Victoria Beach Items.

We have had several applications for our school, but have engaged no teacher yet.

Mrs. Henderson Sederquist, of Lynn, Mass., is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel McGrath.

Mrs. Joseph Haynes and daughter, who have been visiting friends at Digby, have returned home.

Mr. Norman Whitman, of Waterville, student of Acadia College, preached in the Baptist church Sunday morning.

Miss Bessie Whitman, of Clements, accompanied by her cousins Ina and Edith Whitman, of Marlboro', Mass., spent a few days with her sister, Mrs. Edward Keans.

We are glad to hear that dog-fish are not as plentiful as last week, and that the fishermen will soon be able to resume their work. The captains have taken advantage of the lull in business and have been painting their vessels, which greatly improves their appearance.

Among the many cherry excursions to Bear River figures the one of Saturday last from our little village. The company started at an early hour in the fishing schr. *Lizzie G.*, Capt. Keans. On arriving at Bear River they were joined by another party from Karsdale. The united company spent a very pleasant day, cherries being plentiful and fully as delicious as ever. A lunch, in regular picnic style, together with music, helped to make the day as enjoyable as could be desired. All returned well satisfied.

Clarence Chips.

Miss Blanch Elliott is the guest of Mrs. William Bishop.

Prof. E. M. Chesley and wife of Pennsylvania arrived on Saturday to visit the home of his childhood.

We are glad to see Miss Etta Elliott, who has been teaching at Kingston for the last year, back in our midst again.

The rains of Saturday and Sunday night refreshed Mother Earth exceedingly, but she has suffered too much to regain her old appearance this season.

Our young ladies, whom we mentioned in a previous issue as attending Mount Allison, arrived home on Thursday, physically tired, but much pleased with their intellectual treat.

The Misses Reagh of P. E. Island are the guests of their aunt Mrs. Henry Messenger. Mr. Fred Lee, of St. John, who with a brother is visiting a sister, Mrs. Israel Balcom, is frequently seen up this way on his bicycle.

There seems to be a multiplicity of grasshoppers of late. We have a growing sympathy for old King Pharoah, for a succession of hops meet you at every turn, besides the damage done to hop vines, cabbage plants, etc.

Hampton.

Hampton bids fair to become quite a summer resort.

Haying is nearly finished and is reported to be a very light crop.

Walter Snow is visiting his parents, after an absence of over three years.

Miss Mable Fash of Bridgetown has been the guest of her cousin Miss Minnie Brown.

Capt. Thomas Templeman has taken charge of the schr. *West Wind*, and is now on a fishing cruise.

On Monday the 7th, Mrs. E. B. Foster fell from a load of hay, breaking her right wrist and straining her side and shoulder. She is not yet able to leave her bed.

On Sabbath last our pulpit was occupied by Evangelist Telford, who preached an excellent sermon on the riches of our Lord Jesus Christ. Dr. Laurie, being present, gave a very excellent exhortation. There were also present Rev. Henry Achilles and Rev. H. S. Erb.

Mt. Hanley

Miss Addie D. Morton is spending her vacation with her relatives at this place.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Healy, who have been to the "Hub" for the last six weeks, returned home last Saturday.

Our pastor, Rev. E. Locke, preached an interesting sermon last Sunday morning. subject, "Christian Liberty."

Miss Flossie Moore, of Greenwood, Mass., is spending her vacation with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Barteaux.

The burglars started to enter the house of J. C. Balsor last Tuesday night, but were rightened away by the barking of the dog.

We are pleased to see in our midst one of our highly esteemed young men who has been away to the "Hub" the last few months, and who returned home last Friday, singing "How dear to my heart are the scenes of my childhood."

Victoriavale

Haying will soon be a thing of the past for this season.

Rev. Mr. Gee will hold his usual service at Victoria the 30th at 11 o'clock; Sunday-school at 2 o'clock.

Mrs. I. E. Craig and children from Amherst are spending their vacation at the residence of R. F. Craig.

Miss Hildah Knox, from New Germany, Miss Ella Ellis from Springfield, N. S., Dr. O. A. Parker from Wakefield, Mass., Miss Sarah E. Miller from Newburyport, Mass., Mrs. James Daily and sister from Nebraska, George L. Curtis from Springfield, Mass., and Vernon E. Wallace from Dakota, have all been visitors to our village the last few days.

Lawrencetown Items.

Attorney-General Longley seems to be making this his headquarters.

Dr. James Hall, Truro, is again spending his vacation in our town. Professor Eaton made him a flying visit on Monday.

Sprinkling is in fashion here at present. We hope it may continue until both animal and vegetable have sufficient for their needs.

Mrs. Hallet and Miss Veisy are to start for Halifax next Monday, en route to their Bermudian home. We wish them a safe and pleasant trip.

Springfield Sprinkles.

The steam saw-mill is still busy, and is doing excellent work.

Haying is fairly under way, with a slight falling off in our crop. Other crops are looking tolerably well.

The potato-bug is with us in such large numbers as to necessitate all the leisure time of our farmers.

Hanlan May Retire.

Orillia, Ont., July 24—The three mile sculling race for the championship of America, between Gaudaur and Hanlan, which was declared off by a foul on Saturday, was started at 6 o'clock this morning in smooth water, Hanlan gained a length in the first mile. Both had pulled 34 strokes up to this point, but here Gaudaur put on a spurt and passed Hanlan a length. These positions were maintained to the turning buoy. On the return journey Hanlan worked hard but could not hold his competitor who came in an easy finish by seven lengths in 19.53. Hanlan has notified the stake-holder not to pay over the stake money, claiming that in replacing the drifted buoys the course was changed and that this caused his defeat.

College Ste. Anne.

The finest public edifice in the county of Digby is College Ste. Anne, or Ste. Anne's College, at Church Point, Clare. This splendid building was begun in '89 and finished in '91, at a cost of about $25,000. The work was performed under the supervision of Peter Dugas of Ohio. The main building is 110x55 ft. and two stories high, besides a 10 ft. basement, erected of granite, with brick finish for door and windows. The college is heated throughout by hot water, supplied from a well in the yard and furnace heated. The pumping motive power is a windmill, erected over the well. The tank has a capacity of 18,000 gallons.

Salvation Army Picnic.

The Salvation Army picnic on Smith's grounds at Bedford, Tuesday, was attended by about 1500 people. Hundreds could not get tickets in the afternoon and had to be refused. Five carloads of people went up in the morning, and eleven in the afternoon. A couple of carloads also went up in the evening in cars attached to the freight train. An enjoyable time was spent. Meetings were held during the day, and besides the local officers and soldiers, officers from the Windsor corps were in attendance.

Fire at Shediac, N. B.

MONCTON, N. B., July 22.—Fire at Shediac this morning destroyed the Union hotel, Dr. White's new residence, two houses owned by Mrs. Carlisle, Abercrombie's book store and residence, the residence occupied by Mr. Kemp, the oyster fishery expert brought out from England by the Dominion Government, and the new Methodist church. The loss will be from $15,000 to $20,000; insurance, $8,000.

It Saved His Life.

GENTLEMEN,—I can recommend Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry, for it saved my life when I was about six months old. We have used it in our family when required ever since, and it never fails to cure all summer complaints. I am now fourteen years of age. FRANCIS WALSH, Tullolch, Ont.

Summer School of Science.

To the Editor of the Monitor:—

On Wednesday evening, July 19th, was held at Sackville the closing exercises of the seventh session of the Summer School of Science. The session thus closed is reported to have been the most successful since the school was organized, both in point of numbers and in amount of work done.

The school opened on the evening of Wednesday, July 5th, at which, after addresses of welcome from President Allison of Mount Allison University and others were received and replied to, the president of the school, J. B. Hall, Ph.D., held an informal reception to enable the different students to become acquainted with each other. On Thursday, the following day, classes began. These were held in the classrooms of Centennial Hall and in Beethoven Hall, the board of Regents having very kindly allowed the school the use of these buildings for class purposes.

It would be impossible, in short space, to give any idea of the daily work. It is sufficient to say that from 8 a.m. to 4 p.m. the classes were in session with the exception of an hour at noon. No idea can be given to those who have not attended the school of the benefit derivable from the class work. Not only does the benefit consist in the amount of actual facts acquired; but even greater benefits arise from the interest awakened in the different subjects and the inspiration to study and teach them more thoroughly.

Outside the regular class-work, a way was provided to spend every evening both pleasantly and profitably. On Friday evening the first of a series of "round-table-talks" was held. The subject of this first discussion was "University Extension," opened by Prof. Andrews, Mt. Allison, and Prof. Caldwell, Acadia, followed by others for and against the idea. At the close of the meeting the school decided to voice their sentiments in favor of "University Extension."

On Saturday afternoon class work was laid aside, and the school started on what was laid out on the programme as a tramp over the Tantramar marsh. The *tramp*, however, was only on the printed programme, for the citizens of Sackville turned out with teams and drove the school through and around the marsh,—said to be the largest and finest of its kind in America.

On Monday evening the school were given a lecture on "Patriotism in our Schools," by Attorney-General Longley. To all who have heard him, it is needless for me to say anything about this pleasing speaker.

Tuesday evening was occupied by the second "round-table-talk" on the subject of "Manual Training." This is becoming one of the live and moving subjects of our Nova Scotia educational system. The discussion was opened by W. T. Kennedy, of Halifax Academy, who was responded to by Prof. Andrews; who, with his usual enthusiasm, carried conviction to many minds. During the whole of Wednesday the usual class-routine was laid aside, and the day was spent in an excursion to old Fort Beausejour and Amherst. Leaving Sackville at 7 a.m. the school arrived at the fort at an early hour. Here the morning was spent in botanizing, geologizing, or listening to the tales of local history which, when read from our text-books, are merely routine school work, but when listened to amidst all the stirring surroundings they become a live reality, awakening in the breast strong feelings of love and reverence for those noble men who gave their lives to secure this beautiful land for us. The earth-work is still intact including the fort, while the old powder magazine, formed of brick and stone, still retains its roof, making a cool retreat for the cattle that pasture here. In another part of the enclosure may be seen that underground chamber into which was thrown from Fort Lawrence the bomb which killed the six French officers and the English prisoner while at breakfast. After lunch, provided by our genial host and hostess, Mr. and Mrs. Harrison, of Sackville Academy, we took train for Amherst. Here we were treated right royally. After spending an hour seeing the shoe factory and car-works, we were taken by the citizens in their carriages to view the town, and at the end of an hour were set down at the new Amherst Academy. We could not help the wish "oh, that my school-house were like this!" The academy is probably one of the finest, if not the finest, in Nova Scotia. The most expressive description that we heard while examining it was "wonderful! wonderful!" After an address of welcome by the Mayor we were served with an enjoyable tea by the staff of Amherst teachers, assisted by the citizens' wives and daughters.

In the evening we were given a concert by the Amherst band,—probably the finest local band in the province; and at ten o'clock we took a special car back to Sackville, well pleased with our day, but sorry enough for its close. Even nature was in sympathy with this sorrow, for on our arriving at Sackville she was found to be shedding tears. Although the darkness could not *quite* be felt the rain could, and as some of us were not thoroughly acquainted with Sackville it is no wonder that we discovered a number of ditches. It would perhaps be unfair to describe all the aimless wanderings to and fro of some of our faculty, so I refrain. It suffices to say that we all finally arrived at the Academy more or less in the condition of the proverbial drowned rat.

Thursday evening, 13th, was occupied in examining microscopic views of various geological and botanical formations, with explanations by Professors Caldwell and Andrews. Thus we were led into the (to us) untrodden mysteries of vegetable and mineral formation.

On Friday evening we had our third "round-table-talk," opened by four papers on our "great educators." The subjects of the papers and their authors were Commenius by A. D. Brown; Herbart, Miss Mosely; and Pestalozze, by B. F. Porter of Truro. The fourth was a paper on general education by Miss Holt of the Massachusetts schools.

On Saturday another all-day break was made. Classes flung to the winds and away to the Joggins. Here we spent the morning walking along the shore examining the wonderful rock formation and reading there the history of this our earth as it was written centuries before the foot of man was set upon it. In the afternoon we visited the Joggins coal mine, the manager of which kindly gave us all desired information. It is computed that on the return trip our party carried over a ton and a-half of fossils.

On Sabbath we listened to sermons from Rev. Prof. Andrews and Rev. Dr. Borden. Both were dedicated to and for the benefit of the scientists. The music during both services was simply glorious. To all who have heard Mrs. Harrison sing it is needless to say anything in her praise; while to those who have not heard her it would be impossible to give a description of the sweetness and purity of her voice.

On Monday the new officers were elected, Prof. Andrews being chosen as president and J. D. Seaman, of the P. E. I. schools, as secretary. In the evening we all went stargazing, under the leadership of Principal Cameron of Yarmouth. We saw Venus, the comet, and various other beautiful terrestial sights.

On Tuesday evening the fourth "round-table-talk" was held; and on Wednesday, after all *going to* and *returning from* Dorchester, we held our closing exercises.

Too much cannot be said of the kindness of Drs. Allison and Borden, Principal Harrison, and their estimable wives. They were ready and willing at all times to do anything in their power to make the time pass pleasantly.

On Thursday the closing examinations were held, and the students started for home, singing from their hearts the closing of our school song.—

"We'll come back here some other year
To Summer School of Science."

Now, during the two weeks, there is no doubt that we did a great amount of work, but we also had a great amount of pleasure. Had you been one of our party you would easily have known by the pleasant jest and merry laugh, that the only fossils we possessed were the stone ones in our specimen cases. None of our party could be called such.

In closing, let me advise you if you have never been to the Summer School, go with us to Charlottetown, P. E. I., next summer. You will get ten times the value of your expenditure, both in pleasure and profit, and will return feeling more deeply than ever the great honor as well as the great responsibility of guiding the young mind.

W. E. O.

The Borden Girls Have a New Home.

Emma and Lizzie Borden have purchased a new home on the North side of French street, Fall River, in the most aristocratic section of the city. This announcement has caused no little surprise, as it was generally supposed that the Batterworth property, upon which they held an option, had been acquired by them.

The residence, which is about 10 minutes' walk from the City Hall, is situated on the north side of French street, upon the crest of "The Hill." It is surrounded by the residences of professional and business men, and there is nothing left to be desired in the environs. The prospect it commands is beautiful. The house is a pretentious modern structure, and the whole estate possesses an air of wealth.

GENTLEMEN,—I was thoroughly cured of indigestion by using only three bottles of B.B.B., and truthfully recommend it to all suffering from the same malady. MRS. DAVIDSON, Winnipeg, Man.

A Great Empire.

In wealth, population and extent of territory the British Empire is the greatest that ever existed. The Roman emperors, in the days of their highest power, claimed the allegiance of a dominion far inferior in extent to that which recognizes the Queen of Great Britain as ruler. It is true that the Roman power included the civilized world of that age, and that civilization has vastly expanded since the days of the Cæsars; but it must also be admitted that Great Britain's share in extending civilization has been vastly greater than that of any other nation of modern times. We cannot forget that the United States is an offshoot of Great Britain, and our institutions are derived, in a large degree, from the nation which settled the major part of the American colonies and brought under subjection the settlements founded by other Europeans.

The British Empire includes the vast regions of India, Australia, Canada and South Africa, each imperial in extent. England is the leading Asiatic power. In America her Canadian possessions rank next in area to the United States, and with British Guiana and other possessions added to British North America the area of Great Britain's American empire exceeds that of the United States. Australia is a great continent. Great Britain has already grasped a large extent of Africa, and the African territories under British protection, or direct British authority, amount, including Egypt, to more than 3,000,000 square miles in area. Great Britain is unquestionably the leading power of Africa, and it needs but a glance at British ramifications on that continent to see that it is probably only a question of time when nearly the whole of Africa will have fallen under British authority. England is, therefore, the leading power of Asia, of Africa and Polynesia, second only to the United States on the continent of America, and the foremost naval power of the world.

To the careful observer it does not appear that the British Empire shows any signs of decline. If the empire has not arrived at its zenith, it is probably near its zenith, but there is no evidence that British power is waning in any part of the world. France fondly hoped that the loss of the American colonies would be a fatal blow to Great Britain. But American independence really served to make England a more formidable antagonist of France in the mighty duel between the British and Napoleon. The United States did not prove the servile ally that France expected, while England was enabled to concentrate her forces without having to fritter them away in the occupation of widely scattered and hostile colonies. America ceased to be the theatre of European wars, and England, with America neutral, was capable of striking all the more effective blows at the French in other quarters of the world.

The modern British Empire may be said to have had its origin in the overthrow of Napoleon, or rather in the long struggle which resulted in his overthrow, during which England, roving the oceans with her victorious squadrons, seized as hostile territory the foreign possessions of other European States which had been compelled to submit to Napoleon. The victory of Waterloo did not merely re-establish the Bourbons in France. It secured and riveted England's acquisitions in India, in Africa and America.

France ceased to be a rival for colonial empire when Napoleon turned his back on the field which witnessed his last farewell to military greatness.

England has never lost the prestige gained by the overthrow of the First Napoleon. Although the Victorian reign has been one of comparative peace, the British Empire has steadily grown. India has been brought under the direct government of the Crown. British authority has been extended to the frontiers and is still being extended by a series of petty wars.

The important Kingdom of Burmah has been made a British province. Egypt has been occupied by the British. Australia, from a place of banishment for convicts, has become a chain of powerful commonwealths. A future confederation of African States, all of them more or less under British jurisdiction, is already advocated, and British authority will ere long be represented by a continuous line of occupation from Cairo to the Cape of Good Hope. While these successes have in large part been the result of unjustifiable aggression, in large part also have they been achieved through public and private efforts, worthy of an enlightened and humane civilization.

Poisoned at Tiverton.

FAMILY OF H. M. RUGGLES POISONED BY TANK WATER.

What may be considered a very remarkable case of lead poisoning is reported from Tiverton. The family of Mr. M. H. Ruggles, light-house keeper at Boar's Head, have for years been using water from a tank in the cellar, which was supplied from the rainfall on the roof of the house, not knowing they were filling their systems with a subtle poison day by day.

Two years ago a daughter was taken sick with most peculiar symptoms. She had always a tired feeling which denoted nervous prostration. This was also accompanied by a weakness of the mind. No relief being procurable she gradually grew worse and in a short time died in convulsions. No idea was then entertained that the water was the cause of the trouble.

This spring the whole family was affected, Mr. Ruggles being attacked the worst. Medical assistance was called in and he was treated for lead-poisoning, and gradually improving in health. Mrs. Ruggles has also been sick for some months, but about five weeks ago grew worse and continued so until Tuesday morning 18th, when she was taken with fits or convulsions and died in terrible agony.

Another daughter and son, a young boy, are also affected by the poison, the former being the worst. She has the same nervous prostration already mentioned and her mind seems to have given away so that she hardly knows any one.

This case is the most remarkable one we have ever heard tell of, and it is a matter of wonder that the cause was not determined two years ago when the death of the daughter occurred. It is now to be hoped that no further fatality will occur, and that the cause may be definitely arrived at. If the paint used on the roof of the house poisoned the water there must be some peculiarity about its composition, and it should be known, as there are thousands of families in Nova Scotia, and perhaps many in Digby, who use tank water obtained in the same way.

From what we can learn the roof has been painted, not with the kind commonly used, but white paint. This has been the case for about eleven years, during which time the tank water has been used, but will now need to be used no more, as Mr. Outhouse, a neighbor of Mr. Ruggles, has succeeded in striking a spring within a few yards of the house. —*Digby Courier.*

Warning to our Sea Captains.

Provincial vessels are getting into trouble in the United States ports owing to neglect to procure a consular bill of health before sailing. Four vessels are in trouble in Boston. They all sailed from Baie Chaleur. They were reported by A. F. Dickson, U.S. consul at Gaspe Basin, province of Quebec, having been reported to him by Daniel Husson, U. S. consular agent at Papebiac, P. Q. This is an agency under the charge of Consul Dickson. By his report three of these vessels "refused to take" bills of health. The fourth "refused to take" a bill of health as required. The captains of the vessels make as their plea that either they knew nothing of the regulation owing to its recent enactment, or that they have at some previous time passed into the port of Boston without such a requirement. The *Ocean Lily* is one of the schooners and her case is now in the hands of District-Attorney Allen. While there can be no doubt the law is an absurdity and an unnecessary tax upon schooners, yet, as the United States law compels vessels to have such a bill of health, it would be well for captains to carry out the law. The penalty for not doing so goes up to $5,000. The present vessels in trouble at Boston are the brigt. *Aquila*, and schrs. *Mary E. McLaughlan*, *Bonnibel* and *Ocean Lily*.

World's Wheat Crop.

100,000,000 BUSHELS SHORT.

St. Louis, Mo., July 21. The Journal of Agriculture of this city, treating editorially of the condition of the present wheat crop and the probable advance in prices, says the best American and European authorities agree that the world's deficiency will be at least 100,000,000 bushels. The most reliable figures now place the total American crop of 1890 at about 283,000,000, which, added to the surplus carried over, will make less than 450,000,000 bushels. England will probably take 250,000,000, and the home trade needs 370,000,000 bushels.

The Journal believes that in view of the fact that the American crop is 100,000,000 bushels short as compared with last year, and as Europe with a short crop is now grabbing upon American wheat as fast as she can without attracting too much attention, the time has come when American farmers should not sell a bushel of wheat at present prices. For, granting that prices do not advance, it says, it will pay much better to feed to the stock than to sell at present figures.

—Dr. Koch's cure for consumption went up like a rocket and came down like a stick; but *Puttner's* Emulsion still shines with undimmed lustre as the best remedy for wasting diseases.

Nearly Four Months in a Doldrum.

Held for nearly for months in an equatorial doldrum or dead sea calm until her provisions were exhausted and her crew on the verge of starvation was the terrible experience of the American ship, *Edward O'Brien*, which had long ago been given up for lost. The ship is owned partly in Philadephia, and the news of her safety has just reached the owners.

The ship left Victoria, B. C. early in December last, for London with a large cargo of wheat, and nothing was heard of her until June 22, when she was sighted by the steamer *Galileo* in latitude 46.31 longitude 25.16, flying signals telling that she was short of food. She was supplied by the steamer, and Capt. Whitton, brought to New York news of the safety to the underwriters, who were demamanding heavy premiums for reinsuring the vessel and cargo.

It was learned that the ship had made a fine run down the Pacific coast and around the Horn, but when near the equator she had been caught in one of the dreaded calms that prevail in that latitude. For three months she remained within a distance of half a mile from where she first struck the calm, and during that time there was not wind enough to fill even the lightest of her sails. Finally a small current, probable made by a storm many miles away, appeared and served to send her slowly out of the locality, which threatened at one time to become a place of death to all on board. On this current the vessel drifted for almost another month. Then a welcome wind carried her back into the paths of navigation.

When the *Galileo* was encountered the water supply of the *Edward O'Brien* was exhausted, food was almost down to the last ration, and in a few more hours the men on board would have been beyond help. After being supplied with food and water the ship proceeded on her way to London.

Charged with Murder.

WASHINGTON, July 24.—The grand jury to-day found a true bill against Col. Frederick C. Ainsworth, chief of the record and pension division of the war department; Geo. W. Dant, the contractor employed to make the excavation; Wm. E. Covert, superintendent, and Francis Sasse, engineer of the building, holding them responsible for the old Ford's theatre disaster on June 9th, last, in which 23 people lost their lives and a large number of others were injured.

The indictment charges the above-named persons with the most culpable negligence in not providing proper support for the building while the work of examination was going on, and finds that they "did wilfully kill and slay" the persons whose death is under investigation.

A Sarnia Murderer Confesses.

Sarnia, Ont., July 20.—Abbott E. Wilson, accused of murdering Mary J. Marshall, of Warwick, four years ago, has made a full confession. He acknowledges his identity, and that he killed Miss Marshall. He committed the deed with an English "bull dog" revolver, which the police brought from Wiggin's farm, near Tagiewa, and Wilson's valise. He said that something came over him and he could not resist the temptation. There is no doubt that he was in love with the girl.

—Itch on human and horse and all animals cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. Warranted by deBiola & Primrose.

Edward Linley, of St. Peters, C. B., says —"That his horse was badly torn by a pitchfork. One bottle of MINARD'S LINIMENT cured him."

Livery Stable men all over the Dominion tell our agents that they would not be without MINARD'S LINIMENT for twice the cost.

Services for Sunday, July 30th.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND.—Rev. F. P. Greatorex, Rector. In St. James', Bridgetown: Evening Prayer and sermon at 7.30. Also on Wednesday at 7.30; choir practice after service. Meeting of St. James' Circle of the King's Daughters on Friday at 7.30 at residence of Mr. Jesse Hoyt. In St. Mary's, Belleisle: Service at 10.30; also on Thursday evening at 7.30. Service at Young's Cove at 2.30. Seats free.

BAPTIST CHURCH.—Rev. F. M. Young, Ph. B., Pastor. Bridgetown: Bible Class and Sabbath School, 10 a.m.; Preaching Service, 11 a.m. Prayer meeting on Tuesday and Friday evenings.

GORDON MEMORIAL CHURCH.—Rev. R. S. Whidden, Pastor. Service at 3.15 o'clock. Meeting of Junior Endeavor Society, at 11 a.m. Bible Class and Sunday-school at 2 p.m. Meeting of the Y. P. S. C. E. Tuesday, at 8 o'clock p.m. Service at Annapolis at 11 a.m.; Bible class and Sunday-school at 2 p.m.; Ladies Prayer Meeting, Wednesdy, at 7 p.m.; General prayer-meeting at 7.30. Seats free in both churches. Citizens and strangers are cordially invited.

PROVIDENCE METHODIST CHURCH.—Rev. J. B. Giles, pastor. Preaching services: Bridgetown every Sunday evening; Granville and Bentville every Sunday morning and afternoon, alternately. Prayer-meetings: Bridgetown every Wednesday evening; Granville every Tuesday evening; Bentville every Thursday evening.

MIDDLETON CIRCUIT.

PINE GROVE BAPTIST CHURCH: Rev. E. E. Locke, pastor. Public worship at Pine Grove at 11 a.m.; Mt. Handley at 3 p.m.; Brooklyn at 7.30 p.m.; Prayer-meeting at Mt. Handley on Tuesday evening, Brooklyn on Wednesday evening; and at Pine Grove on Thursday evening at 3 o'clock. Covenant meeting at Brooklyn on Saturday at 3 p.m.

PARADISE CIRCUIT.

Rev. R. B. Kinley, pastor. Paradise: Bible class and Sunday-school at 1.45 p.m.; preaching service at 3 p.m.; Prayer-meeting in the evening. West Paradise: Bible-class and Sabbath-school at 10 a.m. Clarence: Bible-class and Sabbath-school at 9.45 a.m.; preaching service at 11 a.m. Conference at Clarence on Saturday at 3 p.m.

—Rebecca Wilkinson, of Bronsvalley, Ind., says: "I had been in a distressed condition for three years from Nervousness, Weakness of the Stomach, Dyspepsia and Indigestion until my health was gone. I bought one bottle of South American Nervine, which doenme more good than any $50 worth of doctoring I ever did in my life. I would advise every weakly person to use this valuable and lovely remedy; I consider it the grandest medicine in the world." A trial bottle will convince you. Warranted by DeBiols and Primrose.

Births.

ARMSTRONG.—At Middleton, on the 17th inst., to Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Armstrong, a daughter.

Marriages.

TORRIE—LAWRENCE.—At St. Mary's rectory, Aylesford, 16th July, by Rev. J. Moore C. Wade, Galus E. Torrie, of Windsor, to Vera A. Lawrence, of Hantsport.

Deaths.

GIDNEY.—On Thursday morning, the 20th of July, Frances, widow of the late Joseph Gidney, in her 87th year.

RUGGLES.—At Little River, July 18th, Mrs. H. M. Ruggles, aged 47 years.

—Cholera threatens dyspeptics. K.D.C. cures Dyspeptics and makes them cholera-proof. Try it while cholera threatens.

New Advertisements.

JUST RECEIVED:

—A FINE LINE OF—

WEST OF ENGLAND

Coatings

—AND—

Trouserings

Canadian All-Wool and Union

TWEEDS,

Ready-made Clothings.

NEWEST EFFECTS IN

Prints, Verona Cords and Ginghams

FOR SUMMER WEAR.

KETTLES, CROCKS, JARS and SUGAR.

Full stock especially for the fruit preserving season.

Can handle any quantity of Butter in Tubs, and will pay highest market prices for it.

WOOL taken at mill prices.

H. H. WHITMAN.

Lawrencetown, July 18th, 1893.

NOTICE!

THE subscriber has a nice pair of four-year-old OXEN, medium size, handy, and good looking, that he would like to exchange for a heavy pair of older oxen. Any person desiring such a change would do well to call at once.

G. H. VROOM.

Middleton, July 16th, 1893. 15 2i

FOR SALE OR TO LET!

THAT well known business stand situate in Melvern Square, formerly owned by B. Spinney & Son. A splendid opportunity for any person wishing to start business there. First-class store and dwelling house combined. Apply to A. W. Smith, Kingston Station, or J. Handell on the premises. Immediate possession given. tf

New Advertisements.

Mrs. H. D. West
of Cornwallis, Nova Scotia.

$200 Worth

Of Other Medicines Failed

But 4 Bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla Cured.

"It is with pleasure that I tell of the great benefit I derived from Hood's Sarsaparilla. For 6 years I have been badly afflicted with

Erysipelas

breaking out with running sores during hot summer months. I have sometimes not been able to use my limbs for two months at a time. Being induced to try Hood's Sarsaparilla, I got one bottle last spring, commenced using it; felt so much better, got two bottles more; took them during the summer, was able to do my housework, and

Walk Two Miles

which I had not done for six years. Think I am cured of erysipelas, and recommend any person so afflicted to use

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Four bottles has done more for me than $200 worth of other medicine. I think it the best blood purifier known." MRS. H. D. WEST, Church street, Cornwallis, N. S.

HOOD'S PILLS cure liver ills, constipation, billiousness, jaundice, sick headache. 25c.

Closing Out!

As I intend making a change in my business, I am now offering my goods at

GREAT BARGAINS

to close out my stock,

FOR CASH ONLY.

—o—

E. S. PIGGOTT,

Queen Street,

BRIDGETOWN, N. S.

ICE CREAM! ICE CREAM SODA!

STEP INTO

TAYLOR'S,

TRY HIS

Ice Cream

and be convinced that it is of SUPERIOR QUALITY and finely flavored.

ALSO:

ICE CREAM SODA,

AND ALL KINDS OF COLD

Carbonated Beverages.

Ice Cream supplied by the quart, and to large or small gatherings.

SHAFFNER BUILDING,
BRIDGETOWN.

ICE CREAM! ICE CREAM SODA!

CARD.

WE present our thanks to those who have kept us so busy during the Spring. Our orders for Agricultural Implements, School Desks, etc., etc., have been abundant and continuous, while our Machine Shop has been run every day.

Thanks also are due to our customers who have so promptly paid their bills, enabling us to pay ours. During the month of July we have large payments to make, and we expect our friends (for all our customers are friends) to aid us in making them.

Do not forget that we carry a large stock of

TINWARE

in Pails, Mixing Pans, Baking Pans, Watering Pots, Cans, etc., etc.

IN HOLLOWARE

we have in Common and Enamelled Iron, Granite Ware, etc.

In Dairy Implements,

Revolving Churns, Creamers, Milk Pans, Thermometers, etc.

We are handling, by authority of the agent for the Massey-Harris Company,

MOWING MACHINES, RAKES, FORKS, Tedders, etc. We also have a large stock of Mowing Machine parts on hand, and are prepared to make repairs on any machine with despatch.

Our salesrooms are in the new building near the Foundry, and we have no connection with any other establishment in town.

Owing to our facilities for buying we can and do sell goods cheaper than others and yet make an honest profit.

The Bridgetown Foundry Co., Ltd.

Bridgetown, June 26th, 1893. 1341

BARN-DOOR HANGERS!

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED

5 Cases of 4 and 5-in. Stearn's patent, and 5 and 6-inch common Hangers.

ALSO:

300 FEET

—OF—

BARN-DOOR RAIL!

—o—

RICHARD SHIPLEY.

New Advertisements.

COAL! COAL!

JUST RECEIVED:

500 Tons Hard Coal, Stove and Nut sizes.
400 Tons Genuine Old Mine Sydney.
400 Tons Joggins.
100 Tons best quality Blacksmith Coal.

Having purchased the above Coals before the advance in price I am prepared to supply Coal at any station on the Windsor and Annapolis Railway at the lowest rates. Orders booked this month for delivery September 1st. After that date will advance with the market. Quality guaranteed.

GEO. E. CORBITT.

Annapolis Royal, July 3rd, 1893. 14 tf

JOHN LOCKETT!

OPENING THIS WEEK:

New Ties, Collars, Cuffs, Shirts, Braces, Etc.,
10 Dozen Men's White Shirts,
20 Dozen Men's and Boy's Straw Hats,
New Sunshades, Umbrellas, Kid, Silk Taffeta and Lisle Gloves. Full stock of that celebrated brand "Eclipse" Hosiery, absolutely fast and stainless.

BOOTS AND SHOES, CHOICE GROCERIES, FLOUR, ETC

10 Half Chests that Choice Breakfast Tea.
SOMETHING FINE. TRY IT.

WANTED—Any quantity Choice Butter, Eggs, and Cleaned, Washed Wool in exchange for goods.

Bridgetown, May, 1893.

SPECIALS IN FOOTWEAR

For Ladies' and Men's Wear:

FINE SKATING BOOTS,
FINE WALKING BOOTS,
FINE DRESS GOODS,
In Patent and Dongolas,
FINE EVENING SHOES.

LONG RUBBER BOOTS,

IN LADIES', MISSES', MEN'S BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S.

RUBBERS FOR ALL! CHEAP!!

—AT—

JOHN P. MURDOCH'S.

Full and Complete Lines

—OF—

LEADING GROCERIES,

Rubber Goods, Crockeryware,

AND OTHER GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

AT PRICES THAT CANNOT BE BEATEN IN THE COUNTY.

H. E. REED, - MIDDLETON, N. S.

RUNCIMAN, RANDOLPH & COMP'Y,

Have received their New Stock of

CARPETS,

—IN—

UNIONS, WOOLS, TAPESTRIES, BRUSSELS, HEMPS,

Carpet Squares,

HEARTH RUGS,
DOOR SLIPS,
COCOA MATS,
Floor Oil Cloths,
Table Baizes.

NEW

LACE CURTAINS,

Art Muslins, White Quilts,

Sheetings, Shirtings, Towellings,

White and Colored Tablings.

MISSES' AND WOMEN'S

FAST BLACK HOSIERY,

Boys' Knickerbocker Hose,
Gents' Half Hose.

LADIES' BLACK SILK

UMBRELLAS.

Fancy Windsor Scarfs,
Gents' Scarfs,
LATEST STYLES.

NEW FANCY PRINTS,
VERONA CORDS,
DRESS GOODS.

Wall Papers

—AND—

BORDERINGS.

We call special attention to our Stock of Boys', Misses', Men's and Women's

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Bridgetown, April 4th, 1893.

MAGISTRATES' BLANKS AT THIS OFFICE

New, Bright GOODS!

THE subscriber begs to announce to the inhabitants of

BRIDGETOWN

That he has taken possession of the

Store next door to the Grand Central Hotel,

Where he purposes carrying on a business in

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

THE STOCK NOW INCLUDES

DRY GOODS,
BOOTS & SHOES,
GROCERIES,

—AND—

CONFECTIONERY,

which will be augmented in a few days with additional large arrivals in the above lines, making the display one of the best and newest in the market.

In Exchange

I am prepared to take all kinds of Country Produce at highest rates.

An inspection will convince all that prices are right; and I hope by strict attention and small percentages to enjoy a share of public patronage.

JOSEPH I. FOSTER.

Bridgetown, June 19th, 1893.

Quite Near You!

MR. JOHN H. FISHER, for a number of years known as

Bridgetown's Merchant Tailor,

has again returned to the Valley, and is now conducting the Custom Tailoring business over

CLARKE'S GROCERY STORE, ANNAPOLIS,

with MR. ANGUS McPHEE in charge of the cutting and working department.

MR. FISHER will be pleased to show his fine line of Cloths, suitable for all seasons, to his many old and all new friends; and as heretofore will guarantee thorough workmanship, perfect fits, and satisfaction in all other respects.

When in the old shire town drop in and see our Cloths, and if nothing is done in the way of business we can at least have a friendly chat and quote prices. 10 tf

MOWING MACHINES

THE subscribers will have on hand all the leading Mowing Machines,

Horse Rakes and Cultivators.

ALSO, ALL KINDS OF

GARDEN TOOLS.

SECTIONS AND REPAIRS of all kinds supplied.

Warehouse at S. C. Mulhall's, dealer in Tinware, etc.

MOORE & NEIY.

Middleton, June 20th, 1893. 17 tf

New Advertisements.

DON'T BE CARRIED AWAY

By the puff an advertisement.

—o—

We cannot sell you Ladies' Hose of Gloves for 10c. per pair. We have never handled that class of goods, but we will sell you

Good Goods

—AT THE—

LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES

bought upon the most favorable terms, and in the best markets that an experience of 13 years in the business can produce.

Customers will find our usually large stock larger and better selected than ever before. A comparison of prices with any house in the country (considering quality) is most earnestly solicited.

Millinery and Ladies' Furnishings

as usual are our Specialities.

J. H. CHUTE,
MIDDLETON.

CORSETS!

Another lot of those celebrated D. &