

The Cartage Grievance

Discussed by the Board of Trade.

Co-operation Between the Board and the Aldermen Urged.

Assistance Voted for the Coming Dairy Convention—A Local Cartage Company Proposed.

The London Board of Trade met last evening. There were present: Messrs. M. Maurel, John Bowman, T. R. Parker, J. D. Clarke, George Taylor, John Houston, S. F. Glass, D. B. Dewar, John Campbell, T. S. Hobbs, J. S. Pearce, J. Frith Jeffers, Ald. Parnell, John Tanton, S. Stevely, J. Paul, G. Gurnea, B. J. Nash and James Cowan.

W. C. Bell, Syracuse, N. Y., inquired as to the amount of and style of the roofing done in Ontario. His object was to inquire if there was sufficient "standing seam" roofing done to warrant him in its use.

The president explained that very little tin roofing was done in the Province, and he had replied to that effect. The communication was filed.

Messrs. John B. Glass and P. M. Lawrance resigned their positions as members of the Board of Trade. Accepted.

Edgar A. Willis, secretary of the Toronto Board of Trade, asked if the London Board would be represented in a committee to address the Government with regard to the introduction of the new section of the Involuntary Bill, agreed upon by the joint boards of trade. The matter was left in the hands of the president and Mr. J. W. Little, secretary of the Victoria B. C. Board of Trade, forwarded a copy of "Victoria Illustrated," and said he would be pleased to procure a copy of the illustrated book the London Board proposed publishing. Acknowledged with thanks.

J. W. Little, secretary of the Western Ontario Dairyman's Association, asked that the board make a grant towards the annual convention of the association to be held in this city during the coming winter.

Mr. J. S. Pearce stated that the Dairyman's Association would meet in the city on January 10, and that several hundred visitors would be here.

Every effort was being made to have the headquarters of the association established in London, and it was contemplated that the dairy school would be established in this vicinity. He moved that the board request the City Council to make a grant for the purpose; other cities and towns had made grants. The amount necessary would be \$100 or \$200. It was proposed to send a pamphlet to all the principal dairymen in the country.

Mr. Clarke suggested that it would be an easier thing to get a grant from the City Council if the aldermen were assured that the city's splendid position as a commercial and manufacturing center would be set forth in the 5,000 pamphlets which it was proposed to issue.

The president—that would be a capital idea.

Mr. Pearce said the suggestion would be noted.

Mr. Wheaton, permanent secretary of the Dairyman's Association, was present and said that the association was organized in 1877. In that year the cheese trade had become so extensive that it was deemed necessary to have two organizations. The quality of the cheese made in Western Ontario was now second only to that made in Great Britain, and when their winter dairying arrangements were completed they would vastly increase the trade. Mr. Wheaton extended an invitation to all the members to attend the convention of the association to be held in Victoria Hall on Jan. 10, 11 and 12.

The motion of Mr. Pearce carried.

A. O. Graydon's application for membership will be handled on at the next meeting.

Mr. T. S. Hobbs reported the annual convention of the council regarding the decision of the railway companies to charge extra rates for cartage. It was deemed an annoyance to the merchants, and there was quite a feeling in Toronto regarding the railway companies.

What the merchants asked was that the cartage rates be included in the freightage rates.

Mr. John Bowman stated that it was simply an advance in freight from 5 to 10 percent.

Mr. Cowan stated that it seemed like a hardship on the merchants to have this cartage rate charged. It appeared to be beyond the power of the board to prevent it, but it seemed to him that the most advisable scheme was to have it embodied in the freightage rates.

The secretary was instructed to request the other boards of trade to join the London Board in having the cartage rates embodied in the freightage rates.

Mr. Bowman suggested the formation of a local cartage company.

Mr. Hobbs favored the idea, as did several other members.

Mr. T. R. Parker stated that an advertisement should be inserted in the local papers advertising the city, the same as had been inserted in the Buffalo papers.

The president explained that the board were waiting until after Jan. 1.

Mr. S. F. Glass said that this board should take some action in regard to rail-road matters. He would like to see the board take some interest in the London and Port Stanley lease. About 40,000 tons of coal were used in this city in a year, and he thought that some action should be taken towards a reduction of the price of fuel. He would suggest that a committee be formed to consider this matter and that a special meeting of the board be called to consider their report.

Ald. Parnell said that he had thought that a number of the members of the board had resigned because the interests of the board were not looked into sufficiently. He referred to the London and Port Stanley Railroad. The Grand Trunk Railway Company had stated that \$100,000 would be necessary to place the road in running order, while the expert employed by the council had reported that one-third of that amount would be sufficient. Other questions at present causing a good deal of discussion in the council were the electric street railway and the electric lighting of the city. He claimed that the board should place themselves on record on these matters.

Mr. John Campbell stated that deputations of the board to the council had not been very cordially received.

He thought that if these deputations had been received that a little more cordially the board would be inclined to take a more active interest in these matters. Aldermen had been elected who apparently thought they had forgotten more than the Board of Trade had even known. With respect to the London and Port Stanley Railroad, merchants had told him that they had had goods lying at Port Stanley two weeks before they could get

the company to transport them to London.

The port should be kept open under any new arrangement. The rates were going up every year. He was in favor of going in for this new cartage company.

Mr. Glass moved that a committee of Messrs. Maurel, Campbell, Taylor and Clarke be appointed to report at a meeting to be held two weeks hence to the board regarding the advisability of having these matters submitted to the electors at the coming municipal elections. Some time ago when the board undertook to nominate their ticket and push matters they had succeeded.

Mr. J. D. Clarke was heartily in sympathy with Ald. Parnell in the statements he had made regarding the London and Port Stanley Railroad. The matters mentioned might easily be left with the railroad committee, whose duties were none too extensive.

Mr. Glass was quite willing to allow the matter to be left with the railroad committee.

Mr. Bowman suggested a joint meeting of the Board of Trade and the City Council to consider any of these important matters in which the interest of the city was concerned. London enjoyed all the freight advantages she could expect. The city would derive little benefit from a change in L. and P. S. R. arrangements. London had a cheaper rate on all bituminous coal than Toronto by 10 per cent. This would also apply to anthracite coal.

Mr. Glass moved that the council be requested to appoint a committee to meet the Board of Trade to consider these questions and any others in which the council and board are intimately concerned.

The motion carried.

Mr. Glass moved that the secretary have 500 copies of the bylaws printed. The secretary will ascertain the cost.

BEFORE THE FOOTLIGHTS.

Two Noted Attractions Here Next Week—Ramsey Morris and Mrs. Brown Potter—Guy Bros.—Minstrels.

GUY BROS.' MINSTRELS.

Guy Bros.' minstrels appeared at the Grand Trunk Hotel on Friday evening. Their performance is an improvement on last year's, and this can be laid to the introduction of several first-class specialties. The first part is rather tame, although several new gags were employed.

The second part of the performance was a very successful one. The club juggling of Hugh McVey was clever, while the contortions of Eddie McDonald proved him to be an equal of any one seen in London. His act was without doubt the best of the evening, and was heartily applauded.

The second part closed with an act by four of the Guy Bros. in a rough-and-tumble exhibition. The entire Guy family took to make their show a success.

RAMSEY MORRIS COMING.

The appearance of Ramsey Morris' New York Comedy Company, at the Grand Opera House, on Wednesday evening, Nov. 30, will undoubtedly prove a fashionable event in the present theatrical season.

The organization includes as its leading lady Miss Elsie De Wolfe, the brilliant society girl who last season forewent New York's exclusive 400 for the stage, and created a sensation by so doing. Her career thus far has demonstrated that her course was justified.

Her brilliant comedienne and dramatic dresser on the American stage, her wardrobe for the present season, which has been expressly designed and made in Paris, is said to be of the best.

It is not a star in Mr. Morris' company. The other members have been selected with great care and include only names which rank among the very best. Elaborate scenery and accessories will be brought here for the engagement.

"Joseph," the great comedy success, which all Paris has been laughing at for nearly 1,000 nights, will be the play presented. Reub Fax, who is a resident of Woodstock, and used to play in amateur theatricals in this vicinity, is a member of Mr. Morris' company, and will undoubtedly receive a strong welcome.

MRS. POTTER COMING.

The renowned Mrs. Brown Potter and Kyrie Ballew appear at the Grand in "Therese" on Thursday, Dec. 1. The Chicago News quotes Mrs. Potter as follows in an interesting interview: "Clement Scott called my attention to Therese Raquin," said Mrs. Potter. "He considered me of a distinctly modern school with exactly the personal characteristics most amenable to the realistic inspirations and dramatic tribulations. Mr. Scott is perhaps a trifle partial to me. He always says the most agreeable things. You know I never try for immediate points or climax in acting—somehow I cannot—and Mr. Scott terms me an 'impressionist,' because, while no one effect is electric in a performance of mine, the impression of my work complete is favorable.

"The Lovely Woman," the News goes on, "stood there in the stifling little room, talked slowly, very softly, but so bricly to the point, that when the last act called for a scene, she had quite taken me into a pleasantly informal confidence. On the stage Mrs. Potter is such a creature of emotions, extravagant passion, hysteria, thrills, ebullitions and throes that her calmness a moment after it is all over is astonishing. I left her in the little three-cornered room, with a hundred pretty courtesies upon her lips and smiling eyes, and an instant after the curtain revealed her in the same dress, but sullen, bitter and knitting up the everlasting woe of Therese and whitening with fear at every foot fall."

Use the Best.

is a good motto. It is particularly good when applied to anything which we use daily at our own meals. Bread may truly be called the staff of life and we cannot be too careful as to what we put into it. Good health is of too great importance to be trifled with, and biscuits or pastry made with the stum powders which are so commonly sold in this country, are very injurious, leading to dyspepsia and numerous other troubles resulting therefrom. The pure cream of tartar and soda baking powders are healthful in every respect. In this class of powders the Pure Gold brand has obtained the highest position and is always reliable.

Monthly Prizes for Boys and Girls.

The "Sunlight" Soap Company, Toronto, offer the following prizes every month, to further notice, to boys and girls under 16, residing in the Province of Ontario, who send the greatest number of "Sunlight" wrappers: First, \$10; 2nd, \$5; 3rd, \$3; 4th, \$1; 5th to 14th, a Handmade Book; and a pretty picture to those who send not less than twelve wrappers. Send wrappers to "Sunlight" Soap Office, 43 Scott street, Toronto, not later than 25th of each month, and marked "Competition" in legible full name, address, age and number of wrappers. Winners' names will be published in Toronto Mail on first Saturday in each month.

"She is very distant in her manner."

"Distant! Why, her disposition is so freeing that she is constantly taking cold from it."

Minard's Lintiment on the Gargot in Cow

A MONO MILLS MIRACLE.

A Tale That Reads Like a Novel.

The Story of George Hewitt—Helpless for Thirty Years—At Last Finds Relief in a Simple Way—The Story Corroborated by Reliable Witnesses.

(Orangeville Post.)

For several months the Post, in common with many other journals of Ontario, has been publishing accounts of miraculous cures in various parts of Canada and the United States. We must confess, however, that we have paid little or no attention to these reported miracles, and probably our indifference would have continued to the end had it not been for a little incident that occurred in our office when Washington's circus was in Orangeville a few weeks ago.

Mr. Stewart Mason, a respectable young farmer of Albion township, called at our office on business on that occasion, and as he was leaving we happened to ask him—a course generally pursued by the newspaper men in search of news—if there was anything new in his vicinity.

He replied that there was nothing very startling, but followed this up by asking us if we had heard of the wonderful cure of a man named Hewitt at Mono Mills.

We confessed ignorance, and then Mr. Mason said that from what he had heard it was undoubtedly another miraculous cure through the agency of Dr. Williams' famous Pink Pills.

We had become so thoroughly imbued with the idea that the various details of miracles and other parts were only a new and interesting link in the long chain of patient medicines that we must admit Mr. Mason's statement of a genuine local cure at once excited our interest.

We took a note of the name and quietly made up our mind to investigate the matter at our earliest convenience. We came to the conclusion that there must be something in it, for Mr. Mason, a respectable and reliable young farmer, would not for a moment be suspected of equivocating on a matter in which he had any interest, much less on one which did not concern him.

A few days ago the Post dispatched a representative to Mono Mills to make a full investigation of the alleged cure of George Hewitt. He first called on Mr. John Aldous, proprietor of the Commercial Hotel, and after a few usual preliminaries asked him if he knew a man named Hewitt, in the village.

"Is that the old man that wasn't able to move a short time ago, and is now getting all right so fast?" queried Mr. Aldous. The reporter nodded assent, and in less time than it takes to tell it the chief prominence will be given to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They are a boon which cannot possibly be too widely known."

THE STORY CORROBORATED.

The reporter could scarcely believe that Mr. Hewitt's voice, now so silvery and resonant, was ever the squeaky, feeble and indistinct organ of speech he had indicated, and the scribe questioned Mrs. Benson on this point. She said that every word Mr. Hewitt had related was literally true, and on the question of the restoration of his voice she was corroborated by Mr. Aldous, and other respectable witnesses whom the reporter met in the village later in the day.

Mr. Aldous said he was not surprised at the hesitancy of people about believing the wonderful cure. He did not think that he himself could credit it if he had not been an eye witness of the whole affair. He had known Mr. Hewitt for years, knew that his former utter helplessness was as he had described, and either he had to say it was not Mr. Hewitt who sat before him or to admit the miraculous escape. "These pills,"

Mr. Hewitt's wonderful story.

"I am old, I am 30 years ago, I was scaling a stone wall one day when I fell backward and had my spine injured so seriously that a short time later I became almost entirely disabled. The fatal effects of the fall were gradually but only too rapidly felt, and looking back on a stretch of time extending five years over a quarter of a century, there is little more in the prospect than a picture of pain and gloom and suffering. About 25 years ago I came to Canada and am now known around here for 10 miles. Until twelve years ago I could sit on a chair when placed on it, and manage to move myself around a little. Then even that comfort was suddenly taken from me. One day I was unexpectedly thrown off the chair, and the second fall may be said to have done all but end my life. There was not a ray of hope for me, not a sign of a break in the dark clouds. Ever since then my pitiable condition is known to every one in these parts. All power to move either arms or hands, legs or feet, completely lost. I could be propped upright in a chair, but something had to be put in front of me to keep me from falling forward. Usually a chair like this, and as Mr. Hewitt spoke he lifted and drew forward a chair which was near him, "was placed in front of me and on this I would rest my arms. Not only was all power left my limbs, but every feeling likewise. Why, you could run a needle right into my flesh and I would not know what you were doing unless I saw the act. A myriad of flies might light and revel on me, but I would be in happy ignorance of the fact. When I was laid in bed I could not get up or move unless I was given assistance. The only power my system retained, which may seem to remain, was my neck, but at last even my head fell forward on my breast, and I was indeed a pitiable sight. My voice, formerly as clear and ringing as it is to-day, seemed to be lost in the strength and vigor of the rest of the body. Sometimes I would scarcely be able to make myself understood. I know you can hear me with incredulity, for you can scarcely believe that the helpless and hopeless invalid I have described is the man who now sits before you, so cheery, vigorous and hopeful. On the legs which a short time ago were helpless and seemed useless I can now walk with a little assistance, being able last evening to go to my room with my arm on Mrs. Benson's shoulder. I need not say that I have inherited the kingdom of heaven." Here Mr. Hewitt stamped both feet on the floor with much vigor and enthusiasm. In the evening, after having written anything I tried the best doctors. I spent a fortune, thousands of dollars in trying to get cured. I consulted physicians after physicians, and paid some of them high fees for their services. They all failed utterly and hopelessly failed, to give me the slightest relief. You can put that down in big black letters. Of course you have heard what has wrought this wonderful change in me. I read in the Post and other papers of the miraculous cures effected by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, but I never dreamed that there was even a glimmer of hope for me through the use of this much advertised remedy. Miracles might be worked on every side of me, but there was no chance for me. I was like the doomed leper, a hopeless outcast, a being whose sufferings and disabilities would end only with the

Toilet Preparations.

Recamier Balm,
Recamier Cream,
Malvina Lotion,
Malvina Cream,
Magnolia Balm,
Bloom of Youth,
Swansdown,
Gossamer,
Rosewater and Glycerine.

C. McCallum,
Chemist and Druggist,
Corner Dundas and Richmond Sts.

period of earthly existence. One day I picked up a paper and read the Saratoga miracle, the case where Mr. Quant was miraculously restored by the Pink Pills, and at once concluded to try the amazing cure on myself. There must be some hope for me, I thought, when a man who was as helpless as Mr. Quant got such relief. I had no money, but I sent for Mr. W. J. Mills, our popular and kind hearted general merchant and postmaster, and he procured me a supply of the Pink Pills, and these I immediately commenced with the joyful results I have described. My voice is fully restored, my head is upright once more, my chest (once so shrunk and hollow) is rapidly filling up, I am so quickly securing the use of my legs and arms, and can feel the slightest touch on any part of me. Is there not a miracle here, indeed, and would I not be a base ingrate if I refused to sound the praises of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills? Even if I get no better than I am now I shall be forever grateful for what I have done for me. But I have great hope that the cure will go on until I am completely restored. I drove down to the village last 12th of July. It was in April I commenced using the pills, and the friends who saw me could scarcely believe their eyes. It was like the appearance of a spectre or an apparition. Oh, I tell you, sir," said the grateful man with enthusiasm, "it is my full intention to write a pamphlet on all that I have gone through, on all that has been done for me, and you may be sure that the chief prominence will be given to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They are a boon which cannot possibly be too widely known."

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said Mr. Aldous, "are certainly a wonderful remedy."

The reporter shook hands with Mrs. Benson and the cheerful Mr. Hewitt, and started forth into the street a doubting Thomas no longer, first promising to transmit to the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company Mr. Hewitt's lavish expressions of thanks for what their wonderful Pink Pills had done for him. "Here we are," thought the scribe, "in the cold and practical nineteenth century, but here's something right here in this little village of Mono Mills, closely bordering on the miraculous all the same."

After leaving the Benson home the reporter sought out Postmaster Mills, whom he found equally eloquent in his praise of the wonderful Pink Pills. "They're certainly a great remedy," said he, "and any one that doubts this has only to be told about George Hewitt's case. I suppose you have heard the whole story, and there's no use in my wearying you. The pills have undoubtedly worked the amazing change that is to be noticed in the pills for him, and I am certain to the striking change." The reporter further learned that the Pink Pills were kept for sale by Mr. Mills, and that the demand for them was large and increasing. The representative of the Post Mills regarding Mr. Hewitt's case and found all agreed on the question of his former condition, his restoration and the cure, and Pink Pills seem to be a household word in that section. On the Post-house, in fact, appeared to be a house of belief in wonderful cures I read about," said the ex-warden, "but I have known Hewitt for years, and this change in him is certainly astounding." The Post was surprised to hear that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills were already entered upon in this section, but after the Hewitt narrative it was not surprised to hear of great beneficial results following the use of the great remedy. We are disposed to conclude from what some parties told us that the base imitation business is already entered upon by unprincipled persons, and the public will do well to see that the Pink Pills they purchase

have all the marks of genuineness advertised by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are not a patent medicine in the sense in which that term is usually understood, but a scientific preparation. They contain in a condensed form all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effects of la grippe, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexion, and the tired feeling resulting from nervous prostration; all diseases depending upon vitiated humors in the blood, such as scrofula, chronic erysipelas, etc. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to the females, such as suppression, irregularities, and all forms of weakness. They build up the blood and restore the glow of health to pale and sallow cheeks. In the case of men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork, or excesses of whatever nature. These pills are manufactured by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont., and Schenectady, N. Y., and are sold only in boxes bearing their trade mark and wrapper, at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50. Bear in mind that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are never sold in bulk, or by the dozen or hundred, and any dealer who offers substitutes is trying to defraud you and should be avoided. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills can be had of all druggists or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company from either address. The price at which these pills are sold make a course of treatment comparatively inexpensive, as compared with other remedies or medical treatment.

"I feel quite justified in claiming to be a man of deep research," said the submarine diver.

"How to Cure All Skin Diseases."

Simply apply "SWAIN'S Ointment." No internal medicine required. Cure the scurf, eczema, itch, all eruptions on the face, hands, nose, etc., leaving the skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are possessed by other remedies. Ask your druggist for SWAIN'S OINTMENT. Lyman, Suggs & Co., Montreal, wholesale agents.

Our "hopeful" calls his school mistress "Experience," because she's such a "dear teacher."

Ward off spring diseases by taking K. D. C. It restores the stomach to healthy action, a healthy stomach tones the system. Try K. D. C.

STRIKE WHILE THE IRON'S HOT

Now's the time. We have determined to offer for the next two weeks, previous to stock taking, Parlor Suites, Easy Chairs, Sideboards, Bedroom Sets and all kinds of Household Goods at prices that are not to be made a noise and move out the goods. Call at once. The early bird catches the worm.

Keene Bros., 127 King St., Opposite Market House

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The Celebrated
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Owing to the steadily increasing volume of our business we find it absolutely necessary to make EXTENSIVE ALTERATIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS to our present large premises, and to facilitate a clearance for BRICKLAYERS, CARPENTERS and PAINTERS, OUR IMMENSE STOCK must be reduced fully \$20,000 (TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS). With this object in view SWEEPING REDUCTIONS have been made in all departments, many lines being cut to

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