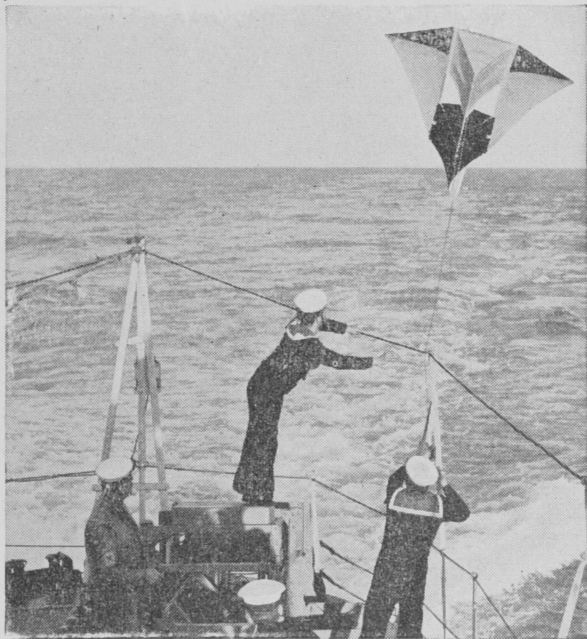


Flying a "kite" from a destroyer.
These kites are used as targets for
anti-aircraft gunnery practice.



When you buy cigarettes, say "Player's Please," for you can be sure that they will please you. They have built a world-wide reputation on their consistent ability to please . . .

Like the British Navy, through peace and war their excellence is maintained according to traditional standards—and the sun never sets on Player's, for they give pleasure ashore and afloat throughout the Empire.



Player's Please

MEDIUM OR MILD

MILD—plain end, "wetproof" paper

MEDIUM—cork tip or plain

“IT'S THE TOBACCO THAT COUNTS”

R. v. Burgess

Attempting to Defeat Course of Justice—Planting Liquor— Fabrication and Obstruction

An automobile accident occurred at Fox Creek, N.B., on June 30, 1940. One of the drivers, E. F. Horan, went to his home nearby to telephone the police. He requested his wife and maid to return to the scene of the accident to make sure that the other people involved in the mishap did not destroy any evidence, as he suspected that they were drinking. When Mrs. Horan and maid arrived at the car they found that two bottles of ale and an empty bottle had been placed beneath the seat of Horan's car; there were other bottles of liquor planted in the ditch near this point.

Horan was in a predicament. He had been in an accident, and there was liquor in his car and nearby in the ditch. And there was only his word against two or three other possible witnesses. However, the R.C.M.P. investigator commenced enquiries and ascertained that residents of an adjacent farm home had witnessed the whole procedure. Two ladies had seen a man from the second car carry bottles over to Horan's car; two bottles had caps and the third was an empty. The culprit was missing, but after a thorough search of the vicinity Sylvester Burgess was found. He was identified by the ladies as the man who had planted the liquor in the innocent man's car.

He was charged with fabrication of evidence under s. 177, C.C., and released on bail. Later the matter was studied by H. W. Hickman, Clerk of