Original

## AGAINST BEATTERFALISM.

Hee cogitavorant, et erraverant; excessvit enna illos mairia corum. Et nescuerant exerumenta Doi; neque mercedem sporavorant justitiæ; nec judicavorant honorem animarum sanctarum; quoniam Deus creavat ho m.rum sanet rrum : quonism Deus croavit ho minem inexterminabilem; et ad imaginem si militudinis sum fecit illum.-Sap Cap 2 v. 21

o'These things they thought, and were deceived; for their own matice blinded them. And they knew not the secrets of G d; nor hoped for the wages of sistice; nor esteemed the honor of holy souls. For God created man incorruptible, and to the image of his own hiseness he made hun," &c —Wisdom, ch. 2, v. 21.

There are no notions so very absurd and extravagant, that man, when left to his own conjectures on his origin and last end, has not entertained of himself. I following. Even the Metempsicosis, or human being into another; but of men into brutes, birds, insects, and fishes; has times, persons capable of adopting it for death the crimes, of which they feel themtheir creed, in spite of all its revolting absurd tv. Indeed, what is it that man has what he really should have fancied and believed?

the ancient Pagans broached; and which lity of its being subjected to pain. It is a our modern infidels seem more fond of fatal truth, confirmed by experience, that inculating than any thing besides: the what we earnestly wish we are easily led eternity of matter; and the materialism of to believe; and the more we bring to be the soul. Though these are too absurd to require serious refutation; yet, as they selves, the more we are encouraged and are so often urged upon us by our modish confirmed in our error. But whatever theorists, who would have their admirers more remarkable for their credulity than those, who could broach such enormities, they themselves are for their incredulity; it may not be amiss to say a few words on these heads.

The Pagans from mere ignorance ventured these conjectures; having lost amid the plurality of their Gods the proper noglimmerings of their clouded reason; they serve, is the height of absurdity. saw this mighty universe, in the midst of which they found themselves placed; and could distinguish among all the Gods they worshipped none so great as in their conception was able to cope with such immense materials: to mould the boundless whole in its present perfect form; much less to give birth to it, and call it up from nothing. It was therefore quite impossible for such not to imagine it eternal. Who, in their ideas, would give it a beginning? Which of all their Gods could originate and realize the stupendous design? It was therefore natural for them to suppose it self-existing; prior even, then, and nature compet us to ascribe this be eternal? Or are we, without any posand, though passive, in some sense soperior to their imaginary Deities. A Spimisa's boosted system of Materialism, and all the extravagant notions of his followers, are but grounded on the ignorant surmises of the benighted Pagans, groping the forms. I perceive this intelligence in their way, and reasoning at a venture amid the thick incumbeat and settled gloom of Idolatry:

they suppose it to be more excellent, than its own particular and? I can perceive idead does not require them; though there a refined portion of the eternal mass? A lit in the least as well as in the greatest obtenuis aura, or a light and subtle vapour? jects: in the figure and progress of a A scintillula quædam ignis ætherii; a snail, as well as in the brightness, immensmall spark of ethereal fire, uniting itself sity, and velocity, of the celestial orbs .after death to the original whole; and It is visible even in the wing of the smalllosing itself as a diminutive stream, in the est insect; where, besides the delicate texuniversal abyse? And is not this the very ture & wonderful mechanism; we cannot idea which our modern Infidels have taken help admiringits nice proportion to the their own fancy, they offer it to the public ing, according to the temperature of the views are in maintaining it so streamonsly.

in conceits of their own, seem proud in of revelation have floshed full upon them: but from a wish still, if they only could transmigration of souls, not only of one to pursuade themselves and others, (for who could like to stand alone in his opinion on subjects of such momentous imfound in all ages down to the present port) that there is no God to punish after selves guilty. Dixit insipions in corde suo, non est Deus. The fool said in his not fancied and believed of himself, except heart, that is, in his wishing, not reasoning faculty, non est Deus, there is no God: or that the soul is such after its separation There are however two points, which from the body, as to preclude the possibiof the same way of thinking with ourmay have been the internal conviction of add a few observations on these two heads, with the view of helping to undeceive them.

have had a cause capable of producing it. cion of the Deity; with nothing to guide But it is evidently absurd to suppose that the marky mazes of long established sus litself; for, to produce itself, it must exist perstition, but the distorted rays and faint before it exists; which, I need not ob-

attribute to a distinct and more excellent principle, which is seen and felt by common sense to exist apart and uncombined save in its operations; may uncombinable in any degree with matter in all its possi-

What more exalted notions could these every thing is regulated with order, sense, without any wish to dive into abin its own native element.

and mental aberrations.

And shall we give to it an attribute, which twe have already proved that to be an abgence, which moulds and directs it at plea- would they be the gainers? They have sure: to which it is subject in all its parts; still left in all his dreadful might and maand consequently in its great universal jesty the same supreme Being to judge whole; but with which it is repugnant to and condemn them for their guilt. Where suppose it endowed in any of its portions, then is the advantage to them, or what is or in its vast totality. Does not reason the necessity of acknowledging matter to sible reason or motive, to make so blindly bold an assertion? If this is their boasted philosophy, it is evidently the philosophy of fools; which no one in his right senses would listen to for a moment.

I need not therefore enter into any furevery modification of matter; and can ther argument, to show the extravagant originating not in any accident or alteraplainly read its design. Who sees it not absurdity of such a hypothesis. My ob-Idisplayed in every object of nature, where servations are directed only to common flee ing and invisible manager and mover.

entertain of the soul? Or what could weight and measure; and best adapted for strust reasonings on a subject, which inare not wanting able authors, who have carried their proofs upon this score nearlyas far as the human intellect can follow them.

Leteus next consider for a moment the other notable assertion, that the soul herself is material. I should begin by asking those, who hold such no opinion, why they up; and, decking it forth, according to body it suspends. I see it carefully cloth- have chosen to adopt it; and what their as a precious and important discovery of climates in which they are intended to re- Is it not evidently from the wish, and in side, the various animals, who cannot the hope to convince themselves that they The truth is, these silly reasoners, who make coverings for themselves; and eith- may escape the punishment of their guilt; must think those even sillier than them- erarming them with the fittest weapons to lull their ever chiding conscience, and selves, who are capable of crediting their for their defence; or affording them suffi-blunt the scorpion sting of inward thrilling need not mention the dreams of a Pytha- strange assertions; advance their ridicu- cient swiftness & sagacity to clude their remorse, by reasoning thomselves, if they goras, and of other Pagan philosophers, lous absurdities, not from ignorance, for pursuers, and secure their retrent. The could, into the belief that their souls are whom our modern freethinkers, so barren the underiable, though confounding truths same is observable in the inhabitants of but matter, destructible and doomed to the deep; and every creature in all this perish? Thus, while they assert matter east univers is found fitly furnished with to be eternal, only in order to avoid the every thing best adapted to its line of life terror of an offended God; they at the same time, with surprising inconsistency, Need I mention the equal wisdom and but in conformity with the dictates of design displayed in the inanimate part of common sense, maintain it to be perishthe creation? The reproduction of the able; and on this opposite principle they seed and roots in the vegetative kingdom? ground all their hopes of future impunity: The formation of the leaves, flowers and for, if not, then I would ask them again, fruit? The wonderful care and skill with where is their gain, by supposing the soul which the precious principle of reproduct material, since, if not destructible and petion, the seed, is folded up, each in its rishable, as matter, it may still exist after own distinct envelope, and securely fenced death, and if so, why may it not be subagainst the destructive influence of the jected to all the punishment it deserves for wintery cold, till the genial season return? having acted in this life against the strong It were an endless, but a needless task, felt moral sense of justice and virtue, imto enumerate every thing, in which the planted in the mind of every one; and skill and wise design of the Supreme in what we may justly call the instinct of telligence evidently appears. And is all reason. For if the soul is punishable here this the scheme and effect of matter work- for what she does amiss, even by the ining upon itself? It were truly wonderful, ward, painful and abashing sense of shame; if the horn of the horses' hoof should by regret, sadness, remorse and despair: that of many of their followers may be a fashion itself into so fit a defence for his or, should the guilty succeed in extinguishthorough conviction. We shall therefore foot against the ruggedness of the roads, ing in their minds by long habit in vice all on which he has to toil and travel. Then sense of horror at their wicked and infumight even on oyster boast its intelligent mous deeds; at any rate by the very pain Every thing that is, if not eternal, must shell, that so opportunely forms itself of disease, the frequent consequences of round its delicate body, to defend it from their dissolute conduct; by sickness even, filth and friction, and the devouring attacks and sufferings of every kind, to which in them in their researches af er truth, amid matter, or any thing, could have produced of hungry fishes. It is really humbling to their present state they, find themselves have to notice such free thinking detage occasionally subjected; they may learn, in spite of their Hypothesis, that as their We are then brought back from dead souls, whether material or not, are punish-Besides, matter being by its nature pass unthinking matter to a distinct intelligent able here, and subjected to pain, so they sive and inert, could never of itself, and principle, which we are thus forced to ac-without the operation of some external knowledge; but which our infidel Theo-after. Here again they are drawn back agent, have been brought to assume any rists were seeking to avoid. Shall we by the very means they had planned for regular, fixed, and determined motion co- then to humour them, allow matter to be their escape, to that adjudging principle lor or form. But is it then eternal?— at least coeval with this principle; though of intelligence; whose dreaded grasp they crdeavour so to shun; and they are shewn can belong only to that supreme intelli-surdity? If we even did so, in what that, as they must bear its chastising influence in this life, so may they have to feel its more rigorously exerted influence in a life to como.

But some will have it only the body that feels; and when it has lost its vital warmth, after ceasing to breathe, that all its feelings and sufferings are at an end. It is but building eastles in the air, to make suppositions unsupported by known facts, or probable arguments. We often see the body during life, as but the organ of a distinct and thinking principle, enlivened or depressed by mero mental affection, tion in its own state; but in that of its re-