

GEORGE WILLIAM WOOD, M.D. — Dr. G. W. Wood, of Delhi, Ontario, died suddenly from apoplexy, May 31st. He graduated in the University of Pennsylvania in 1865, and commenced practice in Delhi in 1866. He remained there until 1873, when he removed to Sparta, Elgin county. In 1877 he returned to Delhi, where he had since remained in active practice. Like many other doctors throughout Canada, he took great interest in politics, and was a prominent member of the Reform party.

SURGEON LIEUT.-COLONEL FREDERICK WM. STRANGE. — Dr. Frederick W. Strange, the well-known surgeon, of Toronto, died at his late residence on Saturday, June 5th, 1897, aged fifty-three. The cause of his death was apoplexy. He appeared to be in good health up to seven o'clock of the morning of that day. He got up at six o'clock to get together his baggage which he intended to ship to the military camp at Niagara. At seven he became dizzy, and had severe pain in his head, but was, for a time, conscious, and refused to allow his house-keeper to send for a physician. His symptoms became rapidly worse, unconsciousness ensued, and he died before the arrival of Dr. Leslie, at nine a.m. He was buried with military honors on Monday afternoon, June 7th.

Dr. Strange was born in England, received his medical education in Liverpool, and at University College, London, and became M.R.C.S., England, in 1866. He acted for a time as assistant surgeon in the London Surgical Home, and the Hospital for Women. He then engaged in practice, but in 1869 came to Canada, to take Dr. W. B. Geikie's place in Aurora. He lived in that town for about seven years, and secured a very large practice. Since 1876 he has lived and practised in Toronto. His success here was phenomenal. Within a year he reached the zenith of his career as a surgeon, a family, and consulting physician. In 1878 he was elected as member for the Dominion Parliament, and retained his seat until the following election in 1882, when he decided, for professional reasons, not to allow his name to go in for nomination. During his military career he had been a captain in the 12th York Battalion, captain in the Queen's Own Rifles, and surgeon of "C" Company Infantry School, Toronto. He also acted as surgeon-general in the Northwest rebellion. In private life his experience was varied; his domestic relations were, for years, sadly unfortunate, and his methods of living, unorthodox. During the later years of his life he gave up family practice to a large extent, and confined himself largely to military matters and consulting work.

He was a cultured, polished, English gentleman, with a commanding presence, a charming and kindly manner, and a marvellous personal magnetism. He acquired respect, confidence, and love, in a sick room more readily and more certainly than any physician the writer has ever seen. One of his most striking characteristics was his exceeding fondness for young children. He was bold as a surgeon, generous towards