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GHASTLY MURDER IN CITY

Alex. Templin, 35, Shoots Down Mrs. Mary Goodall, 52, And Then Puts Two Bullets Through His Own Body

Mrs. Mary Goodall aged 52 was deliberately murdered this morning by Alexander Templin aged 35, who apparently was in love with her and wanted her to elope with him.

The Goodall family live on Carleton street and Templin boarded with them. His attentions to Mrs. Goodall had been marked, so marked in fact that last night he was ordered to leave the house.

Goodalls formerly lived in Welland and there is where he first met Mrs. Goodall.

This morning after breakfast Mrs. Goodall went upstairs to the bathroom. Templin who it appears had not come downstairs, met her in the hall and deliberately shot her down putting one bullet in her breast and the other in her head.

The members of the family hearing the shots, rushed upstairs to find the mother gasping out her life. She died in a few seconds.

Templin had locked himself in his room. The police were telephoned for and Constable Howitt, who was at the police headquarters, notified Chief Greene and High Constable Doyle.

The police made a quick run in an auto to the Goodall house at the corner of Carleton and Margery streets.

Breaking open the door of Templin's room they found him lying on the floor with a 32-calibre revolver beside him.

He had one bullet in his breast and one in his head. He was rushed to the hospital, where he is believed to be dying. It is believed the one bullet entered his heart.

Woman Feared Templin.

Thomas Moradin, son-in-law of the murdered woman, says his wife often stated that her mother was afraid of the German. The police found a hastily scribbled note on a crumpled paper, left by Mrs. Goodall, in which she said she felt certain Templin would kill her some day.

She said she had been a good wife to Goodall. Goodall apparently knew of Templin's attentions to his wife.

It developed later today that Templin was ordered to leave the Goodall house last Friday, but he did not go till Monday. Last night he came back to get his clothes, and he said he might as well stay all night. Apparently he waited all night to kill Mrs. Goodall.

Mrs. Goodall looks her age of fifty-two years, and was not what one would say as being good-looking. The bullet in her heart, which probably killed her immediately, pierced three ten dollar bills she had pinned to her chemise.

The police say they have evidence that Templin recently bought the revolver in Buffalo. It is a new weapon with four empty cartridges in it when found.

The Goodall family say when Templin boarded with them in Welland he went to Buffalo every Saturday for some errand, all through the war.

Templin is a fine looking man and he should be enamored of a woman of fifty two is a mystery. He fully admitted the shooting to the police.

He did it because I was jealous of her, he said.

That a big fine looking man of 35 years as Templin is should become acquainted with a woman of 52 years of age, is a mystery which is puzzling everybody connected with the case.

It is believed that Templin after procuring the revolver in Buffalo deliberately set his plans to kill Mrs. Goodall and himself and that is why he came back to the Goodall house last night and made an excuse for staying in the house all night.

It is thought he waited for the unsuspecting woman to come upstairs and when she appeared at the top of the stairway he asked her finally if she would elope with him and when she refused he drew the gun and shot her dead.

One bullet pierced her heart cutting through three ten dollar bills which she had pinned inside her chemise.

The Goodalls own three houses in Welland.

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LABOR TEMPLE QUESTION WILL BE TAKEN UP BY T. & L. COUNCIL AT A SPECIAL MEETING

Office of Honorary President is Conferred Upon Frank Greenlaw, M. P. P.— Delegate Questions Wisdom of the Purchase of Facer Street Property For Public School Site.

The first regular meeting of the Trades and Labor Council for the year was productive of some interesting discussion. President Frank Greenlaw, M. P. P., presided over a large attendance and at the outset introduced Alderman elect M. J. Murphy, who in a few breezy remarks thanked all those who supported him on election day.

Several new delegates were seated and some interested visitors were welcomed.

A delegate drew the Council's attention to the fact that the Public School Board had approved a site on Facer Street for a school and had turned down the offer of another site in a more central position which would have saved the city approximately \$1500. This he stated had been brought to the attention of at least one member of the Board who claimed the cheaper site was turned down because it is in the foreign section. This, the delegate said, is not true, as there is not a foreigner in the block and after all is said and done the school when built will be used by the children of so called foreigners.

Some discussion took place on this question which was finally handed over to the Municipal Committee.

The need of a Labor Temple for St. Catharines then took up some time but as the subject is such an important one it was decided to hold a special meeting to go into the matter, thoroughly. It was the general opinion that organized labor should take some action regarding this in the very near future.

The nomination of officers then took place, elections to be held on January 19th.

President Greenlaw intimated that much against his will, owing to pressure of parliamentary business he would be unable to accept office. However, he said, any time he was in the city when this Council is meeting if it is at all possible they will find him amongst them, he will never forget the pleasant and profitable time he had spent in this Council.

And here something unique took place. It was unanimously decided as a tribute to President Greenlaw, that a new office of Honorary President be conferred on him; also a committee was named to procure some token of esteem to present him with in remembrance of his years of enthusiastic work on behalf of the Trades Council.

In replying President Greenlaw stated that honors had come on him so fast and so thick that he hardly knew how to express what he felt. In creating a new office for him they had done him the honor that comes the way of very few men and his utmost endeavor will be to show them that he was worthy of the confidence they have placed in him.

THE WEATHER

TORONTO, Jan. 7.— Pressure is high along the Atlantic coast and over the western portion of the continent while a shallow low area is moving slowly eastward across the great lakes. The weather is comparatively mild over the Dominion and light snow is falling in western Ontario.

FORECASTS— Moderate to fresh southerly winds with light snow on Thursday — Northwest winds, fair with a little lower temperature.

Methodists of District Are Meeting Here

Session For Commencement of National Campaign to Be Held Here on Friday

The National Campaign Movement in the interests of the Methodist Church will be launched in this district on Friday of this week when a gathering of delegates from all parts of this district will be held in First Methodist Church commencing at 10 a.m. Rev. J. A. McLaughlin, chairman of the district will preside.

Rev. C. L. McIrvine, organizer will be present and deliver a speech setting forth the objects of the big undertaking. The Journal is informed that the general public will be welcomed.

The National Campaign movement hopes to raise \$4,000,000 for the advancement of Christian work in all its branches. The same activity is expressing itself in the forward movement of the Anglican Church.

Officers corps in Germany are forming societies for the cultivation of comradeship of former German regiments.

Woodstock intermediates beat Paris in an O. H. A. game last night by 7 to 4.

The International Sporting Club has withdrawn its offer to Jimmy Wilde to compete in its opening bout.

HEALTHY INTEREST TAKEN IN THE WORK OF UNIVERSITIES SHOWN BY LARGE GATHERING AT THE DINNER

APPLES IMPORTED
Canada Sent 45 Per Cent. of Those Received in Great Britain

OTTAWA, Ont., Jan. 7.—That fifty four per cent. of the apples imported by Great Britain in recent months have come from Canada, is the statement made by J. Forsythe Smith, Canadian government fruit trade commissioner in a report received from him by the department of trade and commerce. During the month of November, apple receipts from Canada were about two and a half times as great as during September and October.

800 CASES OF LIQUOR A DAY FOR TORONTO

MONTREAL, Jan. 7.— Each day since New Year's approximately 800 cases of various kinds of liquor have been shipped to Toronto. All of it goes by express companies and none by freight.

This is not to be compared with the total rush for liquor from Toronto just prior to the order in Council of April 1, 1918, but at that time there was only a certain time in which to get liquor into Ontario, while nowadays there is no limit of time.

Only the ten importers or agents authorized by the Quebec prohibition law are allowed to ship into Ontario and only private individuals may be supplied.

Believe That A. J. Small is Held For Ransom

Cases of That Nature Have Occurred in Toronto—No Light Yet to Mystery

TORONTO, Jan. 7.— Kidnapping has been discussed as a possibility in the case of Ambrose Small, whose disappearance has created a sensation in Toronto.

Kidnapping is not such a popular method of procuring money as it used to be in the long ago. The linking up of this continent by telegraph, telephone and wireless, the advent of the automobile and the close cooperation of the police and detective forces of Canada and the United States have made kidnapping a very dangerous game. However, in years gone by more than one prominent citizen of Toronto has had narrow escapes from forcible abduction.

About forty years ago the late Senator Robert Jaffray, afterwards president of the Globe, was spirited (Continued on page five)

SFOKING OF CIGARETTES NOT IMMORAL IN WOMEN

NEW YORK, Jan. 7.—Smoking of cigarettes by women was judicially decreed as not immoral.

The decision was made by Supreme Court Justice Mullin in a separation suit, in which counsel for the husband tried to show that cigarettes had been found in the wife's dresses drawer, and that this constituted evidence of "bad character."

"It is not immoral for women to smoke cigarettes," declared the judge. "Some of the best women in the country and in the world smoke cigarettes. It wouldn't make any difference if she had a thousand packages of cigarettes there. This isn't Hickville out in the centre of the farm country."

The Government at Tokio has ordered the deportation of a number of undesirable Russians.

Addresses by Principal Falconer and Dr. Cody, in Which the Needs of the University of Toronto Were Set Forth— Memorial For University Men Who Fell, in the Way of Loans and Scholarships

The first annual dinner of the University of Toronto Association of St. Catharines District held at "The Welland" last night was attended by a large gathering of prominent men and women of this city and district.

Besides the members of the Association a number of invited guests were present, people who are interested in education in a general way.

The President of the Association, W. A. McKinnon, opened the toast list with "the King," and made a few appropriate remarks in introducing the distinguished speakers of the evening, Sir Robert Falconer, Principal of the University of Toronto, and Hon. Dr. H. J. Cody, late Minister of Education in the Hearst Government.

Mr. McKinnon spoke of the representative men and women outside of the University who were present, their presence indicating a healthy interest in University work and aims.

The University, he said, aimed at the men and women it sends out into the world, producing something for the good of mankind and the Association which they had formed has set as its task the making useful to the country of the ability the University has developed in the individual.

Sir Robert Falconer's address was devoted to the war memorials proposed for its men who gave their lives for their Empire in the great war, in the way of loans and scholarships for returned men and the dependents of soldiers who fell in battle.

Sir Robert said he felt considerable satisfaction in knowing that many before him were not connected with the University, but were citizens at large who have taken an interest in the University's aims and objects by coming and spending an evening with those who had enjoyed a university education. He looked on this as a good sign as without public appreciation and support the University cannot properly carry on its work. He do not think there is a country which has more people at large interested in its universities than Canada, not even excepting Scotland.

The work of the universities during the war was one of the most splendid evidences of Canadian patriotism and among the finest achievements of the war. In Canada about 20,000 men and women were attending the universities and these responded to the call in a remarkable manner.

In the neighborhood of 17,000 graduates, undergraduates and former students enlisted and went to war. About 1800 fell. Nearly 6000 went from the University of Toronto from the 17,000.

Of these 600 or 700 fell in battle. The University saw very little of families holding boys back.

Much work was also done in the way of hospitals, medically and surgically, by the universities. All the tetanus anti-toxin used by the Canadian army was made in the laboratories of the University of Toronto.

Sir Robert referred to the presence on the University grounds in 1917 of men from U. S. universities drilling side by side with Canadian soldiers under a British instructor, as one of the most wonderful developments of the war and which augurs well for future relations between the two great Anglo Saxon countries.

The aptitude of the returning soldiers in taking up again his educational training, was referred to by the speaker. They have agreeably disappointed the university authorities. There are 1100 of these in the University of Toronto and 400 at least are entirely dependent on their gratuity. These men must be looked after and Sir Robert outlined the plans of the University to help them. Funds will have to be raised by the universities and the public. This fund will be used for scholarships and loans to returned soldiers or their dependents to enable them to finish their educational course and gain their professions. The visible memorial to be erected on the University Grounds has been provided for but funds are asked for the scholarships and loans. Every town is asked to subscribe liberally to this laudable enterprise.

Hon. Dr. Cody spoke in his usual vigorous and enthusiastic manner of the "Duties and Responsibilities of University Trained men." He emphasized the sympathy of all classes in the University's memorial fund. The visible memorial will take the form of a beautiful Gothic tower together with a memorial chapel. He also briefly explained the scholarships and loan plans, and then branched out with a running history of University development in Ontario. He spoke of the financial difficulties and hoped to see the provincial endowment largely increased. He believed the people of Ontario were ready to grant all that is necessary to carry on the work of the state university. If the Alumni Association will bring about the establishment of these loans and scholarship memorials they will have performed a service which will be of lasting influence in this province and country. The universities in order to do the best of service must be served by professors worth of them, and these men must be paid salaries in proportion to their worth. These men are becoming scarcer and scarcer because they are going into other lines where the remuneration is greater.

Men and women turned out by the universities should exercise an influence on the community, said Dr. Cody, taking their places as leaders of thought and fostering in the public mind an interest in and desire for higher education. Never was there a time so critical in the history of the university. More buildings are needed, more money, more interest in its affairs on the part of the public.

Constant and enthusiastic support by the public is needed and this cannot be shown in a better way than by giving money liberally.

Rev. Dr. Miller and Mrs. George Smith moved a vote of thanks to the two speakers and the National Anthem sung by the gathering about midnight closed the exceedingly pleasant and successful evening.

ANOTHER ROMANCE AT RIDEAU HALL

OTTAWA, Jan. 7.— The engagement is announced of Captain Harold Macmillan, Grenadier Guards, A. D. C., youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Maurice Macmillan, and the Lady Dorothy Cavendish, third daughter of their Excellencies the Governor-General and the Duchess of Devonshire. Captain Macmillan is on the Rideau Hall staff. His father is one of the heads of the British publishing house by that name.

Regulations for operation of aircraft in Canada have been approved by the Governor in Council.

It is being compared to the lowest prices in the world, America and

will often accomplish larger amounts. Its balance grows on principal half yearly. BANK. Opposite Post Office.

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