Augochlora Robertsoni, n. sp.

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This species had apparently been confounded with pura, but Mr. Robertson, who takes it commonly in Illinois, has pointed out good distinctive characters in Tr. Am. Ent. Soc., XX. (1893), p. 146, under the name of labrosa, Say. I possess a 2 specimen from S. Illinois, sent by Mr. Robertson, and accepting his identification of it, had placed labrosa in my table of Mexican Augochlora, from the characters it presented. Say described his labrosa from Mexico, however, and suspecting later an error in identification, I compared Say's description. The result is, that I am convinced that Say did not have Mr. Robertson's Illinois insect before him, and that the latter stands in need of a name, being apparently different from other described North American species. It is accordingly named after the writer who first pointed out its characters, which are, principally, the evenly punctured, not roughened, mesothorax, the broad face and deep emargination of the eyes, in the female; and the fourth ventral segment not broadly emarginate in the male. The stigma and nervures are brown, not very dark, the second submarginal cell is conspicuously longer (squarer) than in pura; the legs are very dark brown, the front femora metallic behind. In most respects, the insect is like pura, and could easily be confused with it.

Say's type of *labrosa* is said to be a Q, while the allied *Binghami* is described from a J, but I do not think they can be the sexes of one species.

Aurachlara Tanusendi v. sp. - J. Length to mm: head and thorax

Augochlora Townsendi, n. sp.--&. Length, 10 mm.; head and thorax densely and confluently punctured, brilliant blue-green, pleura becoming very strongly tinted with blue; but the face, especially the clypeus and supraclypeal area, yellowish-green, the latter with a coppery tint. Abdomen dark blue-green, not so blue as the thorax; hind margin of first segment narrowly, and of the others broadly, black; venter black, none of the segments emarginate, nor any trace of the fish-tail brush of Binghami. Face broad, emargination of eyes deep; clypeus shining, subcancellate with large punctures, its anterior edge very narrowly at sides, and the labrum, black; labrum striate, mandibles dark, only very faintly rufescent about the middle; antennæ reaching to scutellum, black, feebly rufescent beneath, not at all hooked at tip, first two joints of flagellum