

There is a substantial market in Mexico for specialized training marketed directly to individuals. This includes language training as well as computer training and a variety of other programs aimed at improving personal skills. The market for personal training has grown as the link between personal skills and career advancement has become more widely understood.

INDUSTRIAL SKILLS TRAINING

By law, companies operating in Mexico must provide skills training to their employees. According to unofficial estimates, less than one-third of employers comply with this requirement. Nonetheless, the sheer size of the Mexican workforce, well over 30 million, means that there is a substantial market for training services. According to US Department of Commerce estimates, the market for industrial training services was about US \$45 million in 1993, and import penetration was about 30 percent.

The Ley Federal de Trabajo, Mexican Federal Labour Law, requires that each company maintain a joint management-employee commission to oversee training systems. Training programs must be approved by the Secretaria del Trabajo y Previsión Social (STPS), Secretariat of Labour and Social Welfare. A training plan must be prepared at least once every four years. The training must be delivered by a training agent who is registered with the government. Officially, there are more than 500,000 participants enrolled in about 4,000 training facilities. Another 500,000 participate in on-the-job training programs. Many employers conduct unregistered training programs because they believe that government-mandated training is unproductive.

