 840	3402	23,03	g_1	313, 59
7	1.358, 840	1.341, 870	8,402	23.03	1.355, 880	1,355, 880	8	1.355, 880	3069	22,656	g_2	313, 59
8	1.079, 410	1.099, 810	5,069	22,656								

SPECIMENS KILN-DRIED AT 212° F. FROM WHITE PINE BEAM 28.

Spec.	Tension Tests.				Compression Tests.				Shearing Tests.				
	Coefficients of elasticity.		Tensile strength per sq. in. in cub. ft.	Spec. wt. per sq. in. in cub. ft.	Coefficients of elasticity.		Return.	Forward.	Compressive strength in lbs. per sq. in.	Shear strength in lbs. per sq. in.	Spec. wt. per cu. ft.	Shear strength in lbs. per cu. ft.	
	Forward	Return											
13	2.073, 150	2.072, 160	13,632	22.342	20	1,321, 610			1,341, 550	6518	23,655	g_2	232, 60
14	1.539, 530	1.606, 100	5,777	22.342	21	1,437, 910			1,350, 550	1,734, 100	215, 22	b_2	215, 22
15	1.498, 830	1.502, 830	6,250	22.652	22	1,730, 420			1,252, 220	8119	24,68	b_2	243, 18
16	1.390, 880	1.394, 000	6,966	23.261	22	1,255, 400			1,363, 120	5654	22,657	g_2	243, 18
17	1.536, 790	1.517, 460	10,950	22,281	23	1,363, 120			1,363, 120	6108	22,107	g_2	234, 27
18	1.355, 880	1.355, 880	9,385									24,616
19	1.711, 630	1.713, 150	7,500	22,656									221, 78

Remarks.—The mean direct tensile strength of the air-dried specimens was 1.9 times greater than the calculated mean skin-stress of the beam and 2.19 times greater than the mean compressive strength.

By the kiln-drying, the mean coefficients of elasticity were increased and the mean compressive strength was also increased more than 79 per cent. The mean shearing strength was reduced more than 32 per cent., and there was a slight diminution in the mean tensile strength.

The ratios of the lengths of the compression specimens to the least transverse dimension varied between 6.49 and 7.43, and the failure was in every case due to direct crushing.