



Comfort In Working Boots

A man cannot work when his shoes pinch—when a seam rubs against his toes until it makes a corn—when a wrinkle chafes his foot constantly. With the end in view of getting away from these defects so common in many working boots we have produced the Amherst. This boot is Blucher made, of soft grain leather, on the roomy, comfortable last shown above, with even seams. Entirely made of solid leather, it guarantees durability, stability and long service—at \$3.00 a more economical working boot cannot be made. We deliver them to you pre-paid for \$3.00 Send to-day.

Geo. H. Anderson & Co.,
Port Arthur, Ontario



Treats Life

OXYDONOR is not a drug nor a medicine, nor does it operate on any principle known to medication. OXYDONOR causes disease to disappear because IT TREATS LIFE. By its application, the human organism is fortified to any degree necessary to rid itself of disease, as long as the vital organs can play their part.

Oxydonor

is the cheapest as well as the best way out of disease. It is not difficult to apply. It can be carried in the pocket and used any time. In every form of disease, the action of the OXYDONOR is the same—it intensifies vital force.

Mr. W. B. REYNOLDS, Halifax, N. S., writes Dec. 26, 1905: "I consider your Oxydonor a little wonder. After using it a few weeks, Rheumatism, from which I was suffering for a year or more, entirely left me. No person afflicted with Rheumatism should be without one."

OXYDONOR is a necessity for every man, woman and child on earth. It will serve the family, and last a lifetime. Write for our descriptive literature. It is important you should have it.

BEWARE OF FRAUDULENT IMITATIONS. There is BUT ONE GENUINE Oxydonor—and that has the name of the originator—DR. H. SANCHE—engraved in the metal. Look for the name.

Dr. H. Sanche & Co.

356 St. Catherine St. West,
MONTREAL, 19
61 Fifth Ave. Detroit,
Mich.

Lump Jaw

The first remedy to
cure Lump Jaw was

Fleming's Lump Jaw Cure

and it remains today the standard treatment, with years of success back of it, known to be a cure and guaranteed cure. Don't experiment with substitutes or imitations. Use it, no matter how old or bad the case or what else you may have tried—your money back if Fleming's Lump Jaw Cure ever fails. Our fair plan of selling, together with exhaustive information on Lump Jaw and its treatment, is given in

Fleming's Vest-Pocket
Veterinary Adviser

Most complete veterinary book ever printed to be given away. Durable bound, indexed and illustrated. Write us for a free copy.

FLEMING BROS., Chemists,
55 Church Street,
Toronto, Ontario

Among the Flowers.

The End of the Old Year.

In the silence and the darkness, at the dying of the year, I am counting all my jewels, with a smile and with a tear, All the joys and sorrows that remain unto me here.

With the darkness and the silence reaching far away from me, Through the shadows of the future that my vision cannot see, In my hand I hold my jewels, but I know not what they be.

In the darkness now at midnight all my jewels seem the same, And the diamond is rayless, and the opal hath no flame; I can feel each hidden prism, but I cannot name its name.

Thus I sit amid the darkness and the silence of my tears, Softly stringing in the darkness, all the jewels of the years, Though the sapphires seem like ashes, and no opal flame appears.

But I know that all are jewels in the So I clasp them in the darkness, and I wait till I can see, When the presence of the morning shall reveal the gift to me.

The plants growing in pots given as Christmas presents are brought into bloom in the moisture-laden atmosphere of hothouses. This means a temperature at night rarely higher than sixty degrees, with a rise of five or ten degrees when the sun is shining directly upon the glass in the daytime. Now, in our own homes the temperature is more often seventy degrees than lower, with little or no moisture in the atmosphere. Thus the plant's demands for moisture at the roots are heavy so as to compensate for its lack under the new and very different conditions. It is therefore always safe to give a good watering as soon as possible after the arrival of the plants.

The only possible way that a healthy plant (if its pot is not too large) could be given too much water is when the pot is put into a jardiniere. These glazed receptacles allow very little evaporation, consequently the moisture exhales chiefly through the leaves; but even under those conditions the plants will absorb more water at their roots than has been found necessary under the skillful care of the florist or gardener.

Here are a few hints as to the treatment of the different plants most often used as Christmas gifts:

Care of the Chinese Primrose.

The Chinese primrose comes in white and in various shades of red and blue, as well as in different tones of pink. The bright reds are most frequently seen at Christmas, but all require the same treatment.

It is unusual for them to be grown in any other way than in pots. I have known these plants to continue blooming in windows all the year round. A cool room in the winter season suits this class of plants best—not higher than fifty-five degrees at night, and if the temperature drops to forty-five degrees no harm will be done. Most plants when in a cooler temperature require less water, and the Chinese primrose, while it must not be allowed to remain dry at the root more than a day or two at a time, will thrive with less water than many other plants.

In summertime it may be plunged outdoors in the garden in a shady place, and water given, generally speaking, once a day, and it may be kept in a healthy condition for at least two years without repotting. When it is deemed advisable to repot, a pot of the same size will be big enough after some of the old soil is removed.

This plant, with its delicate thread-like roots, delights in a soil that contains at least one-third leaf-mould and two-thirds good loam to which sand and a small quantity of well-decayed stable manure has been added.

The Cyclamen as a House-Plant.

Cyclamen plants are among the most satisfactory house-plants we have, and they are becoming more popular each year as their requirements are better understood. Cyclamen flowers will last in good condition some weeks in a cool room where direct sunlight does not strike them. A temperature of fifty-five degrees at night is warm enough, and they bloom more continuously and the flowers possess more substance when produced in that temperature than in one higher.

If not allowed to become dry at the root, and if not given more water

than they need, they will keep on blooming until the weather becomes warm enough for most plants to be put outdoors. They should then be taken out of their pots and planted in the garden in some shady spot where the sun shines only early in the morning and late in the afternoon. About the middle of September they should be taken up and potted carefully, making the soil quite firm, in pots not too large—which means that if they were growing in pots six inches across before being planted out, pots of the same size will be large enough for the first potting in the fall, as there is more danger in too large a pot for this class of plants than in one too small.

Be careful not to allow the bright sun to shine on the plants at any time during their existence, excepting in dull winter months, when they will enjoy all the sun they can get.

How to Take Care of a Begonia.

While this plant, the pink begonia, called the "Gloire de Lorraine," is one of the most satisfactory Christmas plants when on its best behavior, it is really very difficult to carry through the summer.

Sometimes it drops its flowers soon after leaving the florist's store; in that event it requires patience and courage to undertake to bring it to bloom again. If the leaves remain green and buds are to be seen at the tips of the shoots there is hope and it may bloom again. It has been known to bloom in the house from Christmas until May. If it does this it should be given a rest in May, by gradually withholding water, though it should never be allowed to remain dry more than a few days at a time, when it should again receive water enough to keep the leaves and stems from wilting. As soon as new shoots begin to sprout from the base of the plant water should be given more freely, and after a few inches of growth are made the old shoots should be cut away. The soil should then be replaced with fresh soil, a part of which is leaf-mould—soil from the woods.

This plant does not take kindly to outdoor treatment, and should therefore be kept indoors all the year. If it does well all winter, with its free-blooming qualities, there are very few more satisfactory plants for the home. There are many other varieties of begonias that are easy to grow, but none is so free-blooming or so cheerful a pink in color as the "Gloire de Lorraine." There are two varieties of "Lorraine": the one with the lighter pink flowers is the more satisfactory plant for the house.

If You Have Received an Azalea.

Azaleas are among the popular plants in flower used as Christmas presents. This plant requires an abundance of water at all times and especially if in a warm temperature. If in good health it will have an abundance of leaves, and the more of these there are exposed in a warm room, the more water will be required. As each flower fades it should be removed with its little stem clear down to the leaves; this will remove any possibility of its forming seed.

As soon as the flowers have all gone preparations should be made to cause it to send out new shoots, for on these the flower buds will be formed for the next year's crop, and to do this the plant should be kept both warm and moist; by "warm" is meant, in this case, a temperature that does not go below sixty degrees at night. And if practicable a thorough sprinkling of the leaves should be provided for each day. This will encourage the plants to make an abundance of new growths. When any one of the new growths shows a tendency to outgrow the others the point of the shoot should be carefully pinched out down to the next leaf, when in due time other shoots will grow from the base of the leaves.

When springtime comes and all danger of frost is past and the new growths have been completed, the plant may be taken outdoors and, in the full sunlight, should be "plunged" in the garden soil to the rim of the earthen pot. When the weather is hot and dry the plant will need watering at least twice a day both over leaves and at the root. There the plants may remain until quite cool weather, for the azalea will stand some few degrees of frost without serious injury. Indeed, one of the original varieties, Azalea Indica alba, has been known to live out all winter, so that in case of a sudden cold night no anxiety need be felt.

About the middle of October the plant may be removed to its winter quarters—not to the warmest room in the house, but to some room where the temperature is fifty to sixty degrees at night. Attend to its wants carefully as to water both overhead and at the roots, and in due course flowers will appear.

NATURE'S OWN REMEDY

MOTHER SEIGEL'S SYRUP cures indigestion, biliousness, constipation, headache, wind, palpitation, oppression at the chest, loss of appetite, pains after food, dizziness, blood and skin troubles, and the many other ills that arise from a disordered state of the digestive system. Why? Because it strengthens stomach, liver and bowels, cleanses your blood, and purifies your whole system.

MOTHER Seigel's Syrup

"I have used Mother Seigel's Syrup for stomach troubles, and with such benefit that three bottles completely cured me. I look upon it now as a household necessity and cannot praise it too much."—From Mrs. William Davis, Lake View, Argenteuil Co., Que., June 5, 1907.

FOR ALL FORMS OF Indigestion.

Price 60 cents per bottle. Sold Everywhere
A. J. WHITE & CO., Montreal.

"Baby's Own" Soap

—is made right with the right ingredients for a perfect soap.

It gives a rich creamy lather beautifully foamy & fragrant;
—it improves the complexion;
—it cleanses and soothes the skin;
—and protects it from hard water, strong sun or wind.

"Baby's Own" is the best soap for every toilet purpose.

Albert Soaps Ltd. Mfrs., - Montreal.
Beware of imitations and substitutes.

Makes Prize Butter

Who ever heard of Canada's prize butter makers using imported salt? They all rely on

Windsor Salt

because they know that it dissolves quickly—works in easily—and gives a delightful flavor to the butter. Windsor Salt is pure—and costs no more than the cheap imported salts.

If you want the best butter, you must use the best salt. That means Windsor Salt.

188W