TEDDY IN COURT.

M Teddy McQuire; my name is my own,
For niver a parint I had.

My trade? Tis setun the papers in town—
A starvin bizness, indade!

Don't be hard on me, Judge, For takin' the wee bit o' bread; 'Twas for poor little Mick, a bh'y that was atok.

Oh, don't be hard on poor Teu

You, see, Judge, the times is so poor,
The strate is alive wid the bh'ys,
An' Mickey, my neighb r next door,
Couldn't lift up forninst 'on his voice.
Don't be hard on me, Judge,—
'Oh, Teddy, I'm starvin'!' he cried;
An' his blue eyes grew wild (such a bit of a child),
Don't be hard on poot Tad. Don't be hard on poor Ted.

Yes, I went to the baker's hard by;
(The slather's o' things that was there')
Tarts, and cakes, an' the illigant pio—
Not one did I touch, Judge, I swear.
Don't be hard on me Judge,
I did take the bakin' of bread;
To Micky I gave it—I d not touch it to save
it;
Oh, don't be hard on poor Ted!

An'-Judge-the loaf's niver broke:
Axin' pardon-peor Micky is dead.
It was niver a "thank ye" he spoke
When I isid on the blanket the bread,
Oh, den't be haid on me Judge,
I'm a thafe-but-forgiven, ye said?
Ab, your honor, your heart give that verdict
a. par!.
Not to be hard on your Ted!

Not to be hard on poor Ted!

—Marie le Baron.

FRACTIONAL CURRENCY.

THE Hindus pray to 330,000,000 gods.

A jubilee service was recently held in the chapel of the Ohio Wesleyan University over the conversion of two hundred students.

The census of missions to be taken next year will, it is estimated, show an increase of 200,000 native Christians in India, Ceylon, and Burmah for the last ten years-500,000 in all.

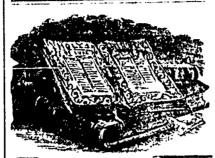
There are about 20,000,000 Methodists scuttered over different parts of the globe. The number of Baptists throughout the world is about 2,826,-

Mr. Francis Murphy says of the temperance "cause" abroad :-- "The work in England has gone on apace until the Queen has said 'well done.' Millions of the people have signed the pledge, reducing the revenue £2,500,-000, and the Postmaster found it in the savings of the people in pure gold."

All churchgoers may profitably make use of the following prayer offered up by a South Sea Islander just as the meeting was breaking up: _"O God, we are about to go to our respective homes. Let not the words we have heard be like the fine clothes we wear, soon to be taken off and folded away in a box till another Sab-bath comes round. Rather, let Thy truth be like the tattoo on our bodies, ineffaceable till death."

A well-informed writer regards the free lunch system, as it prevails in most cities, as the strongest induce-The enter ment to intemperance prising saloon-ke p.r provides free a lunch of crackers and cheese, cold salt herring, or corned beef, with nothing to drink. The partaker of the free lunch to quench his thirst, if he is not impelled by a sense of gratitude to the man who provides his repast, buys liquor at the bar, and a few such meals confirms his appetite for the strong drink.

The Manchester Courier's London correspondent says :- " The most gigantic of the petitions in favour of Sunday closing that are being got up by the Wesleyan Methodists is now closed in some districts, and the bulk of possible signatures has been obtained. A rough calculation put them at close on 1,000,000. On the other side, the publicans-Lore, in London, at leastare assiduously canvassing their cus tomers to sign. The 'trade' is aghast at the growth of the Sunday closing movement, and although London is not yet included it is feared the time is drawing near."



Search the Scriptures.

LESSON NOTES.

SECOND QUARTER.

LESSON IX. [May 27. A. D. 45.1

PAUL AND BARNABAS IN CYPRUS.

Acta 13. 1-12. Commit to memory vs. 2-4.

GOLDEN TEXT. Separate me Barnabas and Saul for the

whereunto I have called them. Acts work 13. 2.

OUTLINE.

The Foreign Missionaries. v. 1-5.
 The False Prophet v 6-11
 The Famous Convert v 12

TIMR.-A. D. 45.

TIME.—A. D. 45.
PLAORS—Antioch in Syria, and the island of Oyprus in the Mediterranean.
EXPLANATIONS—The church at Antioch—See the account of this Church in Less n VII.
Prophets—Men who spoke by the inspiration of God.
Teachers—I hose who instructed of God. Teachers—I hose who instructed others in the Gospel. Brought up inh—One who had lived with him as a child. Herod the tetrarch—Not King Herod, in the last lesson, but the one who slew John the Baptist. Saul—Named last, as perhaps the youngest. They reinistered—Were engaged in a service of worship. The Holy Ghost said—By an inward voice to all those present. By an inward voice to all those present.

Separate me—"Set apart to my service"

The work—The work of preaching the Gospel to the heathen world. Laid their hands—As an act of consecration to their mission. In the symagogues—They preached where the Jaws met to worship, as through them they could reach the people. John—John Mark, who wrote the gospel. Their minister—Their attendant and helper. Through the is'e—Preaching as they went. A certain sorcerer—One who pretended to have power to deal with spirits. A false prophet—Giving pretense of speaking God's word. Barjesus—Meaning "the son of Jesus." The deputy—The Roman ruler whose title was pro consul. Prudent man—A man of wisdom and judg-Prudent man-A man of wisdom and judgment. Withstood them—Opposed the Gospel as taught by Parnabas and Saul. Saul. called Paul—As le was now among Gentiles, he used his Roman name, rather than his Jewish. Filled with the Holy Ghost—Speak-Jewish. Filed with the Holy Ghost—speaking by diving power. Subtiley—Low and wicked curing. Jinchief—This word here means "villainy." Percert the right ways—Turn men from walking in the ways of God. Blud—As a panishment for leading others away from the light. For a season—Not forward to the season was a part to the season. away from the light. For a season—Not for-ever, but perhaps until he sh uld repent. Mist and derkuss—A growing blindness. Believed—Believed in the Gospel which was proved by such miracles. Doctrins of the Lord—"The truth concerning the Lord," as taught by Paul taught by Paul

PRACHINGS OF THE LESSON. Where in this lesson do we find-

1. A call to the work of the Gospel ?
2. An example of interest in the Gospel

THE LESSON CATECHISM.

1. From what Church were the missionaries sent out to preach the Gospel? From the thurch of Antioch. 2. Whom dit they send! Barna as and Saul. 3. Where did they begin the work of preaching? In the island of cyprus. 4. Who was among the people converted through their labors? Servius Paulus. the Roman ruler. 5. By what name was Saul henceforth called † Paul.

DOCTRINAL SUGGESTION .- The call to the

CATROHISM OURSTION.

23. What were the two ordinances which

Christ appointed in his church?
The two ordinances which Christ appointed in his Church were Baptism, and the Lord's Supper, to continue to the end of the world.

LESSON X. 1. D. 46.1

AT ANTIOCH.

Acts 13. 13-16 and 43-52 Commit to memory vs. 47-49.

GOLDEN TEXT.

And the word of the Lord was published throughout all the region Acts 13. 49.

OUTLINE.

1. Sabbath Services. v. 13-16, 43.

Jealous Jows. v. 41-47.
 Glad Gentiles. 48, 49.
 Persecuted Apostles. v. 50, 52.

TIME.—A. D. 46, immediately succeeding the last Lesson.

PLACE.—Antioch in Pisidia.

EXPLANATIONS.—Fittl and his company Paul was now the head of the party. Loss from—Set sail. John—John Mark, w EXPLANATIONS.—Faul and his company—Paul was now the head of the party. Loosed from—Set sail. John—John Mark, who afterwards wrote the gospel. Departing from them—Giving up the work to go home. Antioch in Pisicar—So-called to distinguish it from Antioch in Syria On the sabbath—The Jowish sabbath, Saturday: Sat soun—As worshippers. The law—From the five books of Moses. Sent unto them—Perhaps knowing their desire to speak. Exhortation—Words to help them in serving God, Reckoning—To gain attention. Give audience—Literally, "Hear ye" The sermon of Faul is in verses 17-41, and is omitted in the lesson. Broken up—While the people were passing out Religious proselytes—People who, though Gentiles, worshipped God. Followed—To learn more about the Gospel. Persuaded them—Urged them The whole city—The people had heard of the now teaching. Filled with envy—They were displeased to see the Gentiles in such number at 'heir synagogue. The things speken by Paul—The gospel of salvation through Jesus Christ. Blaspheming—Using abusive and wicked language. It was necessary—Because commanded by God. real value of the province. Devout—The Genuile women who were willing to be saved. To the Gentiles—They would preach to those who were willing to be saved. To the Gentiles—They would preach to those who would receive the tuth Glad—To receive the Gospel. Ordained to eternal life—I hose who were willing to accept God's offer. Throughout all the region—In the towns and villages of the province. Devout—The Genuile women who were worshippers of God. Honorable—Persons of rauk and influence. Persecution—The Jews urged on the women. Persecution—The Jews urged on the women, and they urged on the chief men, who were their husbands. Expelled them—Drove them away. Shock off the dust—As a token of God's displeasure. See Matt. 10. 14, 15. Filled with joy—In possessing Christ and his Genral Gospel.

TEACHINGS OF THE LESSON.

Where in this lesson do we find-

1. That the Gospel is for all men ?

2. That the Gospel requires men to believe?

3. That the Gospel brings joy to those who

THE LESSON CATECHISM.

1. Where did Paul and Barnabas preach 1. Where did Fant and Barnabas present after leaving Cyprus? At Antioch in Asia Minor. 2. What was the effect of their preaching upon the Jews? They rejected the Gospel. 3. To whom did the apostles then turn? To the Gentiles. 4. How did the Gentiles receive the word? With gladness and faith.

DOCTRINAL SUGGESTION.—Christ the light of the world.

UATECHISM QUESTION.

24. Thus we have heard how Jesus lived:

let us now hear in what manner he died.

Jesus Christ, in suffering and dying, was mock and patient, and resigned to the will of 2. An example of interest in the Gospel? meek and patient, and resigned to the 8. A warning against opposing the Gospel? God.

STANDARD LIBRARY.

Previous numbers of this Library were kn. wn by the name Standard Series. A list of these 79 books can be had on applicaist of these 79 books can be had on application. It is proposed to issue 26 books in the year, or one every fortnight. The regular selling prices of the 26 books in this country, would aggregate from \$50 to \$100. Our prices will be from 15 cents to 25 cents each; the average will be about 20 cents; in all about \$5.40. Subscriptions for the whole 26 books for the year,

\$4.50 Cash in Advance;

or any book in the list mailed post-free on

No. 7. COLIN CLOUT'S CALENDAR.
The Record of Summer. By Grant Allen. Price 25.

We present our readers with some wonderful lessons, read to us by the charming Natural st, Grant Allen, from Nature's great

book of Secreta Lovers of flowers, birds, pinnts, &c. will prize this book most highly.

The Leed's Marcury declares them to be "the best specimens of popular scientific expositions that we have ever had the good fortune to fall in with."

No. 6. THE HIGHWAYS OF LITERA-TURE; er, What to Read and How to Read. By David Pryde, M.A., LL.D., &c. Price 15 cents.

The eminent author of "Highways of The eminent author of "Highways of Literature" is a Scotchman of great learning, and has occupied some of the highest positions as an educator in Edinburgh, a city famous for its achools and colleges. Dr. Pryde, is Lecturer on the English Language and Literature in the School of Arts, Edinburgh. The London and Scotch press speak most flatteringly of his writings, and describe his style as "clear, elegant, and terse." We remember a time when the work would have been a boon to us of unspeakable value, as we doubt not it will prove to be to thousands of younger students and readers now. and readers now.

No. 5. FLOTSAM AND JETSAM. By Thomas Gibson Bowles. Price 25 cents This master mariner evidently launched his yacht with his eyes in his head, just where they ought to be. He has used them well and succeeded in gathering much valuable Flotsam, and in fishing up from the deep strange specimens of Jetsam. The book literally abounds in new and sometimes startling thoughts, put in a style which proves the striking originality of the author's mind. While sailing from place to place in his yacht he meets the varied experiences, and notes down in graphic pen-pictures, fact, and the lessons he gathers from them. His strongest characteristic is his deep knowledge of human nature, and sometimes he gives us such pictures of it as must make the reader differ from his opinions and conclusions, and smart under his portrayal of human weakness. No. 5. FLOTSAM AND JETSAM. smart under his portrayal of human weakness We cannot lay the book down until it is all read, and even then intelligent readers w. i not be satisfied, but will return to it and read it again.

read it again.

No. 4. LIVES OF ILLUSTRIOUS SHOE
ntAKERS. By Mr. Edward Winks

This is a most interesting book, written in
a very popular style. Mr. Winks has
written what everybody will love to read.
The Shoemakers of England have always
been remarkable for two things: first, they
have always been in advance of other tradespeople in their love for religious and political
treedom, in all movements in England for
progress they have stood together as one
man. Price 25 cents.

No. 3. AMERICAN HUMOURISTS. By

No. 3. AMERICAN HUMOURISTS. By H, R, Haweis.

H. R. Haweis.
This author presents in fine setting the wit and wisdom of Washington Irving, Oliver W. Holmes, Jas. R. Lowell, Artemus Ward, Mark Twain, and Bret Harte, and he does it Con Amore. Price 15 cents.

No. 2. SCIENCE IN SHORT CHAPTERS. By W. Mattieu Williams, F.R.S., F. C. S. Price 25 cents.

F. C. S. Price 25 cents.

No. 1. ULIVER CROMWELL. His Life,
Times, Battle-fields and Contemporaries.

By Paxton Hood. 12mo, size—286 pages,
bound in heavy paper, and lettered on
back. Price 25 cents.

we We cannot give lists of the forthcoming issues.

WILLIAM BRIGGS.

78 & 80 King St. Kest, Toronto, Ont

Or, C. W. COATES, Montreal, Que.

S. F. HUESTIS, Halifax, N. S.