

## London Advertiser.

(ESTABLISHED 1862.)

FOUNDER AND  
MANAGER, John Cameron.

London, Thursday, January 20, 1898

Sectarian Appeals Retained for  
the Opposition Canvass.

The Toronto Globe, referring to the hide-and-seek policy pursued by the Ontario Conservatives in the present campaign, says:

"For the first time in many years there is no sectarian issue in an Ontario election. We ought not to forget that this is a splendid vindication of the policy of the Ontario Government. Every valuable point, every point supposed to be valuable, has been carefully searched by its opponents. It was charged with appointing too many Catholics to public office, it was charged with neglecting Catholics. It was charged with strengthening the separate school law. It was charged with constructing the part of the ceiling of the Legislative Chamber in the form of a cross. It was charged with mutilating the Bible in collusion with the late Archbishop Lynch. It was charged with giving too much money to Catholic hospitals. Mr. Whitney was once among the assailants of the Government on this very ground. By his silence now he simply says that these years the Liberal Government of Ontario has been right on those questions."

That is true. Mr. Whitney now publicly is silent on many questions that formerly he and his friends raised a big row about. Let his attitude now be understood, however. The open sectarian cries were adopted because it was believed that the Opposition would profit by them. They hoped to excite enough prejudice to secure the defeat of the Liberal Administration. They failed, though we all know that they profited by the onslaught. Now the edict has gone forth to the Opposition workers, "Follow the example of your leader. Talk in glittering generalities on the platform. Claim the Government is extravagant. Say it has been too long in power. Say it has been too long in power. Say anything, but don't refer to past Conservative platforms. Imitate Mr. Whitney. Tell the electors that you have no policy now, but will get one if Mr. Whitney succeeds. Then suit your private canvass to the man you meet. If he is a Catholic, say you are in favor of separate schools, and that the Opposition managers in the canvass now entered on. With them it seems to be anything to get into power. They cannot be trusted."

A Distinguished Englishman's  
Views.

Those people who say they are protectionists only because the people of other nations are, and would be ready to indorse trade freedom if foreigners did so too, will be especially interested to know that free trade already obtains in a third to a half of the world. Sir Robert Giffen pointed this out in a recent speech at Stoke, England. He said that the bulk of the industry of the world is carried on under free trade conditions, i. e., each country is free trading internally within its own borders, even where there are conditions similar to those which would exist if there were unrestricted competition with all the world. Protectionists had not the courage of their convictions, he went on, for they would not set up tariff lines within a particular political area, although all the economic conditions were present which they pleaded as excusing such tariffs. The tariffs of the leading countries of the world still showed the marks of the great step which Great Britain took in 1860; there were none of the astonishing perversities and absurdities of the pre-Cobden period. Very noticeable in Germany and the United States was the growth of conditions such as those which existed in Britain when it became free trading. There were becoming great manufacturing states, as were most modern nations; such countries, so far as Europe was concerned, needed cheap food and raw materials, though they tried to prohibit their importation by duties for the benefit of agriculturists. "But the game is plainly a losing one, as they are finding out (what Britain found out long ago) that protection of this sort does not protect." As for the United States, it must very soon become no longer a country of international free trade. There was no question there of protection to agriculture, and the industries were growing independent of protection. No industry, Sir Robert declared, could live in the present age if it was not able to face the most unrestricted competition. Altogether he thought that the outlook for universal free trade was very bright. This view is combatted by protectionist advocates, but it is that of the most distinguished independent investigator of trade and commerce results in the British Empire.

## COOKING WITH SUN RAYS.

(Philadelphia Record.)

The various experiments made with solar engines by the French in Algeria, where the sun is never overclouded and shines with great power, have been attended in some instances with marked success. The best apparatus so far stated to be a simple arrangement of boiler and concave mirror, the steam generated being condensed in a coiled tube surrounded by water. The water intended merely for distilling water. But in India an inventor has contrived some machinery with which more varied results are accomplished. One of these is what is termed a cooking box, made of wood, and lined with reflecting mirrors, at the bottom of the box

being a small copper boiler covered with glass to retain the heat of the rays concentrated by the mirrors upon the boiler. In this contrivance any sort of food may be quickly cooked, the result being a stew or soup if the steam is retained, or if allowed to escape it is a bake. The heat with this device may be augmented indefinitely by increasing the diameter of the box.

## A PROGRESSIVE POLICY.

(Baltimore Independent.)

The Hardy Government is certainly striking out a more progressive policy than the province has ventured on for many years. And it is eminently in the right direction—retention of state resources. The Forest Reserve Act will meet with general approval.

## HE HAD TRAVELED.

(Cincinnati Inquirer.)

"Speaking of the 'Mysteries of Paris,'" said the literary boarder, "the greatest one of them," said the boarder who had been on a "personally conducted," "is the language."

## LIGHT OF THE HOUSE.

(Philadelphia Record.)

Mr. Romanus—I tell you what, a baby brightens up the house, and that's a fact.

Mr. Practicel—Yes, we've had to keep gas burning all night ever since ours was born.

## THE DANGER LINE.

(Chicago News.)

She—Don't you think it is dangerous to eat mushrooms?

He—Now a bit of danger in it. The danger is in eating toadstools.

Will Build A  
New School.

St. Andrew's Church to Spend

\$18,000, in Building

Improvements.

The Managers and Committee's

Reports Adopted Without

Material Change.

Rev. Robt. Johnston Declines an In-

crease of Salary on Account of

the Present Burdens of the

Church—Officers

Elected.

A large representation of the congre-

gation of St. Andrew's Presbyterian

Church gathered in that edifice last

night to consider the annual report of

the board of managers, which was pub-

lished in Monday's Advertiser, and to

receive the report of the special com-

mittee on church extension and im-

provement.

There was some discussion on the

managers' report, but chiefly on a mo-

tion by Mr. George Anderson to limit

the expenditure of the choir to \$500.

Mr. James Tytler could not under-

stand where and how the choir got

away with \$995, and wanted the \$400 in

the estimates for the coming year

struck out. The church had raised

\$100 more last year than in 1896, and

had borrowed \$90. They had been

promised better singing, and it got

worse and worse, Mr. Tytler continued.

Mr. James Mills, in seconding Mr.

Anderson's motion, said: "It's all right,

but I know it will be voted down."

The motion was defeated.

The managers' report was adopted

as read, without further objection.

The session clerk's report congratulated

the congregation upon advances

made, but the spiritual life of the

church was below what they desired to

see it. The prosperity of all the church

organizations, the success of the work

in the Sunday school, and the liberality

of the members were all causes for

great thanksgiving. Reference was

made to the managers' collection of

\$1,400 toward the Indian famine fund.

The establishment of the flourishing

Fosterburgh church under Rev. George

Gilmour, was a branch of church work

by St. Andrew's that strengthened the

parent stem. A fitting reference was

made to the death of the late Dr. Gar-

rard, senior member of the session.

By his demise the church had sustained

a serious loss. The session was pleased

to again have the assistance of Mr. C.

R. Somerville, the clerk, who had for

some time been confined to his home

by serious illness.

The appended report showed the total

membership on Dec. 31, 1896, to be 821.

During the year 26 had joined the

church by profession of faith and 54

by certificate—80 in all, making a total

membership now of 901. Twelve mem-

bers of the congregation had been re-

moved by death and 16 by certificate;

placed on a separate roll, 29. This list

permitted of their regular attendance.

Number removed without certificate

was 42, making a total of 70 removed,

and reducing the total membership on

Dec. 31, 1897, to 831. The baptisms dur-

ing the year were 26, 2 adults and 22

infants.

The following deaths have taken

place in the congregation during the

year: Jan. 21, Helen Loveless, aged 7

years; Feb. 2, Charlotte McGill, aged

29 years; March 3, Mrs. James McIn-

tosh, aged 73 years; March 9, Mrs. An-

thony Smith, aged 37, and Mrs. George

Nichol, aged 80 years; April 18, Mrs.

Catharine McIntosh, 78 years; July 3,

Miss Hugh McKay, aged 49 years; July

12, Annie McNeil Cooper, aged 17

months; July 12, Alfred Thomas Duff,

aged 15; Aug. 12, Mrs. George

Nichol, aged 74 years; Aug. 12, Mrs.

John A. Cousins, aged 42; Aug. 16, Mr.

Alexander Cameron, aged 69; Sept. 19,

Mr. John M. Elliott, aged 78; Sept. 24,

Alex. McIntosh, aged 62; Oct. 3, Mrs.

McDonald, aged 51; Nov. 1, Mrs. Mary

H. Gardiner, aged 47; Oct. 26, Mr. Wal-

ter Borland, aged 23 years; Nov.

13, Mr. Alex. McIntosh, aged 36; Nov.

17, Mr. Wm. Stevely, aged 62; Dec. 7,

Mr. James Mason, aged 37; Dec. 31,

Mrs. Elizabeth McMillan, aged 85.

The report of the committee on

"Your committee have considered

carefully the whole matter of church

improvement and find that: 1. The pres-

ent Sabbath school accommodation is

quite inadequate and unsuitable for

the number of scholars in attendance

and the work carried on, and that a

residence for the church officer would

be a desirable; they therefore

recommend that a new school building

and a church officer's house are ne-

cessary, the probable cost of which

will be about \$9,000. 2. The floor of the church is inconvenient. A large part of the gallery, on account of its insufficient, and that therefore a new floor should be laid. 3. The present one, the gallery should be improved, and more exits provided for the church, which, with the necessary changes, will cost about \$5,000. 3. The floor of the church is inconvenient. A large part of the gallery, on account of its insufficient, and that therefore a new floor should be laid. 3. The present one, the gallery should be improved, and more exits provided for the church, which, with the necessary changes, will cost about \$5,000. 3. The floor of the church is inconvenient. A large part of the gallery, on account of its insufficient, and that therefore a new floor should be laid. 3. The present one, the gallery should be improved, and more exits provided for the church, which, with the necessary changes, will cost about \$5,000.

## IT WAS THE FIRST

AND IS THE ONLY

PAIN REMEDY

That instantly stops the most excruciating

pains, allays inflammation and cures Con-

cussion, whether of the Lungs, Stomach, Bowels

or other organs, by one simple application.

A half to a teaspoonful in half a tumbler of

Spaetz, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Diar-

rhea, dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Diarrhoea,

Dysentery, Cholera, and all internal

pains.

There is not a remedial agent in the world

that will cure Fever and Ague and all other

fevers, Biliousness and other fevers, aided by

Radway's Pills, so quickly as Radway's Ready

Relief.

Sole agents per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

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Radway's Ready Relief cures the worst pains in from one to twenty minutes. Not one hour after reading this advertisement need any one suffer with

## ACHES AND PAINS.

For Headache (whether sick or nervous),

toothache, neuralgia, rheumatism, lumbago,

pains and weakness in the back, spine or

kidneys, pains around the liver, pleurisy,

swelling of the joints and pains of all kinds

the application of Radway's Ready Relief will

afford immediate ease, and is continued use