LOCAL MARKET.

London, Monday, Feb. 11.

The stormy weather of this morning coupled with the fact that there is neither good sleighing nor good wheeling on the roads leading to the city, was no doubt the cause of the small attendance at the market.

There had been only three loads of hay offered up to 11:50 o'clock; prices were higher, at $13 50 and $13 75 pier ton.

Several loads of live hogs were brought in, for which $6 75 per cwt was paid for selects.

No grain of any kind offered today.

There should be a good demand for hay, straw, oats, butter eggs, poultry and dressed hogs at Tuesday's market, and prices are likely to be firm.

COTTON MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

New York, Feb. 11.—Cotton—Futures opened steady; March, $9 38; May, $9 55; July, $9 64; August, $9 61 to $9 62; October, $9 79; November offered at $9 80; December offered at $9 86; January, $9 95 bid.

COBALT.

All mining stocks bought and sold. Private wire to Toronto, New York and Boston stock exchanges.

H. C. BECHER,

432 RICHMOND. PHONE 213.

BEAN MARKET.

DETROIT.

Detroit, Feb. 9.—Beans—Cash, $1 31; March, $1 35.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

TORONTO.

Toronto, Feb. 11.—The breadstuffs market continues very steady. Ontario wheat has a firmer tone, and Manitobas are very firm, although there is practicaly no business in them. Milder conditions in the west are expected to result in an improvement in the market. Sales on the local call board were one car of No. 2 white oats at 39½c east, en route to Montreal, and one car at 40c. Call board quotations were:

Wheat—Ontario, No. 2 white winter, 72c bid east; No. 2 mixed, 71c bid, main line.

Barley—No. 2, 51c bid on C. P. R.; No. 3 extra, 49c bid on C. P. R.

Peas—No. 2, 82c asked outside, 81c bid.

Oats—No. 2, 38½c bid at Toronto.

Rye—No. 2, 70½c bid east.

Other prices are:

Wheat—Ontario, No. 2 red, 71c to 71½c; Manitoba, No. 1 hard, 85c; No. 1 northern, 84c; No. 2 northern, nominally 82c, at lake ports.

Corn—No. 3 yellow, American, 51½c to 52c outside; Ontario, 43c to 44c, Chatham freights.

Buckwheat—52c to 53c.

Flour—Ontario 90 per cent patents, $2 65 asked, $2 63 bid; Manitoba, first patents, $4 50; seconds, $4; bakers, $3 90.

Millfeed—Bran nominal, $21 bid locally; shorts, $19 to $20.

Butter—Steady and plentiful.

Eggs—Steady to firm.

Cheese—Very firm.

OIL MARKETS.

PITTSBURG.

Pittsburg, Pa., Feb. 9.—Oil opened and closed at $1 58.

OIL CITY.

Oil City, Pa., Feb. 9.—Credit balances, $1 58.

LONDON.

London, Feb. 9.—Petroleum, American refined, 6 13-16d; spirits, 7¾d.

ANTWERP.

Antwerp, Feb. 9.—Petroleum, 20 francs 50 centimes.

SUGAR MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

New York, Feb. 9.—Sugar—Raw steady; fair refining, 2 31-32c; centrifugal, 96° test, 3 7-16c; molasses sugar, 2 23-32c; refined steady. Molasses—Steady.

LONDON.

London, Feb. 9.—Raw sugar—Centrifugal, 10s 3d; Muscovado, 8s 9d; beet sugar, February, 8s 9¾d.

DAIRY MARKETS.

CHICAGO.

Chicago, Feb. 9.—Butter—Firm; creameries, 21c to 31½c; dairies, 20c to 28c.

Cheese—Firm, 13½c to 15c.

MONTREAL.

Montreal, Feb. 11, 12:30.

	Ask	Bid
Canadian Pacific	182¼	181
Minneapolis & St. Paul	115	114
Montreal Street Railway	..	224
Montreal Street Railway, new	226	223¼
Toronto Street Railway	..	112
Twin City Electric Railway	104	103¾
Detroit Railway	80½	79½
Halifax Electric Railway	105	100
Toledo Railway	30	25
Tri City, pfd	96	90
Convertors	..	60½
Colored Cotton	58	52
R. & O. Navigation	80⅛	79
Montreal Power	91½	91
Dominion Steel, com	22	21⅞
Dominion Steel, pref	58	57
Dominion Coal, com	62½	62
Illinois	93½	93
Nova Scotia Steel & Coal	72	70
Montreal Telegraph Co	165	160
Bell Telephone	145	140½
Ogilvie Milling, pfd	124	..
Ogilvie Milling, com	..	250
Mackay, com	74	73½
Mackay, pfd	70¼	69¼
Lake of the Woods, pfd	112	107
Laurentide Paper Pref	108	105
Rio	48	47½
Mexican Tram	54½	54¼
Ohio	81	59
Dominion Textile, pfd	99	96
B. N. A. Bank	..	148½
Molsons Bank	215	210
Bank of Toronto	235	230
Merchants Bank	169	168
Royal Bank	240	..
Bank of Nova Scotia	295	..
Eastern Townships Bank	..	161
Quebec Bank	138	135
New Brunswick Bank	275	..
Bank of Commerce	179½	..
Sovereign Bank	135	132½
Hochelaga	154½	..
Havana	89½	..
Textile Bonds A	94	91
Textile Bonds B	..	91
Textile Bonds C	94	91
Dominion Cotton Bonds	..	94
Havana, com	..	44
Havana, pref	85	..
Halifax Tramway Bonds	103	100
Rio Bonds	79	78
Scotia, com., Bonds	101½	..
Dominion Coal bonds	69¼	..
Winnipeg Electric bonds	103½	..
Dominion Steel Bonds	79	78½
N. S. Steel bonds	108	..
Lake of the Woods bonds	107	..

Morning Sales: Twin City, xd., 10 at 103¾, 25, 10 and 25 at 103¼; Tri-City, preferred, 15 at 90; Sao Paulo, 50 at 133; do, bonds, 5,000 and 2,500 at 94½; Mexican Electric, bonds, 1,000 and 500 at 78¼; General Electric, 2 at 130; Mackay, common, 10 at 73¼, 50, 100 and 50 at 73¾, 50, 25 and 25 at 74, 25, 150, 25 and 25 at 74½; do, preferred, 5 at 79; St. Lawrence, 20 at 124; Rio, 60 at 47; do, bonds, 5,000 and 4,000 at 78¼; City Dairy, common, 1 at 35¼, 1 at 35; Dominion Bank, 1, 2, 10, 1, 1, 11, 2, 2, 1, 1, 2, 2, 1 and 2 at 265; Standard Bank, 20 at 230; Bank of Toronto, 10 at 232; Colonial Loan, 75 at 75; Bank of Hamilton, 5 at 215; Traders' Bank, 5 at 139½.

TORONTO.

Toronto, Feb 11, 12:45.

	Ask.	Bid
C. P. R.	..	108½
Niagara, St. C. & T.	..	75
Rio Janiero	47¼	47
Sao Paulo Tramway	133	132½
Tri-City, pref	96	..
Twin City	104	103¾
Winnipeg Railway	180	176
Northern Navigation	90	..
R. & O. Navigation	80	..
St. L. & C. Navigation	124	..
Canada General Electric	135	129¼
City Dairy, com	..	34
City Dairy, pfd	90	..
Consumers' Gas	204	201
Dominion Steel, com	..	22
Electric Development	40	..
Mackay, com	74¼	73¾
Mackay, pfd	70	69¾
Mexican	54¼	53¾
North Star	90	..
Nova Scotia Steel, pref	72	71
Ontario & Qu'Appelle Land	..	160
Toronto Electric Light	160	..
Bank of Commerce	179	177
Dominion Bank	267	..
Bank of Hamilton	217	..
Imperial Bank	..	223
Metropolitan	..	192
Bank of Ottawa	226	..
Sovereign Bank	138	131¼
Bank of Toronto	235	..
Traders' Bank	140	..
Agricultural	..	122
Canada Landed	127	124
Canada Permanent	..	125
Central Canada Loan	..	160
Colonial Investment	75	..
Dominion Savings	..	71
Hamilton Provident	124	121
Huron & Erie	138	134
Landed B. & L.	..	124
London & Canada L. & A.	..	107
London Loan	113	..
National Trust	..	158½
Ontario Loan and Deb	..	134
Real Estate	..	90
Toronto Mortgage	..	110
Dominion Steel Bonds	79¼	..
Mexican Electric Bonds	79	..
Mexican Power bonds	..	82½
Rio bonds	..	78¼
Sao Paulo	94¾	94⅛

Morning Sales: Montreal Railway, 3½ at 227, 25 at 226, 3½ at 227; do, new, 2 6-7 at 223; Tri-City, preferred, 2 at 90½; Illinois, 10 at 93½; Mackay, common, 50 at 74¼; do, preferred, 10 at 70; Twin City, 25 at 103¾, 100 at 103⅞; Mexican, 50 at 54¼; Detroit Railway, 25 at 79½; Coal, common, 100 at 62; Iron, common, 125 at 22, 25 at 22; Textile, bonds, 500 at 92; Sao Paulo, 25,000 at 94½; Rio, bonds, 5,000 at 78½; Mexican Electric, bonds, 1,000 at 78; Hochelaga Bank, 30 at 155; Quebec Bank, 5 at 137.

SIR ROBERT HART TO QUIT CHINA

Has Been in the Chinese Customs Service Since 1859—Greatly Honored.

London, Feb. 11.—It is announced that Sir Robert Hart, director-general of Chinese imperial customs, will leave China for England at the end of February on a two years' leave of absence, and that he is not likely ever to return. This is regarded as the outcome of the appointment last summer of Chinese as customs commissioners.

Sir Robert Hart, who is an Irishman by birth, has been in the Chinese customs service since 1859. He became director-general of Chinese customs, inland as well as maritime, in 1901. The office was bestowed upon him as a reward for services rendered the Chinese Government in connection with the international settlement of the Boxer troubles. He created the customs service and gave China a tariff, which at the same time was stable and comprehensive to the business men having commercial relations with China. He has been behind every commercial treaty that China has made. Sir Robert also established the lighthouse service on the dangerous Chinese coast, and the postal service, which is now being extended to all parts of China. He has received the greatest honors in the gift of the Chinese Government.

EDISON IS SIXTY

And Says From Now On Will Study Electricity for Fun.

New York, Feb. 11.—Thomas A. Edison, the inventor, is 60 years old today. In an interview yesterday he said it was now time for him to knock off work and play a while.

"For 45 years I have been making experiments with electricity," said he, "but all these years I have been turning these experiments to commercial value so fast that I have not had a chance to play with electricity for the fun of the thing, just to see how much I can find out about it. But from tomorrow on I am going to give up the commercial end of it, and work in my laboratory purely as a scientist. That will be the pleasure I have long been promising myself."

"Is it possible to foretell what the next great step in the application of electricity to the mechanics of present-day life will be?" Mr. Edison was asked.

"I would be a daring man to venture a prediction?" he answered, "We are all busy collecting data, we investigators, and maybe in 500 years more we will begin to suspect something."

WALKS ON THE WATER

Hikes Down Mississippi for 1,600 Miles and Wins $5,000 Wager.

Chicago, Feb. 11.—A dispatch to the Tribune from New Orleans says: Captain Charles W. Oldrieve yesterday completed the feat of walking on water from Cincinnati to New Orleans, 1,600 miles, in 40 days, lacking 45 minutes, thereby winning the world's championship and a bet of $5,000. Oldrieve met with an accident just before reaching the goal at the Canal street, that nearly cost his life. The big woden shoes suddenly slid outward, and the water-walker turned turtle. His wife, who accompanied him all the way in a row-boat, rescued the captain.

Oldrieve left Cincinnati Jan. 1 at noon on a wager that he would walk to New Orleans in 40 days. He was in motion only during daylight, staying over every night at various landings, and was equipped with shoes made of cedar wood, 4 feet 5 inches long, 5 inches broad and 7 inches deep.

GENERAL ROGERS DEAD.

Sandy Hill, N. Y., Feb. 11.—General James C. Rogers, a distinguished civil war veteran, is dead here of cerebral hemorrhage. He was 68 years of age. He was colonel of the One Hundred and Twenty-third Regiment, New York Volunteers, and in the last year of the war commanded a brigade, retiring with the rank of brigadier-general. He was an attorney by profession.

PERSIA "FIRES" BELGIANS.

Teheran, Feb. 11. — The Persian Government has dispensed with the services of M. J. Naus, Minister of Customs and Posts, who is a Belgian, and of M. Priem, another Belgian official in consequence of representations on the part of the people that the Government was continuing to support the Belgians, against whose conduct in the administration of their offices serious complaints have been made for some time past.

WAR ON THE LORDS BEGINS AT ONCE

Commons to Attack Peers Immediately House Opens.

SHORTLY TO APPEAL TO VOTERS

King Edward Expected To Refer to Question in Speech From Throne To Be Delivered Tuesday.

London, Feb. 10.—The re-assembling of parliament Feb. 12, arouses intense interest here as the Government intends to immediately inaugurate measures to check the powers of the House of Lords, making it subordinate to the will of the people, as represented by the House of Commons.

This is nothing less than a revolution in the present constitutional methods and foreshadows a bitter contest between the two houses, with the Government already prepared for a dissolution and an appeal to the country upon the necessity of curbing the power representing the aristocracy in the interests of the democracy.

Recent councils of the ministers have determined the main lines of the Government's action, which is expected to begin with the introduction of a resolution laying down the House of Commons inalienable rights.

A similar historic resolution was adopted in the 17th century, upon which the rights of the Commons to control money matters was based. This will be merely preliminary to a series of measures by which Premier Campbell-Bannerman proposes to frame a clear issue against the Lords and then appeal to the people upon it.

The Government's determination to make the fight now is due to defeat of the education bill by the upper house and the prospective defeat of all other features of the existing ministerial programme.

It is seldom that a speech from the throne has been awaited with such eager interest, as it is asserted that the ministry has induced the crown to make an allusion to the constitutional dealock between the Lords and Commons. Whether King Edward is ready to take such significant action is open to doubt. It is probable that any reference to his majesty may make on the subject of the House of Lords will be couched in moderate controversial language because the speech is addressed to both houses.

The proposed Government resolution challenging the powers of the House of Lords can have little effect in itself, as the Lords' powers remain, despite resolutions, but the passage of such resolution is designed to give the keynote of the ministerial plans. These will consists chiefly of sending the Lords a number of popular measures, including a drastic bill affecting the estates of peers and other members of the aristocracy. These measures are sure to be rejected by the House of Lords, thus giving the Government the opportunity to appeal to the country.

Members of the ministry openly discuss these plans and predict several dissolutions before a reform of the House of Lords can become effective.

The royal procession will consist of six state coaches containing the lords and ladies-in-waiting, the keeper of the privy purse, and the master of horse, concluding with his majesty's state coach, drawn by eight cream-colored horses. Elaborate preparations are being made for the street pageant and the ceremony in the House of Peers, where King Edward, robed in a crimson velvet edged with ermine, and surrounded by a brilliant throng, will read the speech from the throne.

King Edward and Queen Alexandra returned to London this evening from Paris for the ceremony.

URGE SECESSION

Some Newfoundland Legislators Would Have Island Leave the Empire.

St. Johns, Nfld., Feb. 10.—The announcement that Sir Wilfrid Laurier has expressed sympathy with Newfoundland in the colony's campaign against American fishermen, encouraged the Government leaders, who will outlined their plans, protesting against the modus vivendi, at Tuesday's session of the Legislature.

The newspaper organ of the Opposition party uttered a vehement protest today against strong language used by several Government speakers in the Legislature on Thursday.

They advocated the secession of the colony from the empire.

STEEL FROM THE U. S.

Washington, Feb. 10.—The exportation of iron and steel manufacturers reached their highest record during the past year, according to figures compiled by the United States bureau of statistics of the department of commerce and labor. The total of these products exported in the calendar year, 1906, aggregated $172,500,000, an increase of $30,000,000 over the preceding year. There has been an increase of 7.5 in the exportation of these to the United States in the past year. Of the iron and steel exports for the fiscal year, 1906, which amounted to $161,000,000, $72,000,000 worth, or 40 per cent of the total, went to the various countries of North America, including Canada.

SAYS WIFE SKIPPED.

Windsor, Feb. 10.—Alexander Richards, who lives on Campbell avenue, Windsor, alleges that his wife has left home and he believes she now is in Michigan in company with a Windsor bartender. They left the city the same day.

He further says that on the day his wife left he gave her $51 with which to pay the grocery and meat bills, and that she took this money with her.

Richards is a hard-working fellow, and is left with the care of two children, aged 6 and 4 years. He is not anxious to have his wife return, as he says he is competent to earn a living for himself and boys.

Professor Dorenwend, with Switches, Etc., at City Hotel, tomorrow (Tuesday).

WALES SOON AN ADMIRAL

Heir to the Throne Now Heads the List of Vice-Admirals.

London, Feb. 10.—The Prince of Wales yesterday reached the top of the vice-admirals' list, and in due course he will be promoted to the rank of full admiral. The advancement of his royal highness to the head of the list is due to the retirement of Admiral Sir Archibald Douglas, commanding at Portsmouth, who reached the age limit of 65 years yesterday. The Portsmouth command will be taken over by Admiral Sir W. H. Bosanquet, and a step will be taken by Vice-Admiral Sir James Bruce; Rear-Admiral Sir F. Powell will be the new vice-admiral.

Two other admirals—Sir C. E. Domvile and Sir Arthur K. Wilson—reach the age limit this year, the latter on March 4, so that the promotion of the prince to the rank of admiral cannot be long delayed.

During the coming spring the prince's two sons, Princes Edward and Albert of Wales, will be entered as naval cadets and will begin their training at Osborne. It was on June 5, just 30 years ago this year, that the Prince of Wales began his training for the navy as a cadet on the Britannia.

FRANCE AND VATICAN

Temps Prints Contract Said To Have Been Submitted to the Pope.

Paris, Feb 10.—The Temps today prints what it declares to be the true history of the address of the French episcopate proposing model contracts for churches. According to this, the ultramontaines, who are in the majority in the episcopate, favored the maintenance of the status quo, but agreed to submit to the Vatican the question of contracts which the moderates proposed, in the belief that it would not be acceptable there.

Monsignor Dadelle, Archbishop of Dijon, and Bishop Touchet took the minutes to Rome, and Cardinal Merry Del Val, papal secretary of state, told them the Pope was willing to accept the principle of the contracts if absolute solidarity was shown, but that this decision must come ostensibly from the episcopate, as he could not publicly intervene. Thereupon the Temps says the address was drawn up and submitted to the Pope, who, with his own hand, supplemented the clause, specifying that the contract must be accepted everywhere with "Or we do not wish it anywhere."

The document, the paper says, was then brought to Paris and issued in the name of the entire episcopate, although many of the bishops never saw it until it was published.

HAYTI DEFIES GERMANY

Latter in Vain Demands Withdrawal of Objectionable Phrase.

Port-au-Prince, Hayti, Feb. 10.—The relations between the governments of Hayti and Germany are strained owing to the refusal of the German bankers, Hermann & Co., by direction of the courts at Port-au-Prince, to return to the Hayti Government large sums of money alleged to have been obtained fraudulently.

Among the alleged transactions of Hermann & Co. with the Haytien Government was one which is said to have proved favorable to the Government. This was concluded by the Haytien Minister of Finance, the German legation and Hermann & Co. The German minister demanded that this transaction, as well as others, be annulled, but the Haytien Government in terms that the German minister deemed offensive, refused to acquiesce. The German minister at the same time demanded the withdrawal of the phrases objected to. This also was refused. Fears are entertained here of grave complications.

The Official Monitor recently published notice of the expulsion of Mr. Mensour, an American citizen, but Mr. Furness, the American minister, believing the call for the Mensour expulsion, unjustified, asked for the withdrawal of the order. This, however, was refused, and Mensour has left for New York. The seal of the American legation has been placed on his shop.

IS IT SURRENDER POLICY?

Does Bryce's Appointment Mean More Concessions to the U. S.

London, Feb. 10.—The speech of James Bryce, the new ambassador at Washington, at the Pilgrim Club banquet, as indicating his policy at Washington, is cordially commended by most commentators. There is a growing section of the anti-American press, however, which finds in it a subject for severe criticism. The writers assume in effect that the new ambassador will find in American statesmen a set of scheming sharpers, to whom Mr. Bryce will fall a willing victim.

Thus, yesterday's Outlook says: "When it comes to a matter of international bargaining, President Roosevelt and Secretary Root will be required to be watched as one would watch a New England farmer in a horse deal. We are not quite sure that Mr. Bryce's vigilance is altogether of this realistic character. If we may judge from his farewell speech, it is in a spirit of almost excessive altruism that he goes to his new post.

"Mr. Bryce ranges himself instinctively with those who exalt Anglo-American friendship to the height of supreme dogma. His devotion to America and to the ideas of frictionless sympathy between the two nations very greatly exceeds his devotion to the empire. It is common knowledge that Sir Henry Mortimer Durand's resignation was due to President Roosevelt's irritation with his firmness in upholding British interests and to the mistaken weakness of Sir Edward Grey, the foreign minister, in proceeding upon the strange assumption that Anglo-American good-will can only be maintained on a sliding scale of British concessions.

"Mr. Bryce's appointment, in view of all that preceded it, and of his reputation for anti-nationalism and for pro-Americanism, is very naturally accepted in Ottawa and St. Johns as an indication that the policy of surrender is to be resumed."

IF YOUR CHILDREN are troubled with worms, give them Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator; safe, sure and effectual. Try it, and mark the improvement in your condition.

PROBING CAYUGA DEATH MYSTERY

Provincial Detective Inclined to Think Perkins Was Murdered.

Hamilton, Feb. 10.—Provincial Detective William Greer, who is investigating the mysterious death of John Perkins, of Canfield, was in the city today in connection with the case and spent a short time at police headquarters. The provincial officer is said to have expressed an opinion, as a result of the inquiries he has made, that it is a straight case of murder.

A brother of the dead man, who came from Winnipeg to see that the case was properly probed, has been making an investigation with Detective Greer and it is reported that there is likely to be sensational developments in the course of a week or so.

The arrival in Cayuga during the week of John Perkins, of Winnipeg, a brother of Henry Perkins, whose mysterious death has been the all-prevailing topic there for a month past, in company with Provincial Detective Greer, has infused further interest in the case and has set fresh rumors afloat.

Mr. Perkins arrived with a letter from Mrs. Perkins, received by him on Jan. 13, and merely announcing the death of his brother, with no mention of the inquest. The townsfolk are commenting upon the fact that Mr. Perkins did not call upon his sister-in-law.

The detective, while in Welland on Wednesday with Mr. Perkins, who is a police constable, conferred with Crown Attorney Cowper, and inspected the poison books in the local drug stores. It is understood that he failed to find the name of Mr. Perkins there recorded. He copied down another name, however, which he declines to divulge.

Thomas McDonald was put through a two-hours' inquisition by the detective and, it is said, gave some interesting information.

SYMPATHY OF MANY

Expressions of Condolence With Greys From All Parts of the World.

Ottawa, Feb. 10.—Cablegrams and messages of condolence have been received by their excellencies from all parts of the Empire, the United States and other countries, as follows:

From the King to Lord Grey: "The Queen and I feel deeply for you and Lady Grey in your great sorrow, and offer you our deepest sympathy. (Signed) Edward, R. I."

From the Prince and Princess of Wales: "Deeply distressed at your great sorrow; offer warmest sympathy. (Signed) Louise."

From Princess Christian: "Heartfelt, truest sympathy. (Signed) Helena."

Messages were also received from the Viceroy of India and Lady Minto, the Viceroy of Ireland and Lady Aberdeen, Earl Elgin, Mr. Balfour, Joseph Chamberlain, Lord Strathcona, Earl Rosebery, the American ambassador in London and Mrs. Whitelaw Reid, the Prime Minister of Cape Colony, Secretary Root, Hon. Joseph Choate, General Booth and many others.

The following was given out this evening at the Government House:

"The telegrams and letters from public bodies and private individuals in Canada have been so numerous that the list would be too long to publish. They will be gratefully acknowledged as soon as possible.

"Their excellencies would like the people of Canada to know how much comforted and deeply touched they have been by the kind expressions of sympathy which have reached them from all parts of the Dominion. The feeling shown for their excellencies has lightened for them a sorrow, the burden of which has been shared by so many friends."

QUEEN'S MAY GET MONEY

Many Legislators in Favor of Substantial Grant to the University.

Toronto, Feb. 10.—Save the progress which the committees made in the Legislature last week, nothing beyond routine business engaged the attention of the Legislature. A jaunt was made to Kingston where the members were the guests of Queen's University. The ministerial members made no promises, although they found the banquet excellent.

The private members, however, are talking and it is quite likely that this institution will receive substantial aid. Queen's University proves a strong competitor to the university at Toronto. The former institution, which was founded as a Presbyterian college, has done some excellent work at comparatively small outlay.

Several Government measures will see the light of day next week. The executive council has been busily engaged every day considering various Government bills. The public accounts and the estimates will likely be tabled towards the end of the week.

Hon. W. J. Hanna's bill regulating joint stock companies, which is intended to wring the water out of the stock, is meeting with bitter opposition in certain quarters. Some changes to the mines act, it is understood, will be brought down this week. This will mean also that perhaps heavier taxation will be imposed.

THEY ARE A POWERFUL NERVINE.—Dyspepsia causes derangement of the nervous system, and nervous debility once engendered is difficult to deal with. There are many testimonials as to the efficacy of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills in treating this disorder, showing that they never fail to produce good results. By giving proper tone to the digestive organs, they restore equilibrium to the nerve centers.

REAL LIVE BOYS—HUSKY LITTLE FELLOWS, WHO ENJOY WINTER WEATHER, BREAKFAST ON

SHREDDED WHEAT

Served with hot milk or cream, it is the best morning meal; nourishing, tasty and easily digested; fills the veins with rich, warm, red blood.

Give the children the BISCUIT for breakfast. Try TRISCUIT for luncheon.

All Grocers—13c a carton, or 2 for 25c.

TITLED WOMEN DEMAND SUFFRAGE

Many Great English Ladies in Demonstration Before the House of Commons.

London, Feb. 10.—Titled women, clad in silk and velvet, women with university degrees, girl graduates in caps and gowns, women artists, members of the Lyceum, and other women's clubs, temperance advocates and women textile workers, gathered from all parts of the country yesterday afternoon and marched in the rain through the muddy streets in support of the movement in favor of woman suffrage.

The participants in the demonstration were marshaled at Hyde Park, and with bands and banners, marched through Piccadilly, Regent street and Pall Mall to Trafalgar Square and Exeter Hall, where a public meeting was held.

The speakers demanded the early attention of parliament to the bill providing for the enfranchisement of women.

The demonstrators included such well known persons as Lady Frances Balfour, sister of the ex-Premier, Lady Maude Parry, and other titled women. Mrs. Fawcett, widow of the ex-postmaster-general, and most of the leaders of the more important suffrage societies, who are utterly opposed to the militant methods of the so-called "suffragists," who recently were carried out of the House of Commons by policemen and committed to prison for disturbing the peace.

There were several thousand women in the procession, which was half a mile long.

NO WAR OVER THE SCHOOL QUESTION

Washington Expects to Settle 'Frisco Trouble to Everyone's Satisfaction.

Washington, Feb. 10. — President Roosevelt and the authorities of San Francisco reached the mutual understanding yesterday that the California-Japanese school question can be adjusted without danger of any serious difficulty with, or any complaint by Japan. The details of the adjustment are not agreed upon. To arrange them other conferences will be held, the next one on Monday.

The California municipal delegation came to Washington, it is said, with nothing in the nature of an ultimatum, but rather open to consideration of any basis of settlement which the administration might propose.

The conference took place at the White House and was attended by President Roosevelt and Secretary of State Root, representing the administration, and by Mayor E. E. Schmitz, the members of the board of education, the superintendent of schools and the assistant city attorney, all representing the educational interests of San Francisco.

THE WESTERN CENSUS

Marvelous Growth of Population in Manitoba and Saskatchewan.

Ottawa, Feb. 10. — The population of Manitoba and the Northwest provinces by sexes, and a summary of statistics of field crops and live stock for 1901, are given in a census blue book just issued.

In Manitoba the census of last year showed 205,183 males and 160,505 females. Winnipeg has 50,461 males and 49,652 females, Saskatchewan has 152,793 males and 104,970 females. Albertta has 108,281 males and 77,131 females. In all three provinces there are 466,257 males and 342,606 females, leaving a preponderance of 123,651 males. In 1906 there were in the three provinces 120,439 farms, as compared with 55,625 in 1901, an increase of 65,814. Manitoba now has 35,441 farms, Saskatchewan 54,787 and Alberta 30,211. The increase in the number of farms over 1901 were: Manitoba 3,629, Saskatchewan 41,407, Alberta 20,778. In 1906 there were 682,919 horses in the three provinces, as compared with 340,239 in 1901; 284,006 milch cows, as compared with 244,216; 1,560,992 other horned cattle, as compared with 698,407. The area of wheat under cultivation last year was 2,422,345 acres for Manitoba, 1,381,921 for Saskatchewan, and 147,821 for Alberta, a total of 3,952,187 acres, as against 2,495,467 in 1901.

Malta-Vita

"The Perfect Food"

The grocer who offers you something "just as good" has no regard for your judgment or your health. It's delicious.

HAMILTON FACES ANOTHER STRIKE

Discharge and Arrest of Street Railwaymen May Bring On Fresh Strife.

Hamilton, Feb. 10.—It looks very much as if Hamilton would be in the throes of another street railway strike in the near future.

Eight conductors and motormen, all members of the union which fought the company, were "fired" yesterday morning. There is no charge of dishonesty against them. The reason the company gives for their dismissal is that their services were not satisfactory.

The company intimates that if the union makes trouble over the dismissals further charges will be laid.

It is alleged by the company that the men dismissed committed the offense of taking fares in their hand before putting them into the fare boxes, instead of allowing the passengers to put the fare into the boxes, as called for by the rules.

The union men claim that the company is simply weeding them out because they went on strike, and it is likely that the union will hold a special meeting to deal with the matter.

It looks now as though the consequences would be grave. The men dismissed are C. Wilson, J. Fallis, T. Kay, W. Patterson, W. Shaw, J. McDonogh, W. Noble and George Lunmann. All belong to the union.

The three men arrested were released on bail. Only one of them belong to the old union, the other two being seceders.

LIONESS ATTACKS HER NEW OWNER

She and Her Mate Evidently Resent Their Removal From Zoological Garden.

Nice, Feb. 10.—Quite a dramatic incident took place yesterday at the Zoological Gardens at Cimiez. The wild animals had been sold yesterday at auction, and their purchasers had to remove them today. M. Valenda, tamer, manager of the Menagerie Moderne at Antibes, was the purchaser of Goliath and Judith, the lion and lioness of the Lagrange collection. The door of a heavy wooden cage (called a "sabot") was placed against the door of the lion's cage, and the animals were invited to move into their new quarters—the invitation being in the form of jabs with an iron pike.

The lion went quietly enough, but the lioness refused to move. Whereupon M. Valenda quickly stepped into the cage and faced the lioness. The angry beast sprang at him and struck him a violent blow across the breast, which tore his coat to ribbons and made him bleed profusely.

M. Valenda stood his ground with the greatest bravery, and, finally mastering the beast, drove her into the "sabot." The animals were then securely locked in, and the improvised cage was transported to Antibes by cart. M. Valenda was not severely hurt, although his clothes were torn into strips. He was covered with blood, but was able to walk to a chemist's shop to have his wounds dressed.

Butte Hill, far famed as the richest an insignificant rise of land, not over mineral-producing spot in the world, is 300 feet above the river level in the valley. It is, approximately, two and a half miles in length by two miles in width and is an irregular oval in shape. The richest ore-producing portion, however, is centered in a space of about two square miles. Within that limit there are no fewer than 40 principal shafts from 1,000 to 2,400 feet in depth, besides many smaller and less important developments and prospects. Underground there is a network of drifts, cross-cuts and galleries, frequently intersecting each other and connecting the deep workings of different mines. It is estimated that there is more than 500 miles of such underground excavations. The output from this single hill is upward of 14,000 tons of ore a day, yielding more than 10,000 tons of refined copper a month, exclusive of gold and silver.

Appreciation of your work grows high as your bank account waxes fat.

THE PONTIFF'S JUBILEE.

Rome, Feb 10.—The Pope today received the committee which has charge of the celebration of the jubilee of his entry into the priesthood. The Pontiff said that if he has his own way he would celebrate it privately, in prayer, but if it would be for the good of the church, he would submit to whatever arrangements were made, adding that what remained from the offerings on the occasion of his jubilee would be devoted to the relief of the poor French dioceses.